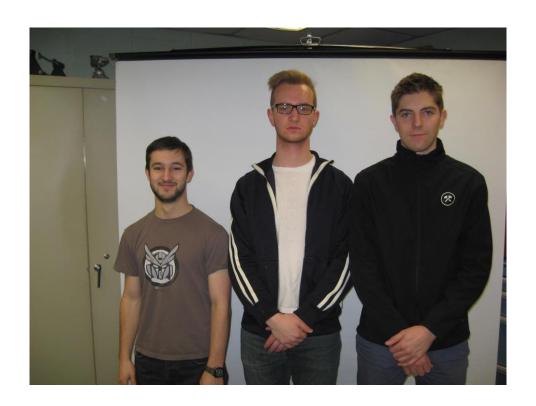
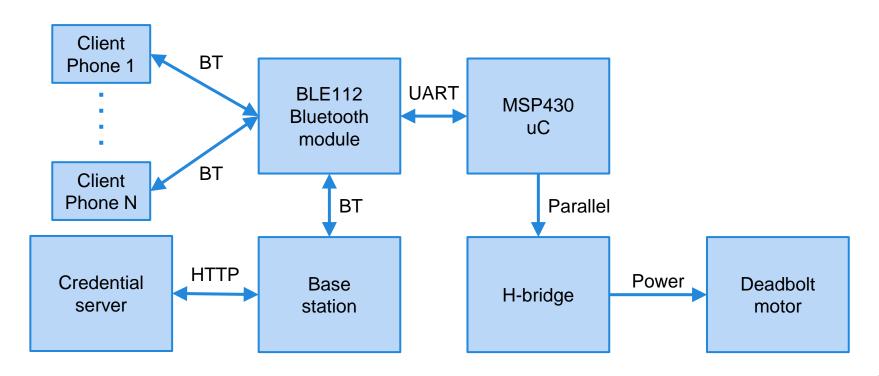
ECE 477 Design Review

Team15 - Social Lock

Team



System Block Diagram



PSSCs

- 1. An ability to securely determine whether a given mobile device is authorized to unlock the door.
- 2. An ability to mechanically displace the deadbolt to unlock and relock the door.
- 3. An ability to monitor the battery state and indicate a low battery condition to the user.
- 4. An ability to grant and revoke access to additional smartphones without either being physically present at the lock.
- 5. An ability to use grant temporary access to additional smartphones which expires automatically at the appointed time.

Component Selection Rationale

Microcontroller
Bluetooth Module
H Bridge
LDO Regulator
Battery Monitor

Microcontroller

TI MSP430F6659

Strong Community
Powerful
Our team is familiar
with the tools



Bluetooth Module

Bluegiga BLE112

Built in microcontroller UART Programmable Well-supported



H Bridge Toshiba TB6593FNG

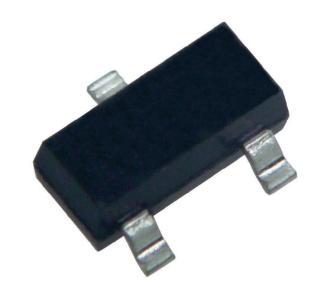
Low minimum motor supply voltage (< 3V) Low ambient current draw High current capacity (1.2A)**Analog control**



LDO Regulator

Microchip Technology MCP1700T

Simple, 3 pin package
Max power consumption:
~150mW
Sleep power
consumption: ~15 uW



Battery Monitor

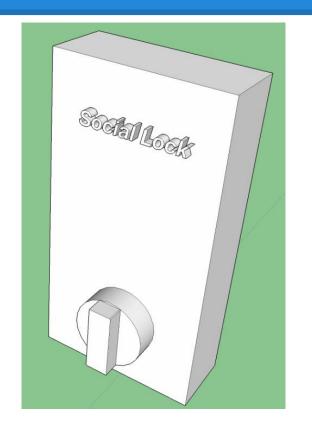
Maxim 6775XKA+T

Low, 0.87uA current draw
1% Accuracy
Only need to indicate low
battery warning
Simpler than coulomb counter



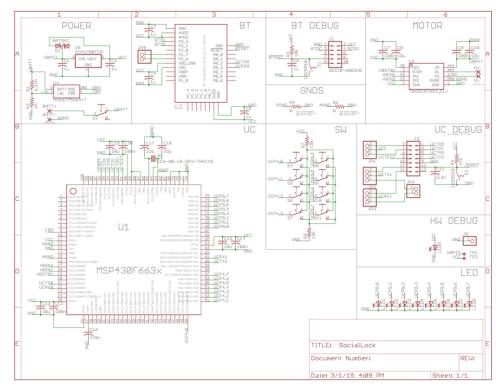
Packaging Design

3D printed box that fits over deadbolt Does not require any tools to install Removable adhesive affixes device to door



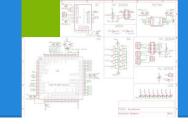
Schematic/Theory of Operation

Schematic broken into blocks
Each block covered in following slides

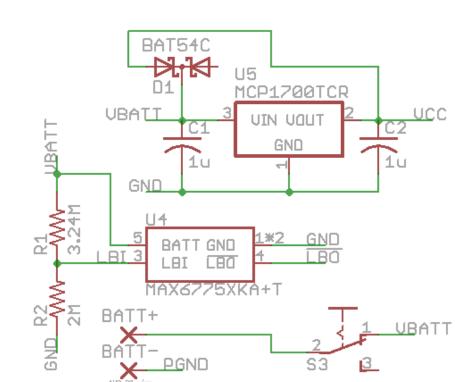


Power Block

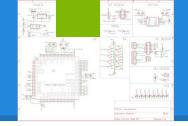
Battery leads
LDO regulator
Battery monitor
Power switch



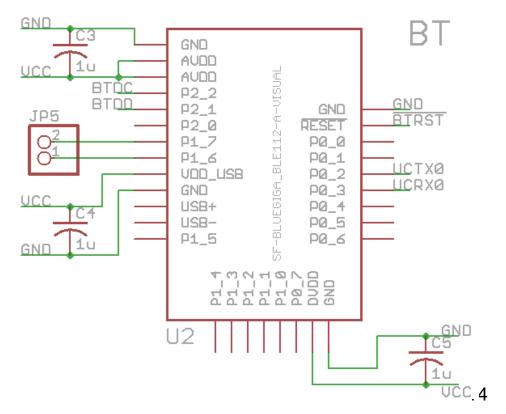
POWER



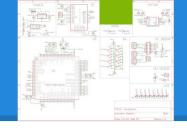
Bluetooth Block



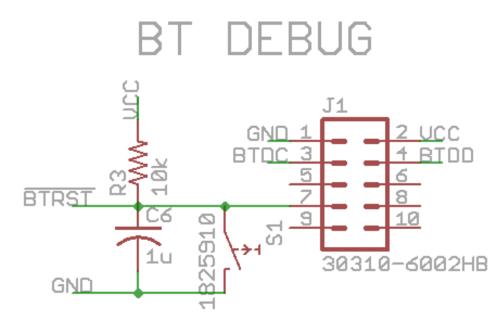
BLE112A module Decoupling caps uC UART Debug UART



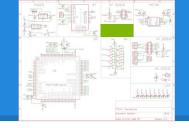
Bluetooth Debug Block



10-pin JTAG nRST switch Vcc sense (not supply)



Grounds Block

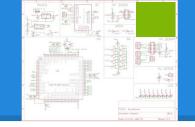


Fake resistors
Connect AGND,
PGND to GND

GNDS

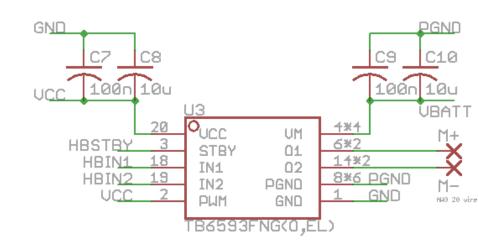


Motor Block

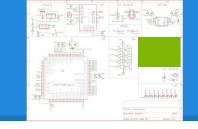


H-bridge Decoupling caps uC control 20-SSOP, 5 pins **Unregulated VBATT** for motor

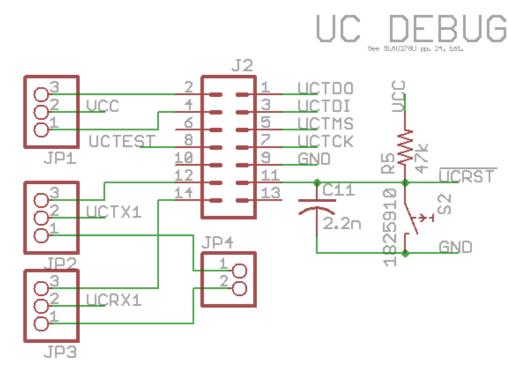




uC Debug Block



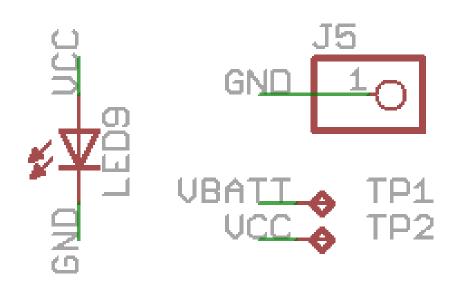
14-pin JTAG nRST shared with debugger **Backchannel UART** Power source selection



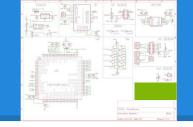
HW Debug Block

Power LED Voltage test points

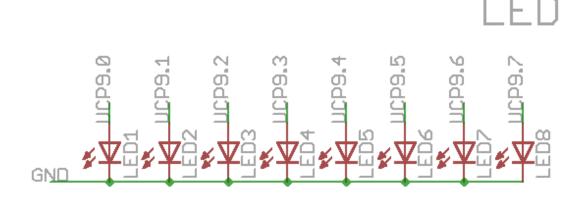






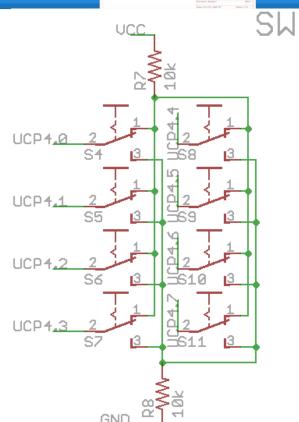


Output LEDs for uC



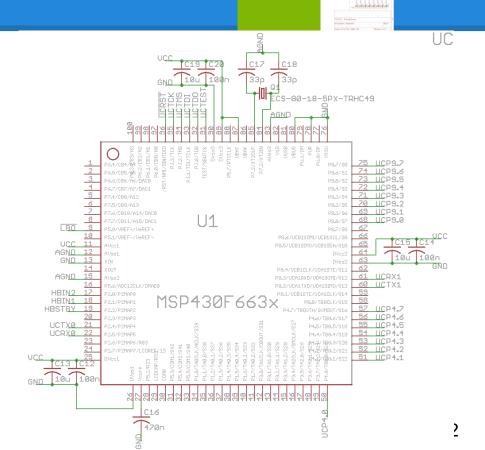
Switch Block

Input switches for uC

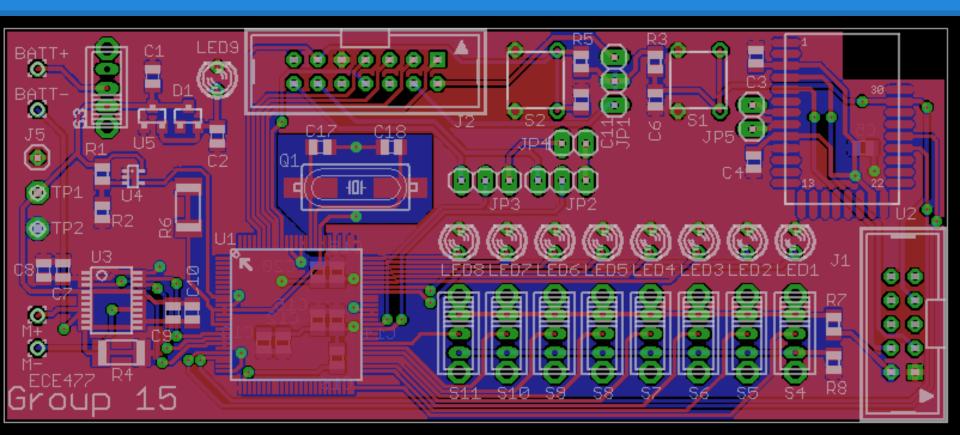


uC Block

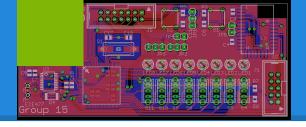
Isolated 8 MHz
crystal
Decoupling caps
Signal lines to
everything else



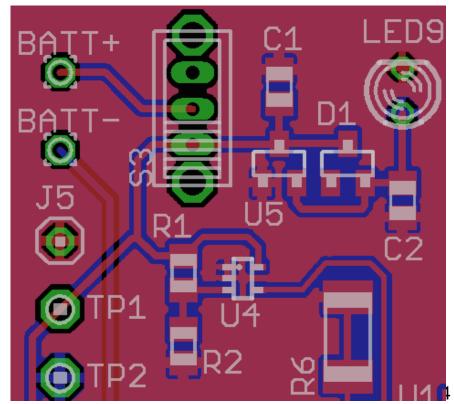
PCB Layout – 1.65"x3.95"



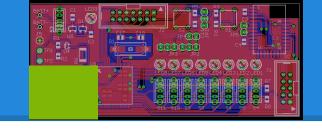
Power Layout



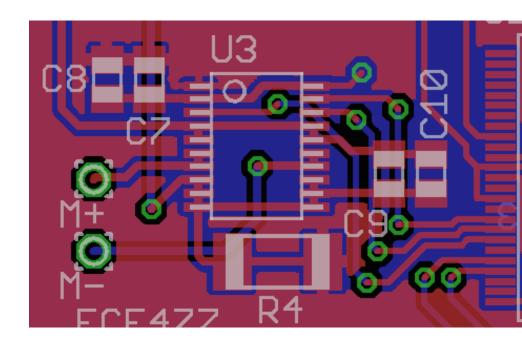
Power switch
Indicator LED
Back-voltage
protection via
Schottky diode





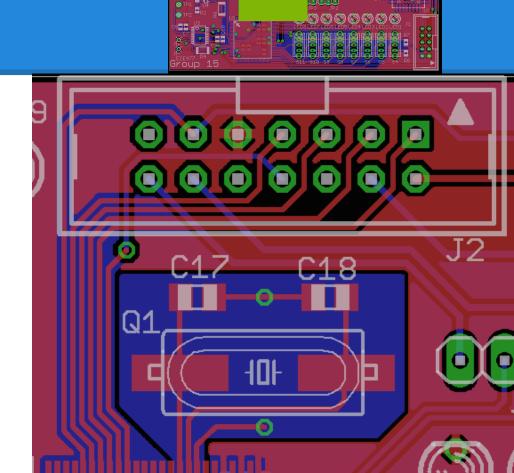


Pins inconveniently configured Most vias per pin of all components PGND connected to GND at R4 uC at right

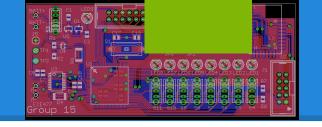


JTAG-14 Layout

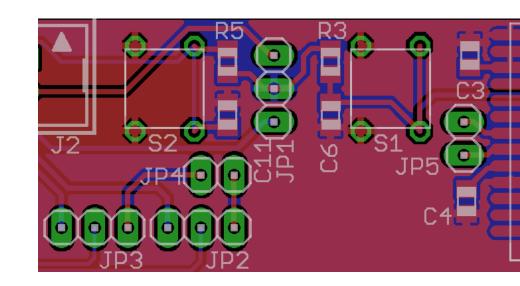
Most difficult routing Originally farther from uC Solution: signals from left on top; from right, bottom



Jumper Layout

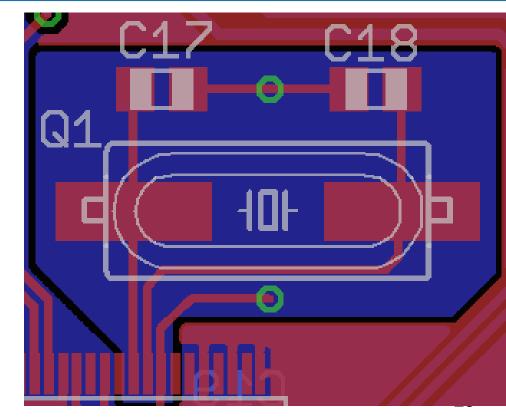


Allows selection of uC UART path Includes adjacent nRST switches

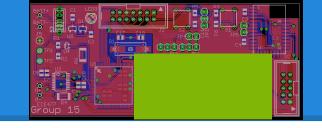


Oscillator Layout

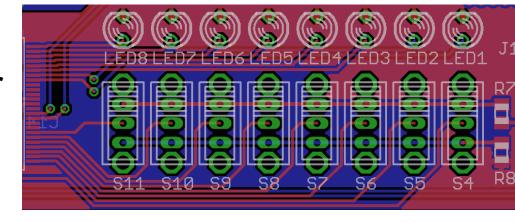
Analog circuit
Isolated analog
ground plane
Equal-length load
capacitor traces



Switch & LED Layout

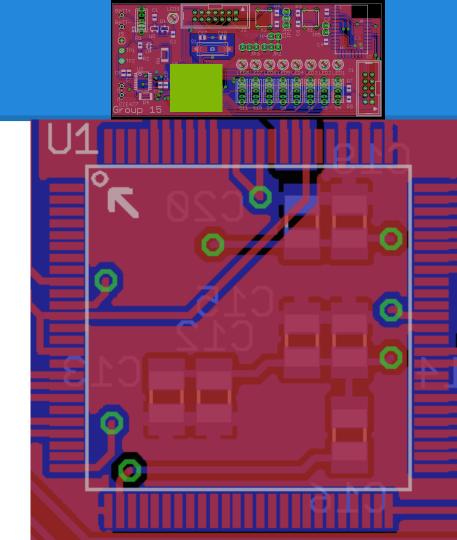


8-bit I/O for debugging Switches include PU/PD resistors for safety



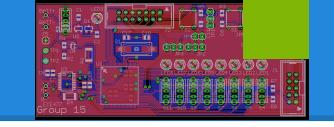
uC Layout

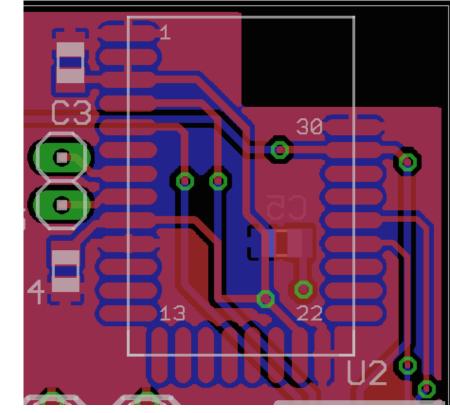
Decoupling caps on bottom layer



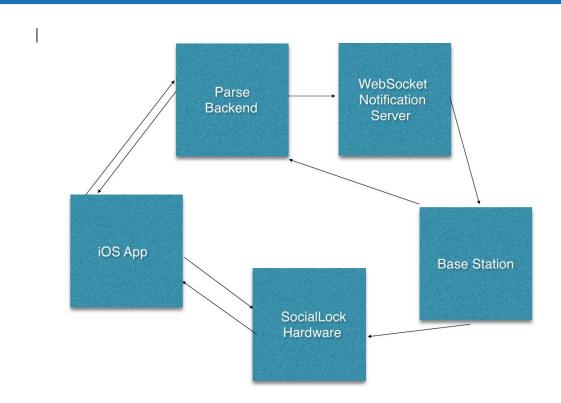
Bluetooth Layout

Signal planes restricted near antenna Chip near corner for minimal EMI Debug UART header





Software Structure and Status

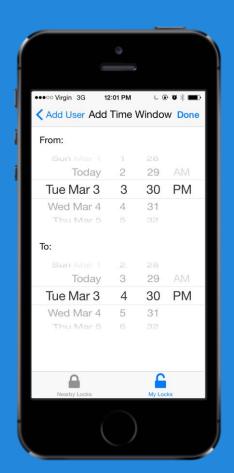






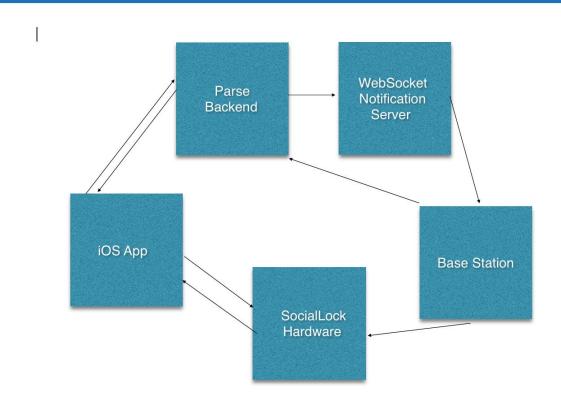








Software Structure and Status



Software Structure and Status

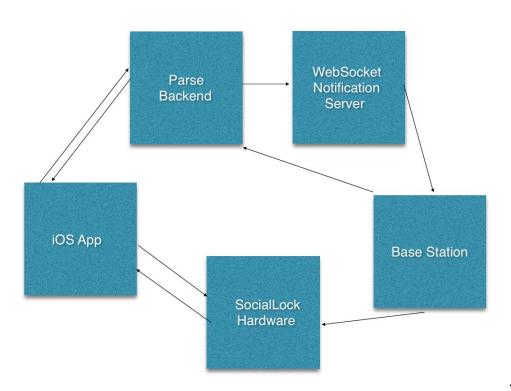
iOS App: Complete

Parse Backend: Complete

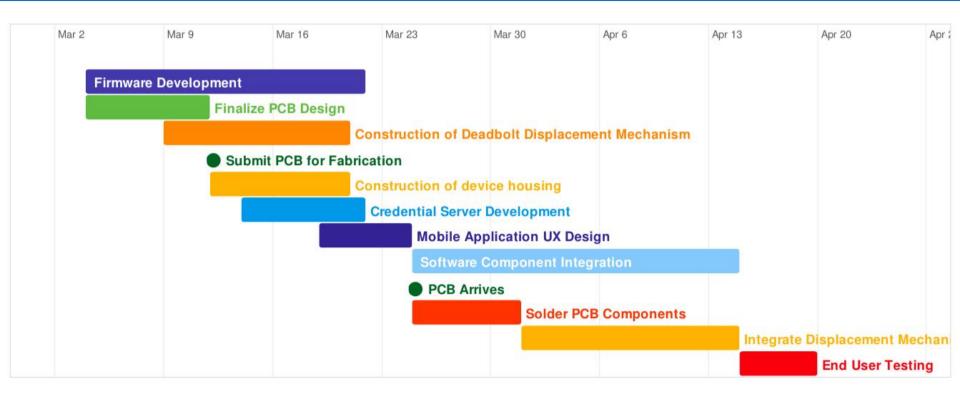
Base Station: Complete

Bluetooth Chip: In Progress

MSP430: In Progress



Project Completion Timeline



Questions?