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package hw3;
import static api.Orientation.*;
import static api.CellType.*;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import api.Cell;
* Utilities for parsing string descriptions of a grid.
 * @author jcluse
public class GridUtil {
      ^{\star} Constructs a 2D grid of Cell objects given a 2D array of cell
descriptions.
       * String descriptions are a single character and have the following meaning.
      * 
      * "*" represents a wall.
      * "e" represents an exit.
      * "." represents a floor.
      * "[", "]", "^", "v", or "#" represent a part of a block. A block is not
      * type of cell, it is something placed on a cell floor. For these
descriptions
       * a cell is created with CellType of FLOOR. This method does not create any
       * blocks or set blocks on cells.
       * The method only creates cells and not blocks. See the other utility method
       * findBlocks which is used to create the blocks.
       * @param desc a 2D array of strings describing the grid
      * @return a 2D array of cells the represent the grid without any blocks
present
     public static Cell[][] createGrid(String[][] desc) {
           Cell[][] grid = new Cell[desc.length][desc[0].length];
                 for(int i = 0; i < desc.length; i++) {
                       for(int j = 0; j < desc[i].length; <math>j++) {
                             String str = desc[i][j];
                             if (str.equals("*")) {
                                   grid[i][j] = new Cell(WALL, i, j);
                             else if (str.equals("e")) {
                                   grid[i][j] = new Cell(EXIT, i, j);
                             else {
                                   grid[i][j] = new Cell(FLOOR, i, j);
```

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}
                       }
                 return grid;
     }
      * Returns a list of blocks that are constructed from a given 2D array of
cell
       * descriptions. String descriptions are a single character and have the
       * following meanings.
       * 
       * "[" the start (left most column) of a horizontal block
       * "]" the end (right most column) of a horizontal block
       * "^" the start (top most row) of a vertical block
       * "v" the end (bottom most column) of a vertical block
       * "#" inner segments of a block, these are always placed between the
start
       * and end of the block
       * "*", ".", and "e" symbols that describe cell types, meaning there is
not
       * block currently over the cell
       * 
       * @param desc a 2D array of strings describing the grid
       * @return a list of blocks found in the given grid description
     public static ArrayList<Block> findBlocks(String[][] desc) {
           ArrayList<Block> blocks = new ArrayList<Block>();
           for(int row = 0; row < desc.length; row++) {</pre>
                 for(int col = 0; col < desc[row].length; col++) {</pre>
                       if (desc[row][col].equals("[")) {
                             int endCol = col + 1;
                             while (!desc[row][endCol].equals("]")) {
                                  endCol++;
                       Block block = new Block(row, col, endCol - col + 1,
HORIZONTAL);
                       blocks.add(block);
                       }
                       else if (desc[row][col].equals("^")) {
                             int endRow = row + 1;
                             while (!desc[endRow][col].equals("v")) {
                                  endRow++;
                       Block block = new Block(row, col, endRow - row + 1,
VERTICAL);
                       blocks.add(block);
                       }
```

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}
return blocks;
}
```

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