OOP (1010), Summer 2015 Lab 3

This lab is an exercise of std::string and std::vector. You can study them from the following links:

```
std::string:
```

http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/string/string/ http://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/string/basic string

std::vector:

http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/vector/vector/ http://en.cppreference.com/w/cpp/container/vector

Here is an example to create a object of std::vector which can dynamically store a set of integers:

```
std::vector<int> v(3, 0);
   // Create a vector with three zero-value integers.
v[0] = 0;
v[1] = 10;
v[2] = 20;
v.push back(30); // Add an element
v.push_back(40); // Add an element
for(size t i = 0; i < v.size(); ++i)
   cout << v[i] << endl;</pre>
/*
0
10
20
30
40
*/
```

Please design a function named createStringArray to separate a text into a string array by a delimiter. For example, given a text, "ABC::EFG::XYZ", and a delimiter, "::". createStringArray then creates an array to contain three strings: "ABC", "EFG", and "XYZ". createStringArray has three parameters as follows:

```
text: The input text, an object of std::string
deleimiter: The delimiter, an object of std::string. The default is " ", a
```

```
space key.
vout: The output array, an object of std::vector
```

And createStringArray returns the number of separated strings.

Input and Output

Your program should be able to continuously read input lines from cin until EOF is detected. Each two lines represent the input text and the delimiter respectively. If the the length of delimiter line is zero, using the default delimiter. For example,

```
Line1 ABC::EFG::XYZ
Line2 ::

or
Line1 ABC EFG XYZ
Line2
```

, both of them generate the same result, "ABC", "EFG", and "XYZ". To read a whole line of text, you can use the following method:

```
std::string s;
std::getline(cin, s); // then getline returns cin
```

Then output the size of **vout** and the each separated string line by line, for example, the output of the above example will be

3 ABC EFG XYZ

Requirements

- 1. Using reference to declare the parameters of createStringArray.
- 2. Your program can read multiple test data sets until EOF happens.