



Inspiring Excellence

Course Title: Programming Language II

Course Code: CSE 111

Lab Assignment no: 6

Task 1

Write a **Student** class to get the desired output as shown below.

1. Create a Student class and a class variable called ID initialized with 0.
2. Create a constructor that takes 4 parameters: name, department, age and cgpa.
3. Write a **get_details()** method to represent all the details of a Student
4. Write a *class method* **from_String()** that takes 1 parameter which includes name, department, age and cgpa all four attributes in string.

<i>#Write your code here for subtasks 1-6.</i>	OUTPUT
<pre>s1 = Student("Samin", "CSE", 21, 3.91) s1.get_details() print("-----") s2 = Student("Fahim", "ECE", 21, 3.85) s2.get_details() print("-----") s3 = Student("Tahura", "EEE", 22, 3.01) s3.get_details() print("-----") s4 = Student.from_String("Sumaiya-BBA-23-3.96") s4.get_details()</pre>	ID: 1 Name: Samin Department: CSE Age: 21 CGPA: 3.91 ----- ID: 2 Name: Fahim Department: ECE Age: 21 CGPA: 3.85 ----- ID: 3 Name: Tahura Department: EEE Age: 22 CGPA: 3.01 ----- ID: 4 Name: Sumaiya Department: BBA Age: 23 CGPA: 3.96
<i># Write the answer of subtask 5 here</i>	
<i># Write the answer of subtask 6 here</i>	
<i>#You are not allowed to change the code above</i>	

5. Explain the difference between a class variable and an instance variable. Print your answer at the very end of your code.
6. What is the difference between an instance method and class method? Print your answer at the very end

Task 2

Write a class called **Dates** with the required constructor and methods.

Subtask:

1. Create a **class** called Dates and create the required **constructor**
2. Create a **class method** called toDashDate() to replace the "/" from date to "-".
3. Create getDate() **method** to access variables.
4. In the conditional statement it prints "Equal". Explain why.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Write your code here for subtasks 1-5

```
date1 = Dates("05-09-2020")
dateFromDB = "05/09/2020"
date2= Dates.toDashDate(dateFromDB)

if(date1.getDate() == date2.getDate()):
    print("Equal")
else:
    print("Unequal")
```

Task 3

Implement the design of the **Passenger** class so that the following output is produced:

The assumption is Bus base-fare is 450 taka. A passenger can carry upto 20 kg for free. 50 taka will be added if bag weight is between 21 and 50 kg. 100 taka will be added if bag weight is greater than 50 kg.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

<pre># Write your code here print("Total Passenger:", Passenger.count) p1 = Passenger("Jack") p1.set_bag_weight(90) p2 = Passenger("Carol") p2.set_bag_weight(10) p3 = Passenger("Mike") p3.set_bag_weight(25) print("=====") p1.printDetail() print("=====") p2.printDetail() print("=====") p3.printDetail() print("=====") print("Total Passenger:", Passenger.count)</pre>	<p>Output:</p> <p>Total Passenger: 0</p> <p>=====</p> <p>Name: Jack Bus Fare: 550 taka</p> <p>=====</p> <p>Name: Carol Bus Fare: 450 taka</p> <p>=====</p> <p>Name: Mike Bus Fare: 500 taka</p> <p>=====</p> <p>Total Passenger: 3</p>
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Task 4

Implement the design of the **Travel** class so that the following output is produced:

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

Write your code here

```
print("No. of Traveller =", Travel.count)
print("=====")
t1 = Travel("Dhaka","India")
print(t1.display_travel_info())
print("=====")
t2 = Travel("Kuala Lumpur","Dhaka")
t2.set_time(23)
print(t2.display_travel_info())
print("=====")
t3 = Travel("Dhaka","New_Zealand")
t3.set_time(15)
t3.set_destination("Germany")
print(t3.display_travel_info())
print("=====")
t4 = Travel("Dhaka","India")
t4.set_time(9)
t4.set_source("Malaysia")
t4.set_destination("Canada")
print(t4.display_travel_info())
print("=====")
print("No. of Traveller =", Travel.count)
```

Output

No. of Traveller = 0

=====

Source: Dhaka

Destination:India

Flight Time:1:00

=====

Source: Kuala Lumpur

Destination:Dhaka

Flight Time:23:00

=====

Source: Dhaka

Destination:Germany

Flight Time:15:00

=====

Source: Malaysia

Destination:Canada

Flight Time:9:00

=====

No of Traveller = 4

Task 5

Implement the design of the **Fruit** class so that the following output is produced

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

<i># Write your code here</i> <pre>apples = Fruit("Apple", 3); pears = Fruit("Pear", 4); print(apples.name, apples.count) print(pears.name,pears.count) print("Total number of fruits", Fruit.fruitCount) Fruit.saySomethingGood() Fruit.resetcount() print("Total number of fruits", Fruit.fruitCount)</pre>	<i>Output</i> Apple 3 Pear 4 Total number of fruits 7 Fruits are good for health Total number of fruits 0
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Task 6

Design **Cat** class for the following code to get the output as shown.

You have already solved this problem in assignment 4 using constructor overloading. Now, solve this again but this time DO NOT USE CONSTRUCTOR OVERLOADING.

Hint: You will have to use classmethods.

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

<pre># Write your code here print("Total number of cats:", Cat.Number_of_cats) c1 = Cat.no_parameter() c2 = Cat.first_parameter("Black") c3 = Cat("Brown", "jumping") c4 = Cat("Red", "purring") c5 = Cat.second_parameter("playing") print("=====") c1.printCat() c2.printCat() c3.printCat() c4.printCat() c5.printCat() c1.changeColor("Blue") c3.changeColor("Purple") c1.printCat() c3.printCat() print("=====") print("Total number of cats:", Cat.Number_of_cats)</pre>	<p>Output:</p> <pre>Total number of cats: 0 ===== White cat is sitting Black cat is sitting Brown cat is jumping Red cat is purring Grey cat is playing Blue cat is sitting Purple cat is jumping ===== Total number of cats: 5</pre>
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Task 7

Write a **Cylinder** class to get the desired output as shown below.

1. You will have to create a Cylinder class.
2. You will have to create 2 class variables.
3. Create a required constructor.
4. Write 2 *class methods*:
 - One that takes the height first and then the radius and then swaps
 - One that takes a string where the radius and height values are separated with a hyphen.

Write 2 *static methods*:

- One that calculates the area of a whole cylinder (*formula: $2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$*)
- Another that calculates the volume of a cylinder (*formula: $\pi r^2 h$*)

***Observe the output values carefully to understand how the radius and height values are changing.*

[You are not allowed to change the code below]

<pre># Write your code here c1 = Cylinder(0,0) Cylinder.area(c1.radius,c1.height) Cylinder.volume(c1.radius,c1.height) print("=====") c2 = Cylinder.swap(8,3) c2.area(c2.radius,c2.height) c2.volume(c2.radius,c2.height) print("=====") c3 = Cylinder.changeFormat("7-13") c3.area(c3.radius,c3.height) c3.volume(c3.radius,c3.height) print("=====") Cylinder(0.3,5.56).area(Cylinder.radius,Cylinder.height) print("=====") Cylinder(3,5).volume(Cylinder.radius,Cylinder.height))</pre>	<p>Output: Default radius=5 and height=18. Updated: radius=0 and height=0. Area: 0.0 Volume: 0.0 ===== Default radius=0 and height=0. Updated: radius=3 and height=8. Area: 207.34511513692635 Volume: 226.1946710584651 ===== Default radius=3 and height=8. Updated: radius=7.0 and height=13.0. Area: 879.645943005142 Volume: 2001.1945203366981 ===== Default radius=7.0 and height=13.0. Updated: radius=0.3 and height=5.56. Area: 11.045839770021713 ===== Default radius=0.3 and height=5.56. Updated: radius=3 and height=5. Volume: 141.3716694115407</p>
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