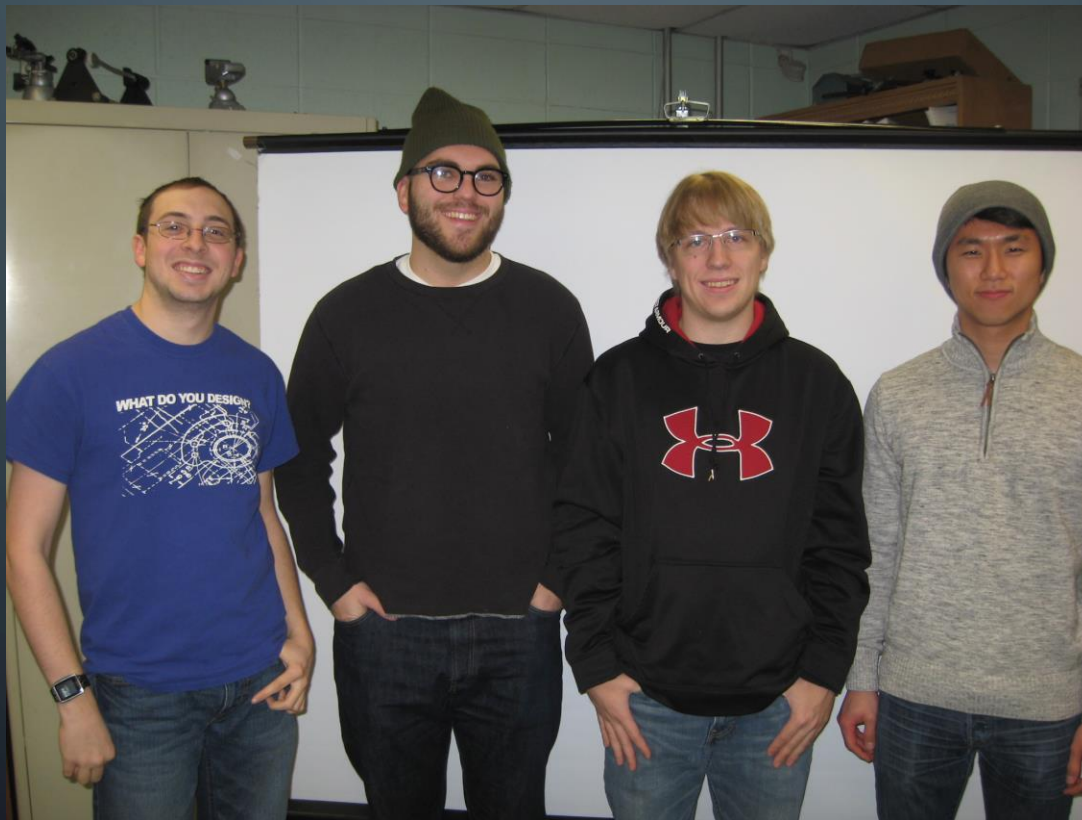


ECE 477 DESIGN REVIEW

TEAM 4 – SPRING 2015



Matt Carpenter, Grant Gumina, Chris Holly, and Michael Pak

The background of the slide features a dark blue gradient with white, stylized circuit traces. These traces, consisting of lines and small circles, are positioned along the left and right edges, creating a technical or electronic theme.

OUTLINE

- Project overview
- Project-specific success criteria
- Block diagram
- Component selection rationale
- Packaging design
- Schematic and theory of operation
- PCB layout
- Software design/development status
- Project completion timeline
- Questions / discussion

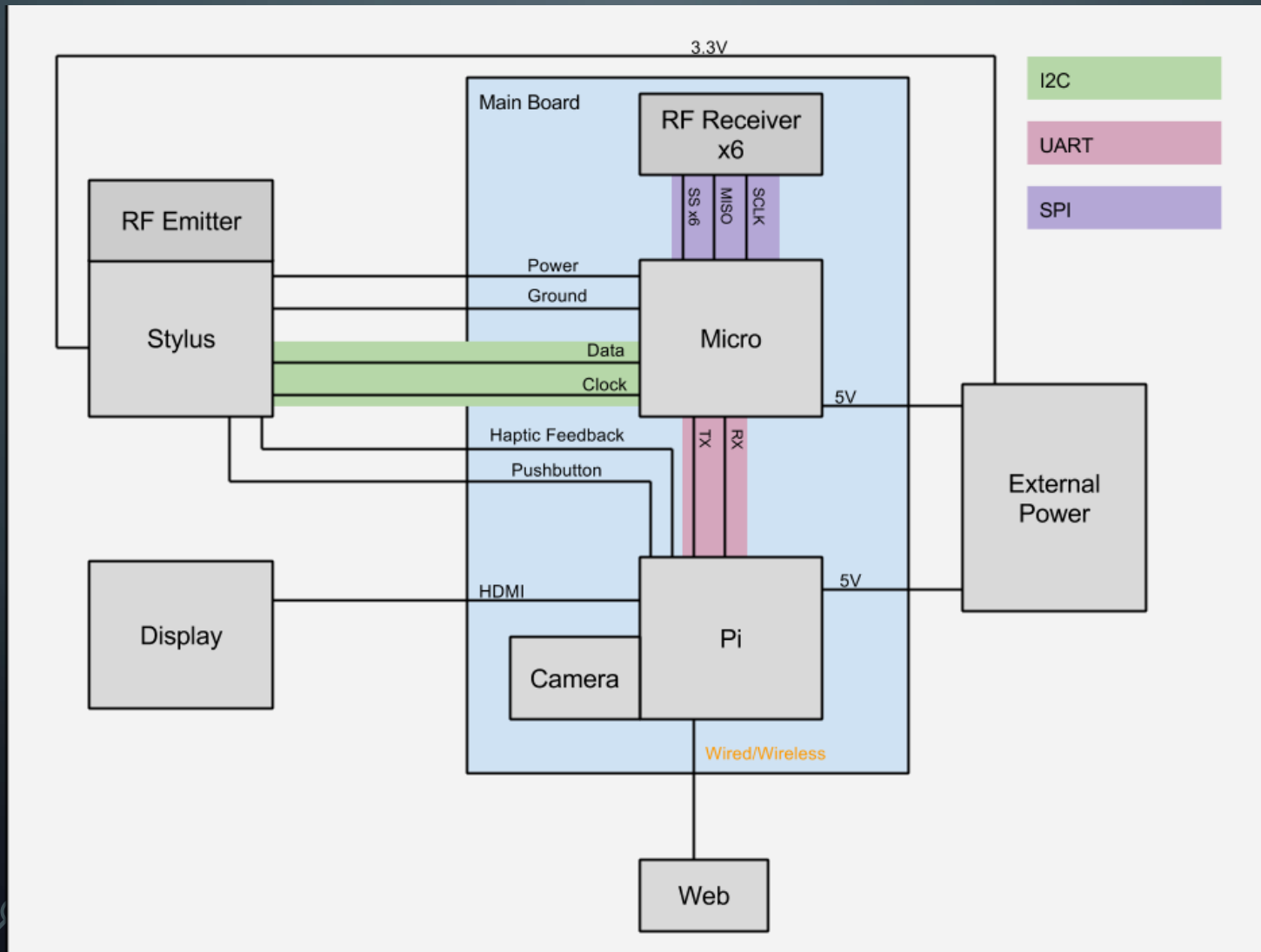
PROJECT OVERVIEW

- A system which allows the user to draw and manipulate objects in a virtual environment
- Utilizes a pen whose location in the 3D workspace is known to provide an intuitive, natural interface
- Environment can be viewed and settings modified remotely through a web interface

PROJECT-SPECIFIC SUCCESS CRITERIA

- An ability to remotely view the canvas as well as analytical data using a web or mobile interface.
- An ability to identify and communicate to the user (using some form of haptic feedback mechanism) when the stylus is in close proximity to a previously drawn object.
- An ability to assist the user in drawing straight lines and other primitive shapes using smoothing algorithms.
- An ability to determine the location of a point in 3D space based on wireless signal strength as measured from multiple locations.
- An ability to maintain reasonable (percentage TBD) accuracy locating the stylus regardless of its orientation.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



COMPONENT SELECTION: MICROCONTROLLER

- Selection Criteria:

- Performance
- Community support and software tools
- Power consumption

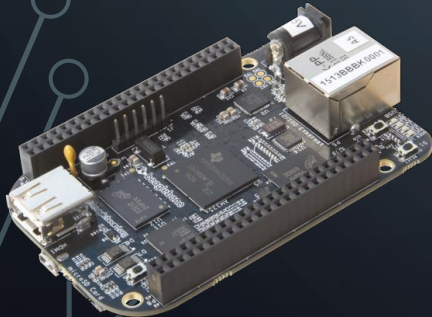
- Considerations: ATmega328p, TI MSP430, and PIC24FJ256DA206-I/PT

- Final Decision: ATmega328p for strong community



COMPONENT SELECTION: *CENTRAL COMPUTING DEVICE*

- Selection based on Cost and amount of I/O
- Decision between Beaglebone Black, Raspberry Pi, and Hummingboard
- Raspberry Pi was overall winner



COMPONENT SELECTION:

RF MODULE

- Requirements
 - Operate in the unlicensed 433-444 MHz band
 - Release and experience minimal interference from system
 - Support RSSI (Received Signal Strength Indicator)
- Final Selection:
 - Link TRM-433 Transceiver IC

COMPONENT SELECTION: *ORIENTATION SENSOR*

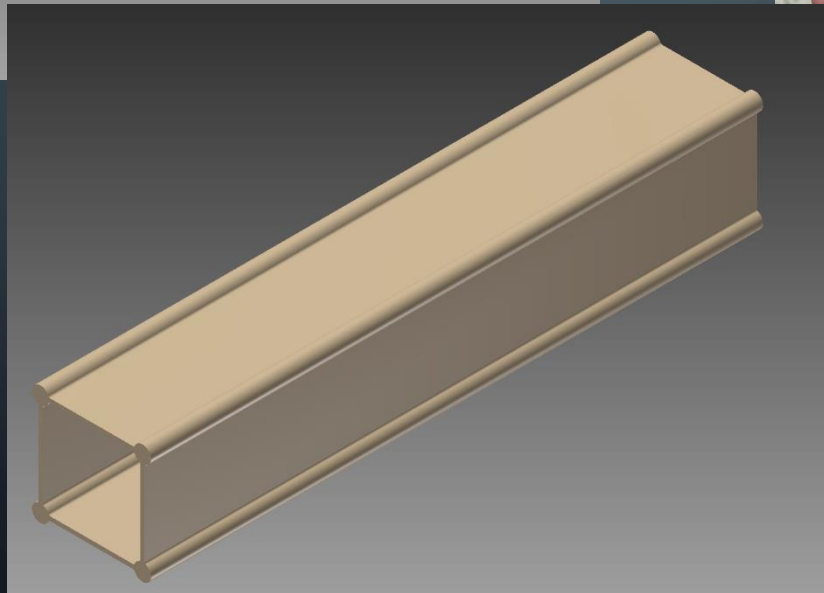
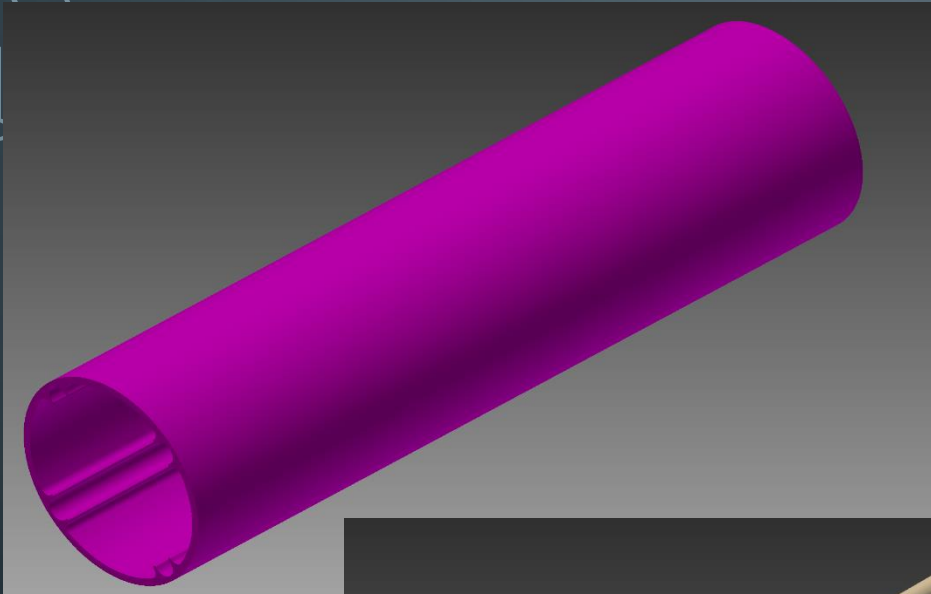
- Inertial Measurement Unit
 - Combines Accelerometer, Compass, Gyroscope
 - Allows device orientation to be determined with reasonable accuracy
- Contenders: Razor IMU & Sensor Stick
 - Sensor Stick similarly equipped while being smaller, less expensive

PACKAGING DESIGN - STYLUS

Two piece, 3D printed construction comprised of outer body and inner core to which PCBs are attached

- Modular
- Inexpensive to manufacture
- Easy to swap in different grip designs for testing

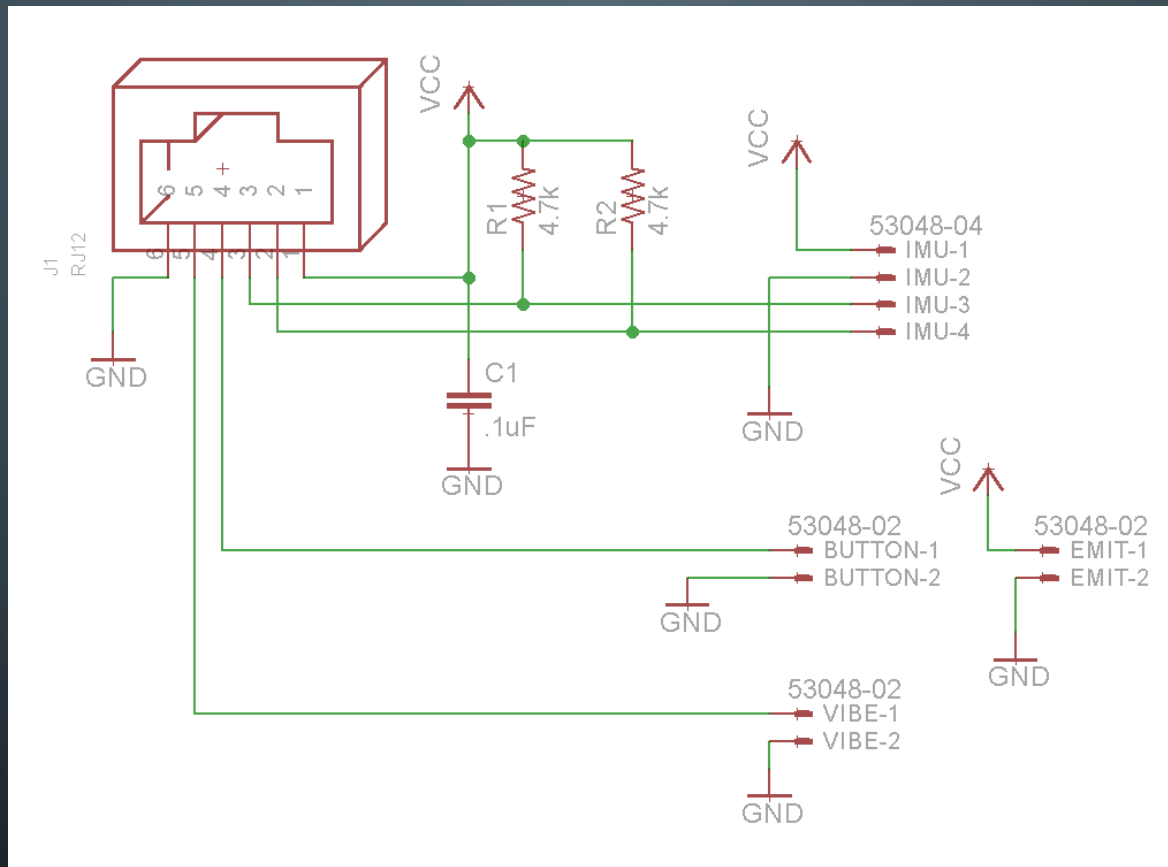
PACKAGING DESIGN - STYLUS



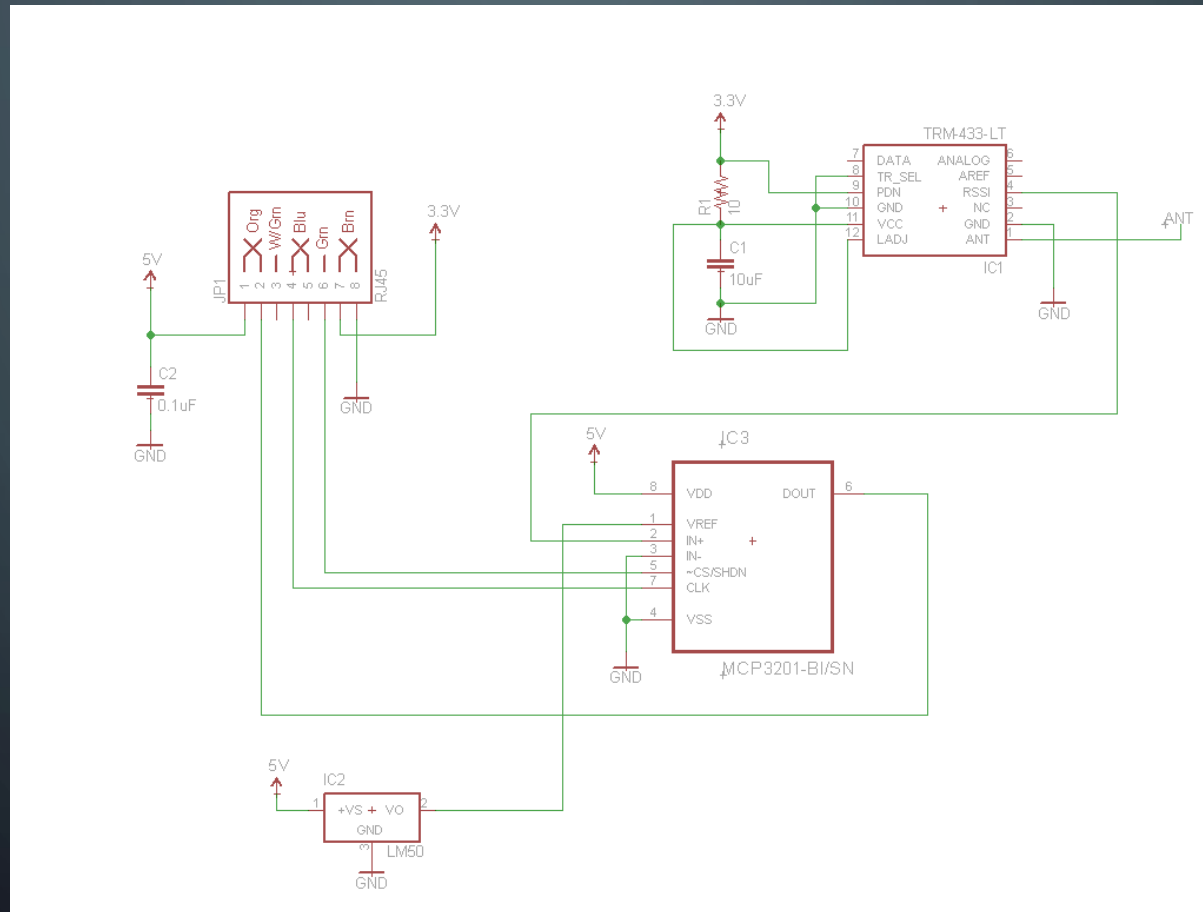
PACKAGING DESIGN: *MAIN BOARD & RECEIVERS*

- Main Board:
 - Simple combination of two sheets of Polycarbonate/Acrylic with board attached in the middle to protect it from damage
- Receivers:
 - Dependent on results of experiments once boards have been produced and assembled

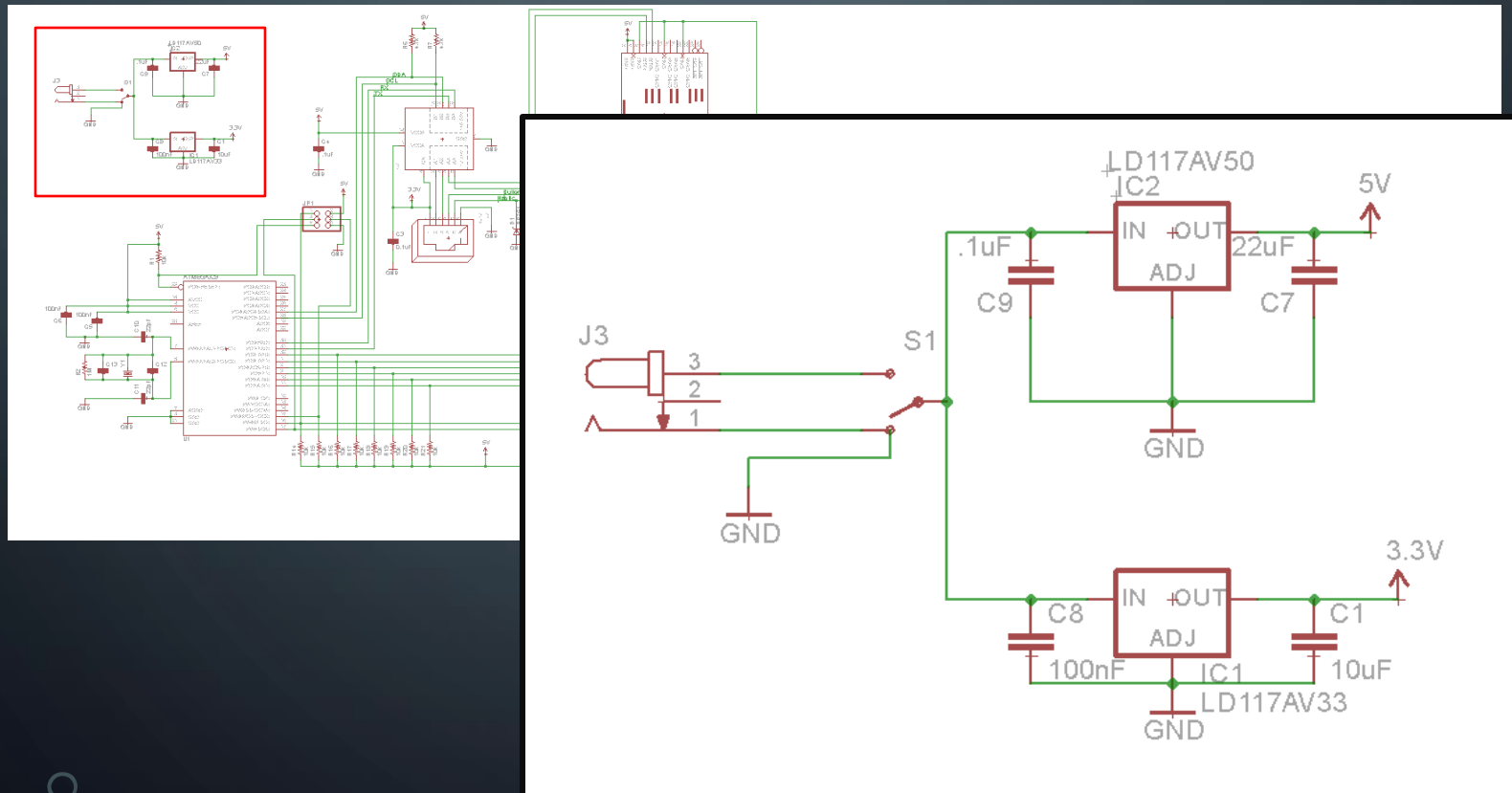
SCHEMATIC/THEORY OF OPERATION: *STYLUS*



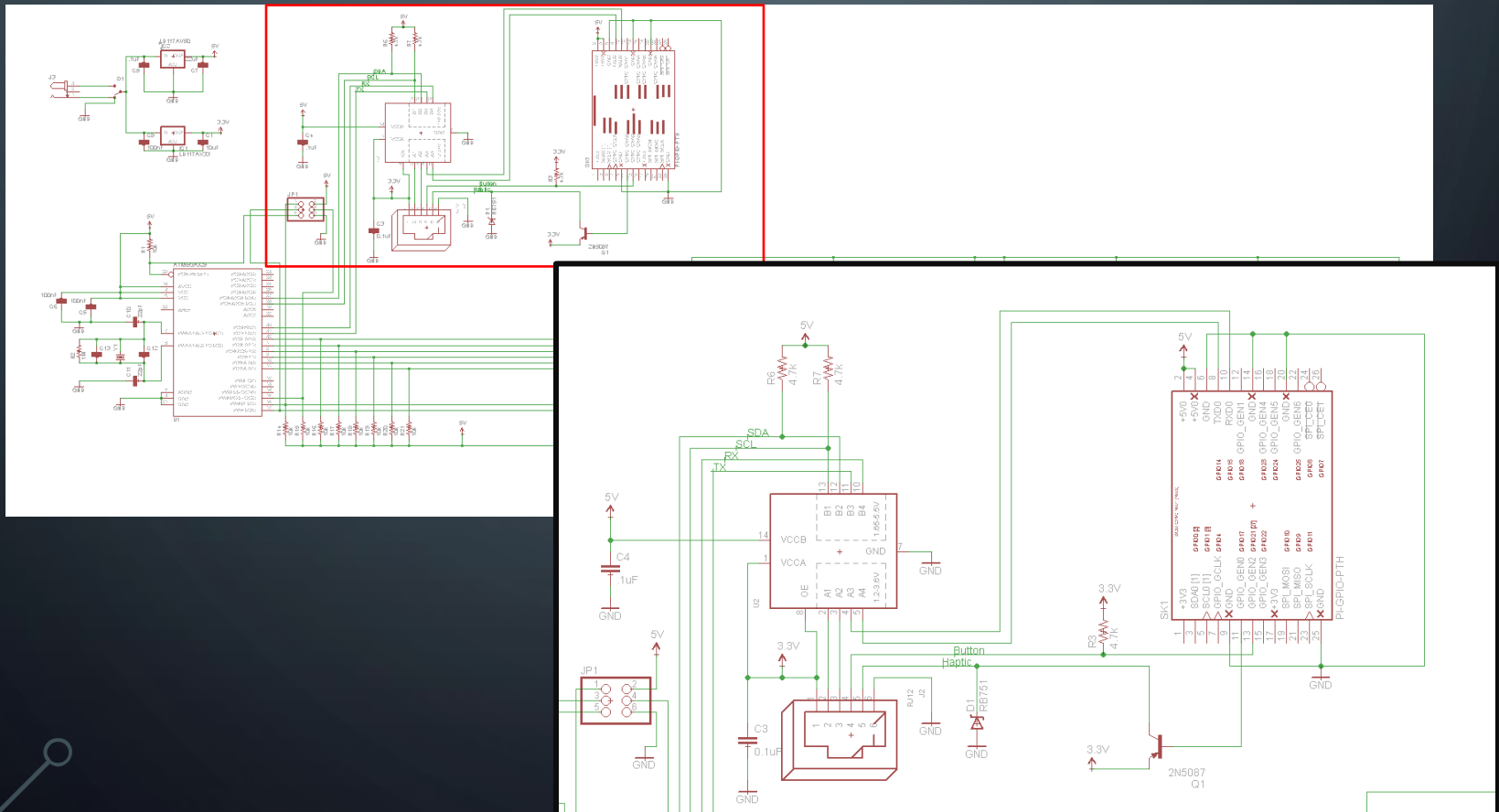
SCHEMATIC/THEORY OF OPERATION: *RECEIVER*



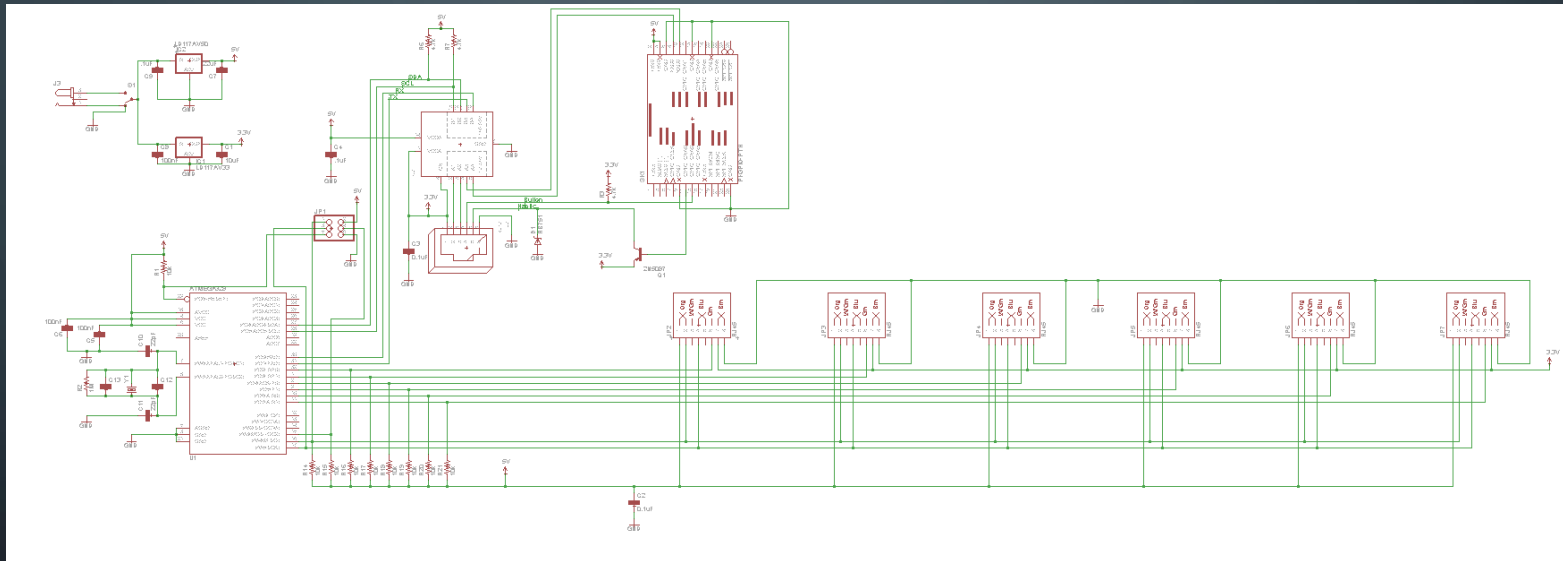
SCHEMATIC/THEORY OF OPERATION: MAIN BOARD – POWER CIRCUIT



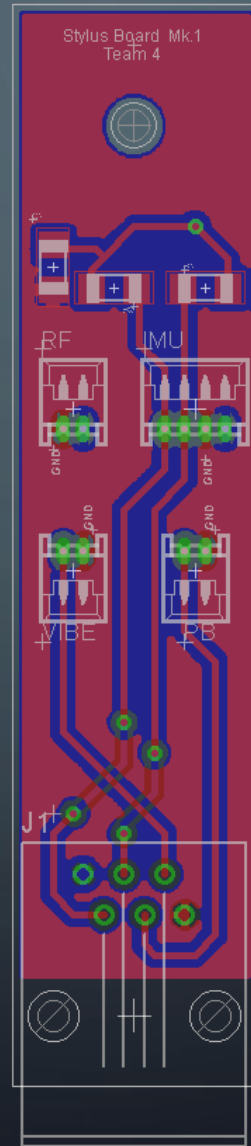
SCHEMATIC/THEORY OF OPERATION: MAIN BOARD - CONNECTIVITY



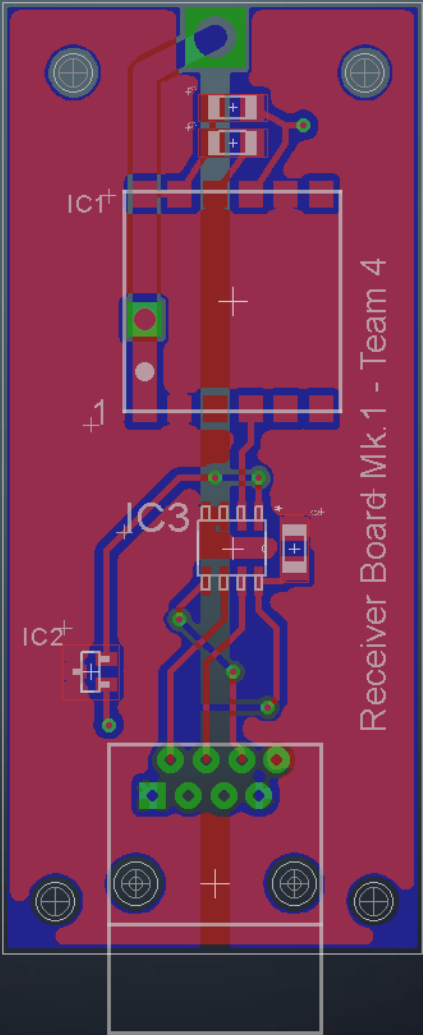
SCHEMATIC/THEORY OF OPERATION: MAIN BOARD



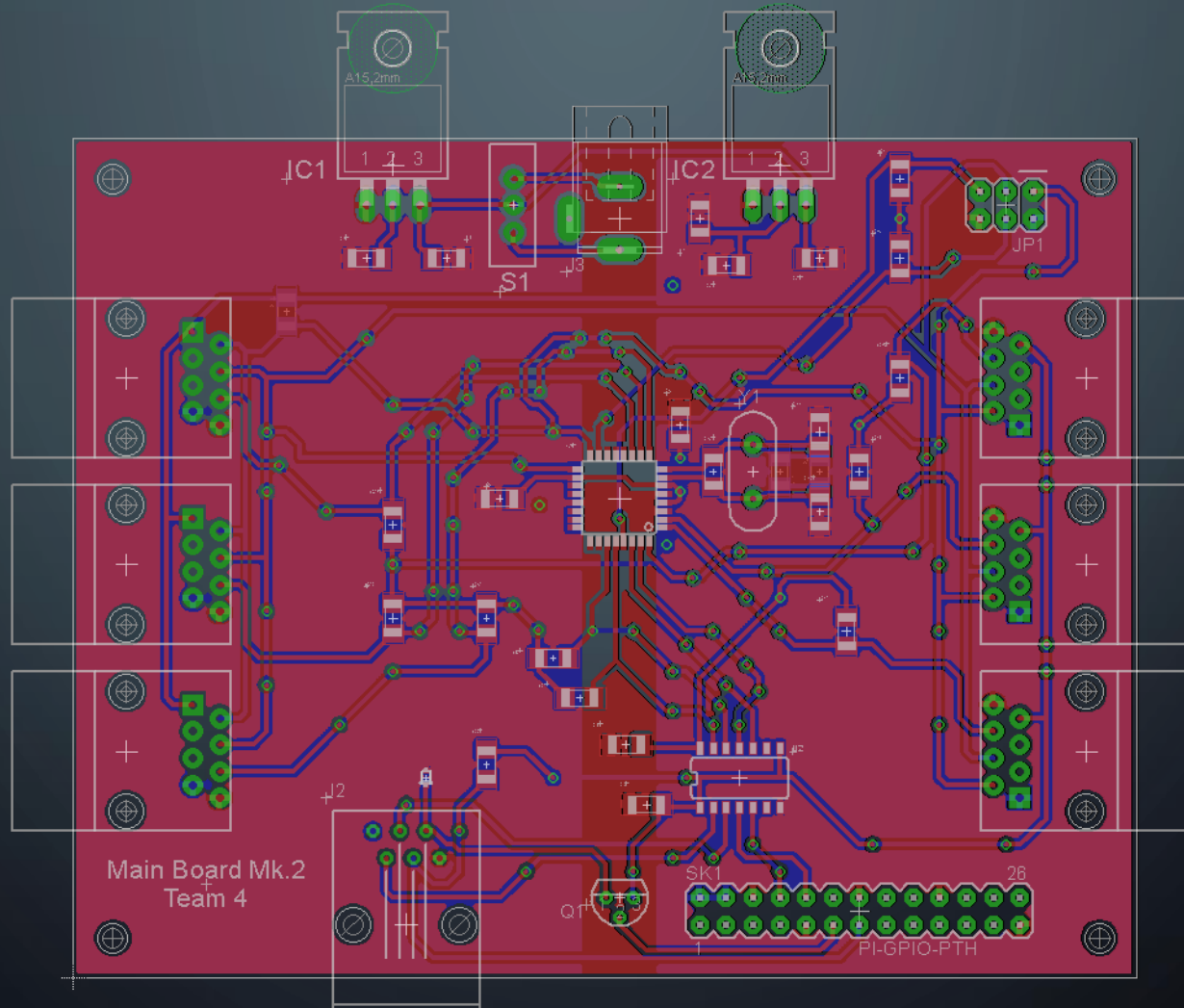
PCB LAYOUT – STYLUS



PCB LAYOUT – RECEIVER



PCB LAYOUT – MAIN BOARD



SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT STATUS: *RASPBERRY PI ENVIRONMENT*

- Camera Location: In Progress
- Object Drawing
 - Single Point Objects: COMPLETE
 - Double Point Objects: In Progress
- Intersection Detection: COMPLETE
- Save/Load: Future

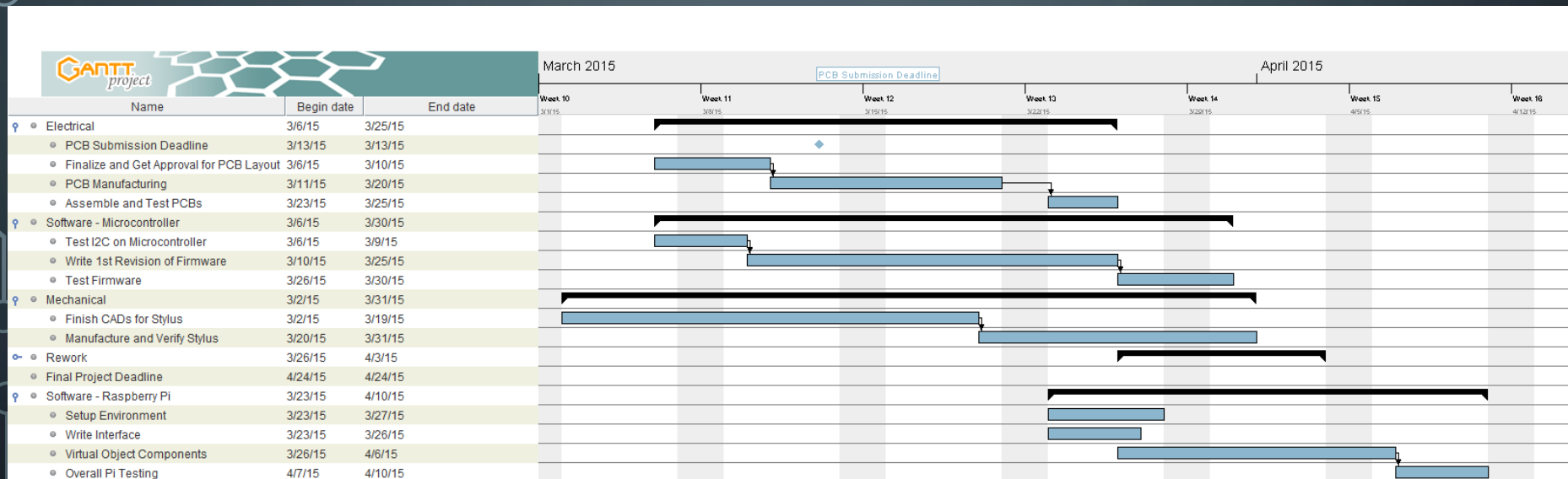
SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT STATUS: *RASPBERRY PI INTERFACE*

- Coordinate Input (UART)
 - Determine Transmission Standards: In Progress
 - Convert Raw Signal to Float: COMPLETE
- Button Input (GPIO): In Progress
- Haptic Feedback (GPIO): In Progress

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT STATUS: *MICROCONTROLLER*

- Process RSSI Input (SPI): In Progress
- Transmit Coordinates (UART): COMPLETE
- Process IMU Input (I²C): Future
- Compute Coordinates: In Progress
- Smooth Coordinates: Future

PROJECT COMPLETION TIMELINE



Projection Completion Goal: 3rd week of April

The background is a dark blue gradient. In the corners, there are white, stylized lines resembling circuit traces or neural network connections. These lines end in small circles, some of which are connected to each other, forming a sparse network pattern.

QUESTIONS?

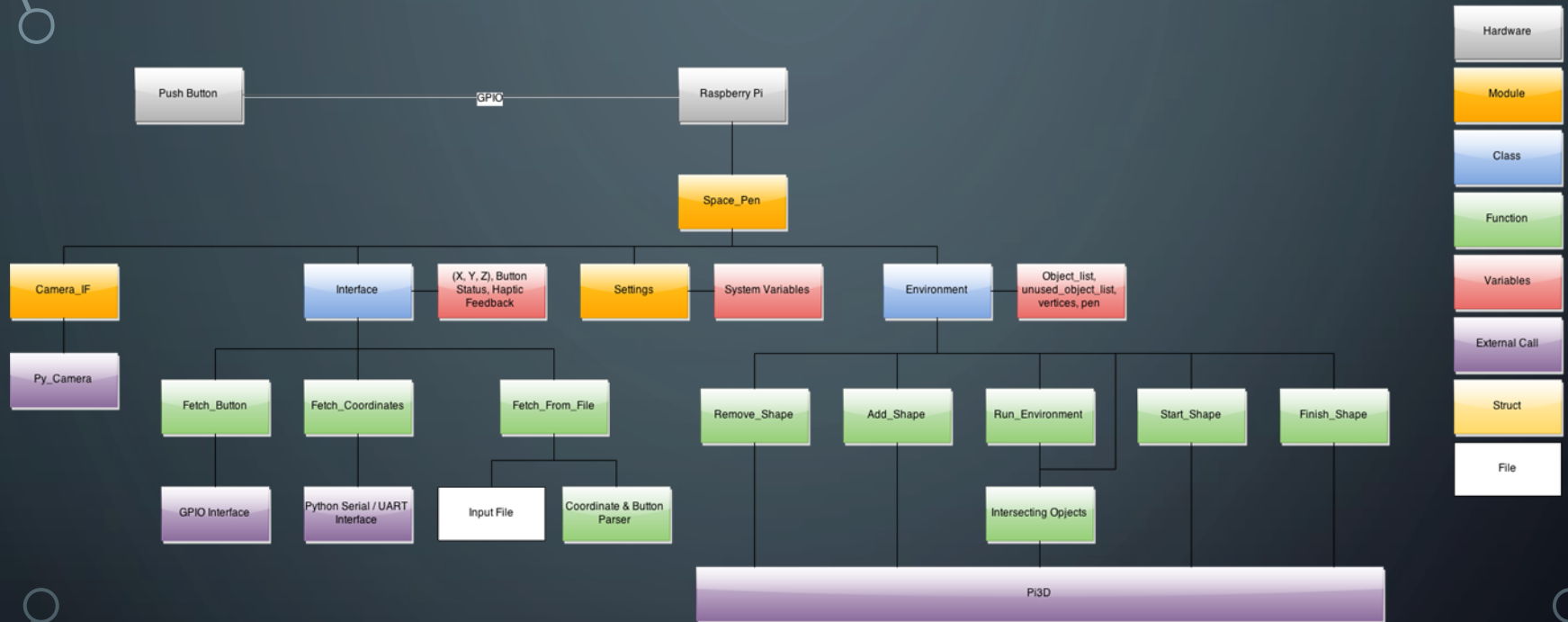
The background of the slide features a dark blue gradient with white, stylized circuit board traces. These traces are composed of thin lines and small circles, resembling solder points or vias, and are distributed across the corners and edges of the frame. The main title is positioned in the upper left area, with the word 'SOFTWARE:' in a bold, sans-serif font, and the subtitle 'TESTING STILL TO BE DONE' in a larger, italicized, sans-serif font.

SOFTWARE:

TESTING STILL TO BE DONE

- Camera Alignment
- Dual Point Object Drawing
- Saving/Loading Objects
- GPIO (Button) Input
- Haptic Feedback
- Computing/Smoothing Coordinates
- Processing IMU Input

RASPBERRY PI SOFTWARE LAYOUT



RASPBERRY PI SOFTWARE PROGRESS

