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package hw3;

import static api.Orientation.*;
import static api.CellType.*;
import static api.Direction.*;

import java.util.ArrayList;

import api.Cell;
import api.CellType;
import api.Orientation;
/**
 * Utilities for parsing string descriptions of a grid.
 * @author Maxwell Skinner
 */
public class GridUtil {
    /**
     * Constructs a 2D grid of Cell objects given a 2D array of cell
     descriptions.
     * String descriptions are a single character and have the following meaning.
     * <ul>
     * <li>"#" represents a wall.</li>
     * <li>"e" represents an exit.</li>
     * <li>"." represents a floor.</li>
     * <li>"[", "]", "^", "v", or "#" represent a part of a block. A block is not
     a
     * type of cell, it is something placed on a cell floor. For these
     descriptions
     * a cell is created with CellType of FLOOR. This method does not create any
     * blocks or set blocks on cells.</li>
     * </ul>
     * The method only creates cells and not blocks. See the other utility method
     * findBlocks which is used to create the blocks.
     *
     * @param desc a 2D array of strings describing the grid
     * @return a 2D array of cells the represent the grid without any blocks
     present
     */
    public static Cell[][] createGrid(String[][] desc) {
        Cell [][] grid = new Cell [desc.length][desc[0].length];
        for(int i = 0; i< desc.length; i += 1) {
            for(int j = 0; j< desc[i].length; j += 1) {
                if (desc[i][j].equals("#")){
                    grid[i][j] = new Cell(CellType.WALL, i, j);
                }
                else if (desc[i][j].equals("e")) {
                    grid[i][j] = new Cell(CellType.EXIT, i, j);
                }
                else{
                    grid[i][j] = new Cell(CellType.FLOOR, i, j);
                }
            }
        }
        return grid;
    }

    /**
     * Returns a list of blocks that are constructed from a given 2D array of
     cell

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* descriptions. String descriptions are a single character and have the
* following meanings.
* <ul>
* <li>"[" the start (left most column) of a horizontal block</li>
* <li>"]" the end (right most column) of a horizontal block</li>
* <li>"^" the start (top most row) of a vertical block</li>
* <li>"v" the end (bottom most column) of a vertical block</li>
* <li>"#" inner segments of a block, these are always placed between the
start
* and end of the block</li>
* <li>"*", ".", and "e" symbols that describe cell types, meaning there is
not
* block currently over the cell</li>
* </ul>
*
* @param desc a 2D array of strings describing the grid
* @return a list of blocks found in the given grid description
*/
public static ArrayList<Block> findBlocks(String[][] desc) {
    int length = 0;
    ArrayList<Block> blocks = new ArrayList<Block>();
    for(int i = 0; i< desc.length; i += 1) {
        for(int j = 0; j< desc[i].length; j += 1) {
            if(desc[i][j].equals("[")) {
                length = 1;
                int k = j;
                while(!desc[i][k].equals("]")) {
                    length += 1;
                    k += 1;
                }
                blocks.add(new Block(i, j, length,
Orientation.HORIZONTAL));
            }
            else if(desc[i][j].equals("^")) {
                length = 1;
                int k = i;
                while(!desc[k][j].equals("v")) {
                    length += 1;
                    k += 1;
                }
                blocks.add(new Block(i, j, length,
Orientation.VERTICAL));
            }
        }
    }
    return blocks;
}
}

```