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Специалност-КСТ

вид обучение-задочно

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изпитна дисциплина-ВМ2

задача 3
$$a = 5b = 0c = 1$$

$$l = 2.1 - 3(0 + 1) = -1$$

$$m = 1 - 2.0 = -1$$

$$-1y'' + 5py' + 1y = 0$$

$$-1t^2 + 5t + 1t = 0$$

$$a = -1b = 5c = 1$$

$$D = 5^2 - 4.(-1).1 = 29$$

$$t_{1,2} = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{29}}{2*(-1)} = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{29}}{-2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$P = (Ax + B)e^{\frac{5}{2}}$$

Задача 2

$$f(x,y) = x^{1+a}(b \ arctg \ y + (1-b) \ arcsin \ y)$$

$$f(x,y) = x^4(0 \ arctg \ y + (1) \ arcsin \ y)$$

$$fx = (x^4(0 \ arctg \ y + (1) \ arcsin \ y))_x = 4x^3 \ 0 \ arctg \ y + 1 \ arcsin \ y$$

$$f_y = (x^4(0 \ arctg \ y + (1) \ arcsin \ y))_y = x^4 \frac{1}{1+y^2} \ y + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-y^2}} y$$

$$= x^4 \ arctg \ 1 + arcsin \ 1$$

$$f_{xx} = 12x \ arctg \ y + 1 \ arcsin \ y$$

$$f_{xy} = (4x^3 \ 0 \ arctg \ y + 1 \ arcsin \ y)_y = 4x^3 \frac{1}{1+y^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+y^2}} y$$

$$= 4x^3 \ 1 \ arctg \ 1 \ arcsin$$

$$f_{yy} = (x^4 \ arctg \ 1 \ arcsin \ 1)_y = x^4 \frac{1}{1+1^2} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-1^2}} = x^4 \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\int_{-1}^{1} \frac{x^{-1} f(x)}{1 + x^{5}} dx =$$