Superstore Sales Analysis - Project Report

Introduction

This project demonstrates a complete data analytics workflow using **PostgreSQL** for data management and **Power BI** for visualization. The goal was to analyze retail sales performance, profitability, and customer dynamics using the popular Superstore dataset.

I chose this project because it closely mirrors **real-world business analysis scenarios**, where analysts must extract insights from transactional data, design data models, and communicate findings through dashboards and reports.

Data Source

- Dataset: **Sample Superstore** (widely used retail dataset).
- Loaded into **PostgreSQL 17** as a relational table (superstore_sales).
- Data cleaning performed during load included:
 - o Ensuring date fields were correctly parsed (MDY format).
 - Handling product names with special characters.
 - o Converting sales, profit, and discount into numeric formats.

Process

1. Schema Design

- Designed a structured table (superstore_sales) with appropriate data types (dates, numerics, varchar).
- o Created a Calendar table to support time-based analysis.

2. Data Load

- o Imported CSV into PostgreSQL using the \copy command and Import Wizard.
- Resolved formatting issues (UTF-8 vs LATIN1 encoding, quoted strings, date parsing).

3. SQL Preparation

- Verified row counts, distinct values, and relationships.
- o Ran exploratory queries for sales by region, category, and profit margins.

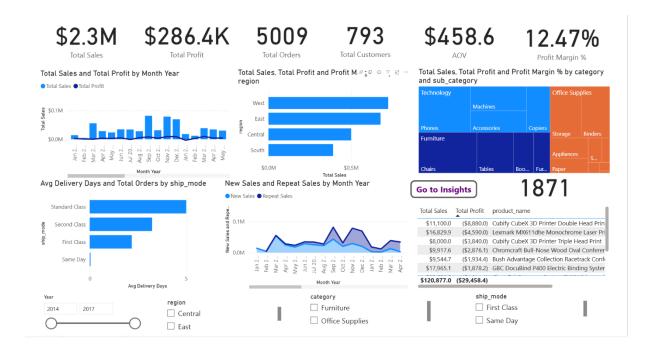
4. Power BI Modeling

- Connected PostgreSQL to Power BI.
- Built relationships (Calendar[Date] → Superstore[Order_Date]).

- Created DAX measures:
 - Total Sales, Total Profit, Total Orders, Total Customers, AOV, Profit Margin
 %.
- Designed KPIs and visuals across 2 pages.

Key Visuals

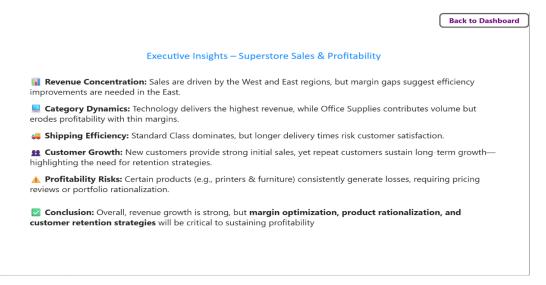
- **KPI Cards**: Total Sales (\$2.3M), Total Profit (\$286.4K), Total Orders (5009), Customers (793), Average Order Value (\$458.6), Profit Margin % (12.47%).
- Sales & Profit Trend (Line + Column): Monthly trend of sales vs. profit.
- Regional Performance (Bar Chart): Sales, profit, and margin % by region.
- Category/Subcategory (Tree Map): Contribution of technology, furniture, and office supplies.
- Shipping Mode Analysis (Bar Chart): Average delivery days vs. total orders.
- Customer Behavior (Line Chart): New vs. repeat sales across months.
- Loss-making Products (Table): Highlighted products with negative profitability.



"Figure 1: Executive Dashboard - Superstore Sales & Profitability"

Executive Insights

- **Revenue Concentration:** Sales are driven by the West and East regions, but margin gaps suggest efficiency improvements are needed in the East.
- **Category Dynamics:** Technology delivers the highest revenue, while Office Supplies contributes volume but erodes profitability with thin margins.
- **Shipping Efficiency:** Standard Class dominates, but longer delivery times risk customer satisfaction.
- **Customer Growth:** New customers provide strong initial sales, yet repeat customers sustain long-term growth—highlighting the need for retention strategies.
- **Profitability Risks:** Certain products (e.g., printers & furniture) consistently generate losses, requiring pricing reviews or portfolio rationalization.



"Figure 2: Executive Insights Page - Key Findings & Recommendations"

Conclusion

The analysis shows that **Superstore revenue is growing**, but profitability is uneven across regions, categories, and products. To sustain long-term success, the business must:

- Improve efficiency in the East region.
- Rationalize low-margin products like certain printers and furniture.
- Focus on **customer retention** to maximize lifetime value.
- Review **shipping methods** to balance cost, speed, and satisfaction.

This project highlights my ability to:

- Design and manage data models in SQL.
- Build KPIs and interactive dashboards in Power BI.
- Translate raw data into actionable business recommendations.