1. Vypočítejte integrál  $\int_{0}^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1-\sqrt{1+x^2}}{1+\sqrt{1+x^2}} dx$  pomocí substituce  $\sqrt{1+x^2}-x=t$  neboli  $\sqrt{1+x^2}=t+x$ 

(Identitu pro substituci umocnit na druhou, vyjádřit x a dx)

$$\int_{0}^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 + x^{2}}}{1 + \sqrt{1 + x^{2}}} dx = \begin{vmatrix} \sqrt{1 + x^{2}} - x = t & x = 0 \Rightarrow t = 1 \\ \sqrt{1 + x^{2}} = x + t \Rightarrow x = \frac{1 - t^{2}}{2t} & dx = -\frac{1 + t^{2}}{2t^{2}} dt & x = \sqrt{3} \Rightarrow t = 2 - \sqrt{3} \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= \int_{1}^{2 - \sqrt{3}} \frac{1 - t - \frac{1 - t^{2}}{2t}}{1 + t + \frac{1 - t^{2}}{2t}} \cdot -\frac{1 + t^{2}}{2t^{2}} dt = -\frac{1}{2} \int_{1}^{2 - \sqrt{3}} \frac{2t - 2t^{2} - 1 + t^{2}}{2t + 2t^{2} + 1 - t^{2}} \cdot \frac{1 + t^{2}}{t^{2}} dt = -\frac{1}{2} \int_{1}^{2 - \sqrt{3}} \frac{2t - t^{2} - 1}{2t + t^{2} + 1} \cdot \frac{1 + t^{2}}{t^{2}} dt =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int_{1}^{2 - \sqrt{3}} \frac{(t - 1)^{2}}{(t + 1)^{2}} \cdot \frac{1 + t^{2}}{t^{2}} dt = \int_{1}^{2 - \sqrt{3}} \left( \frac{1}{2} - \frac{2}{t} + \frac{1}{2t^{2}} + \frac{4}{(t + 1)^{2}} \right) dt = \left[ \frac{t}{2} - 2 \ln t - \frac{1}{2t} - \frac{4}{t + 1} \right]_{1}^{2 - \sqrt{3}} =$$

$$= \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2} - 2 \ln(2 - \sqrt{3}) - \frac{1}{2(2 - \sqrt{3})} - \frac{4}{3 - \sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + 2 = 1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - 1 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - 2 - \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} - 2 \ln(2 - \sqrt{3}) + 2 =$$

$$= -\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{3} - 2 \ln(2 - \sqrt{3})$$

2. Najděte rovnice dvou tečen k parabole  $y = x^2 + 2x + 1$ ; jedna je rovnoběžná s přímkou 2x - y - 1 = 0, druhá je na ni kolmá.

Vypočítejte obsah části roviny omezené danou parabolou a nalezenými tečnami. (Pro numerické výpočty můžete použít kalkulačku.)

 $2x-y-1=0 \iff y=2x-1$  - hledáme tečny k parabole se směrnicemi  $k_1=2, k_2=-\frac{1}{2}$ .

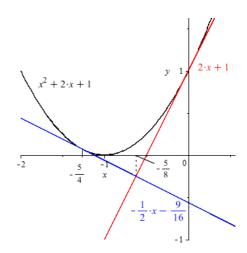
$$y' = 2x + 2$$

$$2x + 2 = 2 \Leftrightarrow x = 0, f(0) = 1, \quad T_1 = [0,1]$$

$$2x + 2 = -\frac{1}{2} \Leftrightarrow x = -\frac{5}{4}, f\left(-\frac{5}{4}\right) = -\frac{1}{16}, \quad T_2 = \left[-\frac{5}{4}, -\frac{1}{16}\right]$$

$$t_1: \quad y = 1 + 2x,$$

$$t_2: \quad y = -\frac{1}{16} - \frac{1}{2}\left(x + \frac{5}{4}\right) = -\frac{9}{16} - \frac{1}{2}x$$
průsečík tečen: 
$$-\frac{9}{16} - \frac{1}{2}x = 2x + 1 \Rightarrow x = -\frac{5}{8}.$$



$$S = \int_{-\frac{5}{4}}^{0} \left( x^2 + 2x + 1 \right) dx - \int_{-\frac{5}{4}}^{\frac{5}{8}} \left( -\frac{9}{16} - \frac{1}{2}x \right) dx - \int_{-\frac{5}{8}}^{0} \left( 2x + 1 \right) dx - = \dots = \frac{125}{768} \doteq 0,16275$$