



Independent University Bangladesh (IUB)

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Section: 1

Submitted To:

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Project

A:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <pthread.h>

struct Params
{
    int *start;
    size_t len;
    int depth;
};

pthread_mutex_t mtx = PTHREAD_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
// forward declare our thread proc
void *merge_sort_thread(void *pv);
void merge(int *start, int *mid, int *end)
{
    int *res = malloc((end - start)*sizeof(*res));
    int *lhs = start, *rhs = mid, *dst = res;
    while (lhs != mid && rhs != end)
        *dst++ = (*lhs <= *rhs) ? *lhs++ : *rhs++;
    while (lhs != mid)
        *dst++ = *lhs++;
    while (rhs != end)
        *dst++ = *rhs++;
    memcpy(start, res, (end - start)*sizeof(*res));
    free(res);
}

// our multi-threaded entry point.
```

```

void merge_sort_mt(int *start, size_t len, int depth)
{
    if (len < 2)
        return;
    if (depth <= 0 || len < 4)
    {
        merge_sort_mt(start, len/2, 0);
        merge_sort_mt(start+len/2, len-len/2, 0);
    }
    else
    {
        struct Params params = { start, len/2, depth/2 };
        pthread_t thrd;
        pthread_mutex_lock(&mtx);
        printf("Starting subthread...\n");
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mtx); // create our thread
        pthread_create(&thrd, NULL, merge_sort_thread, &params);
        // recurse into our top-end partition
        merge_sort_mt(start+len/2, len-len/2, depth/2);
        // join on the launched thread
        pthread_join(thrd, NULL);
        pthread_mutex_lock(&mtx);
        printf("Finished subthread.\n");
        pthread_mutex_unlock(&mtx);
    }
    // merge the partitions.
    merge(start, start+len/2, start+len);
}

// our thread-proc that invokes merge_sort. this just passes the
// given parameters off to our merge_sort algorithm

```

```

void *merge_sort_thread(void *pv)
{
    struct Params *params = pv;
    merge_sort_mt(params->start, params->len, params->depth);
    return pv;
}

// public-facing api
void merge_sort(int *start, size_t len)
{merge_sort_mt(start, len, 4); // 4 is a nice number, will use 7 threads.
}

int main()
{
    static const unsigned int N = 2048;
    int *data = malloc(N * sizeof(*data));
    unsigned int i;
    srand((unsigned)time(0));
    for (i=0; i<N; ++i)
    {
        data[i] = rand() % 1024;
        printf("%4d ", data[i]);
        if ((i+1)%8 == 0)
            printf("\n");
    }
    printf("\n");
    // invoke our multi-threaded merge-sort
    merge_sort(data, N);
    for (i=0; i<N; ++i)
    {
        printf("%4d ", data[i]);
        if ((i+1)%8 == 0)

```

```
printf("\n");  
}  
printf("\n");  
free(data);return 0;  
}
```

Online Code: <https://replit.com/@AshikurBitto/CSE315-Project#main.c>

B:

```
#include <sys/ipc.h>  
#include <stdio.h>  
#include <stdlib.h>  
#include <sys/types.h>  
#include <sys/wait.h>  
#include <unistd.h>  
  
int main(int argc, char const *argv[]){  
    int n=3;  
    int fd[2*n];  
    char write_msg[n][100];  
    char read_msg[100];  
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){  
        if(pipe(&fd[2*i]) == -1){  
            printf("Error creating pipe\n");  
            return -1;  
        }  
    }  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        if(fork()==0){  
            printf("writing child process %d\n",i);
```

```

close(fd[2*i]);
int j=0;
int counter=0;
while(1){
char in;
scanf("%c",&in);
if(in == '\n'){
counter++;
if(counter==2){
break;
}
}else{
write_msg[i][j]=in;
j++;
}
}
write_msg[i][j]='\0';
write(fd[2*i+1],&write_msg[i],sizeof(write_msg[i]));
close(fd[2*i+1]);
exit(0);
}
else{
wait(NULL);
}
}
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
wait(NULL);
close(fd[2*i+1]);
read(fd[2*i],read_msg,sizeof(read_msg));
close(fd[2*i]);
}

```

```

printf("\nMessage from child process %d : %s",i,read_msg);
}
printf("\n");
}
/*
gcc -o B B.c
./B
a b c
dd eee
ff g h ijk
*/

```

Online Code: <https://replit.com/@AshikurBitto/CSE315-Project-1#main.c>

C:

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <pthread.h>

int arr1[50], arr2[50], arr3[50], arr4[50];
int subarr1, subarr2, total;
void subarr1_func(int *arr1){
sleep(1);
printf("First subarray: ");
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){
printf("%d ",arr1[i]);
}
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){
for (int j = 0; j < subarr1-(i+1); j++){
if (arr1[j]>arr1[j+1]){

```

```

int temp=arr1[j];
arr1[j]=arr1[j+1];
arr1[j+1]=temp;
}
}
}
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){
arr2[i]=arr1[i];
}
printf("\nFirst Sorted array: ");
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){
printf("%d ",arr2[i]);
}
}
void subarr2_func(int *arr1){
sleep(2);
printf("\nSecond subarray: ");
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){
printf("%d ",arr1[i]);
}
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){
for (int j = 0; j < subarr1-(i+1); j++){
if (arr1[j]>arr1[j+1]){
int temp=arr1[j];
arr1[j]=arr1[j+1];
arr1[j+1]=temp;
}
}
}
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){

```



```

arr3[i]=arr1[i];
}
printf("\nSecond Sorted array: ");
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){
printf("%d ",arr3[i]);
}
}
void merge_func(int *arr1){
sleep(3);
total=subarr1+subarr2;
for (int i = 0; i < subarr1; i++){
arr1[i]=arr2[i];
}
int tempsubarr1=subarr1;
for (int i = 0; i < subarr2; i++){
arr1[tempsubarr1]=arr3[i];
tempsubarr1++;
}
printf("\nMerged Array: ");
for (int i = 0; i < total; i++){
arr4[i]=arr1[i];
printf("%d ",arr4[i]);
}
for (int i = 0; i < total; i++){
for (int j = 0; j < total-i-1; j++){
if(arr4[j+1]<arr4[j]){
int temp=arr4[j];
arr4[j]=arr4[j+1];
arr4[j+1]=temp;
}
}
}

```

```

}
}
printf("\nSorted Merged Array: ");
for (int i = 0; i < total; i++){
printf("%d ",arr4[i]);
}
printf("\n");
}

int main(int argc, char const *argv[]){
int n;
pthread_t t1,t2,t3;
printf("Enter size of array: ");
scanf("%d",&n);
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++){
scanf("%d",&arr1[i]);
}
int j=0;
for(int i=0;i<n/2;i++){
arr2[j]=arr1[i];
j++;
}
subarr1= j;
int k=0;
for(int i=n/2;i<n;i++){
arr3[k]=arr1[i];
k++;
}
subarr2=k;
pthread_create(&t1,NULL,subarr1_func,&arr2);
pthread_create(&t2,NULL,subarr2_func,&arr3);

```

```

pthread_create(&t3,NULL,merge_func,&arr4);
pthread_join(t1,NULL);
pthread_join(t2,NULL);
pthread_join(t3,NULL);
return 0;
exit(0);
}
/*
gcc -o C C.c -lpthread
./C
10
7 12 19 3 18 4 2 6 15 8
*/

```

Online Code: <https://replit.com/@AshikurBitto/CSE315-Project-2#main.c>

D:

```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<pthread.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
pthread_mutex_t rd,wrt;
int readcount;
void initialize(){
pthread_mutex_init(&rd,NULL);
pthread_mutex_init(&wrt,NULL);
readcount=0;
}
void* reader(void* arg){
int waittime;

```

```

waittime = rand() % 5;
printf("Reader is trying to enter\n");
pthread_mutex_lock(&rd);
readcount++;
if(readcount==1){
pthread_mutex_lock(&wrt);
}
pthread_mutex_unlock(&rd);
printf("%d Reader is inside \n",readcount);
sleep(waittime);
pthread_mutex_lock(&rd);
readcount--;
if(readcount==0){
pthread_mutex_unlock(&wrt);
}
pthread_mutex_unlock(&rd);
printf("Reader is leaving\n");
}

void* writer(void* arg){
int waittime;

waittime = rand() % 3;
printf("Writer is trying to enter\n");
pthread_mutex_lock(&wrt);
printf("writer has entered the critical section\n");
sleep(waittime);
pthread_mutex_unlock(&wrt);
printf("writer is leaving\n");
}

int main()
{

```

```

int r = 5;
int w = 3;
pthread_t rtid[r];
pthread_t wtid[w];
initialize();
for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
{
    int err;
    err = pthread_create(&(rtid[i]),NULL,&reader,NULL);
}
for (int i = 0; i < w; ++i)
{
    int err;
    err = pthread_create(&(wtid[i]),NULL,&writer,NULL);
}
for (int i = 0; i < r; ++i)
{
    pthread_join(rtid[i],NULL);
}
for (int i = 0; i < w; ++i)
{
    pthread_join(wtid[i],NULL);
}
return 0;
}
/*
gcc -o D D.c -lpthread
./D
*/

```

Online Code: <https://replit.com/@AshikurBitto/CSE315-Project-4#main.c>

E:

DataSet.java

import java.net.*;

import java.io.*;

public class DataSet

{

public static void main(String[]args)

{

try

}

{

ServerSocket sock = new ServerSocket(6013);

/*now listen for connections*/

while(true){

/**

*Create a client class that extends the Runnable or Thread class

*to add to the Thread object from the DataSet on each connection from

Client*

**/

//For example, client is class which extends the Runnable interface

//and override the run method.

// it is a dummy class

Client c;

socket client = sock.accept();

//then create a client with the socket that is accepted by the

//server

```

c=new Client(client);
//then create a thread object of thread class using constructor with client as argument
Thread t = new Thread(c);
//call start method
t.start();
printWriter pout = new
printWriter(client.getOutputStream(),true);
/*write the date to the socket */
pout.println(new java.util.Date().toString());
/*close the socket and resumes*/
/* listening for connections */
client.close();
//call stop method to stop execution of thread
t.stop();
}
}
catch(IOException ioe){
System.err.println(ioe);
}
}
}

//Sample client java class that implements the Runnable interface
//client.java
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.net.Socket;
class Client implements Runnable{
private Socket client;

```

```
//Constructor
Client(Socket client){
this.client = client;
}
//override run method
public void run(){
String line;
BufferedReader in = null;
PrintWriter out = null;
try{
in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(client.getInputStream()));
out = new
PrintWriter(client.getOutputStream(),true);
}
catch(IOException e){
System.out.println("failed read or write");
System.exit(-1);
}
while(true){
try{
line = in.readLine();
//Send data back to client
out.println(line);
//print data from the server to console.
System.out.println(out.toString());
}catch(IOException e){
System.out.println("Read failed");
System.exit(-1);
}
}
```



```
}  
}
```

Online Code: <https://replit.com/@AshikurBitto/CSE315-Project-5#Main.java>

F

```
#include<iostream>  
  
#include "ProducerConsumer.h"  
  
//static data variable  
  
static int Buffer[BUFFER_SIZE]; //the buffer  
  
static int =0;  
  
static int out = 0;  
  
static Semaphore NotFull("NotFull",BUFFER_SIZE);  
  
static Semaphore NotEmpty("NotEmpty",0);  
  
static Semaphore BufferLock("BufferLock",1);  
  
strstream *Filler(int n)  
{  
    int i;  
  
    strstream *Space;  
  
    Space = new strstream;  
  
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)  
        (*Space)<<" "  
        (*Space)<<"\0";  
  
    return Space;  
}  
  
ProducerThread::ProducerThread(int No,int  
    numberofdata):Number(No),NumberOfData(numberofdata)  
{  
  
    ThreadName.seekp(0,ios::beg);  
  
    ThreadName<<"Producer"<<No<<"\0";
```

```

};

/Consumer Thread::ConsumerThread(int No)
:Number(No)
{
ThreadName.seekp(0,ios::beg);
ThreadName<<"Consumer"<<No<<"\0";
}

Void ProducerThread::ThreadFunc()
{
Thread::ThreadFunc();

int data;

stringstream *Space;
Space = Filler(4);
for(int i=1;i<=NumberOfData;i++)
Delay();
NotFull.wait();
BufferLock.wait();
data = rand()%100+1000 = Number;
Buffer[In] = data;
cout<<Space->str()<<ThreadName.str()<<"deposited"<<data<<" to the buffer"<<endl;
In = (In+1)%BUFFER_SIZE;
BufferLock.Signal();
NotEmpty.Signal();
}

Delay();
NotFull.Wait();
BufferLock.wait();
Buffer[In] = END;
cout<<Space->str()<<ThreadName.str()<<"deposited END and Exit"<<endl;
In = (In +1)%BUFFER_SIZE;

```

```

BufferLock.Signal();
NotEmpty.Signal();
Exit();
}

void ConsumerThread::ThreadFunc()
{
Thread::ThreadFunc();
int data=0;
stringstream *Space;
Space = Filler(2);
while(true){
Delay();
NotEmpty.Wait();
BufferLock.wait();
data = Buffer[out];
if(data !=END){
cout<<Space->str()<<ThreadName.str()<<"received"<<data<<"from the buffer"<<endl;
Out = (Out+1)%BUFFER_SIZE;
BufferLockSignal();
NotFullSignal();
}
else{
cout<<Space->str()<<ThreadName.str()<<"received END and exits"<<endl;
Out = (Out+1)%BUFFER_SIZE;
BufferLock.Signal();
NotFullSignal();
break;
}
}
Exit();
}

```

```
}
```

Online Code: <https://replit.com/@AshikurBitto/CSE315-Project-7#main.cpp>