TF-IDF

Inverse document frequency (IDF)

- N = |D| total number of documents in corpus
- $|\{d \in D: t \in d\}|$ number of documents where the term t appears
- $idf(t,D) = log \frac{N}{|\{d \in D: t \in d\}|}$

TF-IDF

- $tfidf(t, d, D) = tf(t, d) \cdot idf(t, D)$
- A high weight in TF-IDF is reached by a high term frequency (in the given document) and a low document frequency of the term in the whole collection of documents