

Ads – SPA with AngularJS Lab

The **goal of this lab** is to continue the development of the Online Ads AngularJS application: add **login and logout** functionality.

Problem 5. Login and Logout

Step 1. Implement the **authService**. It is responsible for performing login / logout / register and keeping the information about the currently logged in user (anonymous site visitor / normal user / administrator):

authService.js

```
'use strict';

app.factory('authService',
  function ($http, baseUrl) {
    return {
      login: function(userData, success, error) {
        var request = {
          method: 'POST',
          url: baseUrl + '/api/user/login',
          data: userData
        };
        $http(request).success(function(data) {
          sessionStorage['currentUser'] = JSON.stringify(data);
          success(data);
        }).error(error);
      },

      // TODO: implement "register" function (just like the login)

      logout: function() {
        delete sessionStorage['currentUser'];
      },

      getCurrentUser : function() {
        var userObject = sessionStorage['currentUser'];
        if (userObject) {
          return JSON.parse(sessionStorage['currentUser']);
        }
      },

      isAnonymous : function() {
        return sessionStorage['currentUser'] == undefined;
      },

      isLoggedIn : function() {
        // TODO: implement this (similar to isAnonymous())
      },

      isNormalUser : function() {
        var currentUser = this.getCurrentUser();
        return (currentUser != undefined) && (!currentUser.isAdmin);
      },
    };
  })
```

```

        isAdmin : function() {
            // TODO: implement this (similar to isNormalUser())
        },

        getAuthHeaders : function() {
            var headers = {};
            var currentUser = this.getCurrentUser();
            if (currentUser) {
                headers['Authorization'] = 'Bearer ' + currentUser.access_token;
            }
            return headers;
        }
    }
};

```

10 score

Step 2. Create the **login form** (the HTML template for the login):

login.html

```

<div class="box">
  <h2>Login</h2>
  <p>
    <label for="username">Username:</label>
    <input type="text" id="username" ng-model="userData.username" required />
  </p>
  <!-- TODO: similar code for the password field -->
  <p>
    <a ng-click="login(userData)" class="button">Login</a>
    <a href="#/register" class="link">Register</a>
  </p>
</div>

```

5 score

Step 3. Implement the **LoginController** to process the login form and login a user by calling the Login REST service:

LoginController.js

```

'use strict';

app.controller('LoginController',
  function ($scope, $rootScope, $location, authService, notifyService) {
    $scope.login = function(userData) {
      authService.login(userData,
        function success() {
          notifyService.showInfo("Login successful");
          $location.path("/");
        },
        function error(err) {
          // TODO: display the error message returned by the server
        }
      );
    };
  });

```

```
}  
);
```

5 score

Step 4. Modify the HTML template (view) for the **left sidebar** to display different content for anonymous site visitors, for logged-in users and for administrators:

left-sidebar.html

```
<!-- Navigation box for anonymous site visitors -->  
<div ng-if="authService.isAnonymous()" class="box">  
  <h2>Navigation</h2>  
  <ul class="sidebar-menu">  
    <li><a href="#/">Home</a></li>  
    <li><a href="#/login">Login</a></li>  
    <!-- TODO: add "Register" Link -->  
  </ul>  
</div>  
  
<!-- Login / register box for anonymous site visitors -->  
<div class="box" ng-if="authService.isAnonymous()">  
  <p>To publish a new ad, please login.</p>  
  <!-- TODO: add "Login" button -->  
  <a href="#/register" class="button">Register</a>  
</div>  
  
<!-- Navigation box for logged in normal users (not admins) -->  
<div ng-if="authService.isNormalUser()" class="box">  
  <h2>Navigation</h2>  
  <ul class="sidebar-menu">  
    <li><a href="#/">Home</a></li>  
    <li><a href="#/user/ads">My Ads</a></li>  
    <!-- TODO: add "Publish New Ad" Link -->  
    <!-- TODO: add "Edit Profile" Link -->  
    <li><a ng-click="logout()">Logout</a></li>  
  </ul>  
</div>  
  
<!-- Navigation box for logged in admins -->  
<div ng-if="authService.isAdmin()" class="box">  
  <!-- TODO: implement the "Admin" navigation sidebar -->  
</div>
```

10 score

Step 5. Implement the "logout" logic in the **AppController**. It will be used by "logout" buttons at the site header and at the left sidebar:

AppController.js

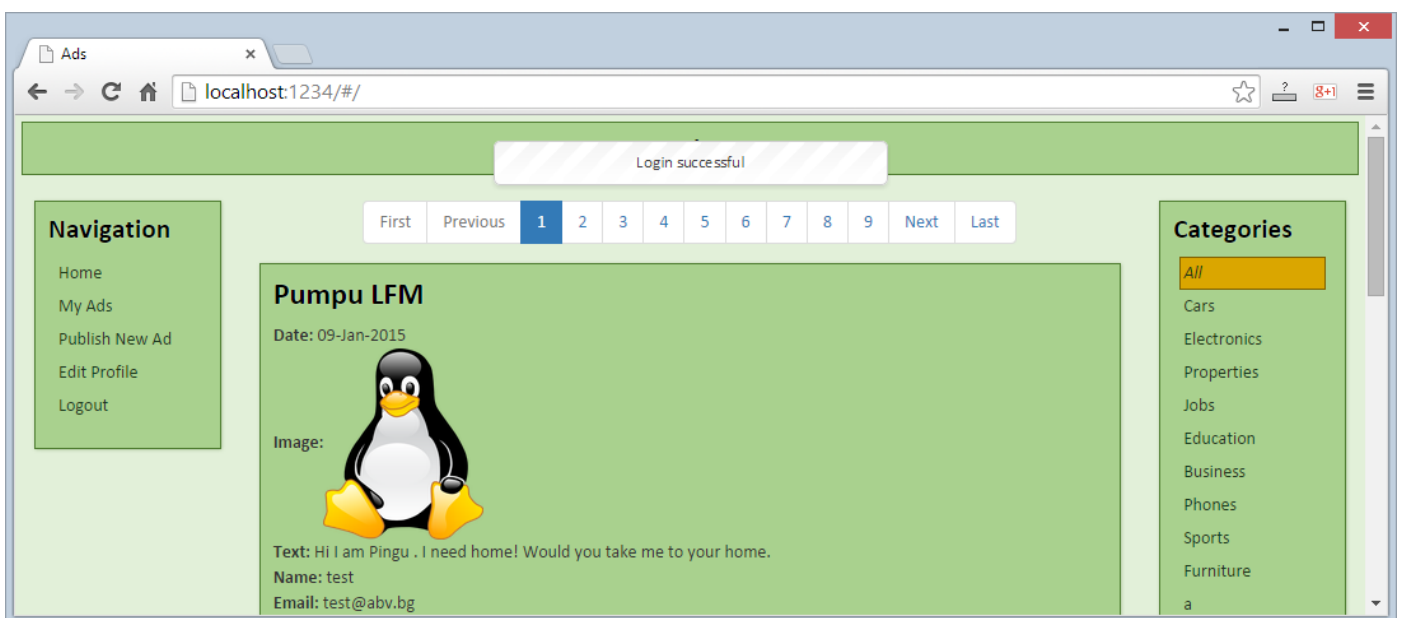
```
'use strict';  
  
// The AppController holds the presentation logic for the entire app (common all  
screens)  
app.controller('AppController',
```

```
function ($scope, authService) {
  // Put the authService in the $scope to make it accessible from all screens
  $scope.authService = authService;

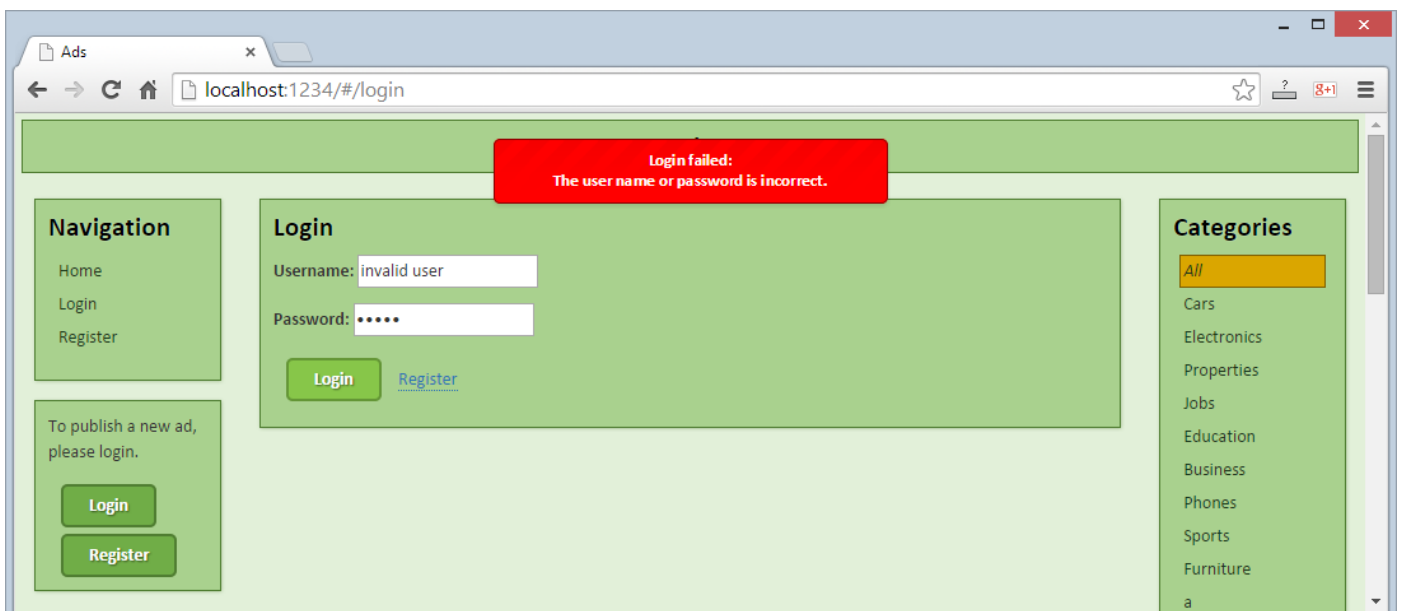
  // Implement the "Logout" button click event handler
  $scope.logout = function() {
    authService.logout();
    // TODO: display "Logout successful" notification
    // TODO: redirect to the application home page
  };
}
);
```

10 score

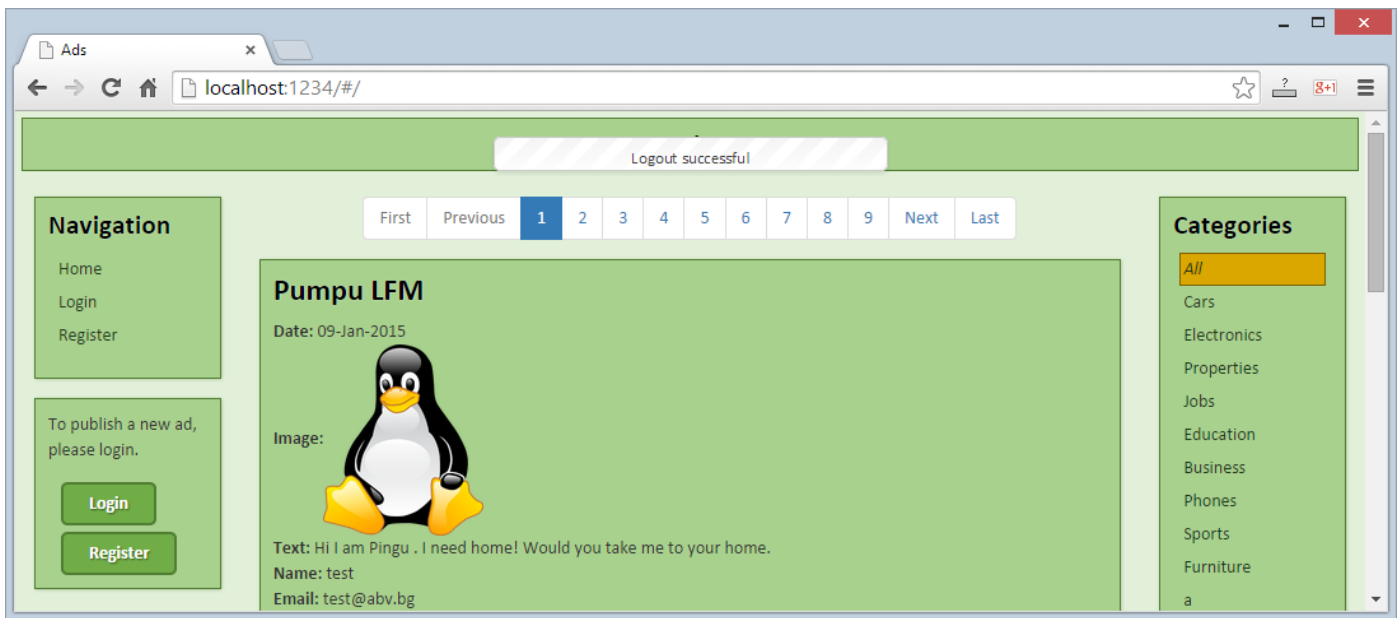
Step 6. Test your application to ensure **login** and **logout** work correctly:



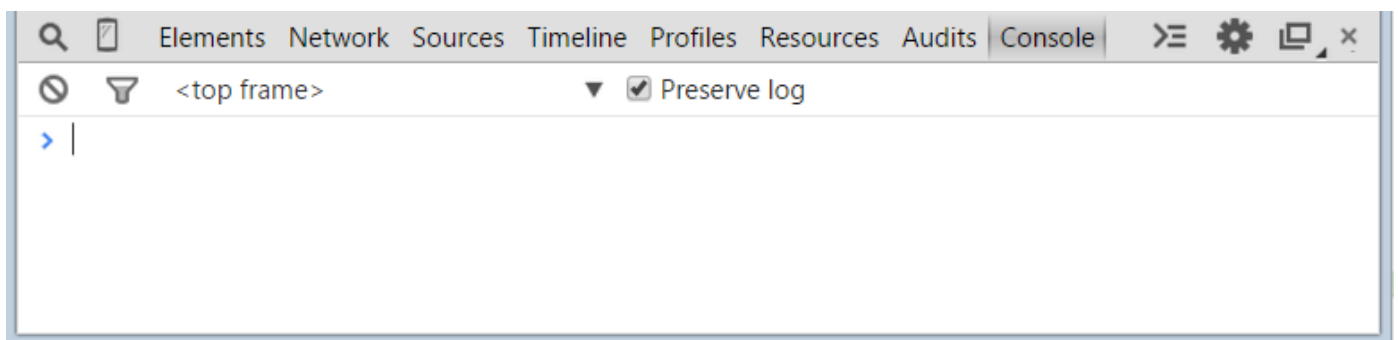
- Check also the **incorrect login** functionality:



- Check also the **logout** functionality:



- Check for errors at the Web browser's development console:

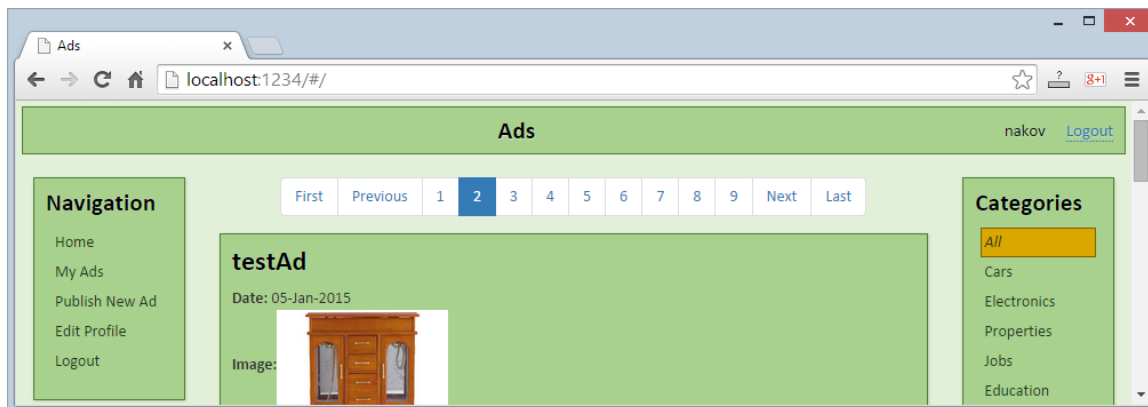


10 score

Step 7. Implement the **site header**. It should display different content for anonymous and logged in users:

header.html
<pre> Ads &ndash; {{pageTitle}} <div ng-if="authService.isLoggedIn()" class="user-area"> {{authService.getCurrentUser().username}} <a ng-click="logout()" class="link">Logout </div> </pre>

Test the site header:



10 score