

Research Highlights

1. **I collaborate extensively**, I coauthored 24 papers with 40 NLP researchers in different research groups in both academia and industry, and was invited for talks at various seminars (e.g., Nuance, IBM, Darmstadt, UW).
 - During my PhD, I was invited to two research internships, at AI2 and IBM. The work I did at IBM was published and used in a product which detects adverse drug reactions in social media [12].
2. **I worked on evaluating and understanding model performance.**
 - Machine translation is gender biased (for example, assumes doctors are always men, nurses are always women) [10] **(Nominated for Best Paper at ACL 2019)**.
 - Word embedding usually capture only the most common sense of ambiguous words [8].
 - BLEU and F1 are quite poor evaluation metrics for text generation in QA [1] **(Best Paper at MRQA workshop 2019 at EMNLP)**.
3. **I created large-scale datasets which enable progress in NLP tasks.**
 - **I co-organized a SemEval workshop and shared task on Math QA.** As part of this workshop we published a standard corpus for evaluation from different Math textbooks (SAT exams, practice books, etc.). The shared task had over dozens of system submissions [3].
 - We recently published DROP: a 96K QA questions over long paragraphs requiring discrete mathematical operations over dates and quantities [2].
 - I created a unified version of the factuality corpus [11], which we showed achieves state-of-the-art results, and is being used as the standard ML setting for the task.
4. I worked extensively within the Open IE paradigm, showing that **QA-SRL subsumes the information in Open IE.**
 - Following, we created a large corpus by conversion from the QA-SRL corpus [6]. This is being used as the conventional benchmark for the task in academia and industry. Several startup companies were in contact with me, saying that they use this benchmark to show progress in their technologies (e.g., plasticity.ai, diffbot).
 - Using this corpus, we trained the first neural model for the task [9]. This model is now hosted on AllenNLP library and the online demo gets over a thousands requests per month.¹
 - I showed that Open IE is a useful representation for downstream tasks, such reading comprehension and lexical similarity [7].
5. **I advanced the QA-SRL paradigm to make it more expressive and useful in downstream applications.**
 - We extended the verbal QA-SRL templates to QAMR: a more expressive formalism between any two words in the sentence, using open-form questions. Also showing that given dense enough annotations, we can derive full sentence graph representations. These can be used to annotate relations for low-resource domains, without requiring expert annotation [4].
 - Besides the Open IE use-case, I also used QA-SRL to identify restrictive vs. non-restrictive clauses (which can be omitted without changing the meaning of the sentence [5]).

References

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¹<https://demo.allennlp.org/open-information-extraction>

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