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## Student Answer Script View

MIT MPL - 1st-3rd-5th and 7th Semester - Mid Term Examination - September 2023 Answer Sheet

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**Roll Number:** 210962030

**Course:** Computer Science and Engineering - Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning

**Year/Sem:** Semester 5

**Subject Name:** PARALLEL COMPUTER ARCHITECTURE AND PROGRAMMING

**Exam Date:** 27-Sep-2023

**Score :** 21.00 / 30.00

**Q.No : 1)** Score : 0.00 / 0.50

Apply convolution filter [ 1, 2, 3, 2, 1] for element 1 for the array [ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7]. Your answer is \_\_\_\_\_.

10    20    27    9

**Q.No : 2)** Score : 0.00 / 0.50

Choose the full form of CUDA

Compute Unified Device Architecture    Collective Unified Device Architecture    Compute Unified Data Architecture    Collective Unified Data Architecture

**Q.No : 3)** Score : 0.50 / 0.50

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**Q.No : 6)** **Score : 0.00 / 0.50**

Compared to shared-variable programs, MPI programs tend to exhibit \_\_\_\_ cache hit rates when executing on multiprocessors and debugging them is \_\_\_\_ than debugging shared-variable programs.

high, simpler   low, simpler   **high, difficult**   low, difficult

**Q.No : 7)** **Score : 0.50 / 0.50**

Identify the correct statement with respect to parallel pipeline processing.

A)It is a combination of temporal and data parallelism.  
B)Load balancing of work is possible in static assignment

F T   **T F**   FF   TT

**Q.No : 8)** **Score : 0.00 / 0.50**

Values of integer array A is as shown below in 3 processes in which process 0 being the root:

In Process 0: 12 34 56 32 15 20  
In Process 1: 89 90 1 23 6 57  
In Process 2: 45 64 23 14 23 56

List the contents of the array B in the process with rank 2 after executing the following routine.

MPI\_Allgather(A,2,MPI\_INT,B,2,MPI\_INT,MPI\_COMM\_WORLD);

15 20 6 57 23 56   12 34 89 90 45 64   All the values of Process0, then Process 1 and Process 2   12 89 45 34 90 64

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**Q.No : 9** **Score : 0.00 / 0.50**

Values of integer array A is as shown below in 3 processes in which process 0 being the root:

In Process 0: d e f

In Process 1: 1 2 3

In Process 2: a b c

List the contents of the array B in the process with rank 2 after executing the following routine.

MPI\_Alltoall(A,1,MPI\_INT,B,1,MPI\_INT,MPI\_COMM\_WORLD);

d 1 a e 2 b f 3 c    f 3 c    d e f 1 2 3 a b c    d 1 a

**Q.No : 10** **Score : 0.50 / 0.50**

Compute the time taken in temporal parallelism to correct 1000 papers having 4 questions, if 4 teachers are employed to evaluate one answer and each answer requires 5 minutes to evaluate.

5015    5025    5000    20000

**Q.No : 11** **Score : 3.50 / 4.00**

Develop a MPI program to read a word Str of length wordsize in the root process, where wordsize is evenly divisible by total size number of processes. Using point to point routines root sends equal data to all processes. Let each process (including root) check received characters and if there are digits extracts it. Store the sum of digits in variable Sum otherwise store a value 0. Print the extracted digits and partial sum in each process with rank. Using collective communication routine, find the total sum of all the digits extracted in each process and print total sum in root process.

Str: Pc3ap23mi12dexam Size : 4

Process 0: 3 Sum : 3 Process 1: 23 Sum : 5

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**Q.No : 11) Score : 3.50 / 4.00**

Develop a MPI program to read a word Str of length wordsize in the root process, where wordsize is evenly divisible by total size number of processes. Using point to point routines root sends equal data to all processes. Let each process (including root) check received characters and if there are digits extracts it. Store the sum of digits in variable Sum otherwise store a value 0. Print the extracted digits and partial sum in each process with rank. Using collective communication routine, find the total sum of all the digits extracted in each process and print total sum in root process.

Str: Pc3ap23mi12dexam Size : 4

Process 0: 3 Sum : 3 Process 1: 23 Sum : 5

Process 2: 12 Sum : 3 Process 3: Sum : 0

Total Sum in process 0 : 11

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```
#include "mpi.h"
#include < string.h>
#include < stdio.h >
void main (int *argc, char *argv [])
{
    MPI_Status &status;
    int rank, size;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
```

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```
#include < stdio.h >
void main ( int * argc, char * argv [ ] )
{
    MPI_Status &status;
    int rank, size;
    MPI_Init (&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_rank (&rank, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    MPI_Comm_size (&size, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    int wordsize, chunk, i, len;
    char str [200], substr [200];
    int sum = 0, sarray [size];
    if (rank == 0)
        for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
            sarray [i] = rand () % 100;
```



int wordsize, chunk, i, len;  
char str[200], subst[200];  
int sum = 0, Sarray [size];  
if (rank == 0)  
{  
 printf ("Enter the string : ");  
 scanf ("%s", str);  
 wordsize = strlen(str);  
 chunk = wordsize / size;  
 for (i = 1; i < size; i++)  
 {  
 MPI\_Send (&chunk, 1, MPI\_INT, i, i, MPI\_COMM\_WORLD);  
 }  
}



NUMBER = WORDSIZE / SIZE ;

```
for(i=1; i < SIZE; i++)
{
    MPI_Send(&chunk, 1, MPI_INT, i, i, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    MPI_Send(&str, chunk, MPI_CHAR, i+1, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
}
```

else if (rank!=0)
{
 char num[100]; int k=0; &status);
 MPI\_Recv(&len, 1, MPI\_INT, 0, rank, MPI\_COMM\_WORLD,

, MPI\_Recv(&str, len, MPI\_CHAR, 0, rank+1, MPI\_COMM\_WORLD),

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{ NPI-Recr(Substr, len, NPI-CHAR, 0, &num[k+1], NPI-(NON-WRD),  
for (i=0; i < len; i++)  
{ if (Substr[i] == '0' || Substr[i] == '1' ||  
Substr[i] == '2' || Substr[i] == '3' ||  
Substr[i] == '4' || Substr[i] == '5' ||  
Substr[i] == '6' || Substr[i] == '7' ||  
Substr[i] == '8' || Substr[i] == '9')  
{ SUM += int(Substr[i])  
num[k] = Substr[i];  
k++;  
}

num[k] = sum[i])

k++;

}

printf("Process %d: %d , sum: %d", rank,  
num, sum);

}

MPI\_Gather(&sum, 1, MPI\_INT, 0, MPI\_INT,  
0, MPI\_COMM\_WORLD);

if (rank == 0)

{

int totSum = 0;

for (i=0; i<size; i++)



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```
2     int (int) sum = 0;
    for (i=0, i< size; i++)
        TotSum += Sarray [i];
    printf (" Total Sum in process 0 : %d",
           TotSum);
```

{

```
    NPI Finalize();
```

{

Q.No : 13)

Score : 2.00 / 3.00

Design a Cuda application that converts an RGB image to a Grayscale image. Write only the kernel code.

Page:1

```
--global-- __global__ void ToGrayScale(int *image, int *final, int n,
```



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Q.No : 13)

Design a Cuda application that converts an RGB image to a Grayscale image. Write only the kernel code.

Page:1

```
--global-- __rgbToGrayScale(int *image, int *final, int n,
                           int m)
{
    int tid = (blockIdx.x * blockDim.x) + threadIdx.x;
    int rgb = threadIdx.x;
    int rgbChannel = rgb * CHANNELS;
    int s = image[rgbChannel];
    int g = image[rgbChannel] + 1;
    int b = image[rgbChannel] + 2;
```

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```
int sgb = threadId * 2;
int sgbChannel = sgb * CHANNELS;
int x = image[sgbChannel];
int g = image[sgbChannel + 1];
int b = image[sgbChannel + 2];
final [fid] = x + g + b;
```

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Q.No : 14)

Score : 3.00 / 3.00

Design a Cuda application to add two vectors. Write the host and kernel code.

Page:1

```
#include "cuda.h"
#include <stdio.h>
__global__ void vecAdd(int *d_a, int *d_b,
                      int *d_c, int n)
{
    int tid = (blockIdx.x * blockDim.x) +
              threadIdx.x;
    if (tid < n)
        d_c[tid] = d_a[tid] + d_b[tid];
```

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```
    }  
    d-c[tid] = d-a[tid] + d-b[tid];  
}  
  
int main ()  
{  
    int n, i;  
    int *a, *b, *c;  
    int *d-a, *d-b, *d-c;  
    printf ("enter size of vectors: ");  
    scanf ("%d", &n);  
    size_t size = n * sizeof (int);  
    c2dMalloc ((void**) &d-a, size);
```

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```
size_t size = n * sizeof (int);
cudaMalloc ((void**) &a, size);
cudaMalloc ((void**) &b, size);
cudaMalloc ((void**) &c, size);
printf ("enter vector a: ");
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
    scanf ("%d", &a[i]);
printf ("enter vector b: ");
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
```

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Scansf("%d", &b[i]);

CudaMemcpy(d-a, a, Size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);  
CudaMemcpy(d-b, b, size, cudaMemcpyHostToDevice);

vecAdd<<< 1,n>>>(d-a, d-b, d-c, n);

CudaMemcpy(c, d-c, size, cudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);  
printf("final sum vector:\n");  
for(i=0, i<n; i++)

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```
CudaMemCpy(C, d_C, SIZE, CudaMemcpyDeviceToHost);  
printf ("final sum vector:\n");  
for(i=0, i<n; i++)  
    printf ("%f\n", C[i]);  
CudaFree(d_a);  
CudaFree(d_b);  
CudaFree(d_C);  
return 0;  
}
```



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Q.No : 15) Score : 3.00 / 3.00

Point out the Cuda qualifiers for kernels, clearly specifying where they are executed and where they are invoked from.

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1. --host--

These kernels can only run on the host.  
They are enclosed in ~~cell~~ host functions  
and can only be called from another  
host function.

A function without a qualifier is a  
--host-- kernel.

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2. --Device--  
These kernels are executed in device memory & can only be invoked in another device kernel. They can be called recursively.

3. --global--  
These kernels are executed on the device but can be invoked in host and device commands

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3. --global--

These kernels are executed on the device  
but can be invoked in host and  
device programs.

There can be a combination of  
--host-- and --device-- as well that  
causes the kernel to act similar to  
--global-- qualified kernel.



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**Q.No : 16)** **Score : 2.50 / 3.00**

Values of integer array A is as shown below in 4 processes in which process 0 being the root:

A value in Process 0: 0, 17, 34, 51

A value in Process 1: 5, 22, 39, 56

A value in Process 2: 10, 27, 44, 61

A value in Process 3: 15, 32, 49, 66

Let B and C are 1D integer arrays initialized with a value 0.

i) Write an MPI function call with appropriate parameters to display the following output using value of A as shown above.

B value in Process 0: 0, 5, 10, 15

B value in Process 1: 17, 22, 27, 32

B value in Process 2: 34, 39, 44, 49

B value in Process 3: 51, 56, 61, 66

ii) Write an MPI function call with appropriate parameters to display the following output using value of A as shown above.

C value in Process 0: 0, 17, 34, 0

C value in Process 1: 5, 39, 73, 0

C value in Process 2: 15, 66, 117, 0

C value in Process 3: 30, 98, 166, 0

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i)

MPI\_alltoall(A, 1, MPI\_INT, B, 1, MPI\_INT,

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i) MPI\_alltoall (A, 1, MPI\_INT, B, 1, MPI\_INT,  
MPI\_COMM\_WORLD);

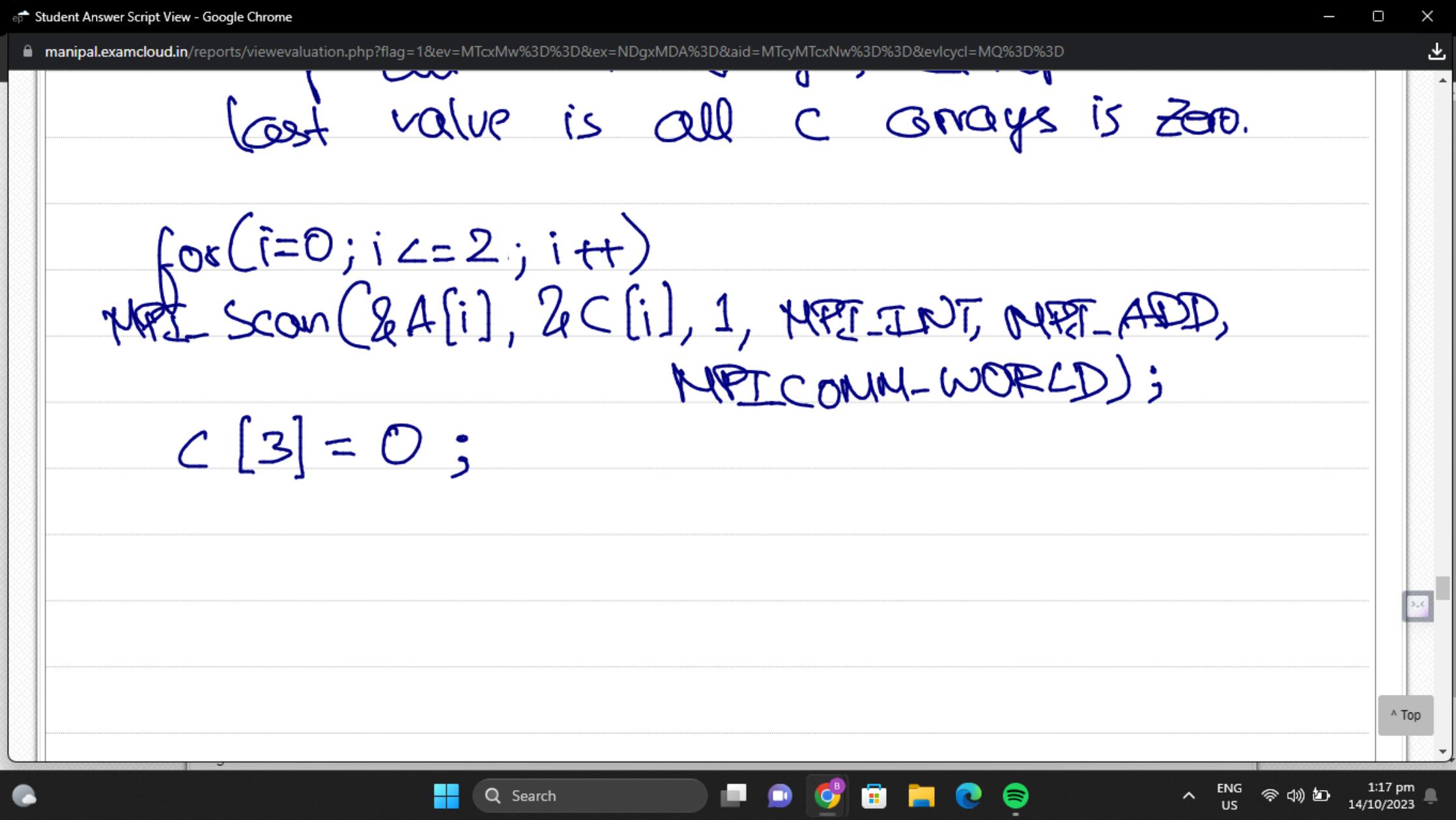
each element in

ii), resultant C is a cumulative sum  
of vertically aligned elements  
of all A arrays, except the  
last value is all C arrays is zero.

for(i=0; i<=2; i++)

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Q.No : 17) Score : 3.00 / 3.00

Compare data and temporal parallel processing (any six).

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Data Parallel Processing	Temporal parallel processing
1. All of the Jobs are divided into chunks and each process works on a single chunk.	Each Job is divided into several tasks and each task is computed by a separate process.
2. Does not require synchronization.	Requires synchronization between all working processes

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2. Does not require synchronization.

Requires synchronization between all working processes

3. Is unaffected by bubbles

Bubbles cause delay in execution time.

4. time taken:

$$(n * q) + \frac{(n * p)}{k}$$

Speed up:

$$k / (1 + (k^2 * q / n * p))$$

Time taken:

$$\frac{P \times (k + n - 1)}{k}$$

Speed up:

$$k / (1 + ((E - 1)(n)))$$

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K / IT (F \* q / n \* t )

T = n \* (q + t)

n: total jobs, p: time taken per task, k = no. of task/no. of divisions, q: time taken to divide 1 division.

5. Required total number of jobs to be equally divisible by no. of processes

Requires every job to be independently divisible

6. Faults in a single process do not affect overall task execution, but will delay completion

Faults in individual processes affects the execution of program.



Q.No : 18)

Illustrate the main disadvantages of data parallelism with dynamic assignment.

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1. Data parallelism with dynamic assignment may lead to formation of queues amongst the processes. This would lead to multiple processes being idle during wait time in queue.
2. The head process that distributes jobs is idle for most of the execution time.
3. If there is a fault in head process, it



2. The head process that distributes jobs is idle for most of the execution time
3. If there is a fault in head process, it affects all of the other working processes.
4. Scalability is difficult as having a large number of processes would cause increased queue lengths.



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