



Modern Angular

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Angular Enthusiast, Passionate, Creative

	Feature	Introduced in	Purpose
	Standalone Components	Angular 14+	Simplifies module management
	Inject Function	Angular 14+	Simplifies dependency injection
<h1>Angular Modern features </h1>			
	Control Flow	Angular 17+	Better control logic in templates
	Typed Forms	Angular 14+	Type-safe form handling
	Inputs, Output, Queries	Angular 16+	Fine-grained reactivity

Standalone Components



```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  template: ``,
})
class MyComponent {
}

@NgModule({
  imports: [HttpClientModule]
  declarations: [MyComponent],
})
export class AppModule { }
```



```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  imports: [HttpClient]
  template: ``,
})
class MyComponent { }
```



• Lazy Loading via Components

```
const routes: Routes = [  
  {  
    path: 'feature',  
    loadChildren: () => import('./feature/feature.module').then(m => m.FeatureModule),  
  },  
];
```



```
const routes: Routes = [  
  {  
    path: 'feature',  
    loadComponent: () => import('./feature/feature.component').then(m => m.FeatureComponent),  
  },  
];
```



```
@defer {  
  <large-component />  
}
```



<https://angular.dev/guide/templates/defer>



Standalone Components

Standard way
to create
components
going forward

Standalone
components
are the default
in Angular 19+

Tree- shakable

Dynamically
load single
components

Clear
understanding
of what the
component
depends on

Inject Function

```
@Component({
  standalone: true,
  selector: 'my-component',
  imports: [HttpClient],
  template: ``,
})
export class MyComponent {
  constructor(private http:HttpClient) {
  }
}
```

```
@Component({
  standalone: true,
  selector: 'my-component',
  imports: [HttpClient],
  template: ``,
})
export class MyComponent {
  http: HttpClient =
    inject(HttpClient);
}
```



• Inject Function

More explicit

Better for inheritance

Can only use `inject()` during the Injection context phase

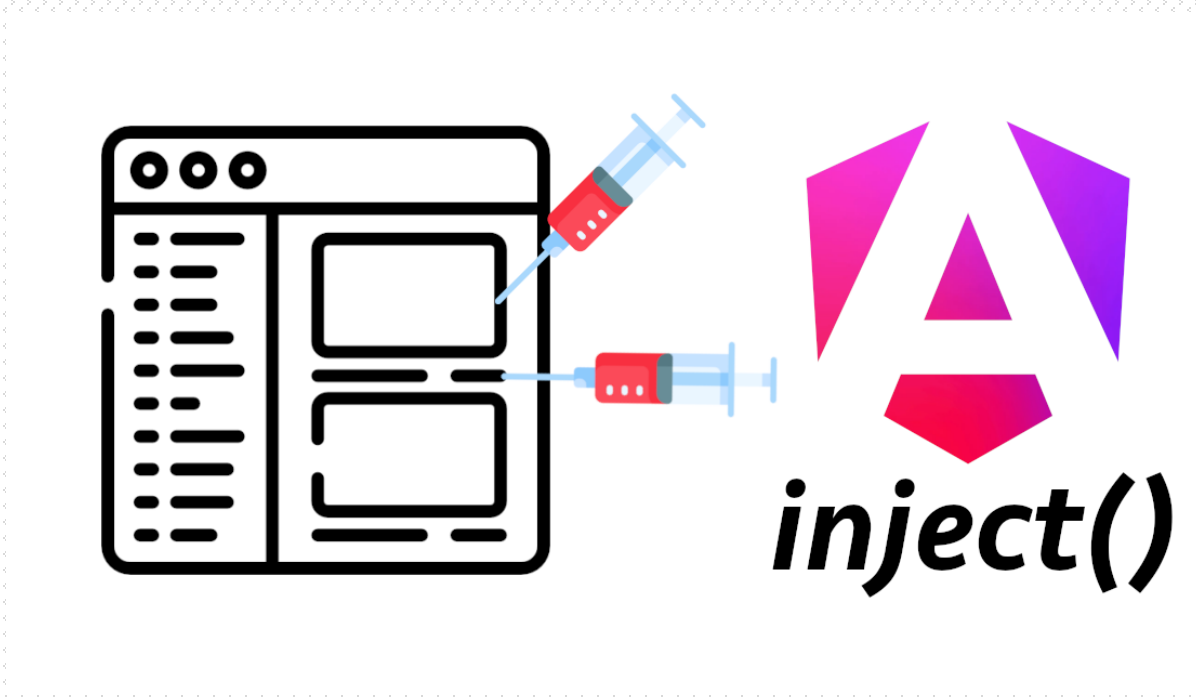
Can access services without marking them as `@Injectable`

Easier to mock inside tests

• Inject Function

ng generate ngxtension:convert-di-to-inject


ng generate angular/core:inject-migration (Angular 18+)



Control Flow



```
<div *ngIf="featureFlag === 'Beta'; else  
  nonBetaCustomers">  
  This is for beta customers  
</div>  
  
<ng-template #nonBetaCustomers>  
  <div>Non Beta Customers</div>  
</ng-template>
```



```
@if (featurFlag === 'Beta'){  
  <div>This is for beta customers</div>  
} @else {  
  <div>Non Beta Customers</div>  
}
```



Control Flow

Easier to read

Easier to write

Performance
gains



ng generate @angular/core:control-flow

@if

Replaces ngIf

@for

Replaces ngFor

@switch

Replaces ngSwitch

Typed Forms

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
import { FormBuilder, FormGroup } from '@angular/forms';

@Component({
  selector: 'app-user-form',
  template: `<form [formGroup]="form">
    <input formControlName="name" />
  </form>`,
})
export class UserFormComponent {
  form: FormGroup;
  constructor(private fb: FormBuilder) {
    this.form = this.fb.group({
      name: '',
      email: '',
    });
  }
}
```

```
import { Component } from '@angular/core';
import { FormBuilder, FormGroup, Validators } from '@angular/forms';

interface UserForm {
  name: string;
  email: string;
}

@Component({
  selector: 'app-user-form',
  template: `<form [formGroup]="form">
    <input formControlName="name" />
    <input formControlName="email" />
  </form>`,
})
export class UserFormComponent {
  form: FormGroup<UserForm>;
  constructor(private fb: FormBuilder) {
    this.form = this.fb.group({
      name: ['', Validators.required],
      email: ['', [Validators.required, Validators.email]],
    });
  }
}
```



Typed Forms

Type Safety

Value Type
Enforcement

No More Type
Assertions

Nested Form
Groups and
Arrays

Backward-
compatible
with existing
Angular forms

Form Structure
Validation

Eliminates the
need for
repetitive
typecasting or
as assertions.

Signal Inputs

```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  template: ``,
})
class MyComponent implements OnChanges {
  @Input({ required: true }) color:
  String;

  ngOnChanges(changes: SimpleChanges) {
    if (changes[color]) {
      console.log("Color has changed: ",
        changes.color.currentValue);
    }
  }
}
```

```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  template: ``,
})
class MyComponent implements OnChanges {
  color = input.required<String>();

  constructor() {
    effect(() => {
      console.log("Color changed: ",
        this.color());
    });
  }
}
```



Signal Inputs

Base on
Signals

Gets away
from
annotations

Easier to
detect changes

Read Only
Signal

Can transform
input value

`ng generate ngxtension:convert-signal-inputs`

`ng generate @angular/core:signal-input-migration (Angular 19+)`



• Signal Model Inputs

```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  template: ``
})
class MyComponent {
  @Input({ required: true }) color:
String;

  @Output() colorChange = new
EventEmitter<string>();

  updateValue(newColor: string) {
    this.colorChange.emit(newColor);
  }
}
```

```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  template: ``
})
class MyComponent {
  color = model.required<string>();

  updateValue(newColor: string) {
    this.color.update((current) =>
newColor;
  }
}
```



• Signal Model Inputs

Base on
Signals

Writeable
Signal

Two-way
binding Signal

Cannot
transform input
value

• Outputs

```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  template: `<button
(click)="emitClick($event)">Click
here</button>`,
})
class MyComponent {
  @Output() buttonClick = new
  EventEmitter<MouseEvent>();

  emitClick(event: MouseEvent): void {
    this.buttonClick.emit(event);
  }
}
```

```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  template: `<button
(click)="emitClick($event)">Click
here</button>`,
})
class MyComponent {
  buttonClick = output<MouseEvent>();

  emitClick(event: MouseEvent): void {
    this.buttonClick.emit(event);
  }
}
```



• Outputs

Not Signal
Based

Consistency
with input API

EventEmitters
are no longer
based on RxJS
under the hood

Performance

for RXJs - `subscribe()`, `outputFromObservable()`,
`outputToObservable()` if needed

• Outputs

`ng generate ngxtension:convert-outputs`

`ng generate @angular/core:output-migration (Angular 19+)`



Signal Queries

```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  template: `<b #color>Color</b>`,
})
class MyComponent implements AfterViewInit {
  @ViewChild('color') color;

  ngAfterViewInit() {
    console.log(this.color);
  }
}
```

```
@Component({
  selector: "my-component",
  standalone: true,
  template: `<b #color>Color</b>`,
})
class MyComponent implements AfterViewInit {
  color = viewChild<ElementRef>("color");

  constructor() {
    effect(() => {
      console.log(this.color());
    });
  }
}
```



Signal Queries

viewChild,
viewChildren

contentChild,
contentChildren

No life cycle
hooks needed






• Signal Queries

`ng generate ngxtension:convert-queries`

`ng generate @angular/core:signal-queries-migration` (Angular 19+)



<https://blog.angular-university.io/angular-signal-components/>

	Feature	Introduced in	Purpose
	Functional Router Guards	Angular 15+	Cleaner routing
	SSR Hydration	Angular 16+	Faster server-side rendering
	Signal APIs	Angular 19+	Asynchronous data with the power of signals.
	Angular CLI Enhancements	Angular 14+	Easier debugging and build optimization
	Improved Performance with Ivy and Ahead-of-Time Compilation	Angular 14+	Faster initial load times and reduced JavaScript bundle size

Key Takeaways

- Typed Forms improve code quality and developer productivity by leveraging TypeScript features.
- Signals optimize state management performance with fine-grained reactivity.
- Standalone Components simplify the architecture and make modular development easier.
- Injection Functions provide more flexible and dynamic dependency injection.



```
ng generate @angular/core:standalone
ng generate @angular/core:migrate-router-to-lazy-load
ng generate @angular/core:inject-migration
ng generate @angular/core:control-flow
ng generate @angular/core:signal-input-migration
ng generate @angular/core:output-migration
ng update @angular/cli --name use-application-builder
```

ng update @angular/cli --name use-application-builder

<https://angular.dev/reference/migrations>

Generic Best Practices for Angular Development

- Keep Angular updated to take advantage of the latest features.
- Structure Your Application Modularly
- Keep Components Small and Reusable
- Optimize Performance
- Follow Angular Style Guide
- Implement Proper Error Handling
- Ensure Proper Testing Coverage
- Use Angular Material for Consistent UI
- Keep Security in Mind.





THANK YOU

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