

## Group 10: HCC Survivals

Ashish Soni, Darshit Paresh Shah, Momtaj Anar Monni, Roland Schnee

### Challenge

- Predict whether a patient will survive the diagnosed liver cancer

Positives (1): Survives  
Negatives (0): Death

### Data Understanding

- Only 8 patients have complete data.
- Non-Ignorable Missing Values.
- No Semantic and Syntactic Errors
- Outlier Treatment - **Closely Permitted Value**
- Missing Value Substitution - **Median / Most Frequent Value**

### Data Preparation

- Remove columns with missing values >60
  - Forward Feature Selection : **7 attributes ~ 79%**
  - Correlation Threshold - **0.7**
- Selected Attributes**
- Hepatitis B Core Antibody
  - Hepatitis C Virus Antibody
  - Endemic Countries
  - International Normalized Ratio
  - Ascites degree
  - Alpha-Fetoprotein (ng/mL)
  - Mean Corpuscular Volume(fl)
  - Alkaline phosphatase (U/L)

### Dataset

- Number of Instances: 165
- Number of Attributes: 49 + class attribute
- 24 nominal features with 2 values each



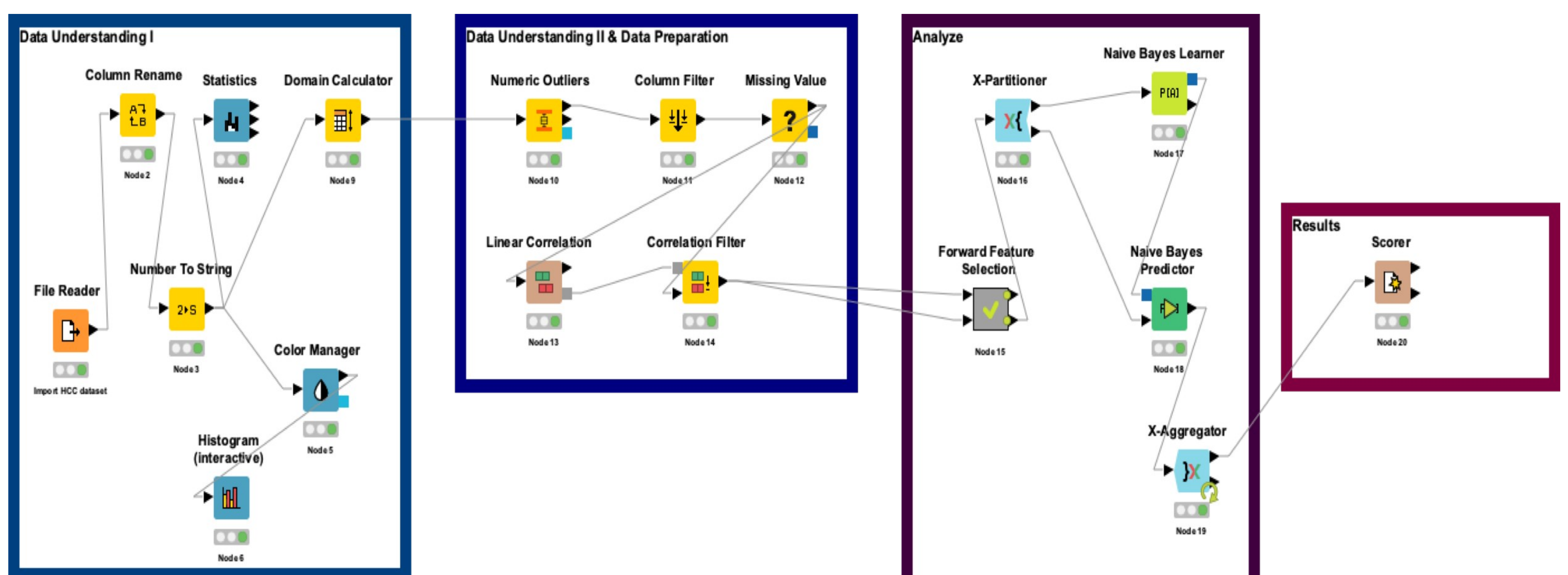
Age @ diagnosis - Gender,  
Grams of alcohol per day - Oxygen saturation  
Major dimension of nodules (cm) - Haemoglobin

### Modelling

- Partitioning  
Cross Validation-10 fold
- Classification Model  
**Naive Bayes**

### Evaluation

- Naive Bayes  
**Accuracy ~ 77%**



### Results

7 attributes are enough to classify the given instances.  
Dataset is too small and has too many missing values, therefore achieving a better/perfect accuracy is difficult.