

# **Information Retrieval Analysis Group Project Report**

## **Search Engine Design**

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## 1. Yelp Dataset Pre - Processing

The Yelp data contains a total of six datasets, the datasets include information that Yelp obtained on business, reviews, users, checkins, tips and photos. For this search engine design project, only business, review and tip are considered useful and relevant to build the index, the table below is a table structure overview of these three datasets.

Column	Business.json	Review.json	Tip.json
1	<b>business_id</b>	review_id	<b>text</b>
2	<b>name</b>	user_id	date
3	<b>address</b>	business_id	compliment_count
4	<b>city</b>	stars	business_id
5	<b>state</b>	date	user_id
6	<b>postal_code</b>	<b>text</b>	
7	<b>latitude</b>	useful	
8	<b>longitude</b>	funny	
9	<b>stars</b>	cool	
10	review_count		
11	is_open		
12	attributes		
13	<b>categories</b>		
14	hours		

Not all columns of the datasets are necessary while building the index, those highlighted in bold red in the table above are considered as relevant columns for this project. We need to merge these three datasets before passing to Lucene to process, the merge here does not represent a inner join between datasets based on common column (business\_id), as the single business entity (business\_id, each line in business.json) is considered as one document of the corpus, we have to concatenate both reviews and tips under each business entity first, and then join back to business dataset, basically, the cardinality of join will become 1:1 after concatenation. We have written a simple python

script to clean and join the datasets, key steps are summarised below with code snippets, source code can be found in the submission together with this report. First, filter out the closed business entities, drop those irrelevant columns and select 50,000 out of business entities for indexing.

```
df = pd.read_json(business_json_path, lines=True)
df_open = df[df['is_open']==1]
df_open.drop(columns = ['hours', 'is_open', 'review_count', 'attributes'], inplace = True)
df_sample = df_open.sample(n = 50000, random_state = 2022)
df_sample.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
df_sample
```

executed in 2.80s, finished 13:19:08 2022-04-10

	business_id	name	address	city	state	postal_code	latitude	longitude	stars	categories
0	OV0yJl81BkmyDu9-Om4TlQ	Founders Park	11675 Hazel Dell Pkwy	Carmel	IN	46032	39.959046	-86.072274	4.5	Parks, Active Life
1	qUfSXzTQhNms1qlsPBSQrg	Dollar Tree	6701 Market St	Upper Darby	PA	19082	39.962659	-75.255426	2.5	Discount Store, Shopping
2	oljqbMAx97laDybrflcRSA	Arbys	5115 N 300th E	Whiteland	IN	46184	39.551317	-86.044516	2.0	Food, Fast Food, Restaurants, Beverage Store, ...

Next, concatenate reviews and tips under each business entity and save it in a dictionary whose keys are business\_ids.

```
# tip dictionary
def load_tips_to_dict(t_path,tip_dict):
    with open(t_path, encoding='utf-8') as infile:
        tips = infile.readlines()
        for t in tips:
            data = json.loads(t)
            if data["business_id"] in tip_dict.keys():
                tip_dict[data["business_id"]].append(data["text"])

    return tip_dict

load_tips_to_dict(tip_json_path,tip_dict)
tip_dict
```

executed in 4.00s, finished 13:19:18 2022-04-10

```
{'OV0yJl81BkmyDu9-Om4TlQ': ['The Carmel winter farmers market is here at Founders Park Saturdays from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m.'],
 'qUfSXzTQhNms1qlsPBSQrg': [],
 'oljqbMAx97laDybrflcRSA': ['The roast beef and the curly fries were excellent.', 'Attached to Love's gas station and there is a drive thru even. This is right off the expressway and in a great location for FAST food on the go! Cheers! Happy Independence Day everyone!'],
 }
```

Finally, join review and tip back to the business dataset through mapping from keys in the review and tip dictionary to the business\_id in the business dataset.

business_id	name	address	city	state	postal_code	latitude	longitude	stars	categories	tip	review
OV0yJl81BkmyDu9-Om4TlQ	Founders Park	11675 Hazel Dell Pkwy	Carmel	IN	46032	39.959046	-86.072274	4.5	Parks, Active Life	["The Carmel winter farmers market is here at ..."]	["The Carmel winter farmers market is here at ..."]
qUfSXzTQhNms1qlsPBSQrg	Dollar Tree	6701 Market St	Upper Darby	PA	19082	39.962659	-75.255426	2.5	Discount Store, Shopping	["This dollar tree never have nothing always on..."]	["This dollar tree never have nothing always on..."]
oljqbMAx97laDybrflcRSA	Arbys	5115 N 300th E	Whiteland	IN	46184	39.551317	-86.044516	2.0	Food, Fast Food, Restaurants, Beverage Store, ...	["The roast beef and the curly fries were exce..."]	["The roast beef and the curly fries were exce..."]
I7Uj583oxTxdbmqAEfCtaw	DeLisi Dental	1707 W Passyunk Ave	Philadelphia	PA	19145	39.924723	-75.174903	5.0	Health & Medical, Cosmetic Dentists, Dentists,...	["Everyone is so kind and knowledgeable! They ..."]	["Everyone is so kind and knowledgeable! They ..."]
ECxsb2wf9J7Qf2CwtJelbw	Phila Nail Wholesale Supply	571 Adams Ave	Philadelphia	PA	19120	40.037292	-75.107970	2.0	Beauty & Spas, Cosmetics & Beauty Supply, Shop...	["Terrible customer service!"]	["Terrible customer service!", "Terrible custom..."]

## 2. Lucene Index Creation

### 2.1. Field and Index Creation

After importing the pre - processed Json document using Scanner to the Java coding environment, the first step is to create fields of the documents, we have classified the fields into 4 categories to serve different search purposes.

- a. Tokenize text data for boolean, term query, etc
- b. Create LatLonPoint for the geospatial query
- c. Tokenize the numerical data for the range query and meanwhile store the field by using StoredField
- d. No tokenization required and usually checked by direct match (phase query)

We select the StandardAnalyzer as the analyzer used to tokenize the input text, the index is then created and saved to the local disk, whenever there is a search query, it will go to this directory and search for the results.

```
// Tokenize text data for boolean query, term query, etc
doc.add(new TextField( name: "name", name, Field.Store.YES));
doc.add(new TextField( name: "categories", categories, Field.Store.YES));
doc.add(new TextField( name: "address", address, Field.Store.YES));
doc.add(new TextField( name: "tip", tip, Field.Store.YES));
doc.add(new TextField( name: "review", review, Field.Store.YES));

// Create LatLonPoint for the geospatial query
doc.add(new LatLonPoint( name: "latlon", latitude, longitude));

// Tokenize the numerical data for the range query and meanwhile store the field by using StoredField
doc.add(new DoublePoint( name: "latitude", latitude));
doc.add(new StoredField( name: "latitude", latitude));
doc.add(new DoublePoint( name: "longitude", longitude));
doc.add(new StoredField( name: "longitude", longitude));
doc.add(new DoublePoint( name: "stars", stars));
doc.add(new StoredField( name: "stars", stars));

// No tokenization required and usually checked by direct match
doc.add(new StringField( name: "postal", postal, Field.Store.YES));
doc.add(new StringField( name: "city", city, Field.Store.YES));
doc.add(new StringField( name: "state", state, Field.Store.YES));

docList.add(doc);

}catch(Exception e){}
}

Analyzer analyzer = new StandardAnalyzer();
```

### 2.2. First Query Search

We use the default retrieval model which is BM25, only Name and Categories Fields are considered for the search. Our first boolean query search

is Breakfast AND Cafe AND Brunch, we will retrieve the top 20 (top 5 shown as an example to illustrate the idea in the report, detailed ranking list can be found using source code) ranking results together with the name, stars and categories field information.

```
@Test
public void booleanQuery() throws Exception {
    Analyzer analyzer = new StandardAnalyzer();
    String[] fields = {"name", "categories"};
    MultiFieldQueryParser multiQueryParser = new MultiFieldQueryParser(fields, analyzer);
    Query query = multiQueryParser.parse("query: \"Breakfast AND Cafe AND Brunch\"");
    printResult(query);
}
```

```
private void printResult(Query query) throws Exception {

    Formatter formatter = new SimpleHTMLFormatter( preTag: "<font color='red'>", postTag: "</font>" );
    Scorer fragmentscorer = new QueryScorer(query);
    Highlighter highlighter = new Highlighter(formatter, fragmentscorer);
    Fragmenter fragmenter = new SimpleFragmenter( fragmentSize: 500 );
    highlighter.setTextFragmenter(fragmenter);

    TopDocs topDocs = indexsearcher.search(query, n: 20);

    System.out.println("Total Records:" + topDocs.totalHits + "\n");
    ScoreDoc[] scoreDocs = topDocs.scoreDocs;

    if (scoreDocs != null) {
```

```
Ranking:1
Ranking Score:8.396789
name:Keke's Breakfast Cafe
stars:3.5
categories:Diners, Breakfast & Brunch, Restaurants, Cafes

Ranking:2
Ranking Score:8.396789
name:Keke's Breakfast Cafe
stars:4.0
categories:Breakfast & Brunch, Cafes, Diners, Restaurants

Ranking:3
Ranking Score:8.192932
name:Keke's Breakfast Cafe
stars:4.0
categories:Diners, American (Traditional), Breakfast & Brunch, Restaurants

Ranking:4
Ranking Score:8.012096
name:Keke's Breakfast Cafe
stars:3.5
categories:Breakfast & Brunch, Diners, Restaurants, Waffles, American (Traditional)

Ranking:5
Ranking Score:7.7967224
name:Buendia Breakfast & Lunch Cafe
stars:5.0
categories:Mexican, Cafes, Restaurants, Breakfast & Brunch
```

### 3. Experiments & Evaluation

For the experiment, BM25 and LM(Dirichlet) are the two retrieval models we choose, 20 queries are applied on these two models and make a comparison.

For the model evaluation, we use NDCG@10, basically, we judge the relevance of the ranking results of each model on a 0 - 3 relevance scale, our judgement mainly depends on the text content of name, city, categories, tip, review as well as the value of stars rating. We use one query as an example to illustrate the idea, and the same approach will be applied to the rest.

For the query, “Delicious Spicy Sichuan Chinese Food”, we compare the ranking results of two retrieval models side by side in html, keywords from the query are highlighted, since the tip and review section contain long sentences, the contents are fragmented with maximum of 500 words to display, and these fragments are considered the most relevant abstracts which include the most number of highlighted words, and then we judge the performance of the models based on above mentioned criteria.

Query: "Delicious Spicy Sichuan Chinese Food"	
<b>BM25</b>	<b>LM(Dirichlet)</b>
Ranking: 1	Ranking: 1
Ranking Score: 24.771347	Ranking Score: 22.983828
Name: Chilispot	Name: E Mei Restaurant
City: St Louis	City: Philadelphia
Stars: 4.5	Stars: 4.0
Categories: Restaurants, <b>Chinese</b> , Szechuan, Noodles	Categories: Szechuan, <b>Chinese</b> , Restaurants, Noodles, Soup
Tip: [Lunch special menu', 'Szechuan style boiled fish in chili oil is amazing', 'The best <b>Chinese food</b> place in town', 'Toooooooooooo OILY.....'n'Too much fat.....'n'Too much cholesterol....', 'Very authentic <b>Sichuan</b> restaurant with fresh ingredients.', 'Best <b>Chinese</b> restaurant in St. Louis. Highly recommended', 'amazing <b>food!</b> !!!', 'The twice cooked pork and <b>spicy</b> schezuan boiled fish with chili oil was amazing', 'Good <b>food</b> . Some of them could be really <b>spicy</b> . Large portion love it!', 'The food	Tip: hospitality, I mean I did make the request after ordering \$20 worth of good geez.', 'One of the good <b>Sichuan</b> restaurants in China town Philadelphia.', ' <b>Spicy</b> hot and damn good!', 'They no longer honor the Yelp Check in offer.', 'I love <b>spicy food</b> and here is my favorite store-', 'My go-to place for lunch!', 'Hot pot!', 'again? heck yeahhhh', ' <b>Spicy food!!!</b> So <b>delicious!</b> ', 'It's great, wonderful <b>food</b> , great staff!', 'Good lunch deal', 'Did not like. Didn't seem fresh to me. Had stomach ache after
Review: leftovers cold the next day for lunch - still loved it. Enjoy!", "Are you considering eating here? Do it! I've been here 3 times. Every time has been amazing. The <b>food</b> is incredible. Seriously. <b>Delicious</b> , 'tlike ohmygod. I don't even have the words. Seriously, just eat here.", "A solid 4 star <b>Sichuan</b> restaurant in St. Louis! This place is no frills and serves <b>spicy Chinese food</b> including my favorite: <b>Sichuan</b> Boiled Beef (????). I walked in on a Tuesday night and I was one of the only non- <b>Chinese</b>	Review: hospitality, I mean I did make the request after ordering \$20 worth of good geez.', 'One of the good <b>Sichuan</b> restaurants in China town Philadelphia.', ' <b>Spicy</b> hot and damn good!', 'They no longer honor the Yelp Check in offer.', 'I love <b>spicy food</b> and here is my favorite store-', 'My go-to place for lunch!', 'Hot pot!', 'again? heck yeahhhh', ' <b>Spicy food!!!</b> So <b>delicious!</b> ', 'It's great, wonderful <b>food</b> , great staff!', 'Good lunch deal', 'Did not like. Didn't seem fresh to me. Had stomach ache after
Ranking: 2	Ranking: 2
Ranking Score: 24.132986	Ranking Score: 22.313663
<pre> <b>def ndcg10(relevance_score):     start_actual = relevance_score[0]     for i in range(1,10,1):         start_actual += relevance_score[i]/math.log2(i+1)     relevance_score.sort(reverse = True)     start_idea = relevance_score[0]     for j in range(1,10,1):         start_idea += relevance_score[j]/math.log2(j+1)     return round(start_actual/start_idea,3)</b> </pre> <p>executed in 11ms, finished 00:43:32 2022-04-17</p>	
<pre> <b># query 1: Delicious Spicy Sichuan Chinese Food</b> bm25_relevance_score = [3,2,2,2,1,3,1,2,2,2,2] lm_relevance_score = [2,3,3,2,2,1,2,2,2,2] print("bm25: ", ndcg10(bm25_relevance_score)) print("LM: ", ndcg10(lm_relevance_score))  executed in 7ms, finished 01:41:42 2022-04-17</pre> <p>bm25: 0.929 LM: 0.963</p>	

Query	NDCG@10	
	BM25	LM(Dirichlet)
1. Delicious Spicy Sichuan Chinese Food	0.929	0.963
2. Good Taste Ice Cream and Yogurt	0.831	0.952
3. Good Hair Salons in Upper Darby	0.745	0.393
4. Breakfast AND Cafe AND Brunch	0.92	0.941
5. Shopping Grocery with Discount	0.942	0.888
6. Fast Food AND Sandwiches	0.783	0.885
7. Dentists in Philadelphia	0.893	0.85
8. Tasty Italian Food in Philadelphia	0.972	0.972
9. Animal Shelters AND Pet Shops	0.86	0.858
10. Mexican Food OR Italian Food	0.816	0.967
11. name:Chi* AND Restaurant	0.838	0.817
12. name: Chinese~2 AND Hot Pot	0.888	0.906
13. categories: Hardware Stores - categories: Home Services	0.815	0.815
14. Best Shopping in Glen Mills	0.471	0.508
15. Vegetarian AND Thai Restaurants	0.779	0.82
16. categories:Pizza AND categories:Sandwiches AND Good	0.95	0.873
17. tip:"Good place" OR review:"Good place" AND Food	0.823	0.982
18. categories:"Skin Care" AND Beauty	0.877	0.855
19. categories:"Tobacco Shops" AND Shopping	0.948	0.931
20. Best Automotive Repair	0.786	0.789
Average	0.843	0.848

Detailed calculations of all 20 queries can be found under the Experiment progress folder.

#### 4. Improvement of Model Performance

Model performance can be improved by implementing some techniques, one way is to boost the query by adding different weights to different fields respectively. Same words appearing in different fields are likely to have different levels of importance. Thus, by setting the weights properly, we will get more satisfying results.

The MultiFieldQueryParser class has this implementation.

```
public class MultiFieldQueryParser extends QueryParser {  
    protected String[] fields;  
    protected Map<String, Float> boosts;  
  
    public MultiFieldQueryParser(String[] fields, Analyzer analyzer, Map<String, Float> boosts) {  
        this(fields, analyzer);  
        this.boosts = boosts;  
    }  
  
    public MultiFieldQueryParser(String[] fields, Analyzer analyzer) {  
        super(null, analyzer);  
        this.fields = fields;  
    }  
}
```

We can use a HashMap to receive the weight parameters and assign weights to different fields properly.

```
@Test  
public void QueryBoost() throws Exception{  
    Analyzer analyzer = new StandardAnalyzer();  
    String[] fields = {"name", "categories", "tip", "review"};  
    // set parameters related to relevance ranking  
    HashMap<String, Float> boost = new HashMap<>();  
    boost.put("categories", 10000f);  
    MultiFieldQueryParser multiFieldQueryParser = new MultiFieldQueryParser(fields, analyzer, boost);  
    Query query = multiFieldQueryParser.parse("query: \"breakfast\"");  
    printResult(query);  
}
```

## 5. Document Clustering

In the pre - processing part, we randomly select 50,000 records. In order to further speed up our experiment. We shortlist the data into 10,000 records.

```
def sampling(records, num=10000):
    return records[:num]

business_ids_sample = sampling(business_ids)
names_sample = sampling(names)
categories_sample = sampling(categories)
tips_sample = sampling(tips)
reviews_sample = sampling(reviews)
```

We use nltk with some hand written rules to generate corpus for the clustering model.

```
import nltk
from nltk.text import TextCollection
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
# nltk.download('stopwords')

def generate_corpus(records):
    stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
    # hand written rules
    stop_words.add("s")
    stop_words.add('&')
    stop_words.add('-')
    stop_words.add("''")
    stop_words.add("``")
    stop_words.add(',')
    stop_words.add('`')

    filtered_sentences = []
    for record in records:
        word_tokens = word_tokenize(record)
        filtered_sentence = [w.lower() for w in word_tokens if w.lower() not in stop_words]
        filtered_sentences.append(' '.join(filtered_sentence))
    # filtered_sentences_sample = filtered_sentences[:10000]

    return filtered_sentences
```

Using scikit-learn to compute TF-IDF for each document and do the clustering.

```
def computing_tfidf(sample):
    vectorizer = CountVectorizer(stop_words='english')
    tf_idf_transformer = TfidfTransformer()
    tf_idf = tf_idf_transformer.fit_transform(vectorizer.fit_transform(tips_sample))
    term_weight = tf_idf.toarray()
    return term_weight
```

There are several known issues with ‘english’, the built-in stop word list in sklearn (<https://aclanthology.org/W18-2502/>), but we have already done the filtering in nltk, so it won’t be a problem.

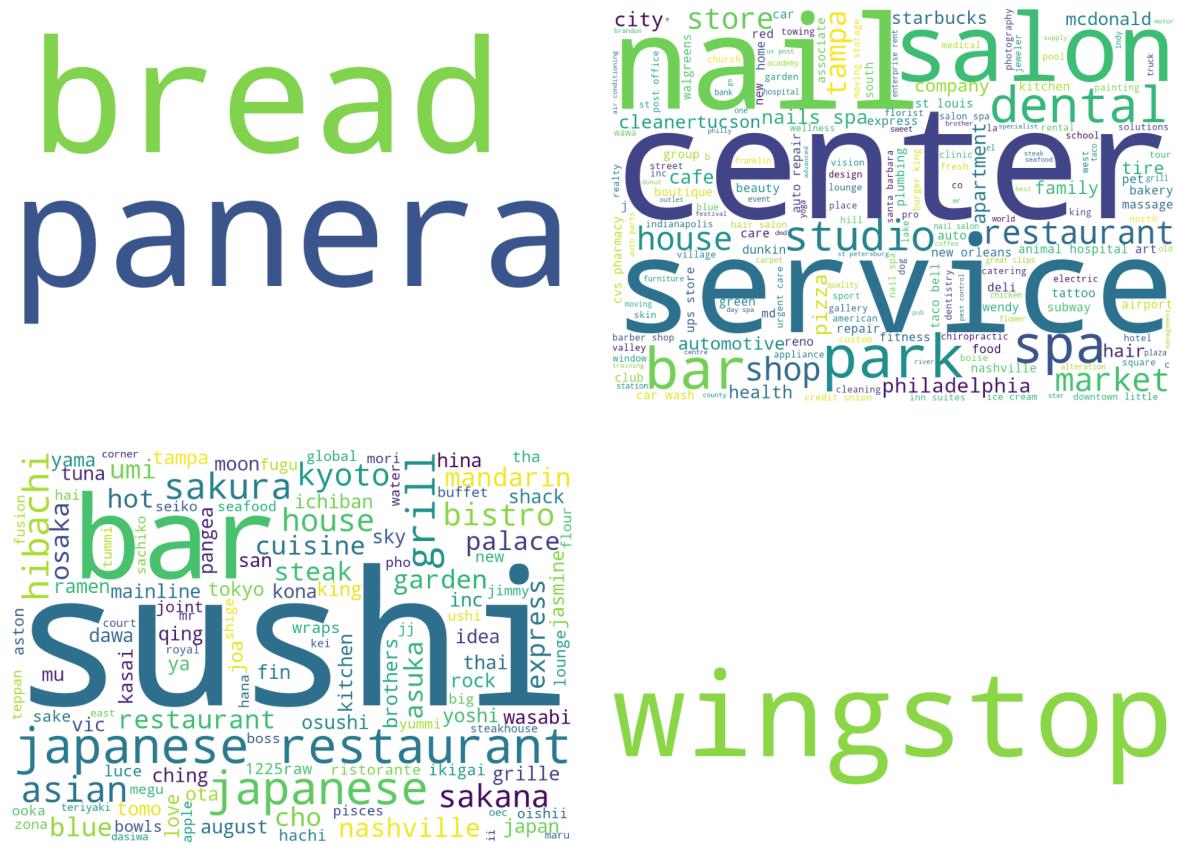
As different fields play different roles in searching, here we choose to build corpus and compute term weights for `name`, `category`, `tip` and `review` respectively.

```
def culster_word_cloud(k, term_weight, corpus):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=k, random_state=0).fit(term_weight)
    labels = list(kmeans.labels_)
    for label in list(set(labels)):
        result = []
        for i in range(len(labels)):
            if labels[i] == label:
                result.append(corpus[i])
    plot_word_cloud(result)
```

We choose k-means to model the model. Based on the experimental results, setting  $k = 10$ , can give us relatively better results. Finally results are plotted via word clouds.

```
def plot_word_cloud(result):
    wc = WordCloud(
        background_color='white',
        width=1000,
        height=700,
        max_font_size=500,
        min_font_size=10,
        mode='RGBA',
        #colormap='pink'
    )
    wc.generate(' '.join(result))
    #wc.to_file(r"wordcloud.png")
    #plt.figure("mywordCloud")
    plt.figure(figsize=(18, 12))
    plt.imshow(wc)
    plt.axis("off")
    plt.show()
```

'name'



pub  
british  
fox  
hounds

Suburban gifts bloomingdale's mcdonald's banner  
house truck mcdonald's banner  
food mapco tim java farmer mammoth teahouse  
dunkin' beans roasters company  
coffee starbucks coffee point  
cafe bakery market

jiffy lube china repair  
gerille grill deli taqueria wok  
grill pub garden restaurant  
auto great company  
seafood mexican  
restauran

category  
salad breakfast  
bagels soup brunch  
bakeries food sandwiches restaurants

leisure centre  
kinsmen

fire style heights  
new york beach  
pizza plainfield  
margherita people daiquiris  
pizzazz pizzeria  
pizzera restaurant

hospital  
banfield  
pet

health medical services  
event planning home services  
home services hair salons  
local beauty spas  
services shopping active life

caterers seafood plates ramen izakaya  
 szechuan cafes wine vegetarian trucks  
**sushi bars**  
 tapas fast spirits cocktails specialty bars  
 hawaiian delivery desserts beer korean italian salad  
 vietnamese small sports  
 food asian fusion  
 bubble tea ethnic steakhouses watches  
**restaurants**  
 soup nightlife american new  
 thai grocery planning services  
**japanese**  
 chinese barbecue shopping

nightlife  
**bars**  
 restaurants wine spirits  
**pubs**  
 food beer

religious sandwiches bakeries convenience stores  
 flavor ice cream books music planning fast travel  
 french grocery florists coffee roasteries convenience stores  
 juice修理师 donuts bakeries convenience stores  
 desserts burgers coffee roasteries convenience stores  
 beer wine gifts  
 donuts修理师 garden stands american traditional gelato  
 修理师 coffee修理师 tea修理师 food修理师 coffee修理师  
 修理师 breakfast修理师 brunch修理师

frozen yogurt  
 italian cream frozen  
 specialty food  
 night life bars  
 mexican  
 arabs  
 arts entertainment  
 brunch  
 gastronomia  
 night life  
 sports  
 music venues  
 bars lounges  
 spas health  
 hair salons  
 food delivery  
 food delivery  
 event planning  
 shopping  
 fast food  
 night life  
 planning  
 breakfast  
 american traditional  
 restaurants  
 american  
 chinese  
 mexican  
 thai  
 restaurant  
 american  
 chinese  
 restaurants

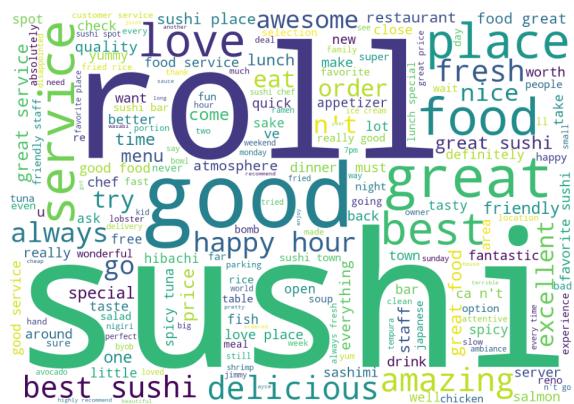
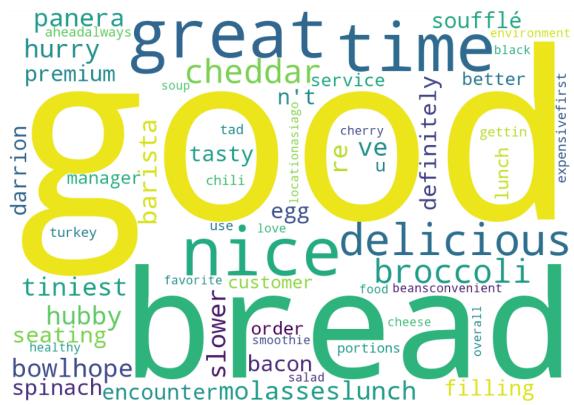
**wings**  
 restaurants  
**chicken**

swimming life  
 breakfast leisure  
**centers**  
 pools brunch  
 recreation active  
 restaurants

restaurants trucks  
 convenience stores  
 bakeries wine  
 bar pubs  
 gluten free  
 sandwiches american new  
 salad arts entertainment  
 food delivery  
 planning services  
 night life desserts  
 wraps  
 cheese steaks  
 caterers  
 delivery services  
 italian restaurants pizza  
 chicken wings  
 mediterranean  
 museums

**pets**  
 veterinarians

‘tip’





love  
beckydr

## ‘review’





## 6. Geospatial Indexing & Search

To handle one type of geospatial queries like finding a restaurant in an area, we use the BooleanQuery.Builder by combining the description of the restaurant and location of the area, below is the snippet of the code implementation and the result for the query, Tasty Italian Food in Philadelphia.

```
@Test
public void geo1_combinedQuery() throws Exception{
    String[] fields = {"name", "categories", "tip", "review"};
    MultiFieldQueryParser multiQueryParser = new MultiFieldQueryParser(fields, analyzer);
    Query query1 = multiQueryParser.parse("query: \"Tasty Italian Food in Philadelphia\"");
    Query geo_1 = new PhraseQuery.Builder()
        .add(new Term("city", "Philadelphia")).build();

    BooleanQuery.Builder booleanQuery = new BooleanQuery.Builder();
    booleanQuery.add(query1, BooleanClause.Occur.MUST);
    booleanQuery.add(geo_1, BooleanClause.Occur.MUST);
    printResult(booleanQuery.build());
}
```

```
Ranking:1
Ranking Score:15.685847
name:Rocco's Italian Sausage
city:Philadelphia
stars:4.5
categories:Sandwiches, Breakfast & Brunch, Restaurants, Cheesesteaks, Italian

Ranking:2
Ranking Score:15.257706
name:Tortorice's Italian Specialty Sandwiches
city:Philadelphia
stars:4.5
categories:Event Planning & Services, Food, Italian, Coffee & Tea, Sandwiches, Restaurants, Caterers, Delis

Ranking:3
Ranking Score:14.793793
name:Francolugi's Pizzeria & Italian Restaurant
city:Philadelphia
stars:4.0
categories:Italian, Restaurants, Pizza

Ranking:4
Ranking Score:14.347813
name:Spasso Italian Grill
city:Philadelphia
stars:4.0
categories:Sports Bars, Restaurants, Bars, American (Traditional), Seafood, Nightlife, Italian, Beer Bar
```

To handle the other type of geospatial queries like finding the nearest restaurant, we need to create a new type of Field for each document, the LatLonPoint Field which combines latitude and longitude into one field.

```
// Create LatLonPoint for the geospatial query
doc.add(new LatLonPoint( name: "latlon", latitude, longitude));
```

Assume we know our current coordinate information, and we want to find certain restaurants within a certain distance. For instance, we want to find a tasty Italian restaurant within 1km from our current location (latitude: 40.0, longitude: -75.0), below is the snippet of the code implementation and the result for this query, details can be found from the source code.

```
@Test
public void geo2_combinedQuery() throws Exception {
    String[] fields = {"name", "categories", "tip", "review"};
    MultiFieldQueryParser multiQueryParser = new MultiFieldQueryParser(fields, analyzer);
    Query query1 = multiQueryParser.parse( query: "Tasty Italian Food in Philadelphia");
    Query geo_1 = LatLonPoint.newDistanceQuery( field: "latlon", latitude: 40.0, longitude: -75.0, radiusMeters: 1 * 1000);

    BooleanQuery.Builder booleanQuery = new BooleanQuery.Builder();
    booleanQuery.add(query1, BooleanClause.Occur.MUST);
    booleanQuery.add(geo_1, BooleanClause.Occur.MUST);
    printResult(booleanQuery.build());
}
```

```
Ranking:1
Ranking Score:5.907668
name:Sonic Drive-In
city:Cinnaminson
latitude:39.9978761
longitude:-74.992041
stars:3.0
categories:Burgers, Ice Cream & Frozen Yogurt, Restaurants, Food, Fast Food

Ranking:2
Ranking Score:4.2511804
name:Cinnaminson Diner
city:Cinnaminson
latitude:39.9983826
longitude:-74.9889068
stars:3.5
categories:Breakfast & Brunch, Restaurants, Diners

Ranking:3
Ranking Score:3.9243076
name:Speed Raceway
city:Cinnaminson
latitude:39.9989782639
longitude:-74.9917004577
stars:3.5
categories:Active Life, Arts & Entertainment, Venues & Event Spaces, Axe Throwing, Arcades, Summer Camps, Party & Event Planning, Fitness & Instruction, Go Karts, Event Planning & Services, Virtual Reality Centers
```