## Computation of Maximum Likelihood Estimate

**Maximize p(d|0)** 
$$(\hat{\theta}_1,...,\hat{\theta}_M) = \arg\max_{\theta_1,...,\theta_M} p(d|\theta) = \arg\max_{\theta_1,...,\theta_M} \prod_{i=1}^M \theta_i^{c(w_i,d)}$$

 $\textbf{Max. Log-Likelihood} \quad (\hat{\theta}_1, ..., \hat{\theta}_M) = \arg\max_{\theta_1, ..., \theta_M} \log[p(d \mid \theta)] = \arg\max_{\theta_1, ..., \theta_M} \sum_{i=1}^{M} c(w_i, d) \log \theta_i$ 

**Subject to constraint:**  $\sum_{i=1}^{M} \theta_i = 1$ 

$$\sum_{i=1}^{M} \theta_i = 1$$

Use Lagrange multiplier approach

**Normalized** 

Lagrange function: 
$$f(q \mid d) = \sum_{i=1}^{M} c(w_i, d) \log q_i + /(\sum_{i=1}^{M} q_i - 1)$$

$$\frac{\partial f(q \mid d)}{\partial q_i} = \frac{c(w_i, d)}{q_i} + / = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad q_i = -\frac{c(w_i, d)}{/}$$

$$\frac{\partial f(q | d)}{\partial q_{i}} = \frac{c(w_{i}, d)}{q_{i}} + 1 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad q_{i} = -\frac{c(w_{i}, d)}{1}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{M} -\frac{c(w_{i}, d)}{1} = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 1 = -\sum_{i=1}^{N} c(w_{i}, d) \quad \Rightarrow \quad \hat{q}_{i} = p(w_{i} | \hat{q}) = \frac{c(w_{i}, d)}{\sum_{i=1}^{M} c(w_{i}, d)} = \frac{c(w_{i}, d)}{|d|}$$