

# Computer Architecture CS-211

Spring 2017 Recitation #3





```
Address Byte offset
-----0 --1-- 2-- 3
0x04 | 10 00 00 00
0x08 | 61 72 62 33
0x0c | 33 00 00 00
0x10 | 78 0c 00 00
0x14 | 08 00 00 00
0x14 | 08 00 00 4c 03
0x1c | 18 00 00 00
```

- Assume little-Endian machine
- Pointer size = 4 bytes in 32-bit machine
- int = 4 bytes , short = 2 bytes , char = 1 byte
- Operator precedence : <a href="http://en.cppreference.com/w/c/language/operator\_precedence">http://en.cppreference.com/w/c/language/operator\_precedence</a>

```
int **i=(int **)0x04;
short **pps=(short **)0x1c;
struct i2c {
    int i;
    char *c;
}*p=(struct i2c*)0x10;

**i == ?    0xc78
p->c[2] == ?    '62'
&t(*pps)[1] = ?    0x1A
```

## Link list example

#### Reverse a Linked List using Recursion

- 1) Divide the list in two parts first node and rest
- 2) Call reverse for the rest of the linked list.
- 3) Link rest to first.
- 4) Fix head pointer

```
void recursiveReverse(struct node** head ref)
    struct node* first;
    struct node* rest;
    /* empty list */
   if (*head ref == NULL)
      return:
    first = *head ref;
   rest = first->next;
    /* List has only one node */
   if (rest == NULL)
       return:
    /* put the first element on the end of the list */
    recursiveReverse (&rest);
    first->next->next = first;
    /* tricky step */
    first->next = NULL;
   /* fix the head pointer */
    *head ref = rest;
```

## 2's Complement



How to find 2's complement format of a given number easily?

### Questions

- 1. Find the 2's complement representation of -525 (in Hex)? FDF3
- 2. The largest positive value in N-bit two's complement is? 2^(n-1)-1
- 3. The smallest negative value in N-bit two's complement is ? -2^(n-1)