University of Massachusetts Lowell — Comp 3010: Organization of Programming Languages Assignment 3

DUE: Tuesday, Oct 8, 2024, 11:59PM

Submission instructions: We are using GradeScope for PDF submission and the coding assignment. That is, you must submit your work as a PDF document. If you are not able to submit your assignment, please contact course staff. Some points to note:

- Your submission must be a PDF. We encourage you to use LATEX (see below). If you produce your assignment using a different tool, please make sure your assignment is legible and follows these submission instructions.
- The first page of your assignment should state your name, UML ID, and a list of collaborators (if any), and all other pages of your other pages should not contain any identifying information, i.e., they should not contain your name.
- We will provide a LATEX template you can use to write the answers to your assignment.

1 Large-Step Semantics

(25 points)

Let us define the calculator language below that performs arithmetic and boolean operations. It has three different syntactic classes: (1) arithmetic expressions a (2) boolean expressions b, and (3) final values v. The following questions require you define small-step semantics. That is, first you need to define the configuration. Then, you need to write inference rules that show one configuration large-steps to another configuration. Recall that your large-step is a relation between an expression and a value.

$$\begin{array}{lll} n & \in & \mathbb{Z} \\ a & \coloneqq & n \mid a_1 + a_2 \mid a_1 \times a_2 \\ b & \coloneqq & \mathsf{true} \mid \mathsf{false} \mid a = a \mid a \neq a \\ & \mid a \leq a \mid a > a \mid \neg b \mid b \& \& b \\ v & \coloneqq & n \mid \mathsf{truefalse} \end{array}$$

- (a) Write large-step semantics for the syntactic class of arithmetic expressions generated by a. Assume the standard addition and multiplication operation between integers.
- (b) Write large-step semantics for the syntactic class of boolean expressions generated by *b*. Assume the standard boolean operations between integers as well as between boolean expressions.

2 OCaml Program

(25 points)

Write a large-step interpreter for the calculator language defined in the previous question. Your file should be named "hw3.ml". It should define the following types and functions. Follow the comments; fill in the holes and submit your hw3.ml in gradescope.

```
(* Type representing arithmetic expressions.
* Fill in the holes
*)
type aexp =
| Int of _ (* Constructor for n *)
| Add of _ (* Constructor for a_1 + a_2 *)
| Mul of _ (* Constructor for a_1 * a_2 *)
exception NoRuleApplies
(* Implement the following function by removing the exception.
* val lstep_aexp : aexp -> aexp
* It should take an arithmetic expression a and return a
  arithmetic expression a'
* such that a large steps to a value
let lstep aexp a = raise NoRuleApplies
(* Type representing boolean expressions.
* Fill in the holes
*)
type bexp =
| True (* Constructor for true *)
| False (* Constructor for false *)
| Eq of _ (* Constructor for a = a *)
| Neq of _ (* Constructor for a != a *)
| Leq of _ (* Constructor for a <= a *)</pre>
| Gt of _ (* Constructor for a > a *)
| Neg of _ (* Constructor for !a *)
| And of _ (* Constructor for a && a *)
(* Implement the following function by removing the exception
* val lstep_bexp : bexp -> bexp
* It should take a boolean expression b and return a boolean
  expression b'
* such that b large steps to a value
*)
let lstep_bexp b = raise NoRuleApplies
```