TV SHOW POPULARITY ANALYSIS

END TERM REPORT

By

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Github Link: https://github.com/Ashish1101/AiProject

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1. Background and objective of the

project 1.1 Introduction

2. This project helps in analysis of various Different TV shows, analysis is not only done on the Basis of TRP chart released by various magazines but also provides the public opinion about the show, what they think about the show broadly on three categories Positive, Negative, Neutral and this analysis is done from review, comments and tweets about show from social various social media platforms like twitter, youtube etc. It also find the recent tweets of any twitter account along with various stats like, reply, share as a bonus feature.

2.1 Objective

The only objective of this Project is to predict whether the viewers take the content of Show as positive, negative or neutral and what percentage on the basis of their review, comment and tweets on various social media platforms

3. Description

3.1 Module used

- a) BeautifulSoup Extracting and arranging data that is extracted from social media platforms
- b) requests For extracting the data from social media platforms
- c) tkinter For GUI
- d) TextBlob For sentiment analysis
- e) numpy Plotting in graphs
- f) matplotlib Plotting in graphs
- g) csv For reading csv file

3. Work distribution

Registration no.	Roll no.	Name	Work
11815163	11	Ashish Shakya	Web Scrapping, Sentiment Analysis, data visualization, GUI
11811674	12	Ravi Teja	Web Scrapping, Sentiment Analysis
11801231	10	Bernard	Sentiment Analysis, Data visualization

4. Implementation with Codes

4.1 Web Scrapping

```
def webscraping():
    handle = input('Input your account name on Twitter: ')
    ctr = int(input('Input number of tweets to scrape: '))
    res=requests.get('https://twitter.com/'+handle)
    bs=BeautifulSoup(res.content, 'lxml')
    all tweets = bs.find all('div', {'class':'tweet'})
    if all tweets:
      for tweet in all tweets[:ctr]:
        context = tweet.find('div', {'class':'context'}).text.replace("\n"," ").strip()
        content = tweet.find('div', {'class':'content'})
        header = content.find('div', {'class':'stream-item-header'})
        user = header.find('a', {'class':'account-group js-account-group js-action-profile js-user-profile-link js-nav'}).text.replace("\n"," ").strip()
        time = header.find('a', {'class':'tweet-timestamp js-permalink js-nav js-tooltip'}).find('span').text.replace("\n"," ").strip()
        message = content.find('div', {'class':'js-tweet-text-container'}).text.replace("\n"," ").strip()
        footer = content.find('div', {'class':'stream-item-footer'})
        stat = footer.find('div', {'class': 'ProfileTweet-actionCountList u-hiddenVisually'}).text.replace("\n"," ").strip()
        if context:
          print (context)
        print (user, time)
       print (message)
       print(stat)
        print()
        print("List is empty/account name not found.")
```

Output-

```
C:\Windows\py.exe
                                                                                                              X
Input your account name on Twitter: ColorsTv
Input number of tweets to scrape: 15
COLORS Verified account @ColorsTV 25m
What's your #GharBaitheBaithe plan for today? Stay tuned to your favourite shows and make the most out of entertainment
only on #Colors.pic.twitter.com/vAZW79QTc0
0 replies
             2 retweets
                            17 likes
COLORS Retweeted
Voot Select Verified account @VootSelect 6h
You know what they say... family is the most important thing in the world. #TheRaikarCase: streaming now. #VootSelect #
MadeForStories @atul_kulkarni @AshviniBhave @parulgulati @kunalkkapoor @neilbhoopalam @lalit_prabhakar @Manavanaik @Offi
cialAjayP @Palak120893pic.twitter.com/cGtsQN8eti
             14 retweets
                             28 likes
2 replies
COLORS Verified account @ColorsTV 2h
Shri Ram aur Mata Sita ke suputra inhe phirse ek baar milayenge, yeh kahani, #LuvKush sunayenge. Dekhiye #RamSiyaKeLuvKu
sh Mon-Sun shaam 5-6 sirf #Colors par.  Anytime on @voot.  @iHimanshuSoni @shivyapathaniapic.twitter.com/ewqChYjmC0
1 reply
           2 retweets
                          27 likes
COLORS Verified account @ColorsTV 3h
Presenting "Itna pyaar". The first of our new #LockdownShorts series. @iamsrk #ShehnaazGill @sidharth_shuklapic.twitter
.com/axHqR6S6Uv
607 replies
               1,335 retweets
                                  4,120 likes
COLORS Verified account @ColorsTV 3h
                                       The non-stop entertaining show is back! Watch #KKKhatra, Tonight at 11:30 PM on
Kaunsi team maaregi bounce pe chance?
ly on #Colors Anytime on @justvoot. @bharti_lalli @writerharshpic.twitter.com/19HsKakszx
2 replies
              1 retweet
                           44 likes
 OLORS Verified account @ColorsTV 4h
```

4.2 Sentiment Analysis

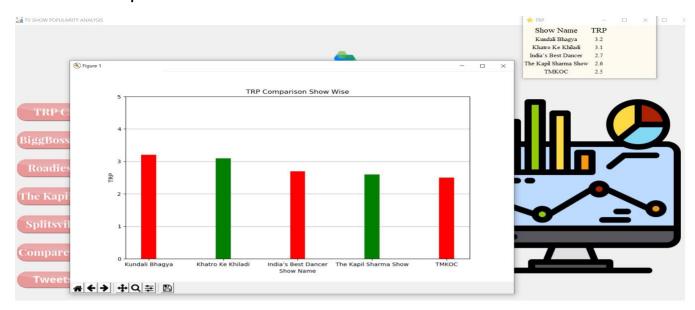
```
def SentimentAnalysis(Data):
    positive = 0
    wpositive = 0
    spositive = 0
    negative = 0
    wnegative = 0
    snegative = 0
    neutral = 0
    for i in range(0,50):
        analysis = TextBlob(Data[i])
        if (analysis.sentiment.polarity >=-0.03 and analysis.sentiment.polarity <= 0.03):</pre>
            neutral += 1
        elif (analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0.03 and analysis.sentiment.polarity <= 0.3):</pre>
            wpositive += 1
        elif (analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0.3 and analysis.sentiment.polarity <= 0.55):</pre>
            positive += 1
        elif (analysis.sentiment.polarity > 0.55 and analysis.sentiment.polarity <= 1):</pre>
             spositive += 1
        elif (analysis.sentiment.polarity > -0.3 and analysis.sentiment.polarity <= -0.03):</pre>
            wnegative += 1
        elif (analysis.sentiment.polarity > -0.55 and analysis.sentiment.polarity <= -0.3):</pre>
            negative += 1
        elif (analysis.sentiment.polarity > -1 and analysis.sentiment.polarity <= -0.55):</pre>
            snegative += 1
    return wpositive, positive, spositive, neutral, wnegative, negative, snegative
```

4.3 Data visualization

a. Bar Graph

```
def TrpChart(trp, show_name):
    fig= plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
    left = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
    plt.ylim(0,5)
    plt.bar(left, trp, tick_label = show_name, width = 0.2, color = ['red', 'green'], zorder=2)
    plt.xlabel('Show Name')
    plt.ylabel('TRP')
    plt.title('TRP Comparison Show Wise')
    plt.grid(axis="y")
    plt.show()
```

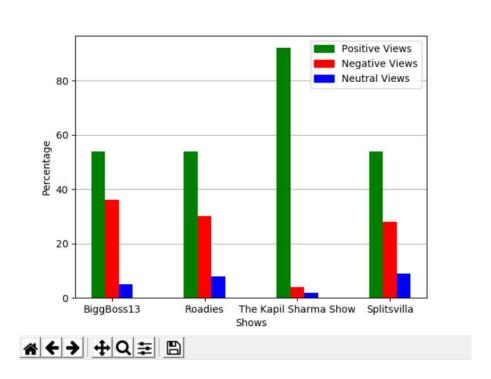
Output-



```
def ComparisonBetweenShows():
    BiggBoss13=[]
           BiggBoss13=ReadFile('BiggBoss13.txt')
           BiggBoss13-Meastive, BiggBoss13_toe, BiggBoss13_spositive, BiggBoss13_spositive, BiggBoss13_negative, BiggBoss13_negative, BiggBoss13_snegative = SentimentAnalysis(BiggBoss13) BiggBoss13Positive=(BiggBoss13_wpositive+BiggBoss13_positive+BiggBoss13_spositive) *2
BiggBoss13Negative=(BiggBoss13_wnegative+BiggBoss13_negative+BiggBoss13_snegative) *2
           BiggBoss13Neutral=BiggBoss13 neutral
           Roadies=[]
           Roadies=[] Roadies-ReadFile('Roadies.txt')
Roadies-ReadFile('Roadies.txt')
Roadies_wpositive,Roadies_positive,Roadies_spositive,Roadies_neutral,Roadies_wnegative,Roadies_negative,Roadies_snegative = SentimentAnalysis(Roadies)
RoadiesPositive=(Roadies_wpositive+Roadies_positive+Roadies_spositive)*2
RoadiesNegative=(Roadies_megative+Roadies_negative+Roadies_snegative)*2
RoadiesNeutral=Roadies_neutral
           TheKapilSharmaShow=[]
           TheKapilSharmashow=ReadFile('TheKapilSharmaShow.txt')
TheKapilSharmaShow=ReadFile('TheKapilSharmaShow_spositive, TheKapilSharmaShow_positive, TheKapilSharmaShow_positive, TheKapilSharmaShow_spositive, TheKapilSharmaShow_wpositive, TheKapilSharmaShow_positive+TheKapilSharmaShow_spositive)
TheKapilSharmaShowPositive=(TheKapilSharmaShow_wpositive+TheKapilSharmaShow_spositive)*2
TheKapilSharmaShowNegative=(TheKapilSharmaShow_unegative+TheKapilSharmaShow_negative+TheKapilSharmaShow_spositive)*2
           TheKapilSharmaShowNeutral=TheKapilSharmaShow_neutral
          Splitsvilla=[]
Splitsvilla=ReadFile('Splitsvilla.txt')
Splitsvilla_MeadFile('Splitsvilla_Dositive, Splitsvilla_spositive, Splitsvilla_neutral, Splitsvilla_wnegative, Splitsvilla_negative, Splitsvilla_snegative = SentimentAnalysis(Splitsvilla)
SplitsvillaPositive=(Splitsvilla_wpositive+Splitsvilla_positive+Splitsvilla_spositive)*2
SplitsvillaNegative=(Splitsvilla_wnegative+Splitsvilla_negative+Splitsvilla_negative+Splitsvilla_snegative)*2
SplitsvillaNeutral=Splitsvilla_neutral
           labels=['BiggBoss13','Roadies','The Kapil Sharma Show','Splitsvilla']
positive=[BiggBoss13Positive, RoadiesPositive, TheKapilSharmaShowPositive, SplitsvillaPositive]
negative=[BiggBoss13Negative, RoadiesNegative, TheKapilSharmaShowNegative, SplitsvillaNegative]
neutral=[BiggBoss13Neutral, RoadiesNeutral, TheKapilSharmaShowNeutral, SplitsvillaNeutral]
            x = np.arange(4)
           bar width=0.15
plt.bar(x,positive,width=bar_width,color='green',zorder=2)
plt.bar(x+bar_width,negative,width=bar_width,color='red',zorder=2)
plt.bar(x+bar_width*2,neutral,width=bar_width,color='blue',zorder=2)
           plt.xticks(x+bar_width,labels)
plt.xlabel('Shows')
plt.ylabel('Percentage')
          prc.ylanel('Percentage')
green_patch= mpatches.Patch(color='green',label='Positive Views')
red_patch= mpatches.Patch(color='red',label='Negative Views')
blue_patch= mpatches.Patch(color='blue',label='Meutral Views')
plt.legend(handles=[green_patch, red_patch, blue_patch])
plt.grid(axis="y")
plt.grid(axis="y")
           plt.show()
```

Output-

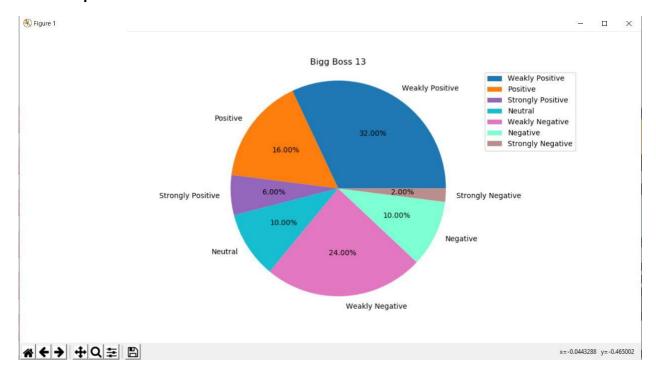




b. Pie-Chart

```
def PlotPieChart(values, Title):
    fig= plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
    labels='Weakly Positive', 'Positive', 'Strongly Positive', 'Neutral', 'Weakly Negative', 'Negative', 'Strongly Negative'
    color=['tab:blue', 'tab:orange', 'tab:purple', 'tab:cyan', 'tab:pink', 'aquamarine', 'rosybrown']
    plt.pie(values, labels=labels, colors=color, autopct='%1.2f%%')
    plt.axis('equal')
    plt.title(Title)
    plt.legend()
    plt.show()
```

Output-



5. Technology and framework used

In this Program Python language is used along with some additional module mentioned above and various websites are used as a source of data

6. SWOT Analysis

Strength- Easy to use, Accuracy percentage is 89.85%

Weakness- very slow analysis over large samples

Opportunity- Is very useful in Selection of which type of content viewers like and what to show for good TRP

Threat- Other analysis software