

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ



Hafiz Abdul Waheed Channa

Lecturer

Department of Basic Sciences & Related Studies,
Mehran University of Engineering & Technology, Jamshoro
channawaheed907@gmail.com

ISLAMIC STUDIES

Life History of Holy Prophet

Muhammad ﷺ

Life History of Holy Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)

- Life in Makkah (Makki Life)
- Life in Madina (Madani life)

Life History of Holy Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ)

1. From birth up to Prophethood(40 years)
2. From Prophethood up to Migration(13 years)
3. From Migration up to death(10 years)

1. Life History of Holy Prophet Muhammad ﷺ from birth up to Prophethood.

- i. Birth
- ii. Childhood, foster & breeding
- iii. Travel to Yasrab & death of mother
- iv. Under the custody of Grand father & uncle
- v. Travel to Syria
- vi. Fight of Fajar
- vii. Half-e-Fuzool or Renewal of Half-e-Fuzool
- viii. Trade or As a Trader
- ix. Marriage with Hazrat Khadija (رضى الله عنها)
- x. Re-construction of Holy Kaaba & His wisdom
- xi. Pre-Prophethood situations & conditions of Makkah

Birth

1. It is famous that He was Born on Monday morning, the 12th of Rabi Al-Awwal, but in few books 9th.
2. He born in year of the Elephants (عام الفيل).
3. On 20th April 571.
4. Father Abdullah bin Abdul-Muttalib was from tribe Bani Hashim
5. Mother Amina bint Wahab was from tribe Bani Zahra

Childhood, foster & breeding

- ✓ The first woman who milked / suckled Him after his mother was Sawebah (ثويبه), the concubine of Abu Lahab.
- ✓ On the 8th day handed over to Haleemah bint Abi Zuhair from Bani Sa'd.
- ✓ Her husband was Harith bin Abdul Uzza.
- ✓ She used to bring Him Twice or three times in a year to Makkah
- ✓ HE stayed with her 5 years
- ✓ Muhammad (ﷺ) had several foster brothers and sisters and famous are

1. Abdullah

2. Aneesah

3. Huzaifa

4. Huzafah (or Ash-Shema)

Travel to Yasrab & death of mother

- ✓ At the age of 6 years, Prophet travelled with His mother to Yasrab
- ✓ To visit maternal relatives or grave of husband.
- ✓ Prophet, mother and woman servant Umm Ayman
- ✓ They spent a month there and then took way back to Makkah. On the way, she had a severe illness and died at **Abwa** on the road between Makkah and Madinah.

Under the custody of Grand Father & Uncle

- ✓ Was under the custody Grand Father Abdul-Muttalib, Till the age of 8 years.
- ✓ Grand father died in the age of 82.
- ✓ The charge of the Prophet (ﷺ) was now passed on to His uncle Abu Talib, who was the real brother of the Prophet's father.
- ✓ Abu Talib took the charge of his nephew in the best way
- ✓ Prophet shepherd the goats of his Uncle.

Travel to Syria

- ✓ Trade was His family profession.
- ✓ At the age of 12 years, He went with uncle Abu Talib on a business journey to Syria.
- ✓ When they reached Busra (which was a part of Syria) they met a monk called Buhaira (بحيرا).
- ✓ Who showed great kindness and entertained them generously and invited them on a Food Party.
- ✓ He (Buhaira) asked several Questions.
- ✓ He readily enough recognized the Prophet and said while taking his hand: “This is the master of all humans. (یہ سید المرسلین ہیں) Allah will send Him with a Message which will be a mercy to all beings.”

Travel to Syria (conti..)

- ✓ Abu Talib asked: “How do you know that?” He replied: “When you appeared from the direction of Aqabah, all stones and trees prostrated themselves, which they never do except for a Prophet. I can recognize him also by the seal of Prophethood which is below his shoulder, like an apple. We have got to learn this from our religious books.”
- ✓ He also asked Abu Talib to send the boy back to Makkah and not to take Him to Syria for fear of the Jews.
- ✓ Abu Talib obeyed and sent him back to Makkah with some of his servants.

Fight of Fajar حرب الفجار

- ✓ When He was hardly fifteen (15)
- ✓ There was a series of fights named as Fight of Fajar حرب الفجار b/w Quraish and Qais.
- ✓ Which continued for a number of years with lost of several human life.
- ✓ Named b/c fought in the prohibited months (ذوالقعدة، ذوالحج، محرم، رجب)
- ✓ In one of those battles (Fujar-IV), the Prophet (ﷺ) participated with His uncles but did not raise arms against their opponents. His efforts were confined to picking up the arrows of the enemy as they fell, and handing them over to His uncles.

Half-e-Fuzool or Renewal of Half-e-Fuzool

In the olden times, within Arabia few people felt the need for forming union at Makkah for suppressing violence and injustice, and supporting the rights of the weak and the needy.

Therefore they oath for that:

- ✓ We establish peace in the area
- ✓ We protect the travelers
- ✓ We help the poor
- ✓ We stop powerfals from cruelty

Their names were مفضل، فضيل بن داعه، فضيل بن حرث

Half-e-Fuzool or Renewal of Half-e-Fuzool (conti..)

- ✓ So Prophet along with other people gathered in house of a honourable elderly man called Abdullah bin Jadaan to renew that olden union.
- ✓ The Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) also witnessed this union.
- ✓ He commented on it with very positive words:
“I witnessed a union in the house of Abdullah bin Jadaan. It was more appealing to me than herds of cattle. Even now in the period of Islam I would respond positively to attending such a meeting if I am invited.”

Trade or As a Trader

- ✓ Trade was His family profession, so Prophet also adopted same family profession.
- ✓ Prophet became very famous due to his truthfulness and honesty الصادق والامين and travelled to Yemen, Bahrain and Syria.
- ✓ Khadijah bint Khwailid was a honourable business-woman. She used to employ men to do her business for a certain percentage of the profits. When she knew about Muhammad bin Abdullah and His truthful words, great honesty and kind manners, she also offered him to do business for her.
- ✓ She offered Him money to go to Syria and do her business, and she would give him a higher rate than the others. He agreed and went to Syria for trade. She also sent her servant named Maisarah (ميسره) with him.
- ✓ At the age of **25**, he went to Syria as a merchant for Khadijah bint Khwailid.

Marriage with Hazrat Khadija (رضى الله عنها)

- ✓ On return, Khadijah noticed in her money more profits and blessings than she used to.
- ✓ Her servant also told her about Muhammad's good manners, honesty, deep thought, sincerity and faith.
- ✓ She realized that she homed at her target.
- ✓ She disclosed her wish to her friend Nafisa and sent her to Muhammad (ﷺ).
- ✓ Prophet agreed after consulting with His uncle Abu Talib.
- ✓ She was the first woman whom the Prophet (ﷺ) married. He did not get married to any other until she had died.
- ✓ All children of Prophet were from Hazrat Khadijah: Qasim, Zainab, Ruqaiyah, Umm e Kulsoom, Fatimah and 'Abdullah (who was also called Taiyyab and Tahir) except Ibrahim..

Re-construction of Holy Kaaba & His wisdom

- ✓ Fire, Great flood, and with the passage time the walls of Kaaba weakened and cracked
- ✓ When Prophet was about 35, Quraish decided to rebuild it.
- ✓ Quraish decided to use only **licit money** in rebuilding Kabaa
- ✓ When the time came to put the sacred Black Stone (حجر اسود) in its proper place. Then trouble broke out among the chiefs of the tribes
- ✓ Each of them wanted to get that honour of placing the stone in its position.

Re-construction of Holy Kaaba & His wisdom (conti ...)

- ✓ Big chance of fight.
- ✓ One said: “Let him, who enters the Harm first of all, decide on the point.” It was then Allah’s Will that the Messenger of Allah (ﷺ) should be the first to enter the Mosque. On seeing him, all cried with one voice: “*Al-Ameen* (the trustworthy) has come”.
- ✓ He asked for a mantle which He spread on the ground and placed the stone in its center. He then asked the heads of different tribes to lift the stone all together. When it had reached the proper place, Muhammad (ﷺ) laid it in the proper position with his own hands.
- ✓ This is how a very tense situation was eased and a great danger averted by the wisdom of the Prophet (ﷺ).

Pre-Prophethood situations & conditions of Makkah

- ✓ The light of Prophethood was slightly spreading in the Makkah
- ✓ So many well-known, well-mannered & well to do persons denied to worship idols
- ✓ So Warqa bin Nufil, Ubedullah bin Jahash, Qees bin Sa'ada and many more denied to worship idols
- ✓ Warqa bin Nufil accepted Christianity.
- ✓ Many became Ahnaf احناف
- ✓ Many were found of truth, or true religion
- ✓ Many left Makkah for sake of right direction / truth

Pre-Prophethood situations & conditions of Makkah (conti ...)

- ✓ After the age of 35, prophet used to be isolated
- ✓ Used to go to different places, like cave Hira
 - It is not known exactly about his way of worship.
 - Meditation.
 - Worship.
 - Remembrance of Allah.
 - Concentration.
- ✓ Dreams used to be reality.