# Lab1 Basic Commands.

Read carefully the instructions before performing!!!

Submission in pairs: 18/11/24 for the groups of Monday
21/11/24 for the groups of Thursday

## **Objectives**

- To learn how to use the Linux operating system (OS)
- How to connect to the command-line terminal
- Basic commands

# Connect to a Linux command line terminal

- 1. First, connect to the **VDI** service.
- 2. In VDI, choose the MobaXterm.
- Connect to the Linux terminal via ssh service in MobaXterm (don't forget to use your private key).

## **Linux Distributions**

A linux distribution is an operating system (OS) made from a software collection (includes Linux kernel, package management system). Various Linux Distributions: Ubuntu, Fedora, OpenSuse, Linux Mint.

## The shell+ Command Line

- Shell is a program that accepts your commands and executes them.
- Command line starts with the **prompt**

**Prompt structure:** <u>username@hostName:cwd\$</u> (or # for superuser)

**Tilde (~)** represents the home directory of the currently logged in user

#### Examples of prompt:

- tamar@tamar-G3-3500:~\$
- tamar@tamar-G3-3500:~/Mydir\$
- root@tamar-G3-3500:~#

### **Basic Linux Commands**

pwd - shows the present working directory

**Is** - **lis**ts the files in the present directory

mkdir dir name - create a new directory dir name

**cd** dir name - go to the directory dir name (**c**hange **d**irectory)

clear - clear the screen

man - get help

**pico** filename – open file using pico editor (to save the file Ctrl+X, then press Y, then press Entry)

#### **Procedures**

- 1. Create directory MyLinuxDir (use **mkdir**).
- 2. Go to MyLinuxDir (use cd).
- 3. Create in MyLinuxDir 5 directories:
- Lab1
- two with the names starting with the capital letter **B** and
- two of the <u>same</u> names, but starting with the small letter **b**.

Note: Linux is case sensitive

- 4. Show the contents of the directory (use **Is**).
- 5. Go to MyLinuxDir/Lab1.
- 6. Check where are you (use **pwd**).
- 7. Open new file **lab1.sh** (use **pico**).
- 8. Write in **lab1.sh** all the above (1-7) procedures
- 9. Use man to get information about pwd and Is
- 10. Clear the screen (use **clear**).

#### **Submission**

Create one compressed file named <a href="Linux\_Lab1\_id1\_id2.tar">Linux\_Lab1\_id1\_id2.tar</a>, where id1 and id2 must be changed to the id numbers of the two partners.

This file will include the lab1.sh file.

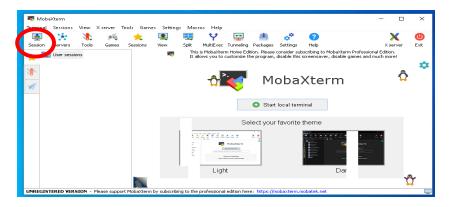
To create such file in Lunix command line write:

\$ tar -cvf Linux\_Lab1\_id1\_id2.tar lab1.sh

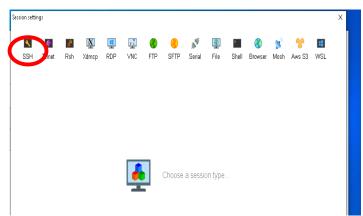
Submit only the file Linux\_Lab1\_id1\_id2.tar in Moodle and only by one of the partners.

## Connect to the Linux command line terminal

1. To connect to the server, in MobaXterm choose **Session** 



#### 2. Choose ssh:



#### 3. Define:

- in frame 3 the server address:

#### cs.telhai.ac.il

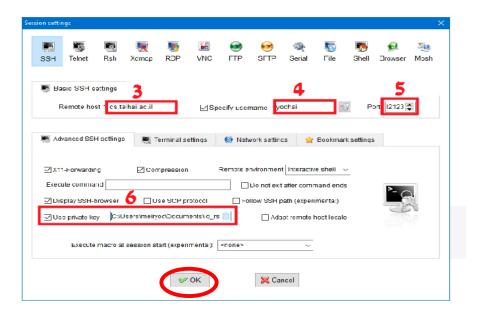
- in <u>frame 4</u> your username. The username is cs and then your id.

For example: cs123784956

- in **frame 5** the Port :

#### 12123

- in frame 6 the place where you saved your Private key



- 4. Press OK and you are in.
- 5. The initial password is

Tlh@2006-2019

you should change it.