GE23131-Programming Using C-2024 Status **Finished** Monday, 23 December Started 2024, 5:33 PM Completed Saturday, 19 October 2024, 1:00 PM Duration 65 days 4 hours Question 1 Correct Marked out of 3.00 ▼ Flag question Write a program to input a name (as a single character) and marks of three tests as m1, m2, and m3 of a student considering all the three marks have been given in integer format. Now, you need to calculate the average of the given marks and print it along with the name as mentioned in the output format section. All the test marks are in integers and hence calculate the average in integer as well. That is, you need to print the integer part of the average only and neglect the decimal part. Input format: Line 1: Name(Single character) Line 2: Marks scored in the 3 tests separated by single space. Output format: First line of output prints the name of the student. Second line of the output prints the average mark. Constraints Marks for each student lie in the range 0 to 100 (both inclusive) Sample Input 1: Α 346 Sample Output 1: Α 4 Sample Input 2: Т 738 Sample Output 2: Τ 6 **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> 2 int main() { 3 ▼ 4 char ch; 5 int m1,m2,m3,avg; scanf("%c",&ch); 6 scanf("%d %d %d",&m1,&m2, 7 printf("%c",ch); 8 9 avg = (m1 + m2 + m3)/3;printf("\n%d",avg); 10 11 return 0; 12 } Input **Expected** Got Α Α Α 3 4 6 4 4 Т Т 7 3 8 6 6 R R R 66 0 100 99 66 Passed all tests! Question 2 Correct Marked out of 5.00 Flag question Some C data types, their format specifiers, and their most common bit widths are as follows: Int ("%d"): 32 Bit integer Long ("%ld"): 64 bit integer Char ("%c"): Character type Float ("%f"): 32 bit real value Double ("%If"): 64 bit real value Reading To read a data type, use the following syntax: scanf("`format_specifier`", &val) For example, to read a character followed by a double: char ch; double d; scanf("%c %lf", &ch, &d); For the moment, we can ignore the spacing between format specifiers. **Printing** To print a data type, use the following syntax: printf("`format_specifier`", val) For example, to print a character followed by a double: char ch = 'd'; double d = 234.432; printf("%c %lf", ch, d); **Note:** You can also use *cin* and *cout* instead of scanf and printf; however, if you are taking a million numbers as input and printing a million lines, it is faster to use scanf and printf. **Input Format** Input consists of the following spaceseparated values: int, long, char, float, and double, respectively. **Output Format** Print each element on a new line in the same order it was received as input. Note that the floating point value should be correct up to 3 decimal places and the double to 9 decimal places. Sample Input 3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049.30493 Sample Output 3 12345678912345 а 334.230 14049.304930000 **Explanation** Print int 3, followed by *long* 12345678912345, followed by char a, followed by float 334.23, followed by double 14049.30493. **Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h> 1 int main() 2 3 ▼ { 4 int a: 5 int long b; 6 char ch; float d; 8 double e; scanf("%d %ld %c %f %lf" 9 printf("%d\n%ld\n%c\n%0.3 10 11 return 0: 12 } Input 3 12345678912345 a 334.23 14049 Passed all tests! < Question **3** Correct Marked out of 7.00 Flag question Write a program to print the ASCII value and the two adjacent characters of the given character. Input Ε Output 69 DF Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %) #include<stdio.h>

int main()

char c;

return 0;

scanf("%c",&c);

printf("%d",c);

printf("\n%c %c",c-1,c+1)

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