Variational inference

1. Select a family of distributions Q

Example:
$$\mathcal{N}(\mu, \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_1^2 & 0 \\ \sigma_2^2 & 0 \\ 0 & \ddots \\ \sigma_d^2 \end{pmatrix})$$

2. Find best approximation q(z) of $p^*(z)$:

$$\mathcal{KL}[q(z) \parallel p^*(z)] \to \min_{q \in Q}$$

