# Library Management System - SQL

### **Database Schema**

This document contains the SQL schema, records, queries, and design notes for the Library Management System.

#### **ER Diagram**

Books Table

BookID INT PRIMARY KEY
Title VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
Author VARCHAR(100)
Category VARCHAR(50)
Total\_Copies INT
Available Copies INT

Members Table

MemberID INT PRIMARY KEY
Name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL
Email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE
Phone VARCHAR(15)
Join Date DATE

Borrowed Books Table

BorrowID INT PRIMARY KEY
BookID INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Books(BookID)
MemberID INT FOREIGN KEY REFERENCES Members(MemberID)
Borrow\_Date DATE
Return Date DATE (nullable)

#### **Sample Queries**

• 1. List all borrowed books with member names and dates

```
SELECT m.name, b.title, bb.borrow_date, bb.return_date
FROM Borrowed_Books bb

JOIN Members m ON bb.member_id = m.member_id

JOIN Books b ON bb.book id = b.book id;
```

• 2. Show overdue books (>7 days, not returned)

SELECT m.name, b.title, bb.borrow\_date
FROM Borrowed\_Books bb

JOIN Members m ON bb.member\_id = m.member\_id

JOIN Books b ON bb.book\_id = b.book\_id

WHERE bb.return\_date IS NULL
AND DATEDIFF(CURDATE(), bb.borrow date) > 7;

• 3. Count total borrowed books by each member

SELECT m.name, COUNT(bb.book\_id) AS total\_borrowed
FROM Borrowed\_Books bb
JOIN Members m ON bb.member\_id = m.member\_id
GROUP BY m.name
ORDER BY total borrowed DESC;

• 4. Count total books per category

SELECT category, COUNT(\*) AS total\_books
FROM Books
GROUP BY category;

## **ER Diagram (Graphical)**

