Advanced Database Management Systems LAB (Assignment 5)

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BATCH: B4

TOPIC: To understand and use SQLSub-Query

Create the following table.

- 1. Supplier-(scode, sname, scity, turnover)
- 2. Part-(pcode,weigh,color,cost,sellingprice)
- 3. Supplier_Part-(scode,pcode,qty)

Create table Supplier (
scode varchar(15),
sname varchar(20),
scity varchar(30),
turnover int
);
desc Supplier;

OUTPUT -

Table created.

TABLE SUPPLIER

Column	Null?	Type
SCODE	(-)	NUMBER
SNAME	(*)	VARCHAR2(20)
SCITY	190	VARCHAR2(30)
TURNOVER		NUMBER

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```
Create table Part (
pcode varchar(15),
weigh int,
color varchar(20),
cost_int,
sellingprice int
);
desc Part;
```

Table created.

TABLE PART

Column	Null?	Туре
PCODE	-	NUMBER
WEIGH	-	NUMBER
COLOR	-	VARCHAR2(20)
COST	=	NUMBER
SELLINGPRICE	-	NUMBER

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5 rows selected.

Create table SupplierPart (
scode varchar(15),
pcode varchar(15),
qty int
);
desc SupplierPart;

OUTPUT -

Table created.

TABLE SUPPLIERPART

Column	Null?	Type
SCODE	-	NUMBER
PCODE	-	NUMBER
OTY	, .	VARCHAR2(20)

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Populate the table

insert into Supplier values('S001','Ankush Verma','Bombay','35'); insert into Supplier values('S002','Parteek Jain','Jaipur','55'); insert into Supplier values('S003','Zafar Khan','Bombay','60'); insert into Supplier values('S004','Sanskriti Sharma','Delhi','40');

Select * from Supplier;

OUTPUT -

- 1 row(s) inserted.
 1 row(s) inserted.
 1 row(s) inserted.
- 1 row(s) inserted.

SCODE	SNAME	SCITY	TURNOVER
5001	Ankush Verma	Bombay	35
5002	Parteek Jain	Jaipur	55
5003	Zafar Khan	Bombay	60
5004	Sanskriti Sharma	Delhi	40

insert into Part values('P001', 20, 'Black', 20, 50); insert into Part values('P002', 28, 'White', 30, 50); insert into Part values('P003', 40, 'Red', 55, 80); insert into Part values('P004', 34, 'Purple', 40, 55);

Select * from Part;

OUTPUT -

- 1 row(s) inserted.
- 1 row(s) inserted.
- 1 row(s) inserted.
- 1 row(s) inserted.

P1500CODE	WEIGH	COLOR	COST	SELLINGPRICE
P001	20	Black	35	50
P002	28	White	55	70
P003	40	Red	60	70
P004	34	Purple	40	45

```
insert into SupplierPart values('S001', 'P001', 1000); insert into SupplierPart values('S002', 'P002', 1200); insert into SupplierPart values('S003', 'P003', 800); insert into SupplierPart values('S004', 'P004', 1500);
```

Select * from SupplierPart;

OUTPUT -

SCODE	PCODE	QTY
5001	P001	1000
5002	P002	1200
5003	P003	800
5004	P004	1500

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4 rows selected.

• Write appropriate SQL Statement for the following:

1. Get the supplier number and part number in ascending order of supplier number.

Select scode,pcode From SupplierPart order by scode asc;

OUTPUT -



4 rows selected.

2. Get the details of supplier who operate from Bombay with turn over 50.

Select * From Supplier Where scity = 'Bombay' and turnover > 50;

5003	Zafar Khan	Bombay	60

3. Get the total number of supplier.

select count(*) from Supplier;

OUTPUT -



4. Get the part number weighing between 25 and 35.

Select pcode From Part Where weigh between 25 and 350;

OUTPUT -



5. Get the supplier number whose turnover is null.

Select scode From Supplier Where turnover=0;

no data found

6. Get the part number that cost 20, 30 or 40 rupees.

Select pcode From Part Where cost in(20,30,40);

OUTPUT-



7. Get the total quantity of part 2 that is supplied.

select sum(qty) from SupplierPart group by pcode having pcode = 'P002';

OUTPUT -



8. Get the name of supplier who supply part 2.

select sname from Supplier where scode = (scode from SupplierPart where pcode = 'P002');

9. Get the part number whose cost is greater than the average cost.

Select pcode From Part
Where cost_ > (Select Avg(cost_) from Part);

	PCODE	
	P003	
	P004	
Do	ownloa	d CSV
2	rows	selected.

10. Get the supplier number and turnover in descending order of turnover.

Select scode, turnover From Supplier order by turnover desc;

OUTPUT -

SCODE	TURNOVER
5003	60
5002	55
5004	40
5001	35