#### Introduction and software requirements to run the java programs:

#### 1# What is the software that helps to run java programs.

• The software that helps to run java programs is JDK(java development kit)

And JRE(java runtime environment).

#### 2# What is JDK and JRE.

Java Development Kit (JDK)

A software development kit that includes tools for developing and compiling Java programs. JDK is a superset of JRE, and contains all the tools needed to compile, debug, and run Java programs.

 Java Runtime Environment (JRE)
 A set of software tools that runs Java programs on a system. JRE includes the Java Virtual Machine (JVM) and run-time class libraries.

To run Java applications, you only need JRE. However, if you want to develop Java applications, you need JDK, which includes both the JVM and development tools.

#### 3# What is eclipse IDE.

**Eclipse IDE** (**Integrated Development Environment**) is a popular open-source software platform primarily used for programming. It provides a comprehensive environment where developers can write, test, and debug code in various programming languages. Initially designed for Java development, Eclipse has evolved to support a wide range of languages through plugins, including Python, C++, JavaScript, and more.

#### **Key Features of Eclipse IDE:**

- 1. **Code Editing**: It includes advanced features like syntax highlighting, code completion, and error checking.
- 2. **Debugging**: Offers powerful debugging tools, allowing developers to set breakpoints, inspect variables, and control program execution.
- 3. **Extensibility**: With a vast plugin ecosystem, Eclipse can be customized to meet different programming needs.
- 4. **Version Control Integration**: Supports integration with Git, SVN, and other version control systems.

- 5. **Build Automation**: It can integrate with tools like Maven and Gradle for project building and dependency management.
- 6. Cross-Platform: Available for Windows, macOS, and Linux.

#### 4# How to run the java program in eclipse/NetBeans IDE.

#### Running a Java Program in Eclipse IDE/NetBeans IDE:

#### Step 1: Install Eclipse and Set Up Java

- Download and install Eclipse IDE/NetBeans IDE for Java Developers from the Eclipse website and Apache NetBeans website.
- Ensure that Java Development Kit (JDK) is installed and configured on your system. Eclipse/NetBEans typically detects the JDK automatically.

#### Step 2: Create a New Java Project

- 1. Open Eclipse IDE/NetBeans IDE.
- 2. Go to File > New > Java Project.
- 3. Name your project and click **Finish**.

#### Step 3: Create a Java Class

- 1. Right-click the **src** folder in your project in the **Project Explorer** pane.
- 2. Select New > Class.
- 3. Give your class a name (e.g., HelloWorld), and check the box for public static void main(String[] args).
- 4. Click Finish.

#### Step 4: Run the Java Program

- 1. Click the green **Run** button in the toolbar (or press **F6** on your keyboard).
- 2. The output will appear in the **Output** window at the bottom of the IDE.

# 5# What is the software other than eclipse/NetBeans to run the java programs.

- IntelliJ IDEA
- BlueJ
- JDeveloper
- DrJAVA
- JGrasp etc.

#### Basics problems in java

1# Write a java program to add the two numbers.

```
Main.java ×
Services 🖷 Projects
    Source History | 🔀 👺 - 🐺 - | 🔼 🐶 😓 👺 | 🚰 🚭 | 🔵 🖂 | 🕌 📑
          package javaapplication23;
       import java.util.Scanner;
          public class Main {
    6 =
             public static void main(String[] args) {
    8
                  Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
9
Navigator
   10
                  System.out.println("Enter the first number");
   11
                  int x = sc.nextInt();
   12
                  System.out.println("Enter the Second number ");
   13
                  int y = sc.nextInt();
    14
   15
   16
                  int sum = x + y;
   17
                  System.out.println("The sum of "+ x +" and "+y+" is "+ sum );
    18
    19
   20
    21
    22
```

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)

run:
Enter the first number
5
Enter the Second number
10
The sum of 5 and 10 is 15
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 6 seconds)
```

#### 2# Write a java program to multiply two floating numbers.

```
Main.java × MewClass.java ×
 1
  2
      package javaapplication23;
  3
  4 - import java.util.Scanner;
  5
      public class NewClass {
  6
  7
 8
   į.
          public static void main(String[] args) {
 9
 10
               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
 11
 12
              System.out.println("Enter the first number");
              double x = sc.nextDouble();
 13
 14
 15
 16
 17
              System.out.println("Enter the Second number");
 18
              double y = sc.nextDouble();
 19
 20
              double pro = x*y;
 21
 22
              System.out.println("Product " + pro);
 23
 24
 25
Output:
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
run:
     Enter the first number
     6.5
Enter the Second number
     7.9
*
     Product 51.35
     BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 5 seconds)
```

3# Write a java program to display a cube of a number.

```
Main.java × MewClass.java × Cube.java ×
         History | 🔀 🖫 - 🚚 - | 🔼 🐶 🖶 🗐 | 🚰 🚭 | 🕒 🔲 | 🕌 🚅
   1
        package javaapplication23;
   2
     import java.util.Scanner;
   3
        public class cube {
   4
   5
   6
     _
             public static void main(String[] args) {
   7
   8
                 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
   9
  10
                System.out.println("Enter the number");
                int x = sc.nextInt();
  11
  12
  13
                int cube = (x*x*x);
  14
  15
                System.out.println("The cube of " + x+ " is " +cube);
  16
  17
  18
Output:
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
run:
      Enter the number
\square
The cube of 6 is 216
      BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 2 seconds)
*
```

4# Write a Java program that takes three numbers as input to calculate and print the average of the numbers.

```
Main.java × NewClass.java × 🖎 cube.java × 🔊 average.java ×
Source History 🖟 👼 - 📮 - 🔍 🔁 🞝 🖶 📮 💡 🏠 🗟 🖆 💇 🔵
      package javaapplication23;
 2
 3 - import java.util.Scanner;
     public class average {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
 6
 7
 8
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
 9
10
              System.out.println("Enter the first number");
11
              double x = sc.nextDouble();
12
13
              System.out.println("Enter the Second number");
14
              double y = sc.nextDouble();
15
16
              System.out.println("Enter the Third number");
17
              double z = sc.nextDouble();
18
19
              double avg = (x+y+z)/3.0;
20
21
              System.out.println("The Average is: " +avg );
22
23
```

#### **Output:**

#### 5# Write a Java program to compute the distance between two points.

```
Main.java × NewClass.java × 🚳 cube.java × 🚳 average.java × 🚳 distance.java ×
Source History 🖟 🖟 - 🐺 - 🔽 🔂 🖓 🖶 🖫 🔓 😤 🔁 👲 🔘 🗆 🔛
      package javaapplication23;
 2
 3  import java.util.Scanner;
 4
      public class distance {
 5
 6
 7
   public static void main(String[] args) {
 8
 9
               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
10
              System.out.println("Enter the xl number");
11
12
              int xl = sc.nextInt();
13
14
              System.out.println("Enter the x2 number");
15
              int x2 = sc.nextInt();
16
17
              System.out.println("Enter the yl number");
              int yl = sc.nextInt();
18
19
20
              System.out.println("Enter the y2 number");
21
              int y2 = sc.nextInt();
22
23
              double dis = Math.sqrt(Math.pow(x1-x2, 2) + Math.pow(y1 - y2, 2));
24
              System.out.println("Distance: "+ dis);
25
26
27
      }
```

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)

run:
Enter the x1 number

Enter the x2 number

Enter the y2 number

Enter the y2 number

Distance: 2.23606797749979

BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 9 seconds)
```

### Problems Based on if statement/Looping in JAVA

1# Write a java program to check whether the given number is odd or even.

```
Main.java × MewClass.java × Me
                              History 🖟 🖫 - 🐙 - 💆 - 💆 - 🖓 - 🖓 - 🖓 - 🖓 - 🖓 - 🤡 - 🚉 -
                         package javaapplication23;
     2
     3  import java.util.Scanner;
                         public class oddeven {
     4
     5
     6
     7
             public static void main(String[] args) {
     8
     9
                                                               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
  10
                                                             System.out.println("Enter the number");
  11
  12
                                                          int x = sc.nextInt();
  13
            14
                                                          if(x%2 == 0){
 15
                                                                          System.out.println("number is even");
  16
  17
  18
                                                          else {
                                                                        System.out.println("NUMBER IS ODD");
  19
  20
  21
 22
Output:
   Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
   \mathbb{Z}
                         run:
                         Enter the number
   \square
    NUMBER IS ODD
                         BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 26 seconds)
   Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
                         run:
                         Enter the number
    number is even
                         BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 2 seconds)
   8
```

2# Write a java program to find the largest number among the three numbers.

```
Main.java × MewClass.java × Me
                           History 🖟 🖫 - 🖫 - 🔽 🖓 🖓 🖶 💚 🕆 🗞 🖭 💇 🗶 🔘 🖽
      1
                        package javaapplication23;
      2
       3
             import java.util.Scanner;
                        public class LARGEST {
       4
       5
       6
              public static void main(String[] args) {
      7
      8
                                                       Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
      9
                                                     System.out.println("Enter the a number");
    10
    11
                                                   int a = sc.nextInt();
    12
    13
                                                     System.out.println("Enter the a number");
    14
                                                   int b = sc.nextInt();
    15
                                                     System.out.println("Enter the a number");
    16
                                                   int c = sc.nextInt();
    17
    18
    19
                                                   if((a>b)&&(a>c))
                                                                 System.out.println(a +" is greater");
    20
                                                      else if((b >a) && (b > c))
    21
    22
                                                                System.out.println(b+" is greater");
    23
    24
                                                                 System.out.println(c +" c is greater");
    25
    26
    27
   28
Output:
  Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
  \otimes
                     run:
                     Enter the a number
   Enter the a number
                     Enter the a number
                     10
                     10 c is greater
                     BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 6 seconds)
```

3# Write a Java program that takes a number as input and prints its multiplication table upto 10.

```
...va 🚳 cube.java 🗴 🚳 average.java 🗴 🚳 distance.java 🗴 🚳 oddeven.java 🗴 🚳 LARG
Source History | 🔀 🖟 🔻 🗸 🗸 🖓 🖶 🗔 | 🔗 😓 😫 💇 | 🌑 🖂 | 🕌 📑
8
9
10
       * @author Admin
11
12 - import java.util.Scanner;
13
      public class multiplication {
14
15
16 🖃
           public static void main(String[] args) {
17
18
               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
19
20
              System.out.println("Enter the a number");
21
              int a = sc.nextInt();
22
              for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
23
24
                  int result = a *i;
25
                  System.out.println(a+" x "+i+ " = " +result);
26
27
28
29
30
```

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
       run:
       Enter the a number
3 \times 1 = 3
       3 \times 2 = 6
*
       3 \times 3 = 9
       3 \times 4 = 12
       3 \times 5 = 15
       3 \times 6 = 18
       3 \times 7 = 21
       3 \times 8 = 24
       3 \times 9 = 27
       3 \times 10 = 30
       BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 2 seconds)
```

### 4# Write a Java program to calculate the sum of following series: $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + \dots + N$

```
...va 🚳 average.java 🗴 🚳 distance.java 🗴 🚳 oddeven.java 🗴 🚳 LARGES
 Source History 🖟 🖟 🐺 - 💆 - 💆 🚭 👫 😭 😭 🛂
 1
      package javaapplication23;
 2
 public class ntimes {
 4
 5
 6
   public static void main(String[] args) {
 7
 8
               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in) ;
 9
              System.out.println("Enter the a number");
 10
 11
              int a = sc.nextInt();
 12
 13
 14
 15
              int sum = 0;
              for(int i = 1;i<= a;i++) {
 16
 17
                  sum = sum + i;
 18
 19
 20
              System.out.println("Sum = "+ sum);
 21
 22
 23
 24
Output:
```

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
      run:
      Enter the a number
\square
Sum = 36
      BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 1 second)
```

5# Write a Java program to take a number, divide it by 2 and print the result until the number becomes less than 10.

```
...va 🐧 distance.java 🗴 🐧 oddeven.java 🗴 🐧 LARGEST.java 🗴 🚳 multiplicatio
Source History | 🔀 🖟 - 🐺 - | 🔼 😽 - 👺 | 🚭 🔮 | 🔴
     package javaapplication23;
1
2
3  import java.util.Scanner;
4
5
     public class divide {
6
7
  public static void main(String[] args) {
8
9
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
10
              System.out.println("Enter the a number");
11
              double a = sc.nextDouble();
12
13
14
  白
              while (a > 1000) {
15
                  a = a / 2;
16
                  System.out.println(a);
17
18
19
20
              }
21
22
23
      }
```

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
      run:
      Enter the a number
      1000000
      500000.0
      250000.0
9
8
8
      125000.0
      62500.0
      31250.0
      15625.0
      7812.5
      3906.25
      1953.125
      976.5625
      BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 2 seconds)
```

Problems Based on Array in JAVA 1# Write a Java program to insert 10, 20, 30 .... in an array and display them.

```
Source
       History 🖟 🖫 - 🐺 - 🔼 🖓 🐶 🖶 🖺 🖟 😓 🖭 💇
      package javaapplication23;
2
3
      public class arrayadd {
4
5
          public static void main(String[] args) {
6
7
              int [] arr = {10,20,30,40,50};
8
9
              System.out.println(arr.length);
10
11
12
              for(int i = 0;i<arr.length;i++) {
13
14
                   System.out.println(arr[i]);
15
16
17
18
19
20
Output:
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)
      run:
5
\mathbb{Z}
      10
 20
      30
*
      40
      50
      BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

2# Write a Java program to calculate the sum of all the array elements. Output:

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)

run:

The Sum is 150
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

```
...va 🚳 LARGEST.java 🗴 🚳 multiplication.java 🗴 🚳 ntimes.java 🗴 🚳 d
      | History | 🔀 🎩 = 🐺 = | 🔍 🔁 🐶 🖶 🖫 | 🔗 😓 | 🖭 🖭
Source
      package javaapplication23;
 1
 2
 3
      public class arraysum {
 4
 5
   public static void main(String[] args) {
 6
 7
              int [] arr = \{10, 20, 30, 40, 50\};
 8
               int sum = 0;
 9
10
11
               System.out.println(arr.length);
12
13
14
   for(int i = 0;i<arr.length;i++){
15
                   sum = sum + arr[i];
16
17
18
19
20
               System.out.println("The Sum is "+ sum);
21
22
23
24
```

3# Write a java program to print the following pattern.

```
Source History 🖟 🖟 - 🐺 - 🔍 🖰 🖓 🕂 🖟 😓 😭 🖆
      package javaapplication23;
1
2
3
      public class pattern {
   4
          public static void main(String[] args) {
              int n = 5;
5
 6
              for(int i = 0; i<=n;i++) {
7
                  for(int j=n-i;j>0;j--){
8
                      System.out.print(" ");
9
   占
                  for (int k=1; k<=i; k++) {</pre>
10
11
                         System.out.print(k);
12
                  }
13
                  for(int m=i-1; m>0; m--){
14
                     System.out.print(m);
15
16
                  System.out.println();
17
             }
18
19
20
```

#### **Output:**

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)

run:

1
121
12321
1234321
123454321
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

4# Write a java program to find the sum of following series where n is input by the user. 1+1/2+1/3+1/4+...+1/n.

```
...va 🐧 ntimes.java 🗴 🐧 divide.java 🗴 🐧 arrayadd.java 🗴 🐧 arraysu
Source History 🖟 🍒 - 📮 - 🔼 🖓 🖶 🖫 🔓 🥞 🚉
 2
      package javaapplication23;
3
 4
  import java.util.Scanner;
 5
      public class fraction {
 6
 7
  Ţ
8
          public static void main(String[] args) {
9
10
           Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
              System.out.print("Enter the number");
11
12
           double num = sc.nextDouble();
13
14
           double sum = 0;
15
16
           for(int i = 1;i <= num;i++) {
17
18
               sum = sum + 1.0/i;
19
              System.out.println("The Sum is "+ sum);
20
21
22
23
```

5# Write a Java program and compute the sum of the digits of an integer.

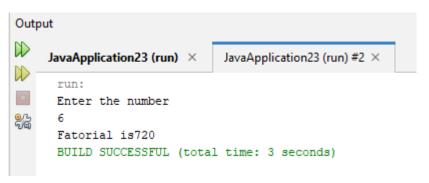
```
1
2
     package javaapplication23;
3
  import java.util.Scanner;
4
      public class digitsum {
5
6
7
   public static void main(String[] args) {
8
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
9
              System.out.println("Enter the number");
10
11
              int num = sc.nextInt();
12
<u>@</u>
              int digit = 0;
14
              int sum = 0;
15
16
              while(num > 0)
17
  18
                  digit = num % 10;
19
20
                  sum = sum + digit;
21
22
                  num = num/10;
23
24
25
              System.out.println("Thw Sum is"+ sum);
26
27
28
```

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run)

run:
Enter the number
127
Thw Sum is10
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 4 seconds)
```

### 6# Write a Java program to calculate the factorial of a number.

```
2
      package javaapplication23;
 3
 4 - import java.util.Scanner;
 5
      public class fatorial {
 6
 7
   public static void main(String[] args) {
 8
               Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 9
               System.out.println("Enter the number");
10
               int num = sc.nextInt();
11
12
            int fact = 1;
13
14
   \Box
15
               for(int i = 1;i <= num; i++) {
16
                   fact = fact * i;
17
18
19
               System.out.println("Fatorial is"+ fact);
20
21
22
23
      }
24
```



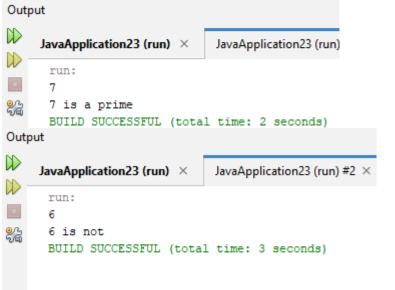
Problems Based on If statement/Looping/Array in JAVA 1# Write a Java program to print the odd numbers from 1 to 99.

```
1
      package javaapplication23;
 2
 3
      public class oddnum99 {
 4
 5
   Ţ
          public static void main(String[] args) {
 6
   自
 7
              for (int i = 1; i < 100; i++) {
8
                  if (i % 2 != 0) {
9
                      System.out.println(i);
10
11
                   }
12
13
14
15
      }
```

```
Output
\square
     JavaApplication23 (run) ×
                                    JavaAppli
\square
                                                    47
      run:
                                                    49
51
       3
                                                    53
       5
                                                    55
       7
                                                    57
       9
                                                    59
       11
                                                    61
       13
                                                    63
       15
                                                    65
       17
                                                    67
       19
                                                    69
       21
                                                    71
       23
                                                    73
       25
                                                    75
       27
                                                   77
       29
                                                   79
       31
                                                    81
       33
                                                    83
       35
                                                    85
       37
                                                    87
       39
                                                    89
       41
                                                    91
       43
                                                    93
       45
                                                    95
       47
                                                    97
                                                    99
```

2# Write a Java program to check whether a number is prime or not.

```
History | 🔀 🐺 - 🐺 - | 🔼 🖓 🐶 🖶 🔯 | 🔗 😓 | 🚉 🔩 | 🐽
Source
 2
      package javaapplication23;
   import java.util.Scanner;
      public class prime {
 4
 5
   6
          public static void main(String[] args) {
 7
8
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
9
              int num = sc.nextInt();
10
              boolean flag = true;
11
12
13
  for (int i = 2; i <= num / 2; i++) {
   \Box
                  if (num % i == 0) {
14
15
                      flag = false;
16
17
18
              if (flag)
19
20
                  System.out.println(num +" is a prime");
21
              else
                  System.out.println(num +" is not");
22
23
24
```



3# Write a Java program to swap the first and last elements of an array.

```
public class swaparray {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
          Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
          System.out.println("enter the size of the arr
          int n = sc.nextInt();
          int arr[] = new int[n];
for(int i =0; i<arr.length; i++){
               System.out.println("enter the elements");
              arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
白
          for(int element : arr){
              System.out.println(element + "\t");
          int temp = arr[0];
          arr[0] = arr[arr.length - 1];
          arr[arr.length - 1] = temp;
          System.out.println("array after swapping");
阜
          for(int element : arr){
              System.out.println(element + "\t");
```

```
Output
\bowtie
     JavaApplication23 (run) ×
                                 JavaApplication23 (run) #2 ×
\square
enter the size of the array
<u>~</u>
      enter the elements
      enter the elements
      enter the elements
      enter the elements
      12
      7
      array after swapping
      12
      7
      9
      BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 14 seconds)
```

# 4# Write a Java program to find the maximum and minimum among array elements.

```
package javaapplication23;
2 - import java.util.Scanner;
      public class maxmin {
          public static void main(String[] args) {
 4
              Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
 6
 7
              System.out.print("Enter the number of elements in the array: ");
8
              int n = scanner.nextInt();
9
10
              int[] arr = new int[n];
11
12
              System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array:");
13
              for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
14
                  arr[i] = scanner.nextInt();
15
16
17
              int max = arr[0];
18
              int min = arr[0];
19
              for (int i = 1; i < n; i++) {
20 🗀
21 😑
                  if (arr[i] > max) {
22
                      max = arr[i];
23
                  }
24
                  if (arr[i] < min) {</pre>
25
                      min = arr[i];
26
                  }
27
28
29
              System.out.println("Maximum element: " + max);
30
              System.out.println("Minimum element: " + min);
31
32
              scanner.close();
33
34
```

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run) #2

run:
Enter the number of elements in the array: 4
Enter the elements of the array:
4
6
8
9
Maximum element: 9
Minimum element: 4
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 10 seconds)
```

### 5# Write a Java program to print all prime numbers between 0 to 100

```
History | 🔀 📮 - 📮 - | 🗖 😽 👺 🖶 📑 | 🚰 😓 | 😅 💇 | 💿 🔲 | 👑 🛢
Source
      package javaapplication23;
1
 2
3
      public class primeOto100 {
 4
5
          public static void main(String[] args) {
   6
              System.out.println("Pime numbers between 0 to 100:");
7
   白
8
              for (int num = 2; num < 100; num++) {
9
                  boolean isprime = true;
10
   for(int i = 2;i<=Math.sqrt(num);i++) {</pre>
  Ī
11
                       if (num%i==0) {
12
                           isprime =false;
13
                          break;
14
                       }
15
   \Box
16
                  if (isprime) {
17
                      System.out.println(num);
18
19
20
21
22
```

```
43
Output - JavaApplication23 (run) ×
                                                 47
                                                 53
       run:
                                                 59
       Pime numbers between 0 t
\square
                                                 61
67
       3
       5
                                                 71
<u>0</u>€
                                                 73
       7
                                                 79
       11
                                                 83
       13
                                                 89
       17
                                                 97
       19
       23
       29
       31
       37
        41
       43
```

### 6# Write a Java program to implement linear search.

```
package javaapplication23;
  2 - import java.util.Scanner;
 3
      public class linearsearh {
  4
 5 -
           public static void main(String[] args) {
  6
              Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
 7
 8
              int[] arr = {5, 8, 12, 15, 23, 32, 45, 56, 67, 78};
 9
 10
              System.out.print("Enter the element to search: ");
 11
              int target = sc.nextInt();
 12
 13
              int index = -1;
 14
               for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {</pre>
 15 😑
 16
                  if (arr[i] == target) {
 17
                       index = i;
 18
                       break;
 19
 20
               }
 21 😑
                   if (index != -1) {
 22
                  System.out.println("Element " + target + " found at index " + inc 4);
 23 😑
               } else {
 24
                  System.out.println("Element " + target + " not found.");
 25
 26
 27
28
```

```
Output - JavaApplication23 (run) ×

run:
Enter the element to search: 15
Element 15 found at index 3
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 3 seconds)
```