20MCA241 DATA SCIENCE LAB

Lab Report SubmittedBy

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Reg. No.: AJC20MCA-2025

In Partial fulfillment for the Award of the Degree Of

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (2 Year) (MCA) APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY



AMAL JYOTHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KANJIRAPPALLY

[Affiliated to APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University, Kerala. Approved by AICTE, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' grade. Koovappally, Kanjirappally, Kottayam, Kerala – 686518]

2020-2022

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS AMAL JYOTHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KANJIRAPPALLY



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab report, "20MCA241 DATA SCIENCE LAB" is the bonafide work of ARYA SASI (Reg.No:AJC20MCA-2025) in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the Degree of Master of Computer Applications under APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University during the year 2021-22.

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Date:24/11/2021

PROGRAM NO: 01

AIM: Perform all matrix operation using python.

```
import numpy as np
import random
def PrintMatrix(matrix in):
  for x in range(0, matrix in.shape[0]):
     for y in range(0, matrix in.shape[1]):
       print("%d \t" % (matrix in[x][y]), end=")
       if (y \% 3 > 1):
         print("\n")
def FillMatrix(matrix in):
  for x in range(0, matrix in.shape[0]):
     for y in range(0, matrix in.shape[1]):
       matrix in[x][y] = random.randrange(2, 10) + 2
matrix 1 = np.ndarray((3,3))
matrix2 = np.ndarray((3,3))
FillMatrix(matrix1)
FillMatrix(matrix2)
add results = np.add(matrix1,matrix2)
sub results=np.subtract(matrix1,matrix2)
mult results=np.multiply(matrix1,matrix2)
div results=np.divide(matrix1,matrix2)
dot results=np.dot(matrix1,matrix2)
sqrt1 results=np.sqrt(matrix1)
sqrt2 results=np.sqrt(matrix2)
trans results=add results.T
print("Matrix1:")
PrintMatrix(matrix1)
print("Matrix2:")
PrintMatrix(matrix2)
print("Adding")
```

PrintMatrix(add results)

print("Subtraction")

PrintMatrix(sub results)

print("Multiplication")

PrintMatrix(mult_results)

print("Dot Operation")

PrintMatrix(dot_results)

print("squareroot Operation")

print("matrix 1")

PrintMatrix(sqrt1_results)

print("matrix 2")

PrintMatrix(sqrt2_results)

print("Transpose")

PrintMatrix(trans_results)

OUTPUT

Matrix1:

4 4 11

6 4 6

9 11 5

Matrix2:

8 10 10

11 9 8

8 11 10

Adding

12 14 21

17 13 14

17 22 15

Subtraction

-4 -6 1

-5 -5 -2

1 0 -5

Multiplication

32 40 110

66 36 48

72 121 50

Dot Operation

164 197 182

140 162 152

233 244 228

Squareroot Operation

matrix 1

2 2 3

2 2 2

3 3 2

matrix 2

2 3 3

3 3 2

2 3 3

Transpose

12 17 17

14 13 22

21 14 15

Date:01/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 02

AIM: Program to perform SVD (Singular value Decomposition) using Python.

PROGRAM CODE

```
from scipy. linalg import svd
from numpy import array
A = ([[1,2,5], [2,0,1], [1,4,4]])
print(A)
X, B, T = svd(A)
print("decomposition")
print(X)
print("inverse")
print(B)
print("transpose")
print(T)
```

OUTPUT

[[1, 2, 5], [2, 0, 1], [1, 4, 4]]

decomposition

[[-0.68168247 -0.26872313 -0.68051223]

[-0.15885378 -0.85356116 0.49618427]

[-0.71419499 0.44634205 0.53916999]]

inverse

[7.87492 2.01650097 1.38540929]

transpose

[[-0.21760031 -0.53589686 -0.81576017]

[-0.75849376 0.61885512 -0.20421939]

[0.61427789 0.5743108 -0.54113749]]

Date:01/12/2021

 $\underline{PROGRAM\ NO}: 03$

AIM :Program to implement k-NN Classification using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm using in build function.

PROGRAM CODE

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
iris = load_iris()
x=iris.data
y=iris.target
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=7)
knn.fit(x_train,y_train)
print(knn.predict(x_test))
V=knn.predict(x_test)
result=accuracy_score (y_test, V)
print ("accuracy:", result)
```

OUTPUT

 $[1\ 0\ 2\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 2\ 2\ 1\ 2\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 2\ 1\ 1\ 2\ 0\ 2\ 0\ 2\ 2\ 2\ 2\ 2\ 0\ 0]$

accuracy: 0.966666666666667

Date:01/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 04

AIM: Program to implement k-NN Classification using any random dataset without using inbuild functions.

```
from math import sqrt
def euclidean distance(row1, row2):
  distance = 0.0
  for i in range(len(row1) - 1):
     distance += (row1[i] - row2[i]) ** 2
  return sqrt(distance)
# Locate the most similar neighbors
def get neighbors(train, test row, num neighbors):
  distances = list()
  for train row in train:
     dist = euclidean distance(test row, train row)
     distances.append((train row, dist))
  distances.sort(key=lambda tup: tup[1])
  neighbors = list()
  for i in range(num neighbors):
     neighbors.append(distances[i][0])
  return neighbors
# Make a classification prediction with neighbors
def predict classification(train, test row, num neighbors):
  neighbors = get neighbors(train, test row, num neighbors)
  output values = [row[-1] for row in neighbors]
  prediction = max(set(output values), key=output values.count)
  return prediction
# Test distance function
dataset = [[2.781, 2.550, 0],
       [1.465, 2.326,3],
       [3.398, 4.429,5],
```

```
[1.388, 1.857,11],
[3.064, 3.393,3],
[7.624, 2.235,4],
[5.338, 2.775,8]]

prediction = predict_classification(dataset, dataset[0], 3)

print('Expected %d, Got %d.' % (dataset[0][-1], prediction))
```

Expected 2, Got 3.

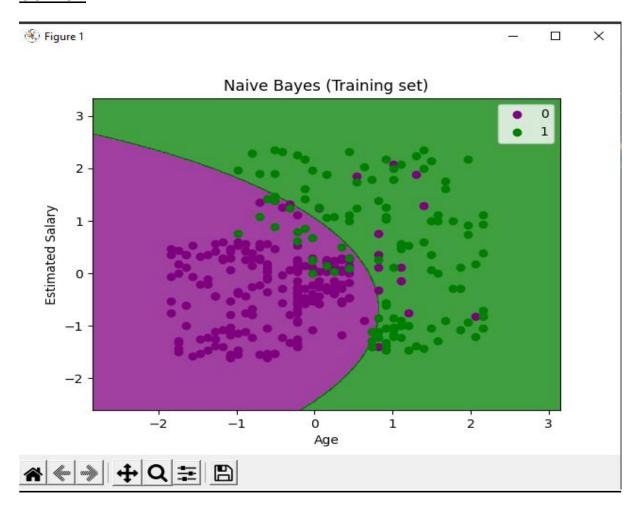
Date:08/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 05

AIM: Program to implement Naïve Bayes Algorithm using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm.

```
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read csv('Social Network Ads.csv')
x = dataset.iloc[:, [2,3]].values
y = dataset.iloc[:,-1].values
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train test split(x, y, test size=0.2, random state=10)
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
x train = sc.fit transform(x train)
x \text{ test} = \text{sc.transform}(x \text{ test})
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
gnb = GaussianNB()
gnb.fit(x train, y train)
y pred = gnb.predict(x test)
print(y pred)
from sklearn import metrics
print("Accuracy", metrics.accuracy score(y test, y pred) * 100)
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
from matplotlib.colors import ListedColormap
x \text{ set}, y \text{ set} = x \text{ train}, y \text{ train}
X1, X2 = \text{nm.meshgrid}(\text{nm.arange}(\text{start} = x \text{ set}[:, 0].\text{min}() - 1, \text{stop} = x \text{ set}[:, 0].\text{max}() + 1, \text{step} = x \text{ set}[:, 0].
0.01),
 nm.arange(start = x set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = x set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
mtp.contourf(X1, X2, gnb.predict(nm.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('purple', 'green')))
mtp.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
mtp.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
```

```
for i, j in enumerate(nm.unique(y set)):
  mtp.scatter(x set[y set == i, 0], x set[y set == i, 1],
 c = ListedColormap(('purple', 'green'))(i), label = j)
mtp.title('Naive Bayes (Training set)')
mtp.xlabel('Age')
mtp.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
mtp.legend()
mtp.show()
x_set, y_set = x_test, y_test
X1, X2 = \text{nm.meshgrid}(\text{nm.arange}(\text{start} = x \text{ set}[:, 0].\text{min}() - 1, \text{stop} = x \text{ set}[:, 0].\text{max}() + 1, \text{step} = x \text{ set}[:, 0].
0.01),
nm.arange(start = x set[:, 1].min() - 1, stop = x set[:, 1].max() + 1, step = 0.01))
mtp.contourf(X1, X2, gnb.predict(nm.array([X1.ravel(), X2.ravel()]).T).reshape(X1.shape),
alpha = 0.75, cmap = ListedColormap(('purple', 'green')))
mtp.xlim(X1.min(), X1.max())
mtp.ylim(X2.min(), X2.max())
for i, j in enumerate(nm.unique(y set)):
mtp.scatter(x set[y set == j, 0], x set[y set == j, 1],
c = ListedColormap(('purple', 'green'))(i), label = j)
mtp.title('Naive Bayes (test set)')
mtp.xlabel('Age')
mtp.ylabel('Estimated Salary')
mtp.legend()
mtp.show()
```



C:/Users/ajcemca/PycharmProjects/Arya/naive.py

000011]

Accuracy 91.25

Date:08/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 06

AIM: Program to implement linear and multiple regression techniques using any standard dataset available in the public domain.

PROGRAM CODE

```
import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
x = np.array([2,6,7,8]).reshape((-1,1))
y = np.array([16,7,8,9])
model = LinearRegression()
model.fit(x,y)
r_sq = model.score(x,y)
print("Score: ",r_sq)
print("Intercept: ",model.intercept_)
print("Slope: ",model.coef_)
y_pred = model.predict(x)
print("Y-prediction: ",y_pred)
```

OUTPUT

C:/Users/ajcemca/PycharmProjects/Arya/linear regression.py

Score: 0.7556626506024098

Intercept: 17.759036144578314

Slope: [-1.34939759]

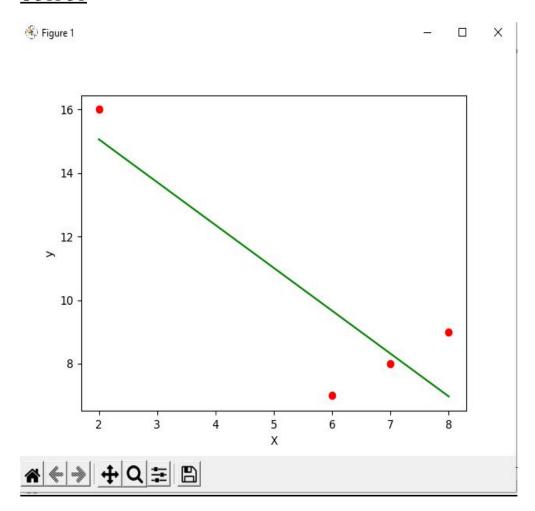
Y-prediction: [15.06024096 9.6626506 8.31325301 6.96385542]

Date:08/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 07

AIM: Program to implement Linear and Multiple regression techniques using any standard dataset available in public domain and evaluate its performance.

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
x = np.array([2,6,7,8])
y = np.array([16,7,8,9])
n = np.size(x)
n_x = np.mean(x)
n y = np.mean(y)
SS_xy = np.sum(y*x)-n*n_y*n_x
SS_xx = np.sum(x*x)-n*n_x*n_x
b 1 = SS \quad xy/SS \quad xx
b_0 = n_y - b_1 * n_x
y pred = b \ 1 * x + b \ 0
print(y_pred)
plt.scatter(x, y, color='red')
plt.plot(x, y_pred, color='green')
plt.xlabel('X')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.show()
```



C:/Users/ajcemca/PycharmProjects/Arya/linear2.py [15.06024096 9.6626506 8.31325301 6.96385542]

Date:15/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 08

AIM: Program to implement Linear and Multiple regression techniques using cars dataset available in public domain and evaluate its performance

PROGRAM CODE

```
import pandas
from sklearn import linear_model

df = pandas.read_csv("cars.csv")

X = df[['Weight', 'Volume']]

y = df['CO2']

regr = linear_model.LinearRegression()

regr.fit(X, y)

#predict the CO2

predictedCO2 = regr.predict([[2300, 1300]])

print(predictedCO2)
```

OUTPUT

C:/Users/ajcemca/PycharmProjects/Arya/MLR.py

[107.2087328]

Date:15/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 09

AIM: Program to implement multiple linear regression techniques using Boston dataset available in the public domain and evaluate its performance and plotting graph.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from sklearn import datasets, linear model, metrics
from sklearn.metrics import r2 score
boston = datasets.load boston(return X y=False)
X = boston.data
y = boston.target
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.4,random state=1)
reg = linear model.LinearRegression()
reg.fit(X train, y train)
V=reg.predict(X test)
result=r2 score(y test, V)
print("accuracy :", result)
print('Coefficients: ', reg.coef )
print('Variance score:{}'.format(reg.score(X test, y test)))
```

accuracy: 0.7209056672661767

Coefficients: [-8.95714048e-02 6.73132853e-02 5.04649248e-02 2.18579583e+00

-1.72053975e+01 3.63606995e+00 2.05579939e-03 -1.36602886e+00

2.89576718e-01 -1.22700072e-02 -8.34881849e-01 9.40360790e-03

-5.04008320e-01]

Variance score: 0.7209056672661767

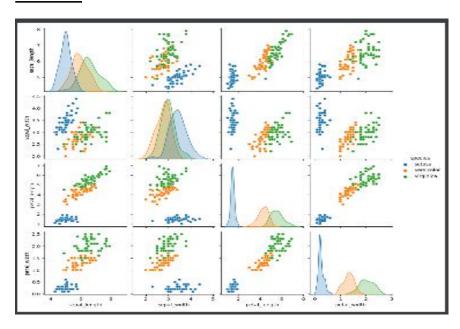
Date: 22/12/2021

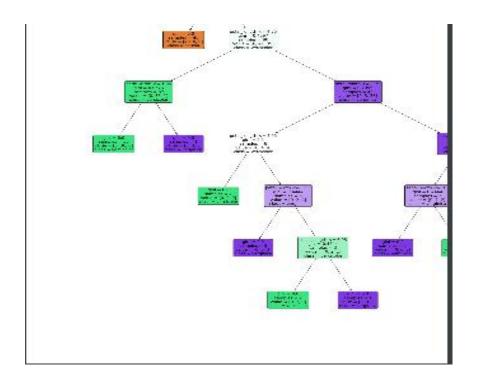
PROGRAM NO: 10

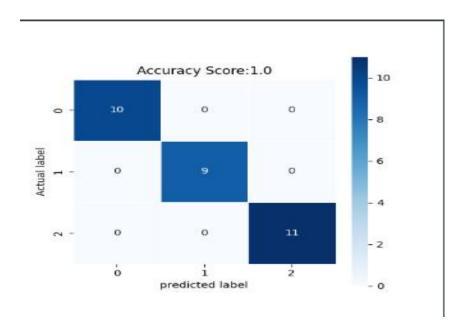
AIM: Program to implement decision tree using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm

```
Import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification report, confusion matrix
from sklearn.tree import plot tree
df=sns.load dataset('iris')
print(df.head())
print(df.info())
df.isnull().any()
print(df.shape)
sns.pairplot(data=df, hue ='species')
plt.savefig("pne.png")
sns.heatmap(df.corr())
plt.savefig("next.png")
target =df['species']
df1 = df.copy()
df1 = df1.drop('species', axis=1)
print(df1.shape)
print(df1.head())
x=df1
print(target)
le = LabelEncoder()
target = le.fit transform(target)
print(target)
y= target_
```

```
x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(x, y, test size=0.2, random state=42)
print("training split input" , x train.shape)
print("test split input",x test.shape)
dtree=DecisionTreeClassifier()
dtree.fit(x_train, y_train)
print("decision tree classifer created")
y pred = dtree.predict(x test)
print("classification report-\n", classification report(y test,y pred))
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
sns.heatmap(data=cm,linewidths=.5,annot=True,square=True,cmap='Blues')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.xlabel('predicted label')
all_sample_title = 'Accuracy Score: {0}'.format(dtree.score(x_test,y_test))
plt.title(all_sample_title,size=12)
plt.savefig("two.png")
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
dec tree=plot tree(decision tree=dtree,feature names=df1.columns,class names=["setosa","vercic
olor", "verginica"], filled=True, precision=4, rounded=True)
plt.savefig("three.png")
```







Date:05/01/2022

PROGRAM NO: 11

AIM: Program to implement K-Means clustering technique using any standard dataset available in the public domain

```
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd
dataset=pd.read csv('Mall Customers.csv')
x=dataset.iloc[:,[3,4]].values
print(x)
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss list=[]
for i in range(1,11):
  kmeans=KMeans(n clusters=i,init='k-means++',random state=42)
  kmeans.fit(x)
  wcss list.append(kmeans.inertia )
mtp.plot(range(1,11), wcss list)
mtp.title('The Elbow Method Graph')
mtp.xlabel('Number of clusters(k)')
mtp.ylabel('wcss list')
mtp.show()
```

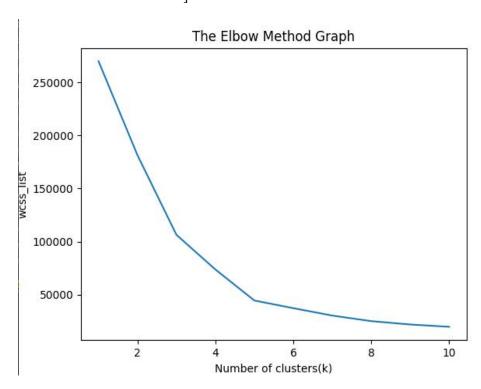
```
kmeans=KMeans(n clusters=5,init='k-means++',random state=42)
y predict=kmeans.fit predict(x)
print('predict=',y predict)
mtp.scatter(x[y predict==0,0],x[y predict==0,1],s=100,c='blue',label='Cluster 1')
mtp.scatter(x[y predict==1,0],x[y predict==1,1],s=100,c='red',label='Cluster 2')
mtp.scatter(x[y predict==2,0],x[y predict==2,1],s=100,c='green',label='Cluster 3')
mtp.scatter(x[y predict==3,0],x[y predict==3,1],s=100,c='yellow',label='Cluster 4')
mtp.scatter(x[y predict==4,0],x[y predict==4,1],s=100,c='magenta',label='Cluster 5')
mtp.scatter(kmeans.cluster centers [:,0],kmeans.cluster centers [:,1],s=300,c='black')
mtp.title('Clusters of Customer')
mtp.xlabel('Annual Income(k$)')
mtp.ylabel('Spending Score (1-100)')
mtp.legend();
mtp.show()
```

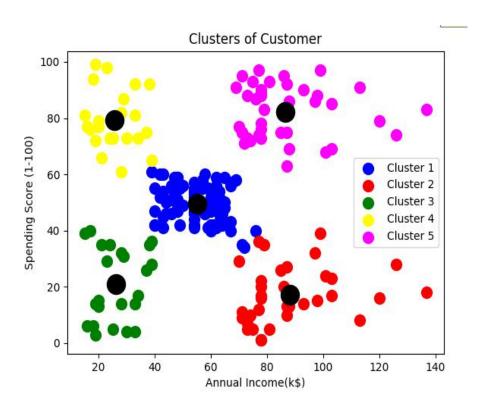
C:/Users/ajcemca/PycharmProjects/Arya/kmeans.py

[[15 39]....

[137 18]

[137 83]]





Date:05/01/2022

PROGRAM NO: 12

AIM: Program to implement K-Means clustering technique using any standard dataset available in the public domain.

```
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd
dataset=pd.read csv('world country and usa states latitude and longitude values.csv')
x=dataset.iloc[:,[1,2]].values
print(x)
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss list=[]
for i in range(1,11):
  kmeans=KMeans(n clusters=i,init='k-means+++',random state=42)
  kmeans.fit(x)
  wcss list.append(kmeans.inertia)
mtp.plot(range(1,11), wcss list)
mtp.title('The Elbow Method Graph')
mtp.xlabel('Number of clusters(k)')
mtp.ylabel('wcss list')
mtp.show()
kmeans=KMeans(n clusters=3,init='k-means++',random state=42)
y predict=kmeans.fit predict(x)
print('predict=',y predict)
```

mtp.scatter(x[y_predict==0,0],x[y_predict==0,1],s=100,c='blue',label='Cluster 1')

mtp.scatter(x[y_predict==1,0],x[y_predict==1,1],s=100,c='red',label='Cluster 2')

mtp.scatter(x[y_predict==2,0],x[y_predict==2,1],s=100,c='green',label='Cluster 3')

mtp.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,0],kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,1],s=300,c='black')

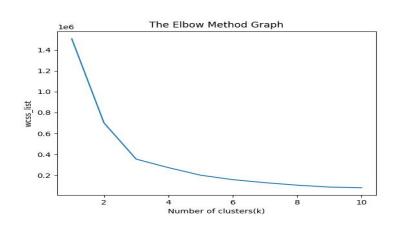
mtp.title('Clusters of world Country')

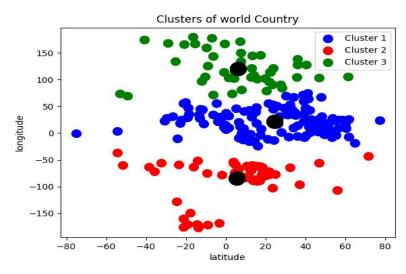
mtp.xlabel('latitude')

mtp.ylabel('longitude')

mtp.legend();

mtp.show()





Date:02/02/2022

PROGRAM NO: 13

AIM: Programs on convolutional neural network to classify images from any standard dataset in the public domain.

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
np.random.seed(42)
# tf.set.random. seed(42)
fashion mnist = keras.datasets.fashion mnist
(X train, y train), (X test, y test) = fashion mnist.load data()
print(X train.shape, X test.shape)
X train = X train / 255.0
X \text{ test} = X \text{ test} / 255.0
plt.imshow(X train[1], cmap='binary')
plt.show()
np.unique(y test)
class names = ['T-Shirt/Top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat', 'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker',
'8ag', 'Ankle Boot']
n rows = 5
n cols = 10
plt.figure(figsize=(n_cols * 1.4, n_rows * 1.6))
```

```
for row in range(n rows):
  for col in range(n cols):
    index = n cols * row + col
    plt.subplot(n rows, n cols, index + 1)
    plt.imshow(X train[index], cmap='binary', interpolation='nearest')
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.title(class names[y train[index]])
plt.show()
model CNN = keras.models.Sequential()
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=7, padding='same',
activation='relu', input shape=[28, 28, 1]))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel size=3, padding='same',
activation='relu'))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel size=3, padding='same',
activation='relu'))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool size=2))
model CNN.summary()
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Flatten())
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=128, activation='relu'))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=64, activation='relu'))
model CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=10, activation='softmax'))
model CNN.summary()
```

```
model_CNN.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])

X_train = X_train[..., np.newaxis]

X_test = X_test[..., np.newaxis]

history_CNN = model_CNN.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=2, validation_split=0.1)

pd.DataFrame(history_CNN.history).plot()

plt.grid(True)

plt.xlabel('epochs')

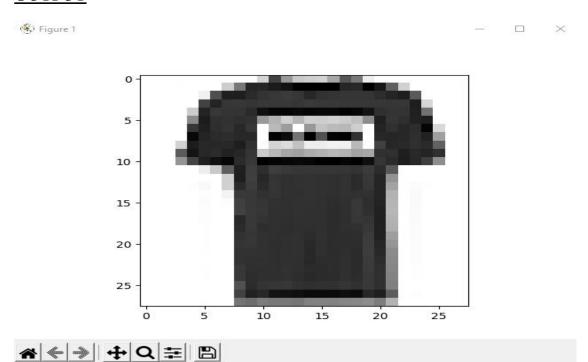
plt.ylabel('loss/accuracy')

plt.title('Training and validation plot')

plt.show()

test_loss, test_accuracy = model_CNN.evaluate(X_test, y_test)

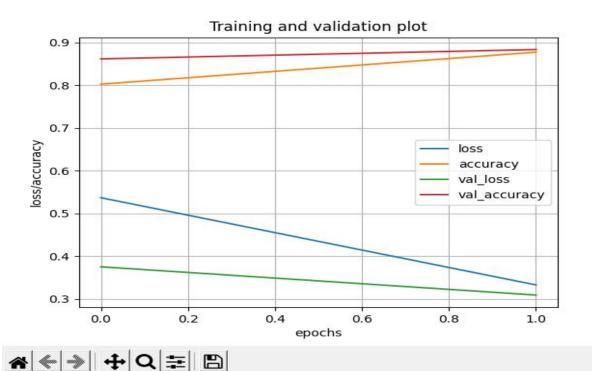
print(' Test Loss : {}, Test Accuracy : {}'.format(test_loss, test_accuracy))
```

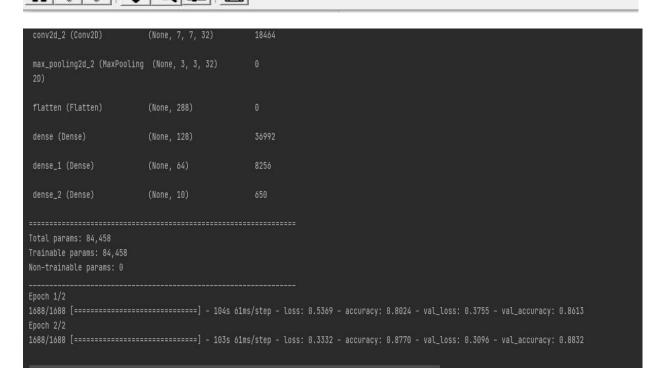












PROGRAM NO: 14

AIM: Program to implement a simple web crawler using python.

```
import requests
import lxml
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
#import beautifulsoup4
url = "https://www.rottentomatoes.com/top/bestofrt/"
headers = { 'User-Agents' : 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36
(KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/63.0.3239.132 Safari/537.36 QIHU 36OSE'}
f = requests.get(url, headers = headers)
movies list = []
soup = BeautifulSoup(f.content, 'html.parser')
movies = soup.find('table', {'class' : 'table'}) .find all('a')
print(movies)
num = 0
for anchor in movies:
       urls = 'https://www.rottentomatoes.com' + anchor['href']
  movies list.append(urls)
print(movies_list)
num +=1
movie url=urls
#movie url=movies 1st
movie_f=requests.get(movie_url,headers=headers)
```

```
movie_soup=BeautifulSoup(movie_f.content,'lxml')
movie_content=movie_soup.find('div',{
    'class':'movie_synopsis clamp clamp-6 js-clamp'
})
print(num,urls,'\n','Movie:' + anchor.string.strip())
print('Movie info:' + movie_content.string.strip())
```

PROGRAM NO: 15

AIM: Program to implement a simple web crawler using python.

PROGRAM CODE

```
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import requests
pages crawled =[ ]
def crawler(url):
        page =requests.get(url)
  soup=BeautifulSoup(page.text,'html.parser')
  links=soup.find all('a')
        for link in links:
        if 'href' in link.attrs:
        if link['href'].startswith('/wiki') and ':' not in link['href']:
        if link['href'] not in pages crawled:
             new_link = f"https://en.wikipedia.org{link['href']}"
             pages crawled.append(link['href'])
             try:
               with open('data.csv','a') as file:
                     file.write(f'{soup.title.text}:{link["href"]}\n')
                  crawler(new link)
             except:
               continue
```

crawler('https://en.wikipedia.org')

```
/wiki/Wikipedia
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia:
                                                                                                    Reader Mode
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia:
                                             /wiki/Free_content
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Encyclopedia
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/English_language
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/SS_Choctam
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Cargo_ship
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Great_Lakes
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Lake_freighter
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia:
                                             /wiki/Whaleback
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                           /wiki/Alexander_McDougall_(ship_designer)
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/American_Ship_Building_Company
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Cleveland
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Michigan
                                             /wiki/Detroit
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Escanaba,_Michigan
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; /
                                             /wiki/Marquette,_Michigan
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Glossary_of_nautical_terms#upbound
                                             /wiki/Iron_ore
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Lake_Huron
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/New_Presque_Isle_Light
Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia;
                                             /wiki/Glossary_of_nautical_terms#canaller
```

PROGRAM NO: 16

AIM: Program to implement scrap of any website.

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import csv
URL = "http://www.values.com/inspirational-quotes"
r = requests.get(URL)
print(r.content)
soup = BeautifulSoup(r.content, 'lxml')
print(soup.prettify())
quotes = []
table = soup.find('div', attrs={'id': 'all quotes'})
for row in table.findAll('div',
                attrs={'class': 'col-6 col-lg-3 text-center margin-30px-bottom sm-margin-30px-top'}):
       quote = \{\}
       quote['theme'] = row.h5.text
       quote['url'] = row.a['href']
       quote['img'] = row.img['src']
       quote['lines'] = row.img['alt'].split(" #")[0]
        quote['author'] = row.img['alt'].split(" #")[1]
        quotes.append(quote)
```

```
filename = 'inspirational_quotes.csv'

with open(filename, 'w', newline=") as f:

w = csv.DictWriter(f, ['theme', 'url', 'img', 'lines', 'author'])

w.writeheader()

for quote in quotes:

w.writerow(quote)
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemce\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.ex# C:\Users\ajcemca/PycharmProjects/pythonProject\venv\scrabing\scrabing.py
<title>Inspirational Quotes - Motivational Quotes - Leadership Qu
<html class="no-js" gir="ltr" lang="en-US">
  Inspirational Quotes - Motivational Quotes - Leadership Quotes | Passiton.com
 <meta charset="utf-8"/>
 <meta content="text/html; charset=utf-8" http-equiv="content-type"/>
 <meta content="IE=edge" http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible"/>
 <meta content="wioth=device-width,initial-scale=1.8" name="viewport"/>
 <meta content="The Foundation for a Better Life | Pass It On.com" name="description"/>
 k href="/favicon-32x32.png" rel="icon" sizes="32x32" type="image/png"/>
 k href="/favicoo-lox10.png" rel="icon" sizes="lox10" type="image/pog"/>
 k href="/site.webmanifest" rel="manifest"/>
 <meta content="#c8107e" name="msapplication-TileColor"/>
 Crossorigin="anonymous" href="https://stackpoth.bootstrapcom.com/bootstrap/A. 3.1/ccs/bootstrap.win.com" integrity="sha384-ggGyRGiXCbMQv3Xipma"
 k href="/assets/application-2a7e8eoalc5f628bac9efeo6420f5579.css" media="all" rel="stylesheet"/>
```

PROGRAM NO: 17

AIM: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs n-grams.

PROGRAM CODE

```
def generate_ngrams(text,WordsToCombine):
    words=text.split()
    output=[]
    for i in range(len(words) - WordsToCombine+1):
    output.append(words[i:i+WordsToCombine])
    return output

x=generate_ngrams(text='this is a very good book to study',WordsToCombine=3)
print(x)
```

OUTPUT

```
[['this', 'is', 'a'], ['is', 'a', 'very'], ['a', 'very', 'good'], ['very', 'good', 'book'], ['good', 'book', 'to'], ['book', 'to', 'study']]
```

PROGRAM NO: 18

AIM: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs n-grams (Using in built functions).

PROGRAM CODE

```
import nltk

nltk.download('punkt')

from nltk.util import ngrams

sampleText='this is a very good book to study'

NGRAMS=ngrams(sequence=nltk.word_tokenize(sampleText),n=2)

for grams in NGRAMS:

print(grams)
```

OUTPUT

('this', 'is')

('is', 'a')

('a', 'very')

('very', 'good')

('good', 'book')

('book', 'to')

('to', 'study')

PROGRAM NO: 19

AIM: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs speech tagging.

```
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize,sent_tokenize
#nltk.download('stopwords')
#nltk.download('averaged perceptron tagger')
stop words=set(stopwords.words('english'))
txt="Ammu,How are you."\
       "Archana,i am fine.How are you"\
       "Sukanya is getting married next year"\
       "Marriage is a big step in ones life"\
       "yes it is a big event"\
       "okey bye Ammu."
tokenized=sent_tokenize(txt)
for i in tokenized:
  wordsList=nltk.word tokenize(i)
       wordsList=[w for w in wordsList if not w in stop words]
  tagged=nltk.pos tag(wordsList)
       print(tagged)
```

[('Ammu', 'NNP'), (',', ','), ('How', 'NNP'), ('you.Archana', 'NNP'), (',', ','), ('fine.How', 'NN'), ('youSukanya', 'RB'), ('getting', 'VBG'), ('married', 'VBN'), ('next', 'JJ'), ('yearMarriage', 'NN'), ('big', 'JJ'), ('step', 'NN'), ('ones', 'NNS'), ('lifeyes', 'RB'), ('big', 'JJ'), ('eventokey', 'NN'), ('bye', 'NN'), ('Ammu', 'NNP'), ('.', '.')]

Date:23/02/2022

PROGRAM NO: 20

AIM: Python program which performs Natural language processing which perform Chunking.

PROGRAM CODE

```
import nltk

new="The big cat ate the little mouse who was after the fresh cheese"

new_tokens=nltk.word_tokenize(new)

print(new_tokens)

new_tag=nltk.pos_tag(new_tokens)

print(new_tag)

grammer=r"NP: {<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>}"

chunkParser=nltk.RegexpParser(grammer)

chunked=chunkParser.parse(new_tag)

print(chunked)

chunked.draw()
```

```
['The', 'big', 'cat', 'ate', 'the', 'little', 'mouse', 'who', 'was', 'after', 'the', 'fresh', 'cheese']

[('The', 'DT'), ('big', 'JJ'), ('cat', 'NN'), ('ate', 'VBD'), ('the', 'DT'), ('little', 'JJ'), ('mouse', 'NN'), ('who', 'WP'), ('was', 'VBD'), ('after', 'IN'), ('the', 'DT'), ('fresh', 'JJ'), ('cheese', 'NN')]

(S

(NP The/DT big/JJ cat/NN)

ate/VBD

(NP the/DT little/JJ mouse/NN)

who/WP
```

was/VBD

after/IN

(NP the/DT fresh/JJ cheese/NN))

