

Experiment-3.3

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Semester: 01

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Section/Group: 23MAI-1

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Subject Code: 23CSH-621

Aim of the Experiment :

Aim of the Experiment is to use Experimenter in the Weka Tool, analyze the results of K fold testing on UCI ML Repository dataset for different folds of cross validation technique. Compare the stability of the algorithm graphically.

Objective of the Experiment :

Task to be done for this experiment is that we have to perform following tasks:

- a) Analyze the results of K fold testing for different folds of cross validation technique.
- b) Compare the stability of the algorithm graphically.

Algorithm/ Steps for Experiment :

Step 1: Download the **Kidnapping dataset** from the Kaggle website.

Step 2: Open the WEKA Tool and open the '**Explorer**' tab.

Home kidnapping.csv

Menu Home Insert Page Layout Formulas Data Review View Tools Smart

Format Painter Paste Wrap Text Orientation Merge and Center

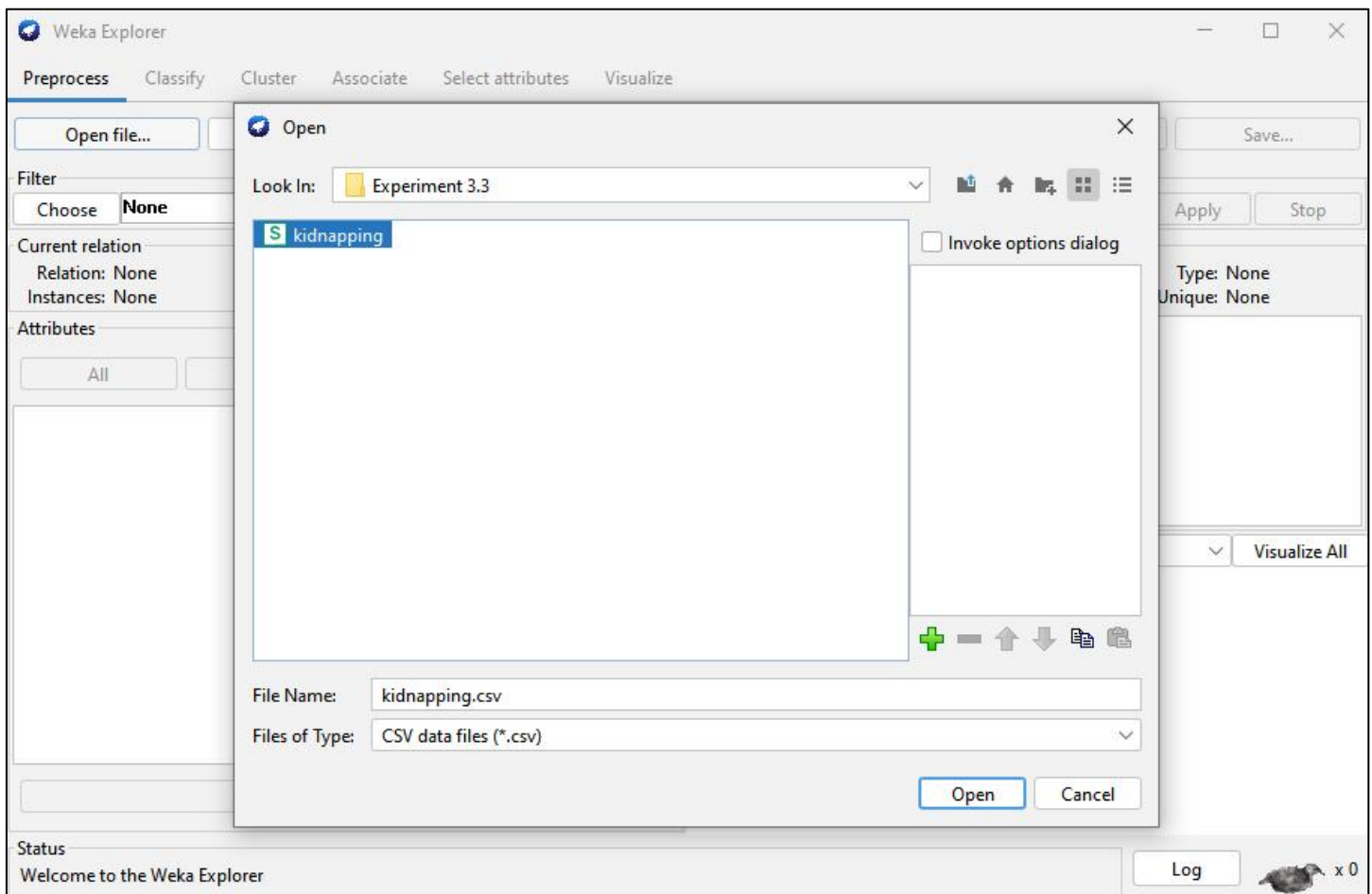
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O20 fx 52.6

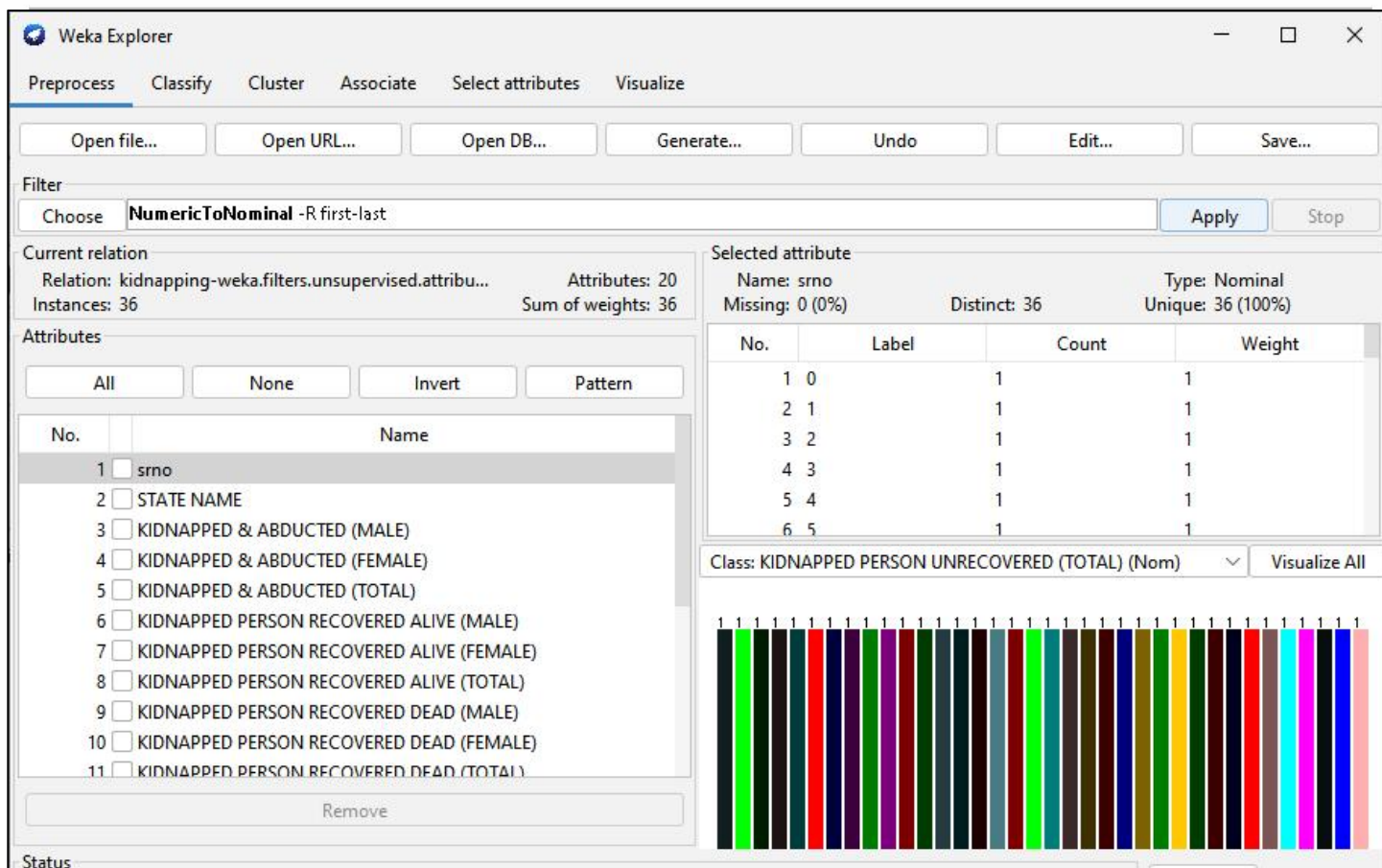
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
1	srno	STATE NAM	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC	KIDNAPPEC
2	0	ANDHRA PF	628	1483	2111	83	248	331	0	0	0	83
3	1	ARUNACHA	37	109	146	27	68	95	0	0	0	27
4	2	ASSAM	3230	16311	19541	60	189	249	0	0	0	60
5	3	BIHAR	3643	9163	12806	675	2261	2936	10	0	10	685
6	4	CHHATTISG	977	2253	3230	548	1041	1589	11	1	12	559
7	5	GOA	60	93	153	44	68	112	2	0	2	46
8	6	GUJARAT	812	3447	4259	652	2442	3094	1	2	3	653
9	7	HARYANA	2513	4744	7257	1131	2323	3454	5	3	8	1136
10	8	HIMACHAL	171	359	530	88	210	298	5	1	6	93
11	9	JAMMU & K	130	1502	1632	40	944	984	1	1	2	41
12	10	JHARKHAN	780	909	1689	506	385	891	11	0	11	517
13	11	KARNATAK	1335	3151	4486	749	1576	2325	5	0	5	754
14	12	KERALA	107	260	367	79	203	282	0	0	0	79
15	13	MADHYA PI	4815	11294	16109	2388	4707	7095	15	13	28	2403



Step 3: Click on the ‘**Open file**’ Option >> Select Kidnapping dataset >> Click on **Open**.



Step 4: Change the dataset from Numeric to Nominal. In ‘**Filter**’ Section, click on ‘**Choose**’ >> Unsupervised >> Attribute >> **Numeric to Nominal**. Click on ‘**Apply**’ Option.



Weka Explorer

Preprocess | Classify | Cluster | Associate | Select attributes | Visualize

Open file... | Open URL... | Open DB... | Generate... | Undo | Edit... | Save...

Filter: Choose **NumericToNominal -R first-last** [Apply] [Stop]

Current relation:
Relation: kidnapping-weka.filters.unsupervised.attribu...
Instances: 36
Attributes: 20
Sum of weights: 36

Attributes:

- ☐ All
- ☐ None
- ☐ Invert
- ☐ Pattern

No.	Name
1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> srno
2	<input type="checkbox"/> STATE NAME
3	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED & ABDUCTED (MALE)
4	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED & ABDUCTED (FEMALE)
5	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED & ABDUCTED (TOTAL)
6	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED PERSON RECOVERED ALIVE (MALE)
7	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED PERSON RECOVERED ALIVE (FEMALE)
8	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED PERSON RECOVERED ALIVE (TOTAL)
9	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED PERSON RECOVERED DEAD (MALE)
10	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED PERSON RECOVERED DEAD (FEMALE)
11	<input type="checkbox"/> KIDNAPPED PERSON RECOVERED DEAD (TOTAL)

[Remove]

Selected attribute:
Name: srno
Missing: 0 (0%)
Distinct: 36
Type: Nominal
Unique: 36 (100%)

No.	Label	Count	Weight
1	0	1	1
2	1	1	1
3	2	1	1
4	3	1	1
5	4	1	1
6	5	1	1

Class: KIDNAPPED PERSON UNRECOVERED (TOTAL) (Nom) [Visualize All]

Status

Step 5: Open the WEKA Tool and open the 'Experimenter' tab.



WEKA
THE UNIVERSITY OF
WAIKATO
NEW ZEALAND

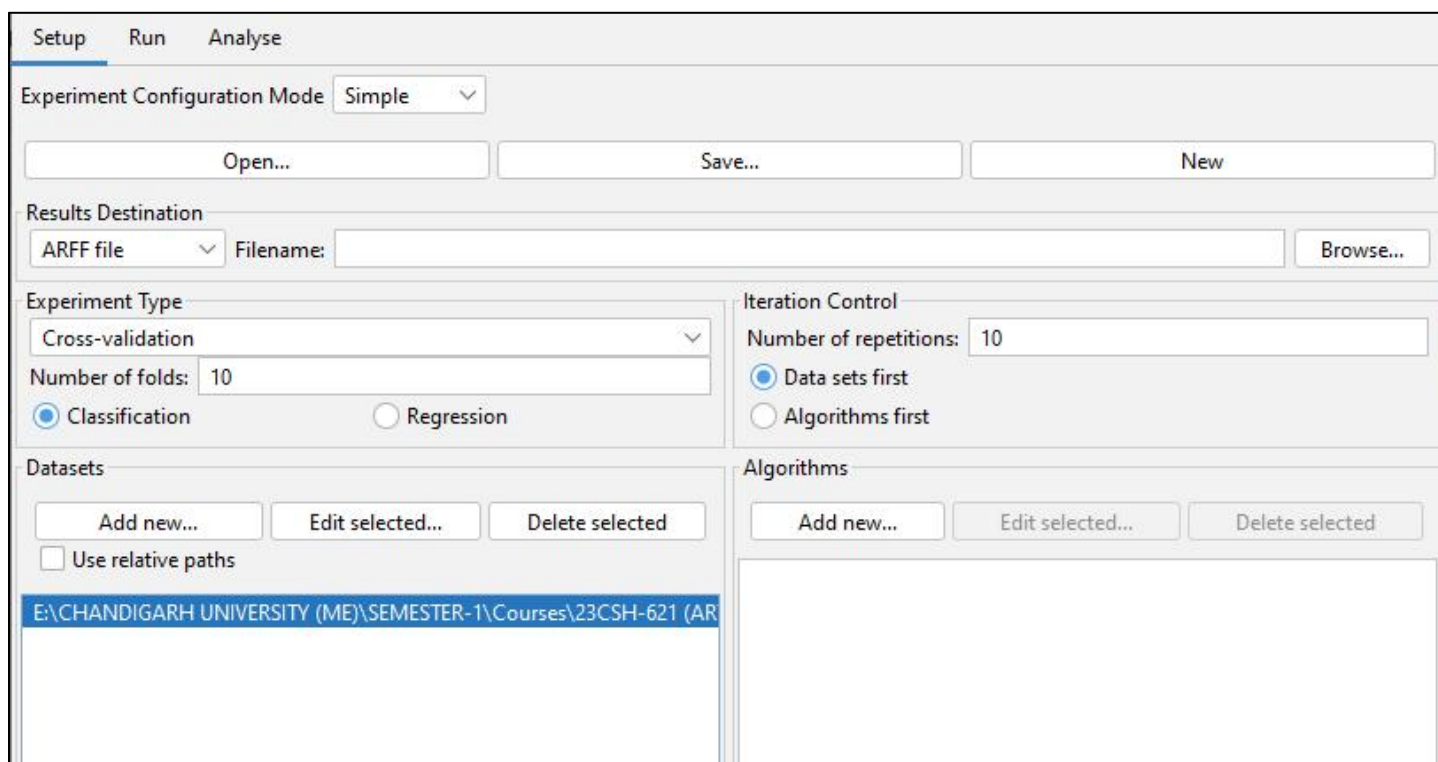
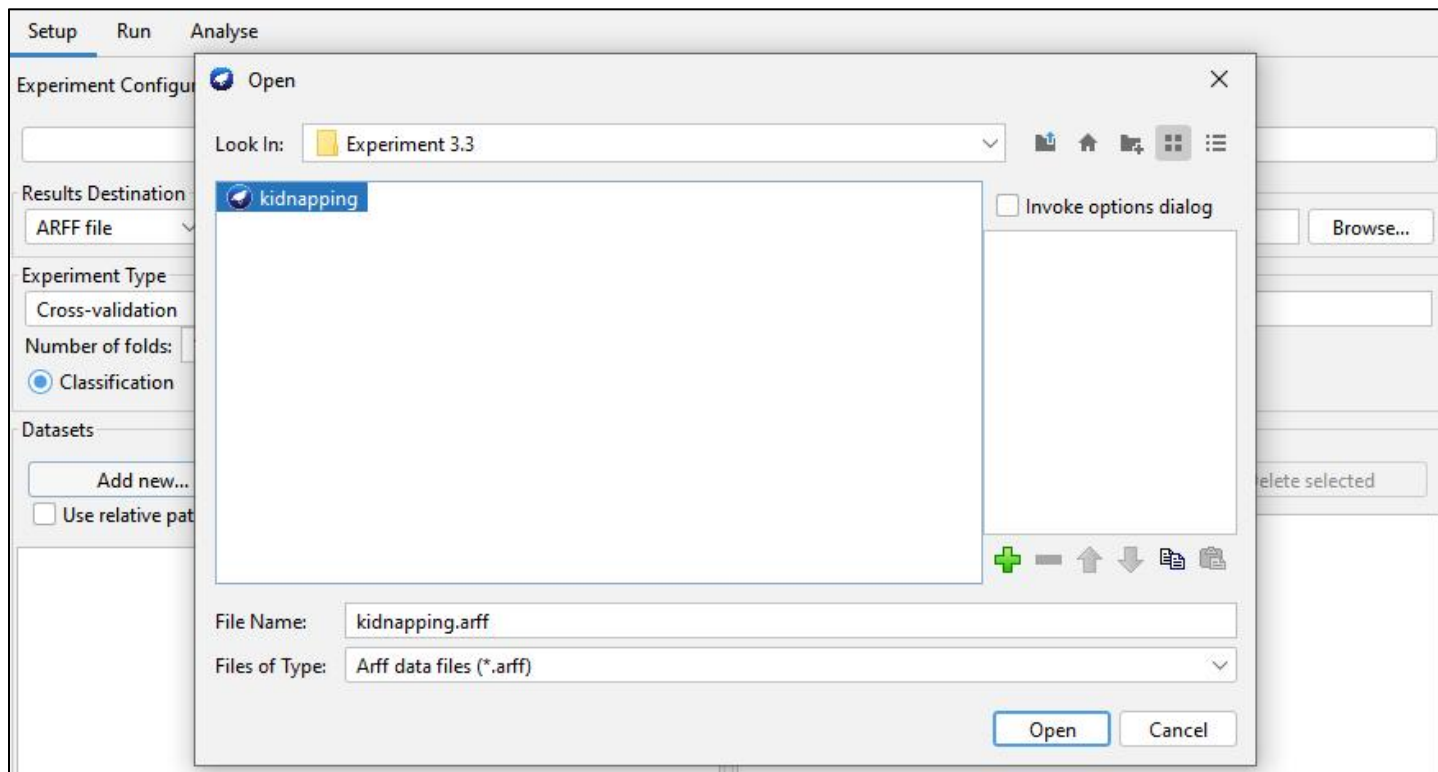
Waikato Environment for Knowledge Analysis
Version 3.8.6
(c) 1999 - 2022
The University of Waikato
Hamilton, New Zealand

Applications:

- Explorer
- Experimenter**
- KnowledgeFlow
- Workbench
- Simple CLI

Step 6: Click on the 'New' option to initiate the process of adding data.

Step 7: In 'Datasets' section, click on 'Add New' option and select arff file to import.

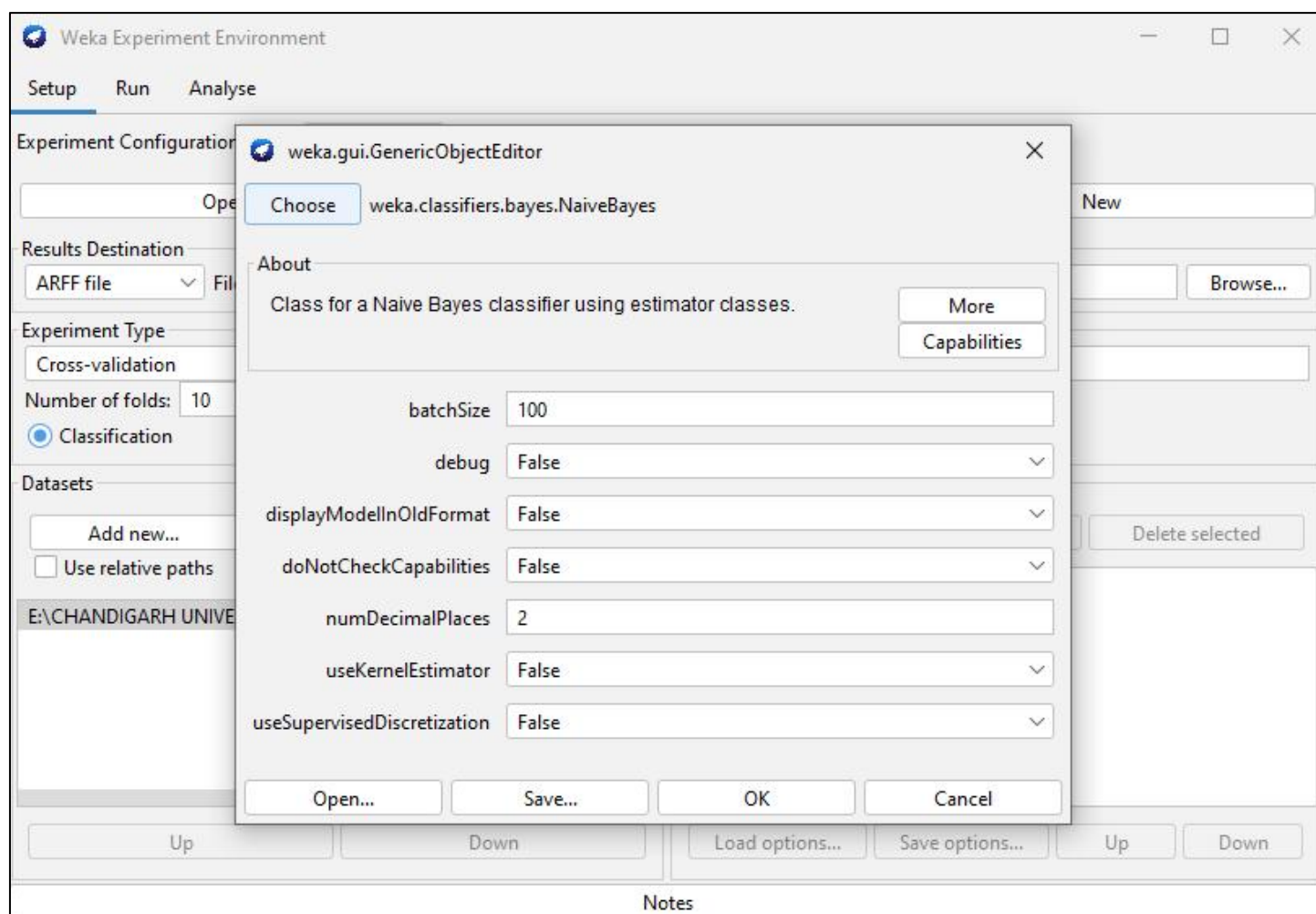


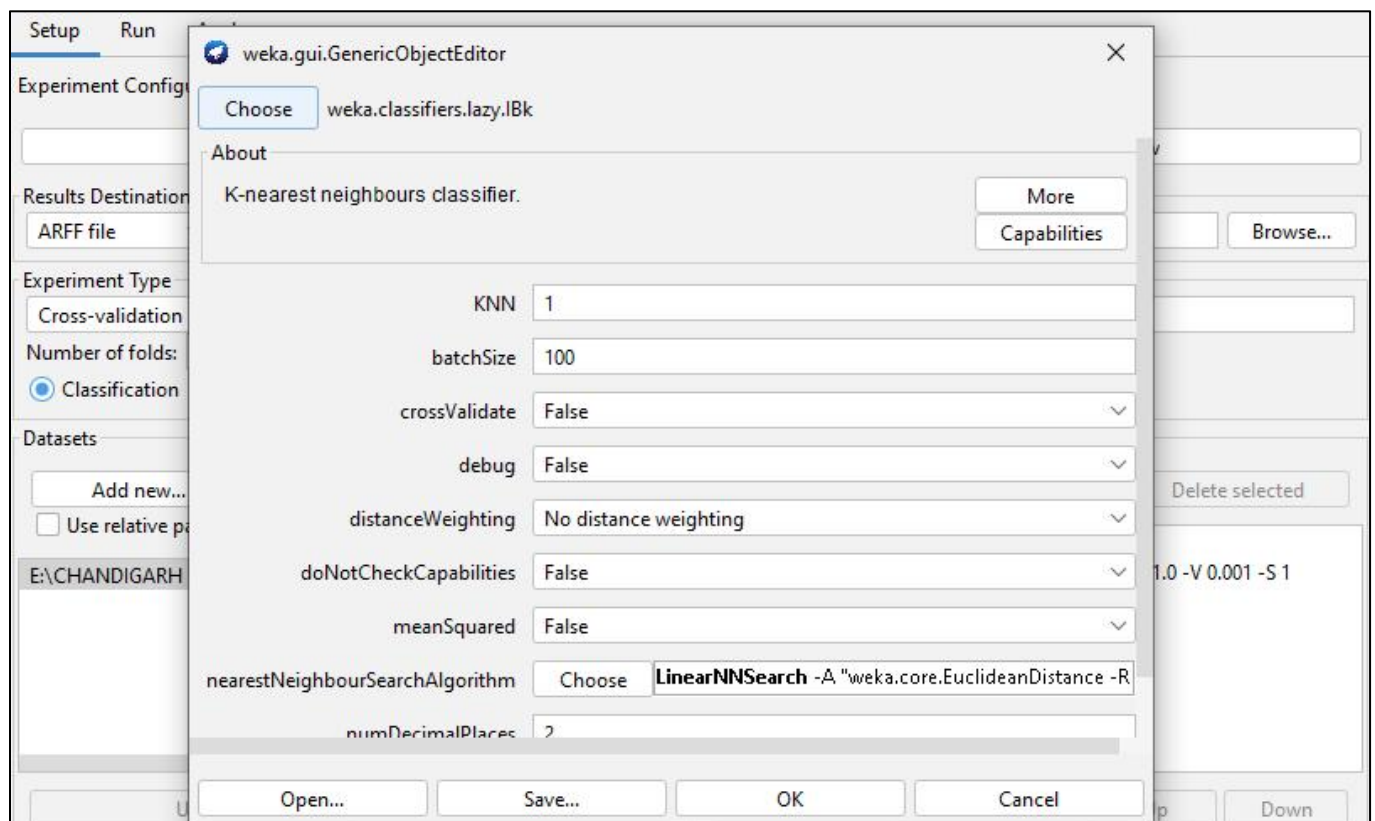
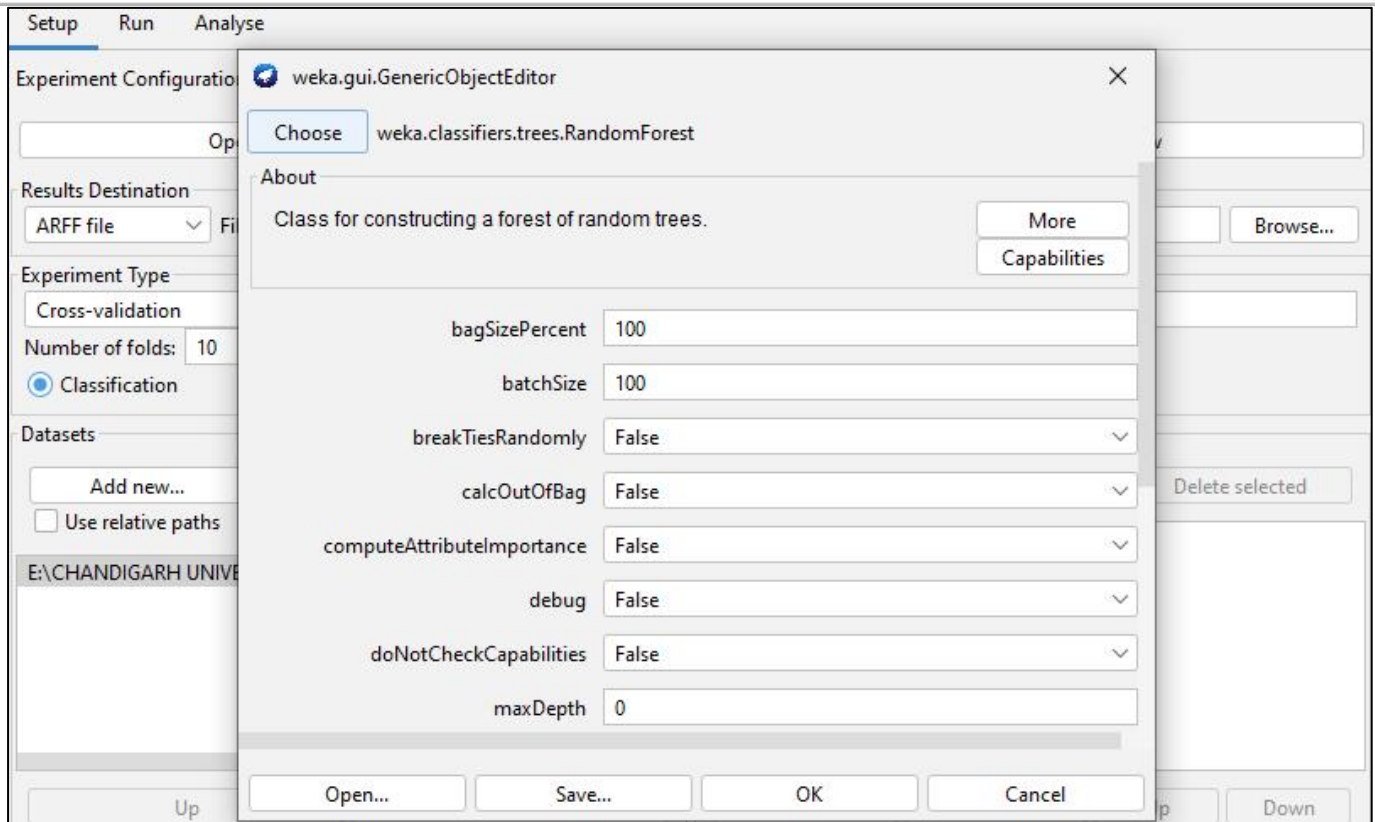
Step 8: In the Algorithms section,click on choose add new> choose>>**NaiveBayes**.

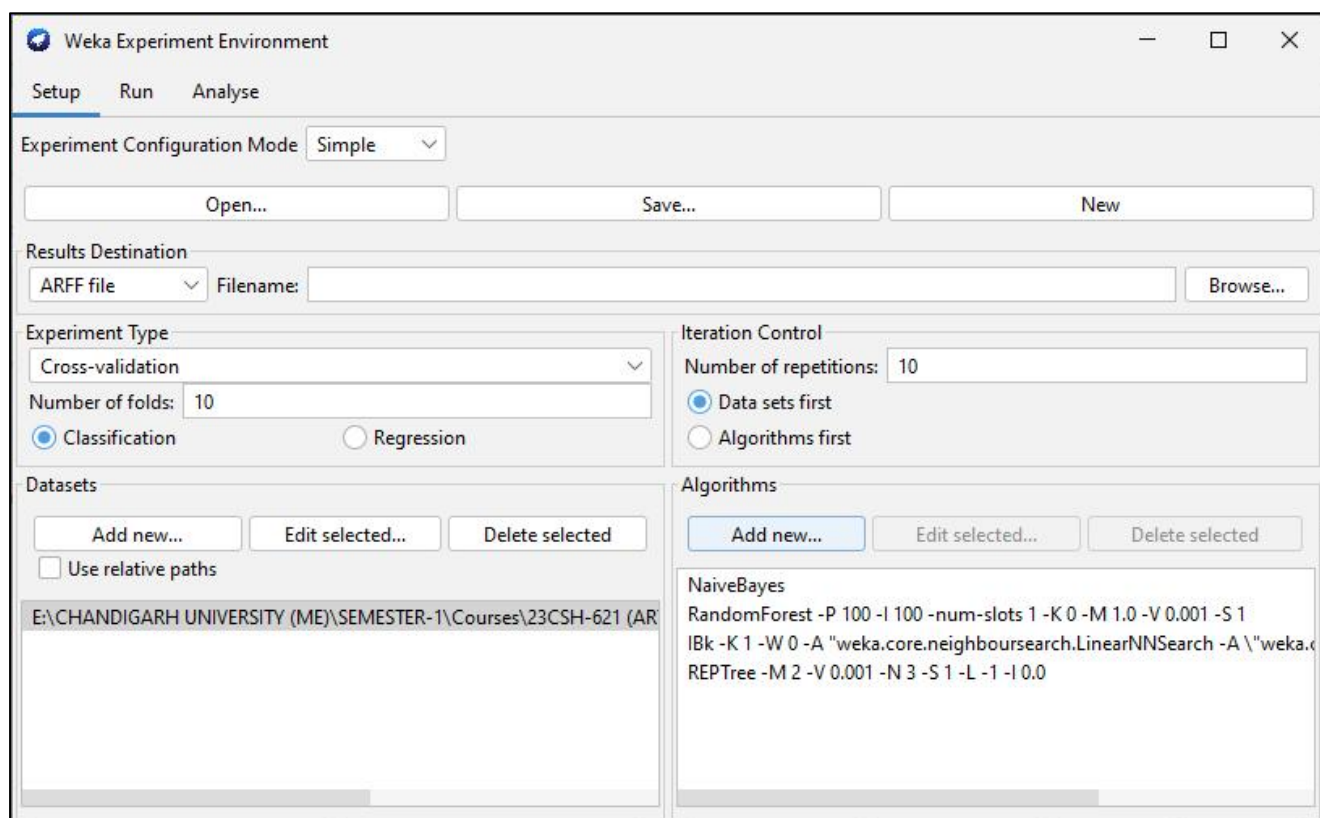
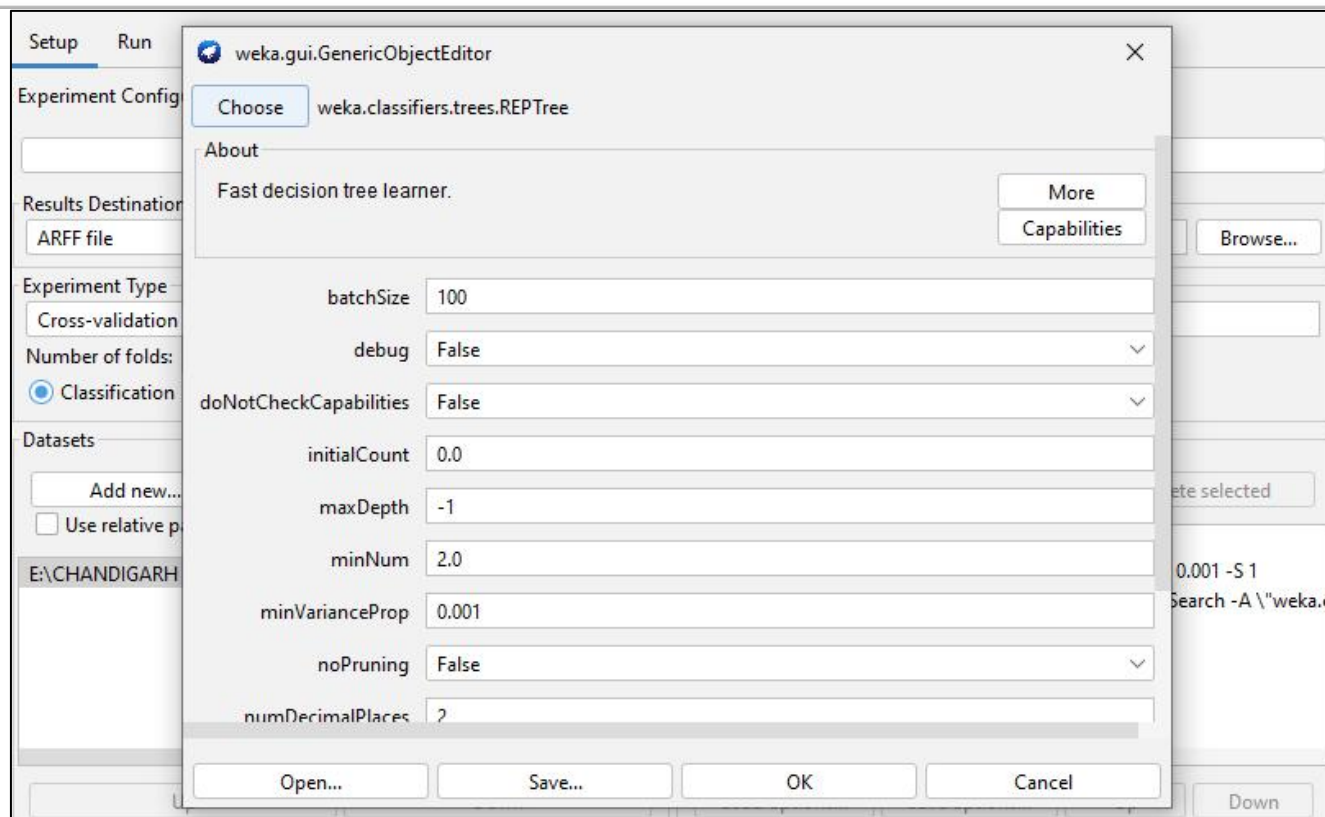
Step 9: In the Algorithms section,click on choose add new> choose>>**RandomForest**.

Step 10: In the Algorithms section,click on choose add new> choose>>**IBK(KNN classifier)**.

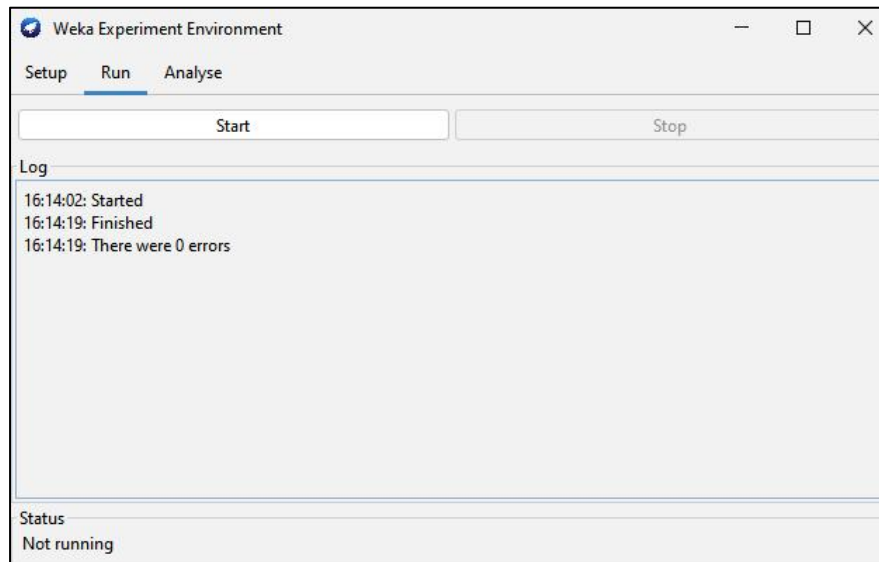
Step 11: In the Algorithms section,click on choose add new> choose>>**REPTree**.





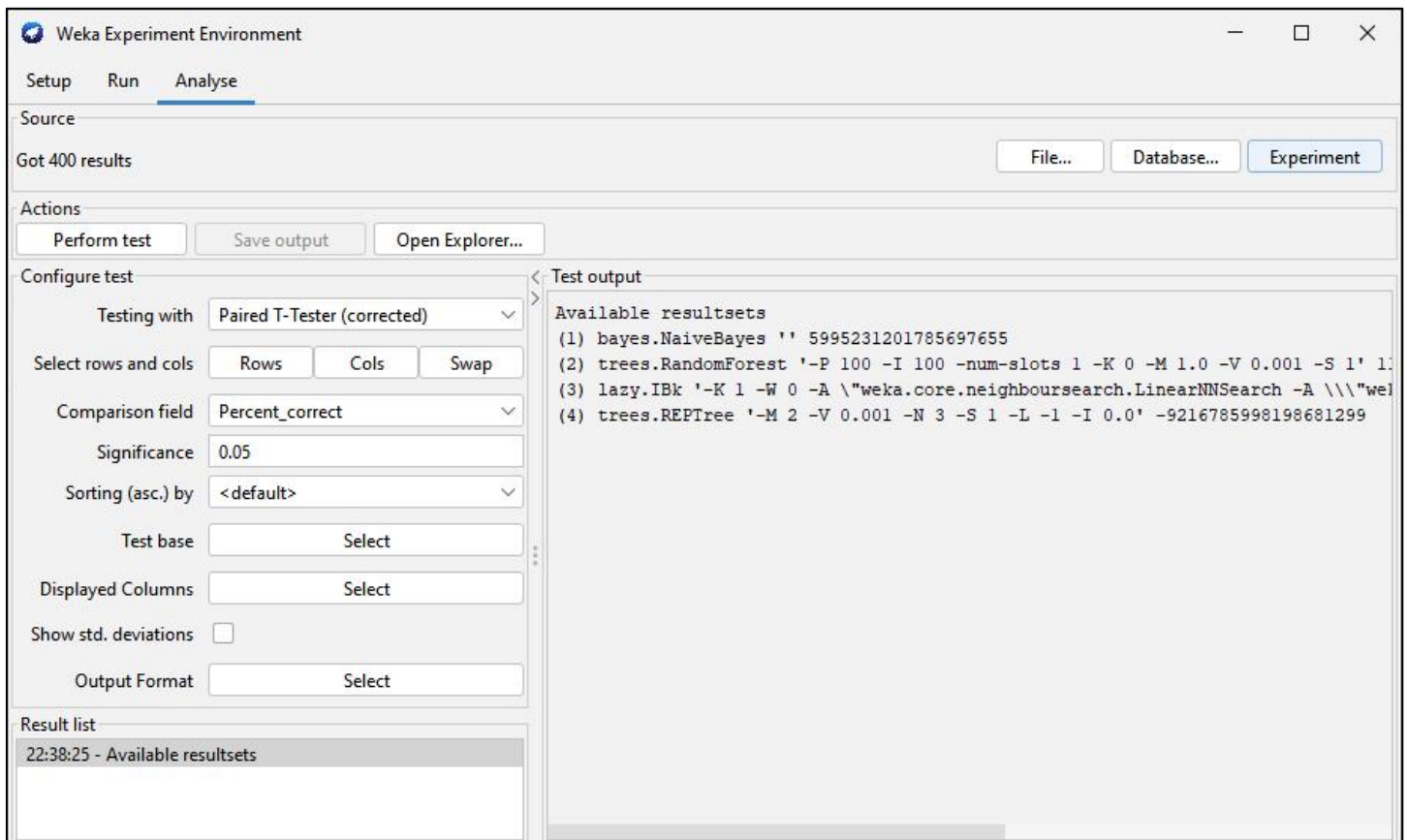


Step 12: Click on 'Run' tab >> click 'Start'.

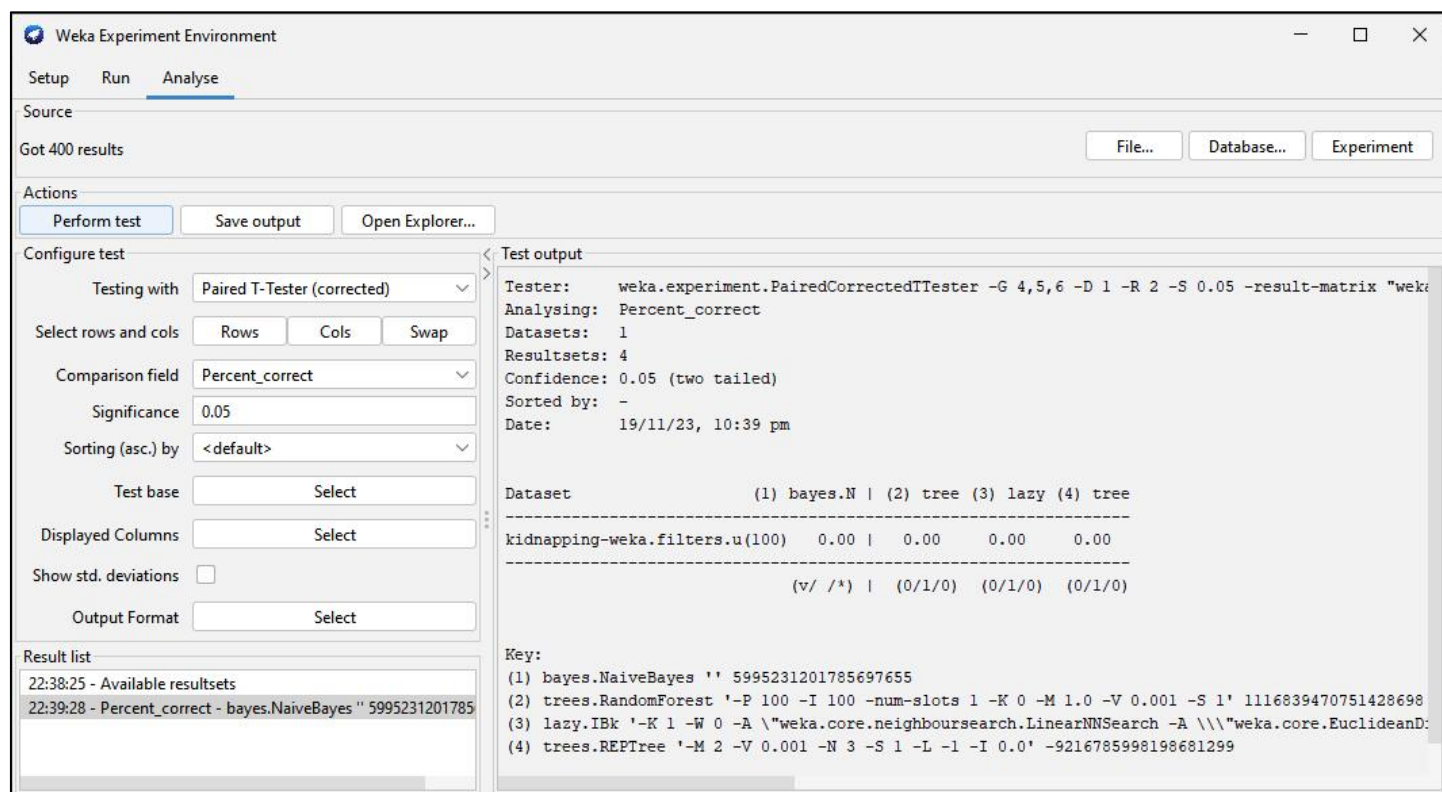


Step 13: After the execution is completed in 'Run' tab >> click on 'Analyse' tab.

Step 14: In 'Analyse' tab >> click on 'Experiment' tab >> all the options will become active.



Step 15: Click on **Perform test**, it will show algorithms which have performed better and will display the ranking in **Test area**.



The screenshot shows the Weka Experiment Environment interface. The 'Analyse' tab is selected, and the 'Perform test' button is highlighted. The 'Configure test' section shows the 'Paired T-Tester (corrected)' test being performed on the 'Percent_correct' field with a significance level of 0.05. The 'Test output' section displays the results of the test, including the tester used, the datasets analyzed, and the confidence level. The output table shows the performance of four models: (1) bayes.N, (2) tree, (3) lazy, and (4) tree. The 'kidnapping-weka.filters.u(100)' dataset is used, and the results are sorted by the 'Percent_correct' field.

Test output

```
Tester: weka.experiment.PairedCorrectedTTester -G 4,5,6 -D 1 -R 2 -S 0.05 -result-matrix "weka
Analysing: Percent_correct
Datasets: 1
Resultsets: 4
Confidence: 0.05 (two tailed)
Sorted by: -
Date: 19/11/23, 10:39 pm
```

Dataset	(1) bayes.N	(2) tree	(3) lazy	(4) tree
kidnapping-weka.filters.u(100)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

(v/ /*) | (0/1/0) (0/1/0) (0/1/0)

Key:

```
(1) bayes.NaiveBayes '' 5995231201785697655
(2) trees.RandomForest '-P 100 -I 100 -num-slots 1 -K 0 -M 1.0 -V 0.001 -S 1' 1116839470751428698
(3) lazy.IBk '-K 1 -W 0 -A \"weka.core.neighboursearch.LinearNNSearch -A \\\weka.core.EuclideanD
(4) trees.REPTree '-M 2 -V 0.001 -N 3 -S 1 -L -1 -I 0.0' -9216785998198681299
```

Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):

1. I learnt about the WEKA Tool and its applications.
2. I learnt about how to use the Experimenter Tab in WEKA.
3. I learnt about different machine learning classifiers in WEKA Tool.
4. I learnt about Ranking, F-Measure and Standard Deviation in WEKA.
5. I learnt about how to find the best prediction model in WEKA.