Mapping n-grams to feature indices

If your dataset is small you can store {n-gram → feature index} in hash map.

But if you have a huge dataset that can be a problem

- Let's say we have 1 TB of texts distributed on 10 computers
- You need to vectorize each text
- You will have to maintain $\{n\text{-gram } \rightarrow \text{ feature index} \}$ mapping
 - May not fit in memory on one machine
 - Hard to synchronize
- An easier way is hashing: $\{n\text{-gram} \rightarrow \text{hash}(n\text{-gram}) \% 2^{20}\}$
 - Has collisions but works in practice
 - sklearn.feature extraction.text.**HashingVectorizer**
 - Implemented in **vowpal wabbit** library