## Kullback-Leibler divergence

$$\mathcal{KL}(q \parallel p) = \int q(x) \log \frac{q(x)}{p(x)} dx$$

- 1.  $\mathcal{KL}(q \parallel p) \neq \mathcal{KL}(p \parallel q)$
- 2.  $\mathcal{KL}(q \parallel q) = 0$
- 3.  $\mathcal{KL}(q \parallel p) \geq 0$

Proof: 
$$-\mathcal{KL}(q \parallel p) = \mathbb{E}_q\left(-\log\frac{q}{p}\right) = \mathbb{E}_q\left(\log\frac{p}{q}\right)$$

$$\leq \log(\mathbb{E}_q\frac{p}{q}) = \log\int q(x)\frac{p(x)}{q(x)}dx = 0$$