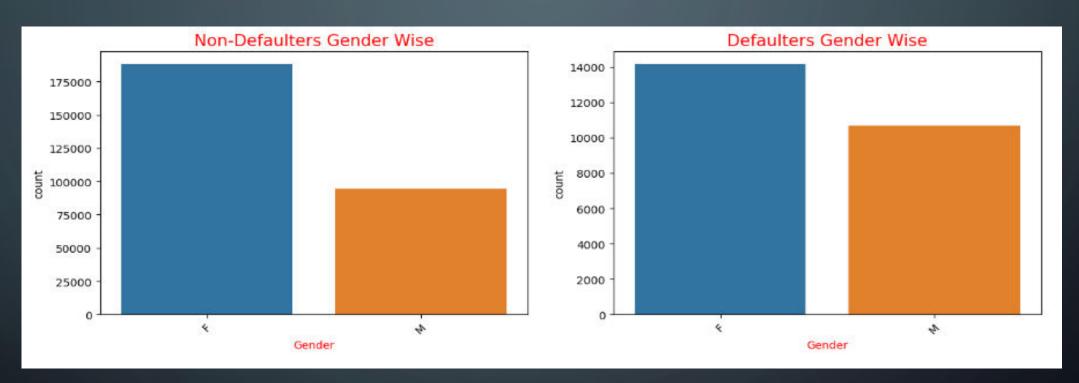
CREDIT EDA – LOAN CASE STUDY

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THIS CASE STUDY AIMS TO IDENTIFY PATTERNS WHICH INDICATE IF A CLIENT HAS DIFFICULTY PAYING THEIR INSTALMENTS WHICH MAY BE USED FOR TAKING ACTIONS SUCH AS DENYING THE LOAN, REDUCING THE AMOUNT OF LOAN, LENDING (TO RISKY APPLICANTS) AT A HIGHER INTEREST RATE, ETC. THIS WILL ENSURE THAT THE CONSUMERS CAPABLE OF REPAYING THE LOAN ARE NOT REJECTED. IDENTIFICATION OF SUCH APPLICANTS USING EDA IS THE AIM OF THIS CASE STUDY.

ANALYSIS DONE

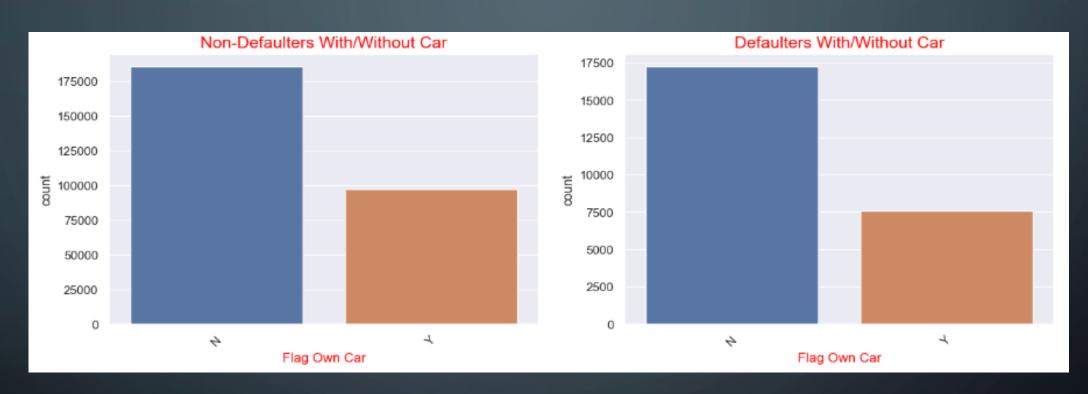
- > Data Cleaning and handling missing values
- Imputing the missing values
- Check and handling Outliers
- Check data Imbalance and ratio of Imbalance
- Check for Univariate (Categorical and Continuous Univariate analysis) and Bivariate analysis and correlation.
- Merging both data set and perform analysis.
- Recommendation and Risk



Observation:

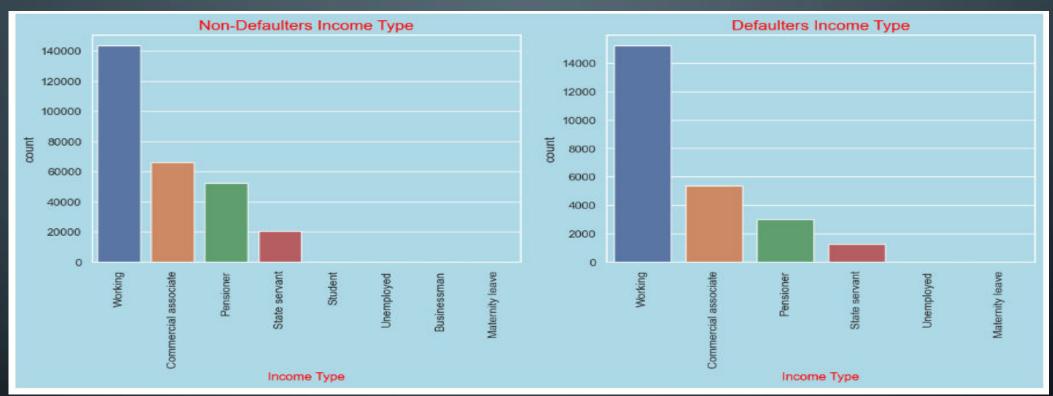
As per the above graph, we can find that the number of females applicant are higher in non defaulter category.

Also, we can check the same trend for the defaulters where females are high number of defaulters.



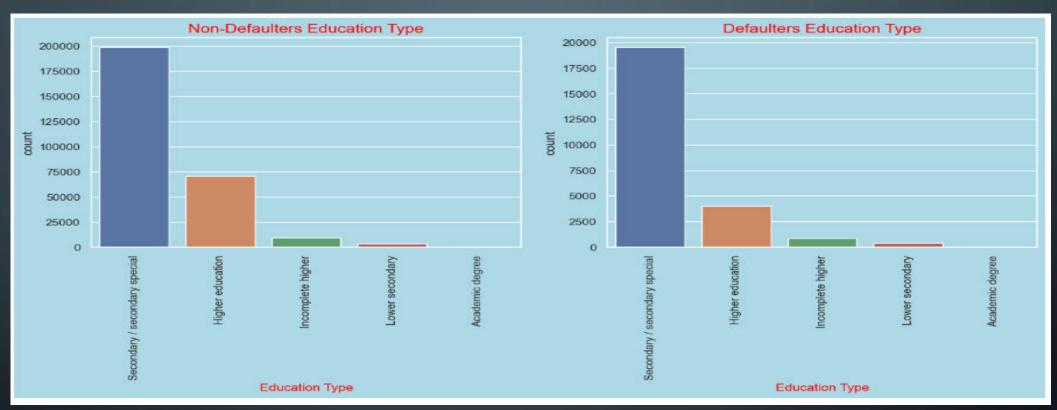
Observation:

It is clearly visible that maximum number of Non-defaulters are not having their own a car. However, Defaulters also show the same trend where maximum defaulters does not own a car.



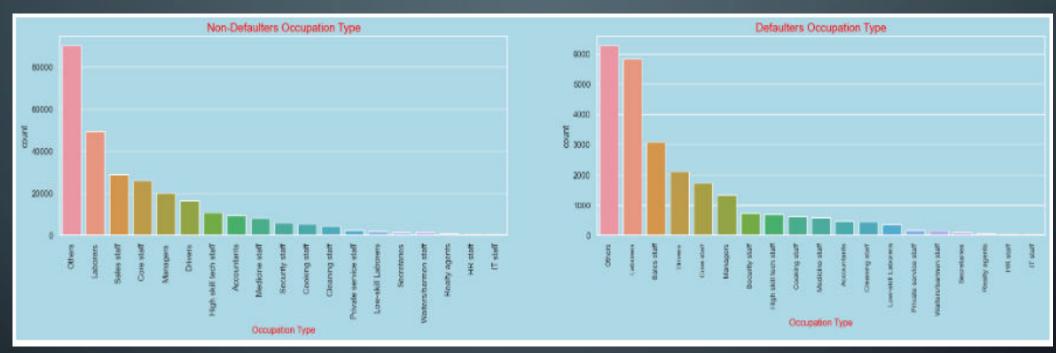
Observation:

The Defaulters are mostly working professionals followed by commercial Associates.



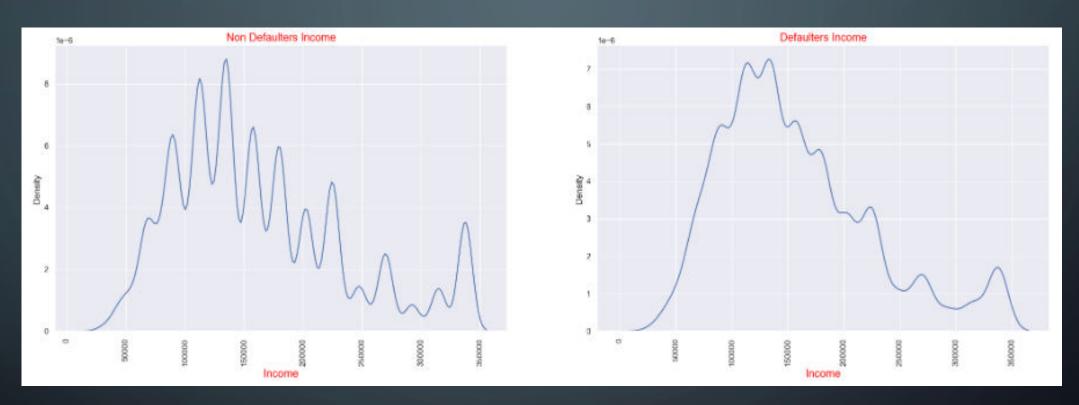
Observation:

The defaulter are mostly having Secondary/Secondary special kind of education.



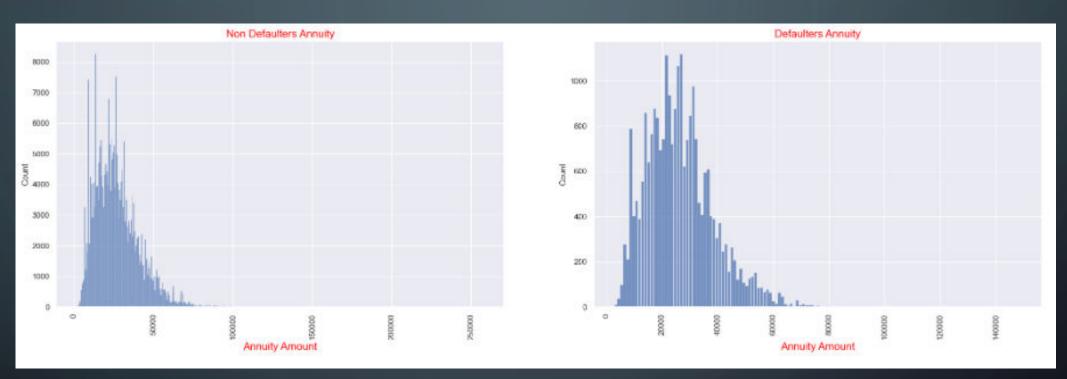
Observation:

Most of the defaulters are labours by their occupation. The labours are the one who is lower skilled people so, they are struggling with the loan bill payment and becoming defaulters.

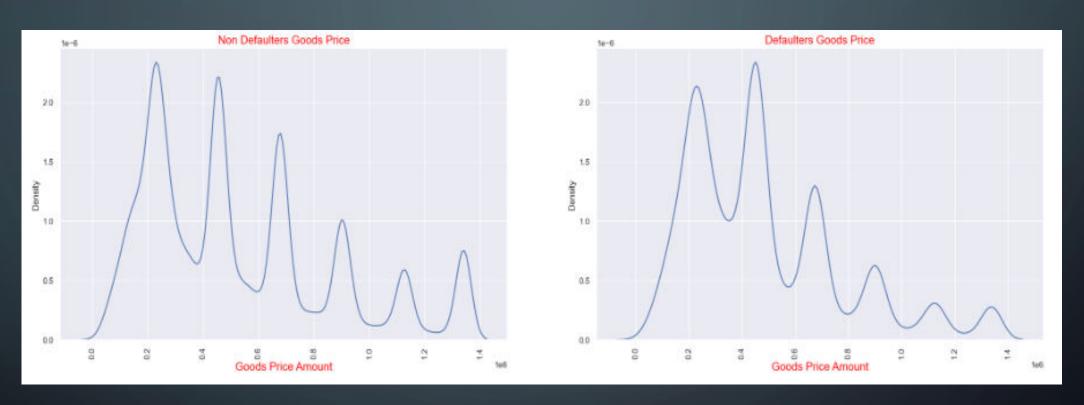


Observation:

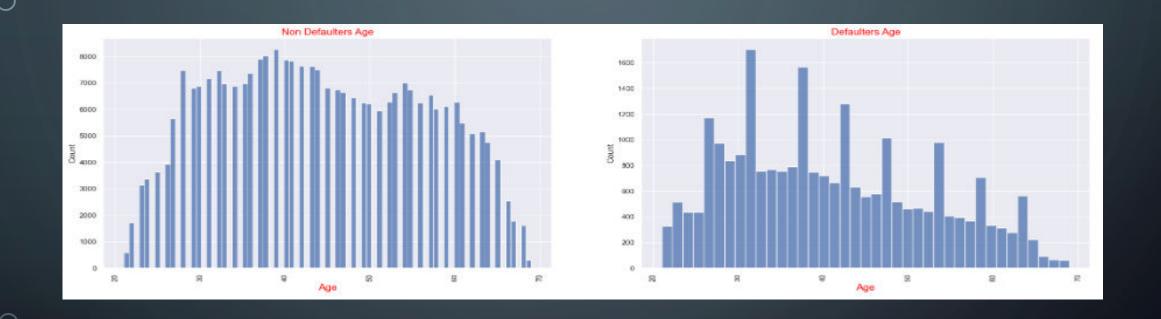
Most of the defaulters are earning between 1 lakhs to 1.7 lakhs annually.



Observation:
Defaulters are having loan annuity between 15000 to 30000.



Observation:
Defaulters Goods price amount is largely lying between 0.2(200000) to 0.5(500000).



Observation:

The defaulters age is lying mostly between 25 to 45. Middle age people are getting defaulters more compared to other age people.



Observation:

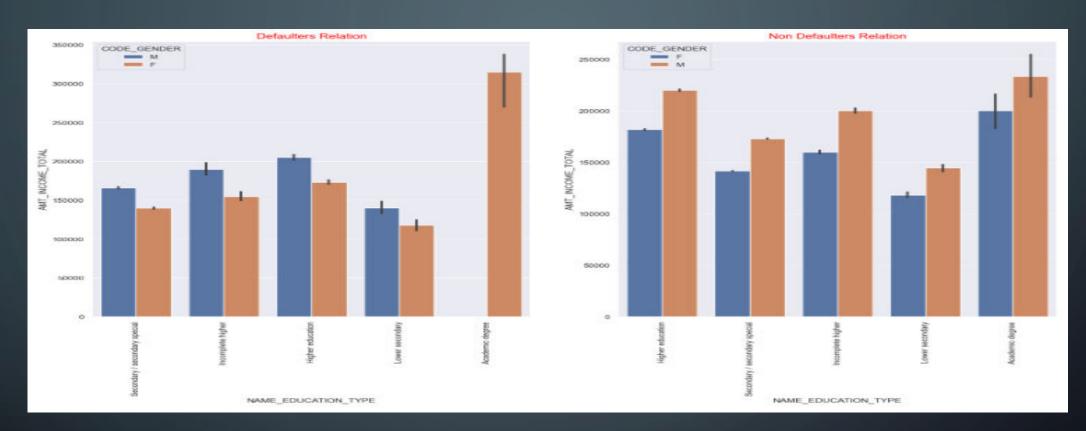
We can come to conclusion that there is a similarity between columns when it comes to defaulters and non-defaulters data correlation. The column relation which are showing higher percentage of correlation in Non-defaulters are the one showing in defaulters correlation.



Observation:

For Non-Defaulters: The values are evenly distributed AMT_CRETI and AMT_INCOME_TOTAL There no distinguish between Male and female. its looks like all are having same ratio in this plot. So, Its hard to figure it out here.

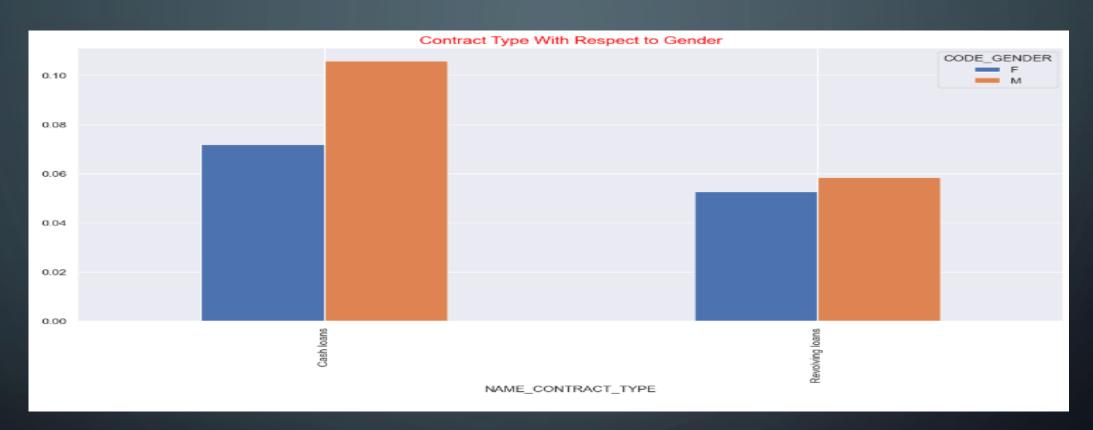
For Defaulters: There are more congested values in initial or lower areas of both AMT_CREDIT and AMT_INCOME_TOTAL With the Income the LOAN value also increses.



Observation:

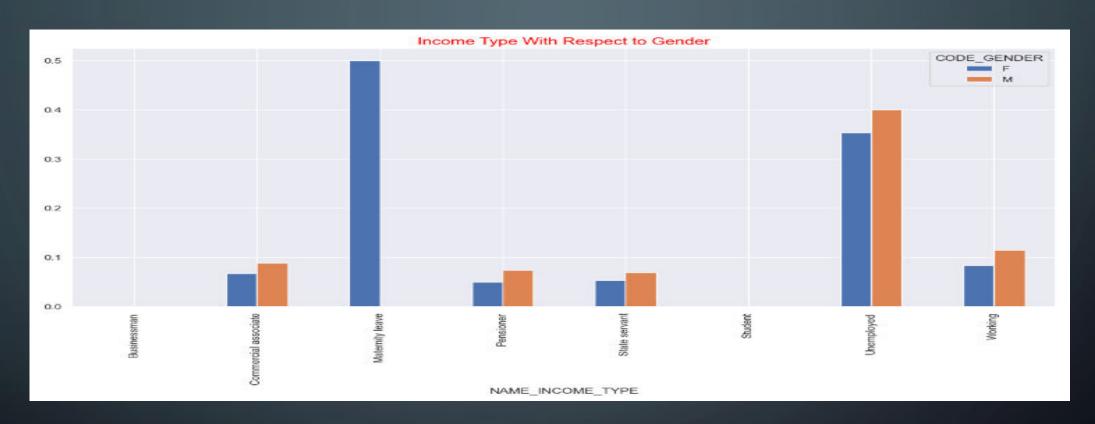
Defaulters: Female Academic Degree holders are earning more but still there in defaulter list more. Where as male Academic degree holders are not in defaulter list. But for rest of the education type we can see that males are earning more as well being the more defaulters.

Non Defaulters: Here also Female Academic degree holders are more and they are in high number when it comes to non defaulters. Nearly same amount non defaulter are there for guys who studied Higher education. Applied to both male and female. Female in all educational aspects are more non-defaulters than male.



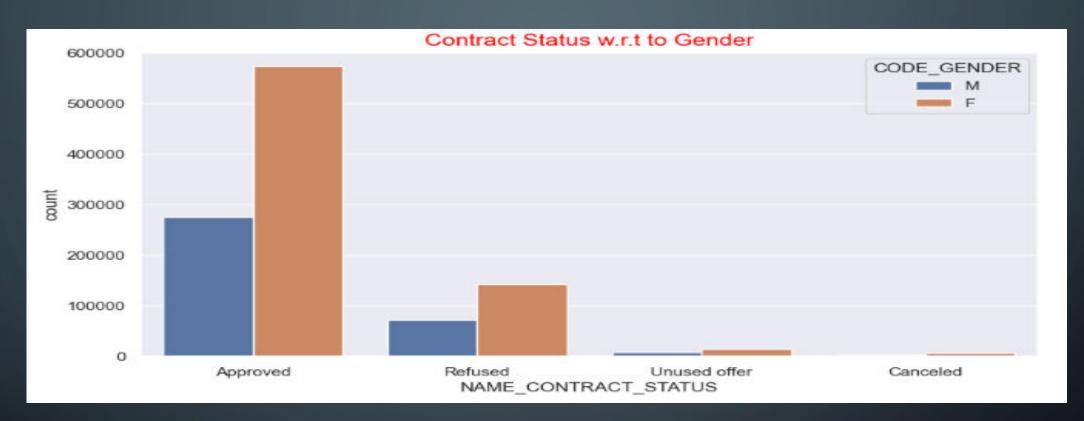
Observation:

Cash loans by males are more as compared to female and they are defaulters as well. However, Revolving loans are also taken by male more and they are most defaulters.



Observation:

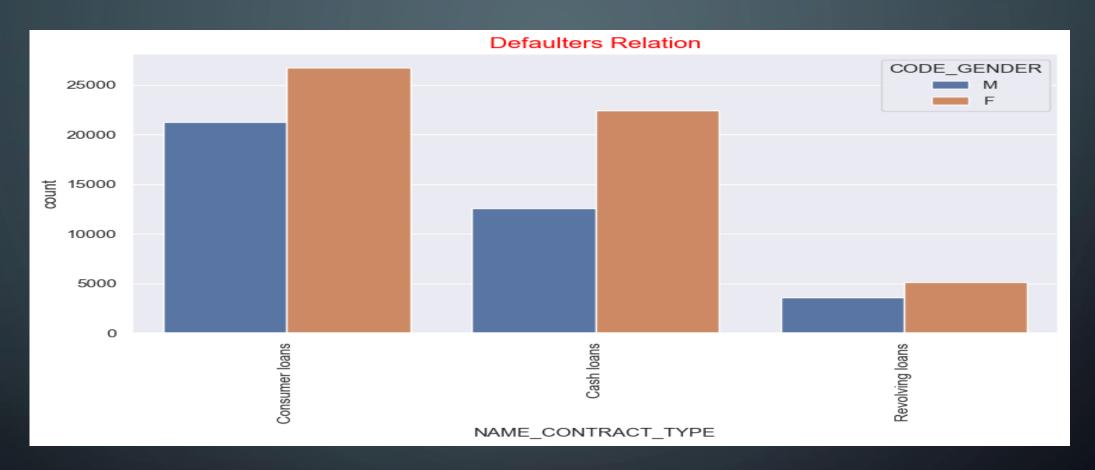
- We can see that Unemployed people are more defaulters in both male and female case.
- Males are more unemployed than female.
- Maternity leave females are also in higher no in defaulters list.
- Male numbers are more compare to female in defaulters list.



Observation:

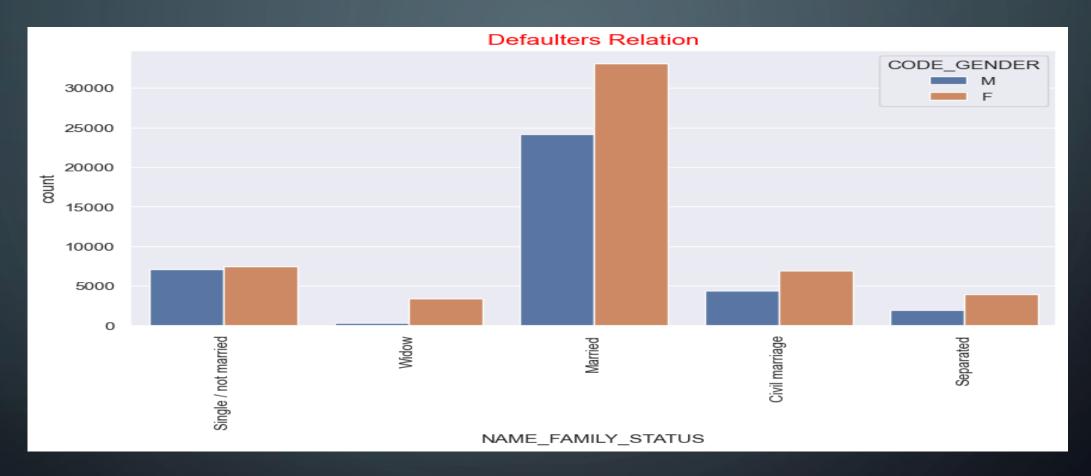
Female contracts got approved more compared to male.

Female contracts also got refused more compare to male but that is nearly negligible and Less in numbers compare to approval.



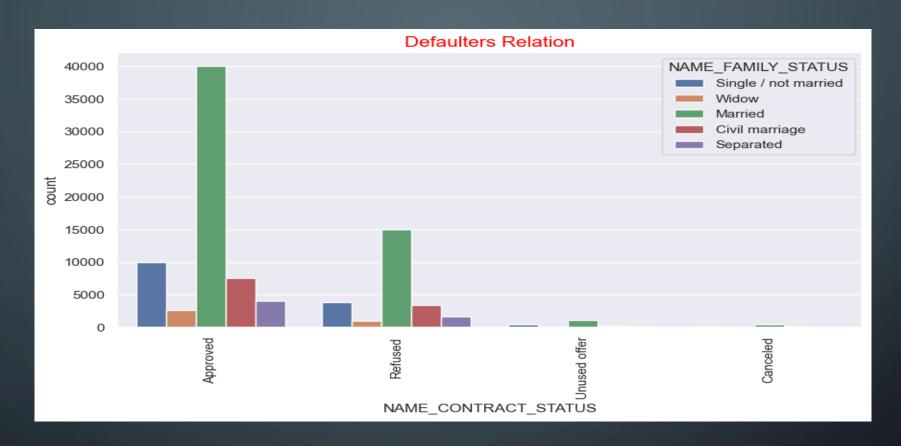
Observation:

Here, female with consumer loans type are the highest defaulters. However, here, females are defaulters in all three categories



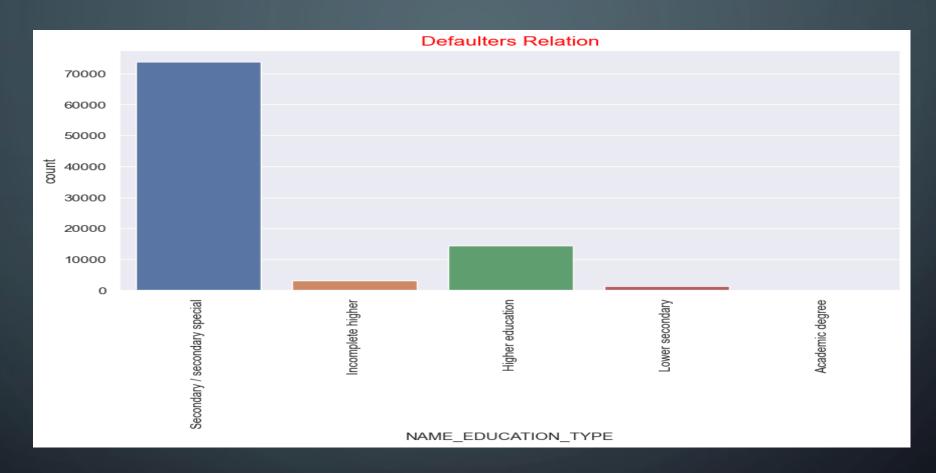
Observation:

Married people are struggling to pay the loan bill compared to single and separated people.



Observation:

More number of approved people are married. From next time onwards we need to give loan to those who are either single or divorced.



Observation:

Secondary/ secondary special people with education are struggling to pay their loan bill and becoming defaulters.

CONCLUSION

- The banks should focus more on contract type student, pensioner, and businessman with income type other than co-op apartment, office apartment for housing type fpr successful payments.
- The banks should focus less on income type Working category as they are having most number unsuccessful payments.
- CODE GENDER female is having higher rate in both defaulters and non-defaulters. So, bank should focus giving loans to female gender.
- In Name Family Status Married followed by Single/Not Married has high rate in defaulters & Non-Defaulters.
- With loan purpose Repair is having higher number of unsuccessful payments on time.