## Replacement analysis using economic life

- Three years ago a chemical processing plant installed a system at a cost of \$ 20,000 to remove pollutants from waste water that is discharged into a nearby river. The present system has no present salvage value and will cost \$14500 to operate next year, with the operating cost expected to increase at the rate of \$500 per year thereafter.
- A new system has been designed to replace the existing system at a cost of \$10000. The new system is expected to have first year operating of \$9000 with these costs increasing at the rate of \$1000 per year. The new system is estimated to have a useful life of 12years. The salvage values of both the system at any future time are expected to be zero. If the interest rate is 12% conduct replacement analysis based on the economic life of the asset.

## **SOLUTION**

The equation for finding the total equivalent annual cost (EUAC) for the existing system can be written as,

Since the present system has no salvage value at present or in future, P=F=0

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For n=1, EUAC= 14500 + 500 (A/G, i, n) \rightarrow EUAC= 14500 + 500 (A/G, 12, 1) = 14500/- \$/yr
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For n=2, 
$$EUAC= 14500 + 500 (A/G, i, n) \rightarrow EUAC= 14500 + 500 (A/G, 12, 2) \\ = 14736/- \$/yr$$

For n=3,  $EUAC= 14500 + 500 (A/G, i, n) \rightarrow EUAC= 14500 + 500 (A/G, 12, 3)$  = 14962/- \$/yr

- It can be seen that since the present system has no present and future salvage value its equivalent annual costs consists of only Eq. AOC.
- Hence the EUAC will increasing every year.
- Therefore the economic life of this is <u>ONE year</u> with
   <u>EUAC = 14500</u>

The equation for finding the total equivalent annual cost (EUAC) for the new system can be written as,

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EUAC= CR (i) + Equivalent Annual Operating Costs (Eq. AOC)
      Therefore, EUAC= (P-F)(A/P, i, n) + Fi + 9000 + 1000(A/G, i, n)
   P= 10,000; F= 0; i= 12%
For n=1,
             EUAC= 10,000 (A/P, 12, 1) +9000 + 1000 (A/G, 12, 1)
                              =20,200/- $/yr
 For n=2,
              EUAC= 10,000 (A/P, 12, 2) +9000 + 1000 (A/G, 12, 2)
                                =15,389/- $/yr
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For n=3,
             EUAC= 10,000 (A/P, 12, 3) +9000 + 1000 (A/G, 12, 3)
                               =14,089/- $/yr
For n=4,
              EUAC= 10,000 (A/P, 12, 4) +9000 + 1000 (A/G, 12, 4)
                                =13,651/- $/yr
For n=5,
             EUAC= 10,000 (A/P, 12, 5) +9000 + 1000 (A/G, 12, 5)
                                =13,549/- $/yr
 For n=6,
              EUAC= 10,000 (A/P, 12, 6) +9000 + 1000 (A/G, 12, 6)
                                 =13,604/- $/yr
  For n=7,
                EUAC= 10,000 (A/P, 12, 7) +9000 + 1000 (A/G, 12, 7)
                                  =13,742/- $/yr
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## The economic life of the new system is <u>FIVE years</u> with <u>EUAC = 13549</u>

## The Results can be tabulated as follows

	Present System	New system
Economic Life	n=1	n= 5
EUAC	14500	13549

Conclusion: From the economic life and EUAC the existing system should be replaced by new system