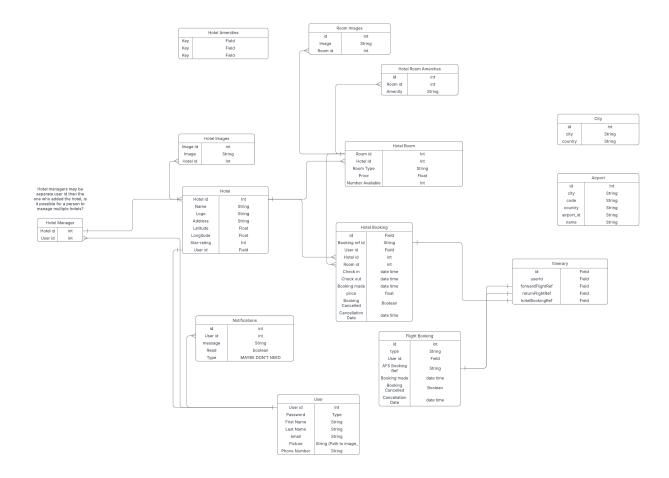
Database Model Documentation

Overview

This document provides an overview of the database schema used in the project. It explains the structure of each model, their fields, and the relationships between them.

ER-Diagram



1. User Model

Represents the users of the platform, including hotel managers and travelers.

- userId (Int) Unique identifier for each user.
- password (String) Encrypted password.

- firstName (String) User's first name.
- lastName (String) User's last name.
- email (String, Unique) User's email address.
- picture (String, Default: 'default.jpg') Profile picture File Path.
- phoneNumber (String) Phone number.
- hotelBooking (Relation) List of hotel bookings made by the user.
- flightBooking (Relation) List of flight bookings made by the user.
- hotelManagers (Relation) Links users who manage hotels.
- notifications (Relation) List of notifications received.
- itineraries (Relation) User's travel itineraries.

2. Notifications Model

Stores notifications for users, including booking updates.

- id (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- userId (Int, Foreign Key) References User.
- message (String) Notification content.
- date (DateTime, Default: now()) Timestamp.
- read (Boolean, Default: false) Indicates if the notification has been read.
- type (String) Type of notification (USER or HOTEL_MANAGER).

3. Hotel Model

Represents hotels listed on the platform.

- hotelld (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique hotel identifier.
- **name (String)** Hotel name.
- logo (String, Default: 'default.jpg') Hotel logo File Path.
- address (String) Hotel address.
- **city (String)** City where the hotel is located.
- country (String) Country of the hotel.
- latitude (Float) GPS latitude.
- longitude (Float) GPS longitude.
- starRating (Int) Star rating of the hotel.
- hotelBooking (Relation) Hotel bookings.

- managers (Relation) Links hotel managers.
- images (Relation) Hotel images.
- rooms (Relation) Room types in the hotel.
- amenities (Relation) Amenities provided by the hotel.
- Unique Constraint: Combination of name and address must be unique.

4. HotelManager Model

Links users with hotels they manage.

- managerId (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- userId (Int, Foreign Key) References User.
- hotelid (Int, Foreign Key) References Hotel.
- Unique Constraint: Combination of userId and hotelId must be unique.

5. Hotellmage Model

Stores images for the hotel building.

- imageld (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- image (String) Image URL.
- hotelid (Int, Foreign Key) References Hotel.

6. HotelRoomType Model

Defines room types available in hotels.

- roomld (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- hotelid (Int, Foreign Key) References Hotel.
- roomType (String) Type of room (e.g., Twin, Double).
- price (Float) Price per night.
- numberAvailable (Int) Number of rooms available.
- hotelBooking (Relation) Bookings related to this room type.
- images (Relation) Images of this room.
- amenities (Relation) List of amenities for this room.

• Unique Constraint: Combination of hotelld and roomType must be unique.

7. Amenity Model

Stores hotel amenities (e.g., Swimming Pool, WiFi).

- id (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- hotelid (Int, Foreign Key) References Hotel.
- amenity (String) Amenity name.
- rooms (Relation) Many-to-many relation with HotelRoomType.

8. HotelBooking Model

Tracks hotel reservations.

- id (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- userId (Int, Foreign Key) References User.
- referenceld (String, Unique) Booking reference.
- hotelld (Int, Foreign Key) References Hotel.
- roomld (Int, Foreign Key) References HotelRoomType.
- price (Float) Booking price.
- checkin (DateTime) Check-in date.
- checkOut (DateTime) Check-out date.
- **bookingMade (DateTime)** Timestamp when booking was made.
- bookingCanceled (Boolean, Default: false) Cancellation status.
- canceledDate (DateTime?) Date of cancellation.
- itineraries (Relation) Linked itinerary.

9. FlightBooking Model

Tracks flight reservations.

- id (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- userId (Int, Foreign Key) References User.
- bookingReference (String, Unique) Booking reference.

- bookingMade (DateTime) Timestamp.
- bookingCanceled (Boolean, Default: false) Cancellation status.
- canceledDate (DateTime?) Date of cancellation.
- Itineraries (Relation) Links with itinerary model.

10. Itinerary Model

Stores combined travel plans (flights + hotels).

- itineraryld (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- userId (Int, Foreign Key) References User.
- forwardFlightBookingRef (String?) Forward flight reference.
- returnFlightBookingRef (String?) Return flight reference.
- hotelBookingRef (String?) Hotel booking reference.
- itineraryRef (String, Unique) Unique itinerary identifier.

11. Airport Model

Stores airport details.

- id (String, Primary Key) Unique identifier.
- code (String, Unique) Airport code.
- name (String) Airport name.
- city (String) City where the airport is located.
- country (String) Country where the airport is located.
- Unique Constraint: Combination of city, country, and name must be unique.

12. City Model

Stores city information.

- id (Int, Auto-Increment) Unique identifier.
- city (String) City name.
- country (String) Country name.
- Unique Constraint: Combination of city and country must be unique.

13. LastGeneratedId Model

Tracks last generated IDs for reference numbers.

- type (String, Primary Key) Type of ID.
- value (Int) Last used ID value.

8. RoomAmenity

Stores amenities provided for a room type in a hotel.

- id (Int, Primary Key) Type of ID.
- roomld (Int) -identifier for room amenity applies to.
- room (HotelRoomType) many to one relation to room type.
- amenity (String) the amenity provided.

This schema ensures data integrity and supports a scalable travel booking system.