# Lab 10: SQL Sub Queries

CS355/CE373 Database Systems Fall 2024



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## 1 Instructions

- This lab will contribute 1% towards the final grade.
- The deadline to submit this lab is at the end of your lab.
- The lab must be submitted online via CANVAS. The SQL file should be named as Lab\_10\_aa01234.sql where aa01234 will be replaced with your student id. Files which don't follow the appropriate naming convention will not be graded.

## 1.1 Marking scheme

This lab will be marked out of 100.

- 50 Marks are for completion of the lab.
- 10 Marks are for filling the feedback form within the lab timings.
- 40 Marks are for progress and attendance during the lab.

## 1.2 Late submission policy

No late submissions are allowed.

## 2 Objective

This lab activity is prepared on Northwind Sample Database of SQL Server. The database will be analyzed for the following SQL constructs:

- Top
- Sub Queries

Note: You are only allowed to use Sub Queries for this lab.

## 3 Query Syntax Examples

#### • Sub Queries

```
Select * From Orders
Where EmployeeID in (
Select Top 3 EmployeeID
From Orders O
Group By EmployeeID
Order By Count(*) Desc)
```

#### • SQL TOP

```
SELECT TOP 3 E.FirstName + '' + E.LastName AS EmployeeName, Year(O.OrderDate) AS [Year], count(*) AS 'Number of Orders' FROM Orders O INNER JOIN Employees E ON O.EmployeeID=E.EmployeeID GROUP BY E.FirstName + '' + E.LastName, Year(O.OrderDate) ORDER BY COUNT(*) DESC
```

### 4 Exercises

The ERD Diagram for the Northwind Database is as shown in Figure 1.

1. Find the employee who processed the first order placed in year 1998.

Output: Employee ID.

Result contains 10 row.

2. Select all employees who work directly under the top manager of the company.

Output: EmployeeID.

Result contains 5 rows.

3. Select all employees who are assigned to territories in 'Western' and 'Eastern' regions from Region Table.

Result contains 6 rows.

4. Select all Customers and Suppliers belonging to 'Germany'.

Output: ContactName.

Result contains 14 rows.

5. Find the 3rd most expensive product in the database.

Output: ProductName.

Result contains 1 row.

- 6. Select all employees and their Seniority level
  - Seniority level = 3 if employee has been with the company for more than 5 years.
  - Seniority level = 2 if employee has been with the company from 3-5 years.
  - Seniority level = 1 if employee has been with the company for < 3 years

Output: EmployeeID, SeniorityLevel. Result contains 9 rows.

7. List all products and their types which shows if they are 'Costly' (unit price > 80), 'Economical' (unit price between 30 and 80) or 'Cheap' (Unit price < 30).

Output: ProductName, Types.

Result contains 77 rows.

8. List all products and their trends based on the number of orders placed in the year 1997. If no. of orders >= 50 Trend = Customer favourite Else if 30 <= no. of orders <= 49 Trend = Trending. Else if 10 <= no. of orders <= 29 Trend = on the rise. Else trend = not popular.

Output: ProductName, Trend.

Result contains 77 rows.

9. Find the total number of orders placed by each customer.

Output: CustomerID.

Result contains 91 rows.

10. Retrieve customers who have placed orders for products with a price higher than the average price of all products.

Output: CustomerID.

Result contains 86 rows.

11. Find the customers who have placed orders for products from the same category as 'Chai'.

Output: Customers.ContactName

Result contains 83 rows.

12. Find the customer who has placed the highest total number of orders.

Output: ContactName, NumberOfOrders

Result contains 1 row.

13. List all the customers who have placed an order for the most expensive product.

Output: ContactName. Result contains 12 rows.

14. Find the average number of products in each order.

Output: AverageProductsPerOrder.

Result contains 1 row.

15. Find the categories where the average product price is higher than the overall average product price.

Output: CategoryName. Result contains 3 rows.

16. Find the product which has the second highest price.

Output: ProductName, UnitPrice.

Result contains 1 row.

17. Find the average order amount for customers from France.

Output: AverageOrderAmount

Result contains 1 row.

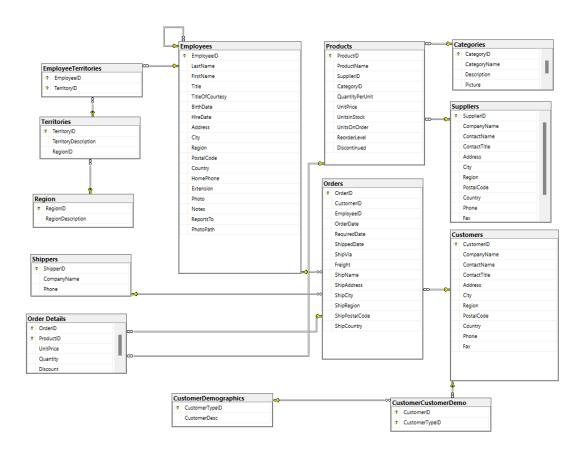


Figure 1: Northwind Database ERD