Animals 90 Pytorch Lightning CNN

```
import os
import random
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from tgdm import tgdm
import torch
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.nn.functional as F
from torch.utils.data import random split
from torch.utils.data import DataLoader, Dataset, Subset
from torch.utils.data import random split, SubsetRandomSampler
from torchvision import datasets, transforms, models
from torchvision.datasets import ImageFolder
from torchvision.transforms import ToTensor
from torchvision.utils import make grid
from pytorch lightning import LightningModule
from pytorch lightning import Trainer
import pytorch lightning as pl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
from PIL import Image
transform=transforms.Compose([
         transforms.RandomRotation(10),  # rotate +/- 10 degrees
transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),  # reverse 50% of images
         transforms.Resize(224).
                                                 # resize shortest side to
224 pixels
         transforms.CenterCrop(224), # crop longest side to 224
pixels at center
         transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms.Normalize([0.485, 0.456, 0.406],
                                 [0.229, 0.224, 0.225])
1)
dataset0=datasets.ImageFolder(root="/kaggle/input/animal-image-
dataset-90-different-animals/animals/animals", transform=None)
class names=dataset0.classes
print(class names)
print(len(class names))
['antelope', 'badger', 'bat', 'bear', 'bee', 'beetle', 'bison',
'boar', 'butterfly', 'cat', 'caterpillar', 'chimpanzee', 'cockroach', 'cow', 'coyote', 'crab', 'crow', 'deer', 'dog', 'dolphin', 'donkey', 'dragonfly', 'duck', 'eagle', 'elephant', 'flamingo', 'fly', 'fox',
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'goat', 'goldfish', 'goose', 'gorilla', 'grasshopper', 'hamster', 'hare', 'hedgehog', 'hippopotamus', 'hornbill', 'horse', 'hummingbird', 'hyena', 'jellyfish', 'kangaroo', 'koala', 'ladybugs', 'leopard', 'lion', 'lizard', 'lobster', 'mosquito', 'moth', 'mouse', 'octopus', 'okapi', 'orangutan', 'otter', 'owl', 'ox', 'oyster',
'panda', 'parrot', 'pelecaniformes', 'penguin', 'pig', 'pigeon',
'porcupine', 'possum', 'raccoon', 'rat', 'reindeer', 'rhinoceros',
'sandpiper', 'seahorse', 'seal', 'shark', 'sheep', 'snake', 'sparrow',
'squid', 'squirrel', 'starfish', 'swan', 'tiger', 'turkey', 'turtle',
'whale', 'wolf', 'wombat', 'woodpecker', 'zebra']
class DataModule(pl.LightningDataModule):
     def init (self, transform=transform, batch size=32):
           super().__init__()
self.root_dir = "/kaggle/input/animal-image-dataset-90-
different-animals/animals/animals"
           self.transform = transform
           self.batch size = batch size
     def setup(self, stage=None):
           dataset = datasets.ImageFolder(root=self.root dir,
transform=self.transform)
           n data = len(dataset)
           n train = int(0.8 * n data)
           n test = n data - n train
           train dataset, test dataset =
torch.utils.data.random split(dataset, [n train, n test])
           self.train dataset = DataLoader(train dataset,
batch size=self.batch size, shuffle=True)
            self.test dataset = DataLoader(test dataset,
batch size=self.batch size)
     def train dataloader(self):
            return self.train dataset
     def test dataloader(self):
            return self.test dataset
class ConvolutionalNetwork(LightningModule):
     def init (self):
           super(ConvolutionalNetwork, self).__init__()
           self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 6, 3, 1)
           self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(6, 16, 3, 1)
           self.fc1 = nn.Linear(16 * 54 * 54, 120)
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self.fc2 = nn.Linear(120, 84)
        self.fc3 = nn.Linear(84, 20)
        self.fc4 = nn.Linear(20, len(class names))
    def forward(self, X):
        X = F.relu(self.conv1(X))
        X = F.max pool2d(X, 2, 2)
        X = F.relu(self.conv2(X))
        X = F.max pool2d(X, 2, 2)
        X = X.view(-1, 16 * 54 * 54)
        X = F.relu(self.fc1(X))
        X = F.relu(self.fc2(X))
        X = F.relu(self.fc3(X))
        X = self.fc4(X)
        return F.log softmax(X, dim=1)
    def configure optimizers(self):
        optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(self.parameters(), lr=0.001)
        return optimizer
    def training step(self, train batch, batch idx):
        X, y = train batch
        y hat = self(X)
        loss = F.cross entropy(y hat, y)
        pred = y hat.argmax(dim=1, keepdim=True)
        acc = pred.eq(y.view as(pred)).sum().item() / y.shape[0]
        self.log("train_loss", loss)
        self.log("train acc", acc)
        return loss
    def validation step(self, val batch, batch idx):
        X, y = val_batch
        y hat = self(X)
        loss = F.cross_entropy(y_hat, y)
        pred = y hat.argmax(dim=1, keepdim=True)
        acc = pred.eq(y.view_as(pred)).sum().item() / y.shape[0]
        self.log("val_loss", loss)
        self.log("val acc", acc)
    def test_step(self, test_batch, batch idx):
        X, y = test_batch
        y hat = self(X)
        loss = F.cross_entropy(y_hat, y)
        pred = y hat.argmax(dim=1, keepdim=True)
        acc = pred.eq(y.view as(pred)).sum().item() / y.shape[0]
        self.log("test_loss", loss)
        self.log("test acc", acc)
datamodule = DataModule()
datamodule.setup()
```

```
train loader = datamodule.train dataloader()
for imgs, labels in train loader:
    break
print(labels)
if name == ' main ':
    datamodule = DataModule()
    datamodule.setup()
    model = ConvolutionalNetwork()
    trainer = pl.Trainer(max epochs=20)
    trainer.fit(model, datamodule)
    datamodule.setup(stage='test')
    test loader = datamodule.test dataloader()
    trainer.test(dataloaders=test loader)
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pytorch lightning/trainer/
configuration validator.py:110: PossibleUserWarning: You defined a
`validation_step` but have no `val_dataloader`. Skipping val loop.
  category=PossibleUserWarning,
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pytorch lightning/trainer/conne
ctors/data connector.py:229: PossibleUserWarning: The dataloader,
train dataloader, does not have many workers which may be a
bottleneck. Consider increasing the value of the `num workers`
argument` (try 4 which is the number of cpus on this machine) in the
`DataLoader` init to improve performance.
  category=PossibleUserWarning,
{"model id":"cd43b5fb9b3d4233bcf0e3e4a953b885","version major":2,"vers
ion minor":0}
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pytorch lightning/trainer/
connectors/checkpoint_connector.py:128: UserWarning:
 .test(ckpt path=None)` was called without a model. The best model of
the previous `fit` call will be used. You can pass
 .test(ckpt path='best')` to use the best model or
 .test(ckpt path='last')` to use the last model. If you pass a value,
this warning will be silenced.
  + f" You can pass `.{fn}(ckpt_path='best')` to use the best model
or"
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/pytorch lightning/trainer/conne
ctors/data connector.py:229: PossibleUserWarning: The dataloader,
test dataloader 0, does not have many workers which may be a
bottleneck. Consider increasing the value of the `num workers`
argument` (try 4 which is the number of cpus on this machine) in the
`DataLoader` init to improve performance.
  category=PossibleUserWarning,
{"model id": "efb9434563fa4a91bae193b3f375cf55", "version major": 2, "vers
ion minor":0}
```

Test metric	DataLoader 0	
test_acc	0.5425925850868225	
test_loss	2.0664007663726807	

```
for images, labels in datamodule.train dataloader():
    break
im=make_grid(images,nrow=16)
plt.figure(figsize=(12,12))
plt.imshow(np.transpose(im.numpy(),(1,2,0)))
inv normalize=transforms.Normalize(mean=[-0.485/0.229,-0.456/0.224,-
0.406/0.225],
                                    std=[1/0.229,1/0.224,1/0.225])
im=inv_normalize(im)
plt.figure(figsize=(12,12))
plt.imshow(np.transpose(im.numpy(),(1,2,0)))
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x71341b417390>
                    1000
                             1500
                                      2000
                                               2500
                                                       3000
                             1500
                                                       3000
                    1000
                                      2000
                                               2500
device = torch.device("cpu")
                                #"cuda:0"
model.eval()
y true=[]
y_pred=[]
with torch.no_grad():
    for test data in datamodule.test dataloader():
        test images, test labels = test data[0].to(device),
test data[1].to(device)
        pred = model(test images).argmax(dim=1)
        for i in range(len(pred)):
            y_true.append(test_labels[i].item())
            y pred.append(pred[i].item())
```

print(classification_report(y_true,y_pred,target_names=class_names,dig
its=4))

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
antelope badger	0.4167 0.5000	0.4167 0.4545 0.5455	0.4167 0.4762	12 11 11
bat bear	0.2308 0.3333	0.3636	0.3243 0.3478	11
bee	0.6250	0.5000	0.5556	10
beetle bison	0.6667 0.6000	0.3636 0.6000	0.4706 0.6000	11 10
boar	0.4286	0.2500	0.3158	12
butterfly cat	0.5333 0.3750	0.7273 0.2000	0.6154 0.2609	11 15
caterpillar	0.8333	0.5882	0.6897	17
chimpanzee cockroach	0.7500 0.7222	0.7500 1.0000	0.7500 0.8387	12 13
COU	0.3571	0.4545	0.4000	11
coyote	0.2857	0.4444	0.3478	9
crab crow	0.7222 0.8125	0.6500 0.7647	0.6842 0.7879	20 17
deer	0.5385	0.4667	0.5000	15
dog dolphin	0.4000 0.8000	0.5455 1.0000	0.4615 0.8889	11 8
donkey	0.2857	0.1333	0.1818	15
dragonfly duck	0.6667 0.2000	0.5714 0.1176	0.6154 0.1481	7 17
eagle	0.6429	0.1170	0.7200	11
elephant	0.6429	0.6429	0.6429	14
flamingo fly	0.7222 0.8667	0.9286 0.8667	0.8125 0.8667	14 15
fox	0.2308	0.5000	0.3158	6
goat goldfish	0.3636 0.5455	0.6667 0.7500	0.4706 0.6316	12 8
goose	0.3333	0.7500	0.1429	11
gorilla	0.8000	0.6667	0.7273	12 15
grasshopper hamster	0.5000 0.6667	0.3333 0.7692	0.4000 0.7143	13
hare	0.4444	0.3636	0.4000	11
hedgehog hippopotamus	0.3846 0.5000	0.4545 0.5556	0.4167 0.5263	11 9
hornbill	0.5556	0.4167	0.4762	12
horse hummingbird	0.6429 0.5333	0.6429 0.7273	0.6429 0.6154	14 11
hyena	0.2857	0.3333	0.3077	6
jellyfish	0.7000	0.7778	0.7368	9 15
kangaroo koala	0.0000 0.3846	0.0000 0.4167	0.0000 0.4000	15 12
ladybugs	0.5556	0.9091	0.6897	11

leopard lion lizard lobster mosquito moth mouse octopus okapi orangutan otter owl ox oyster panda parrot pelecaniformes penguin pig pigeon porcupine possum raccoon rat reindeer rhinoceros sandpiper seahorse seal shark sheep snake sparrow squid squirrel starfish swan tiger turkey turtle	0.7143 0.3810 1.0000 0.5000 0.8182 0.5455 0.2500 0.6923 0.6000 0.3158 0.5833 0.5000 0.3684 0.6111 0.3750 0.7000 0.6250 0.6250 0.6667 0.4444 0.6250 0.5000 0.5000 0.5714 0.5000 0.5714 0.5714 0.5556 0.75714 0.5714 0.5556 0.7500 0.6429 0.5556 0.7500 0.6429 0.5556 0.5714 0.5625 0.6667 0.5833 0.5000	0.3846 0.5714 0.2500 0.7500 0.8182 0.5455 0.6000 0.2500 0.7500 0.6364 0.2778 0.7273 0.7273 0.7273 0.7273 0.7333 0.4000 0.6250 0.3636 1.0000 0.3636 1.0000 0.3636 1.0000 0.3636 1.0000 0.3636 0.7500 0.4667 0.5333 0.4667 0.5333 0.6154 0.7500 0.2941 0.3636 0.4444 0.7778 0.6364	0.5000 0.4571 0.4000 0.6000 0.8182 0.5455 0.3529 0.2500 0.7200 0.6923 0.3871 0.6087 0.4167 0.5926 0.5000 0.6667 0.3871 0.7000 0.6250 0.4211 0.8000 0.4211 0.8000 0.3810 0.4348 0.6957 0.5517 0.55517 0.55517 0.55517 0.6923 0.3846 0.4444 0.3077 0.6429 0.6429 0.5333 0.6667 0.6667	13 14 16 8 11 11 5 8 12 11 12 11 18 11 9 15 10 16 11 8 12 15 17 17 15 13 12 17 17 11 7 18 14 15 19 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
zebra accuracy macro avg weighted avg	0.9000 0.5462 0.5607	0.9000 0.5533 0.5417	0.9000 0.5417 0.5295 0.5300	10 1080 1080 1080

```
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/
_classification.py:1318: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score
are ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted
samples. Use `zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification
.py:1318: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-
defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
    _warn_prf(average, modifier, msg_start, len(result))
/opt/conda/lib/python3.7/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification
.py:1318: UndefinedMetricWarning: Precision and F-score are ill-
defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. Use
`zero_division` parameter to control this behavior.
    warn prf(average, modifier, msg start, len(result))
```