Week 12

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SAMPLE OUTPUT

Question 1
Correct
Marked out of 1.00
P Flag question

You are a bank account hacker. Initially you have 1 rupee in your account, and you want exactly **N** rupees in your account. You wrote two hacks, first hack can multiply the amount of money you own by 10, while the second can multiply it by 20. These hacks can be used any number of time. Can you achieve the desired amount **N** using these hacks.

Constraints:

1 <= T <= 100
1 <= N <= 10^12

Input

Cutput

For each test case contains a single integer N.

Cutput

1 SAMPLE INPUT

1 SAMPLE OUTPUT

1 SAMPLE INPUT

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	printf("%d", myFunc(1))	1	1	~
~	printf("%d", myFunc(2))	0	0	~
~	printf("%d", myFunc(10))	1	1	~
~	printf("%d", myFunc(25))	0	0	~
~	printf("%d", myFunc(200))	1	1	~

Passed all tests! 🗸

Question 2
Correct
Marked out of 1.00

Flag question

Find the number of ways that a given integer, X, can be expressed as the sum of the Nth powers of unique, natural numbers.

For example, if X = 13 and N = 2, we have to find all combinations of unique squares adding up to 13. The only solution is $2^2 + 3^2$.

Function Description

Complete the powerSum function in the editor below. It should return an integer that represents the number of possible combinations.

powerSum has the following parameter(s):

X: the integer to sum to
N: the integer power to raise numbers to
Input Format

The first line contains an integer **X**.

The second line contains an integer **N**.

Constraints

 $1 \le X \le 1000$ $2 \le N \le 10$

Output Format

Output a single integer, the number of possible combinations calculated.

Sample Input 0

10

2

Sample Output 0

1

```
* Complete the 'powerSum' function below.
    * The function is expected to return an INTEGER.

* The function accepts following parameters:

* 1. INTEGER x

* 2. INTEGER n
 5
 6
 8
 9
     #include<math.h>
10 int powerSum(int x, int m, int n)
11 + {
         int p=pow(m,n);
if(p==x){
12
13 +
14 return 1;}
15 v if(p>x){
16
        return 0;
    }
return powerSum(x-p,m+1,n)+powerSum(x,m+1,n);
17
18
19 }
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	printf("%d", powerSum(10, 1, 2))	1	1	~

Passed all tests! ✓