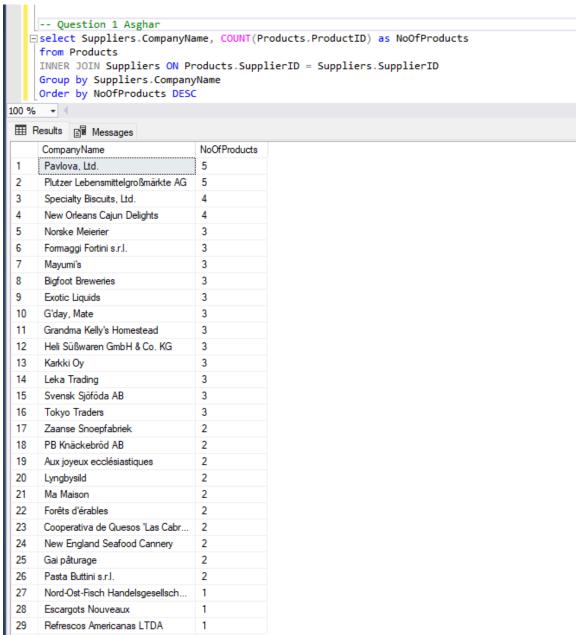
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1. List suppliers in the order of number of products supplied

Output: CompanyName, No. of Products

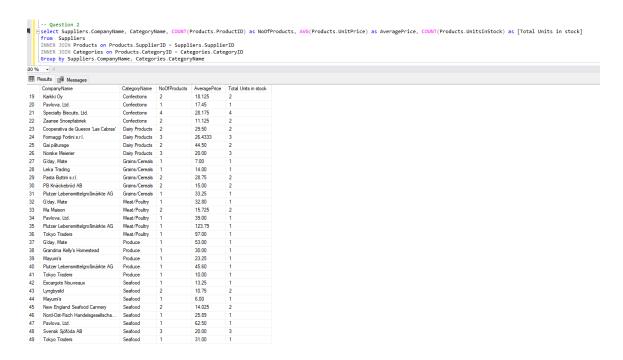
Result: 29 rows



2. List number of products supplied by different suppliers in different categories
Output: CompanyName, CategoryName, No. of Products, AveragePrice, Total Units in
Stock

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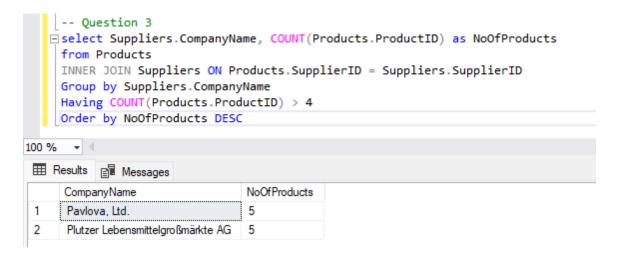
Result: 49 rows



3. Select suppliers supplying more than 4 products

Output: Supplier Name

Result: 2 rows

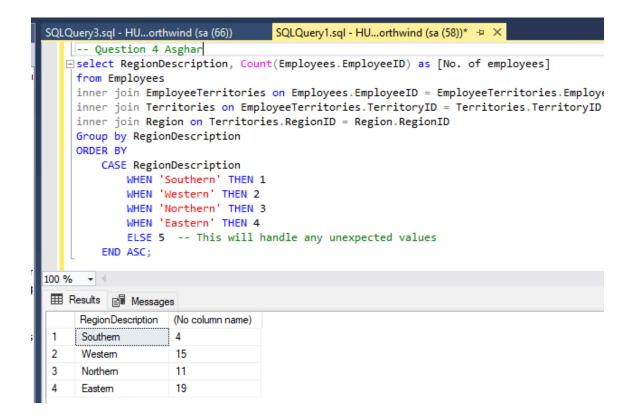


4. Fetch number of employees from the Employees Table who are working in each region, where the region is from the Region Table, in ascending order (Southern, Western, Northern, or Eastern)

Output: RegionDescription, No. of employees

Result: 4 rows

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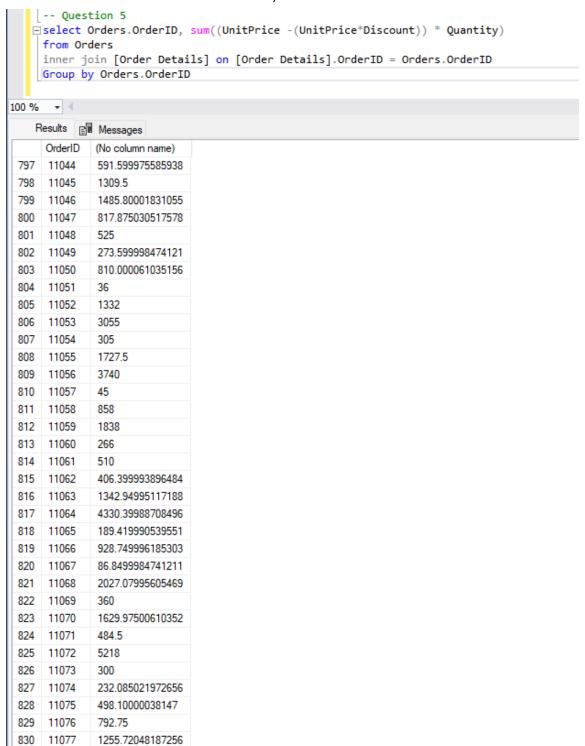
5. Select the total amount of each order

(Total amount is calculated by summing up (Unit Price * Quantity) - Discount in order details.)

Output: OrderID, Total Amount

Result: 830 rows

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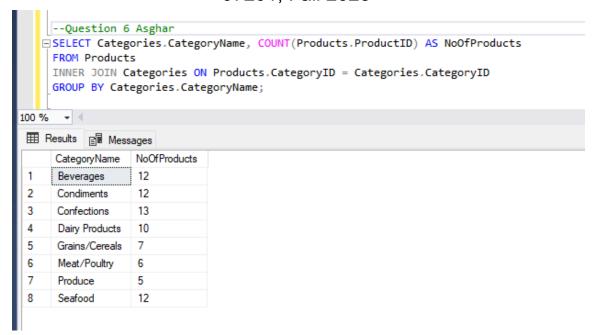


6. Find total number of products in each category

Output: Category Name, No. of Products

Result: 8 rows

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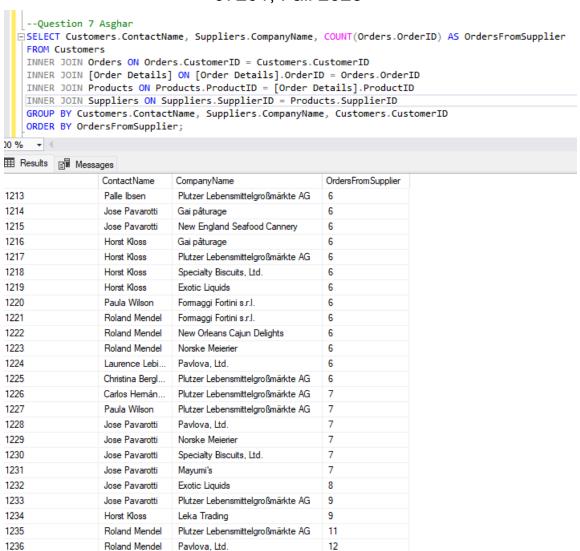


7. Find the number of orders placed by different customers for different suppliers, where ContactName is from the Customers Table and CompanyName is from the Suppliers Table

Output: ContactName, CompanyName, No. of orders

Result: 1236 rows

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8. Find number of orders handled by different employees in different years. Output: EmployeeName, Year, No. of Orders.

Result contains 27 rows.

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```
--Question 8 Asghar

E|SELECT CONCAT(Employees.FirstName, ' ', Employees.LastName) AS EmployeeName, YEAR(Orders.OrderDate) AS Year, COUNT(Orders.OrderID) AS No_of_Orders
FROM Orders
JOIN Employees ON Orders.EmployeeID = Employees.EmployeeID
GROUP BY CONCAT(Employees.FirstName, ' ', Employees.LastName), YEAR(Orders.OrderDate)
ORDER BY EmployeeName, Year;
Results Messages
    EmployeeName Year No_of_Orders
Andrew Fuller 1996 16
      Andrew Fuller
      Andrew Fuller
      Anne Dodsworth
                           1996 5
      Anne Dodsworth
                           1997 19
      Anne Dodsworth
                           1998 19
      Janet Leverling
      Janet Leverling
                           1998 38
10 Laura Callahan
                           1996 19
11
     Laura Callahan
                           1997 54
12 Laura Callahan
      Margaret Peacock 1996 31
14
      Margaret Peacock 1997 81
15
      Margaret Peacock 1998 44
Michael Suyama 1996 15
16
      Michael Suyama
18
      Michael Suyama
19
      Nancy Davolio
                           1996 26
                           1997 55
20
      Nancy Davolio
21
                           1998 42
      Nancy Davolio
     Robert King
23 Robert King
                           1997 36
24
    Robert King
                           1998 25
25 Steven Buchanan 1996 11
      Steven Buchanan 1997
```

9. Find number of orders, in descending order, handled by different employees under different managers.

Output: Manager Name, Employee Name, No. of orders. Result contains 8 rows.

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```
--Question 9 Asghar
   ⊟SELECT
         CONCAT(M.FirstName, ' ', M.LastName) AS [Manager Name],
         CONCAT(E.FirstName, ' ', E.LastName) AS [Employee Name],
         COUNT(DISTINCT Orders.OrderID) AS [No of Orders]
     FROM Orders
     INNER JOIN Employees E ON E.EmployeeID = Orders.EmployeeID
     INNER JOIN Employees M ON M.ReportsTo = Orders.EmployeeID
         CONCAT(M.FirstName, ' ', M.LastName),
         CONCAT(E.FirstName, ' ', E.LastName)
     ORDER BY
         CONCAT(M.FirstName, ' ', M.LastName),
         CONCAT(E.FirstName, ' ', E.LastName)
      - ▼ | 4 |
100 %
Employee Name No of Orders
     Manager Name
     Anne Dodsworth
                   Steven Buchanan 42
     Janet Leverling
2
                   Andrew Fuller
3
                                96
     Laura Callahan
                   Andrew Fuller
     Margaret Peacock Andrew Fuller
5
     Michael Suyama Steven Buchanan 42
6
     Nancy Davolio
                   Andrew Fuller
                                 96
     Robert King
                   Steven Buchanan 42
     Steven Buchanan Andrew Fuller
```

10. Fetch no. of employees in each region from Region Table. If there is no em ployee in any region, even then the region name should appear in the list with employee count of 0.

Output: Region Name, No. of employees

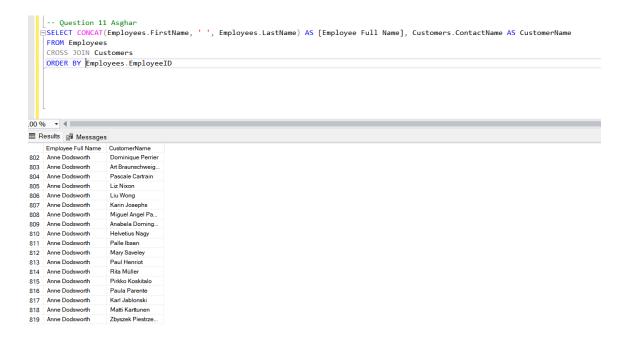
Result contains 4 rows.

11. Find all combinations of employees and customer ordered by employee ID.

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Output: Employee Full Name, Customer Name. Note that the Full name is generated by concatenating First Name and Last Name.

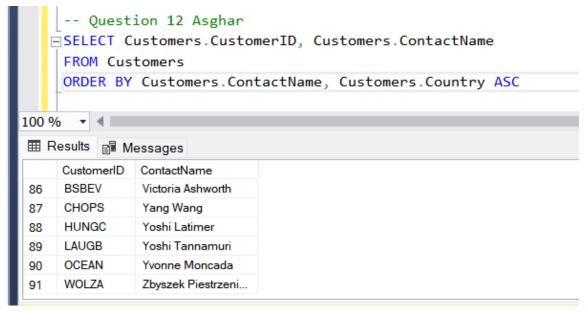
Result contains 819 rows.



12. Get CutomerID and ContactName from Customers alphabetically, by Country and name.

Output: CutomerID, ContactName

Result contains 90 rows.

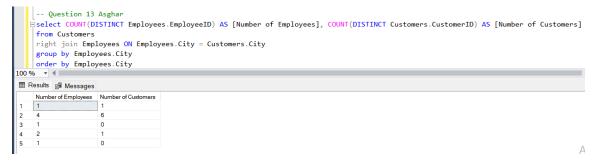


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13. Display the number of employees and customers from each city that has employees in it ordered by City.

Output: Number of Employees, Customers

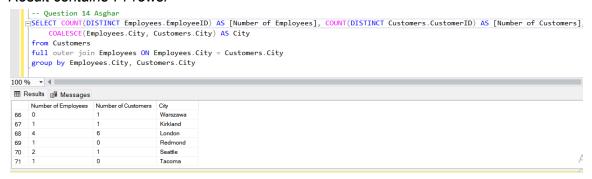
Result contains 5 rows.



14. Display the number of employees and customers from each city.

Output: Number of Employees, Customers

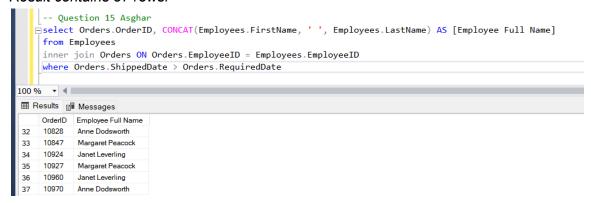
Result contains 71 rows.



15. Display the order ids and the associated employee names for orders that shipped after the required date.

Output: OrderID, Employee Full Name

Result contains 37 rows.

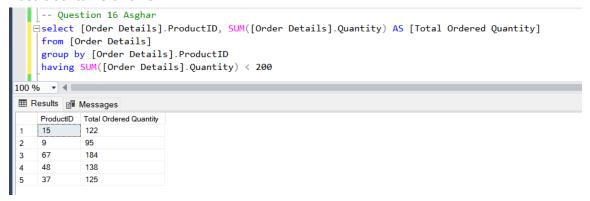


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16. Display the total quantity of products (from the Order Details table) ordered. Only show records for products for which the quantity ordered is fewer than 200.

Output: OrderID, Employee Full Name

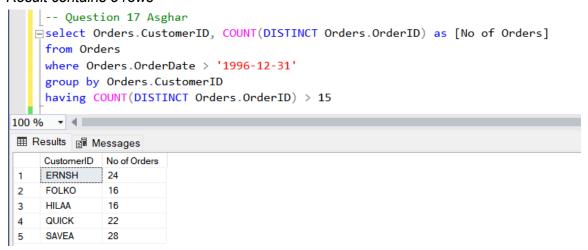
Result contains 5 rows.



17. Display the total number of orders by Customer since December 31, 1996. The report should only return rows for which the total number of orders is greater than 15. it should display CustomerID and Total Number of Orders.

Output: CustomerID, Total Number of Orders.

Result contains 5 rows



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Code:

```
--Code:
--select * from Suppliers
--select * from Products
--where ProductsID.Products =
-- Question 1 Asghar
select Suppliers.CompanyName, COUNT(Products.ProductID) as
NoOfProducts
from Products
INNER JOIN Suppliers ON Products.SupplierID = Suppliers.SupplierID
Group by Suppliers.CompanyName
Order by NoOfProducts DESC
-- Question 2
select Suppliers.CompanyName, CategoryName, COUNT(Products.ProductID)
as NoOfProducts, AVG(Products.UnitPrice) as AveragePrice,
COUNT(Products.UnitsInStock) as [Total Units in stock]
from Suppliers
INNER JOIN Products on Products.SupplierID = Suppliers.SupplierID
INNER JOIN Categories on Products.CategoryID = Categories.CategoryID
Group by Suppliers.CompanyName, Categories.CategoryName
-- Ouestion 3
select Suppliers.CompanyName, COUNT(Products.ProductID) as
NoOfProducts
from Products
INNER JOIN Suppliers ON Products.SupplierID = Suppliers.SupplierID
Group by Suppliers.CompanyName
Having COUNT(Products.ProductID) > 4
Order by NoOfProducts DESC
select RegionDescription, Count(Employees.EmployeeID) as [No. of
employees]
from Employees
inner join EmployeeTerritories on Employees.EmployeeID =
EmployeeTerritories.EmployeeID
inner join Territories on EmployeeTerritories.TerritoryID =
Territories.TerritoryID
inner join Region on Territories.RegionID = Region.RegionID
```

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```
Group by RegionDescription
ORDER BY
     CASE RegionDescription
     WHEN 'Southern' THEN 1
     WHEN 'Western' THEN 2
     WHEN 'Northern' THEN 3
     WHEN 'Eastern' THEN 4
     ELSE 5 -- This will handle any unexpected values
     END ASC:
-- Question 5
select Orders.OrderID, sum((UnitPrice -(UnitPrice*Discount)) *
Quantity)
from Orders
inner join [Order Details] on [Order Details].OrderID =
Orders.OrderID
Group by Orders.OrderID
--Question 6 Asghar
select Categories.CategoryName, COUNT(Products.ProductID) as
NoOfProducts
from Products
inner join Categories on Products.CategoryID = Categories.CategoryID
group by Categories.CategoryName;
SELECT Customers.ContactName, Suppliers.CompanyName,
COUNT(Orders.OrderID) AS OrdersFromSupplier
FROM Customers
INNER JOIN Orders ON Orders.CustomerID = Customers.CustomerID
INNER JOIN [Order Details] ON [Order Details].OrderID =
Orders.OrderID
INNER JOIN Products ON Products.ProductID = [Order Details].ProductID
INNER JOIN Suppliers ON Suppliers.SupplierID = Products.SupplierID
GROUP BY Customers.ContactName, Suppliers.CompanyName,
Customers.CustomerID
ORDER BY OrdersFromSupplier;
SELECT CONCAT(Employees.FirstName, ' ', Employees.LastName) AS
EmployeeName, YEAR(Orders.OrderDate) AS Year, COUNT(Orders.OrderID)
```

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```
AS No of Orders
FROM Orders
JOIN Employees ON Orders. EmployeeID = Employees. EmployeeID
GROUP BY CONCAT(Employees.FirstName, ' ', Employees.LastName),
YEAR(Orders.OrderDate)
ORDER BY EmployeeName, Year;
--Question 9 Asghar
select
     CONCAT(M.FirstName, ' ', M.LastName) as [Manager Name],
     CONCAT(E.FirstName, ' ', E.LastName) as [Employee Name],
     COUNT(DISTINCT Orders.OrderID) as [No of Orders]
from Orders
inner join Employees E on E.EmployeeID = Orders.EmployeeID
inner join Employees M on M.ReportsTo = Orders.EmployeeID
group by CONCAT(M.FirstName, ' ', M.LastName), CONCAT(E.FirstName, '
', E.LastName)
order by CONCAT(M.FirstName, ' ', M.LastName), CONCAT(E.FirstName, '
', E.LastName)
--Question 10 Asghar
SELECT Region.RegionDescription, COALESCE(COUNT(DISTINCT
Employees.EmployeeID), 0) AS NumberOfEmployees
FROM Region
LEFT JOIN Territories ON Region.RegionID = Territories.RegionID
LEFT JOIN EmployeeTerritories ON Territories.TerritoryID =
EmployeeTerritories.TerritoryID
LEFT JOIN Employees ON EmployeeTerritories.EmployeeID =
Employees.EmployeeID
GROUP BY Region.RegionDescription
-- Question 11 Asghar
SELECT CONCAT(Employees.FirstName, ' ', Employees.LastName) AS
[Employee Full Name], Customers.ContactName AS CustomerName
FROM Employees
CROSS JOIN Customers
ORDER BY Employees. EmployeeID
SELECT Customers.CustomerID, Customers.ContactName
FROM Customers
```

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```
ORDER BY Customers.ContactName, Customers.Country ASC
-- Question 13 Asghar
select COUNT(DISTINCT Employees.EmployeeID) AS [Number of Employees],
COUNT(DISTINCT Customers.CustomerID) AS [Number of Customers]
from Customers
right join Employees ON Employees.City = Customers.City
group by Employees.City
order by Employees.City
-- Question 14 Asghar
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT Employees.EmployeeID) AS [Number of Employees],
COUNT(DISTINCT Customers.CustomerID) AS [Number of Customers],
     COALESCE(Employees.City, Customers.City) AS City
from Customers
full outer join Employees ON Employees. City = Customers. City
group by Employees.City, Customers.City
select Orders.OrderID, CONCAT(Employees.FirstName, ' ',
Employees.LastName) AS [Employee Full Name]
from Employees
inner join Orders ON Orders.EmployeeID = Employees.EmployeeID
where Orders.ShippedDate > Orders.RequiredDate
select [Order Details].ProductID, SUM([Order Details].Quantity) AS
[Total Ordered Quantity]
from [Order Details]
group by [Order Details].ProductID
having SUM([Order Details].Quantity) < 200</pre>
-- Question 17 Asghar
select Orders.CustomerID, COUNT(DISTINCT Orders.OrderID) as [No of
Orders]
from Orders
where Orders.OrderDate > '1996-12-31'
group by Orders.CustomerID
having COUNT(DISTINCT Orders.OrderID) > 15
```