

```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

int divideIntoTwo(vector<int> v){
    int ans = -1;
    int totalSum = 0;
    for(auto i : v){
        totalSum += i;
    }
    int prefixSum = 0;
    for(int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){
        prefixSum += v[i];
        // if(totalSum-prefixSum == prefixSum)
        if(totalSum == 2*prefixSum){
            ans = i;
            return ans;
        }
    }
    return ans;
}

int LargestSum(vector<int> v){
    int maxi = INT_MIN;
    for(int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){
        int prefixSum = 0;
        for(int j=i; j<v.size(); j++){
            prefixSum += v[j];
            maxi = max(maxi,prefixSum);
        }
    }
    return maxi;
}

int LargestSumUsingKadanes(vector<int> v){
    int maxi = INT_MIN, prefixSum=0;
    for(int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){
        prefixSum += v[i];
        if(prefixSum<0){
            prefixSum = 0;
        }
        maxi = max(maxi,prefixSum);
    }
    return maxi;
}

vector<int> greaterThanThree(vector<int> v){
    unordered_map<int,int> mp;
    vector<int> ans;
    int minLimit = v.size()/3 + 1;
    for(auto ele : v){
        if(mp[ele]==minLimit){
            ans.push_back(ele);
        }
    }
}
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    }
    mp[ele]++;
}
return ans;
}

vector<int> greaterThanThree1(vector<int> v){
    int minLimit = v.size()/3 + 1;
    int cnt1 = 0, cnt2 = 0, ele1 = INT_MIN, ele2 = INT_MIN;

    for(int i=0; i<v.size(); i++){
        if(cnt1==0 and ele2!=v[i]){
            ele1 = v[i];
            cnt1++;
        }
        else if(cnt2==0 and ele1!=v[i]){
            ele2 = v[i];
            cnt2++;
        }
        else if(v[i]==ele1){
            cnt1++;
        }
        else if(v[i]==ele2){
            cnt2++;
        }
        else{
            cnt1--;
            cnt2--;
        }
    }

    cnt1 = cnt2 = 0;
    for (auto ele : v) {
        if (ele == ele1) cnt1++;
        else if (ele == ele2) cnt2++;
    }
    vector<int> res;
    if (cnt1 > minLimit) res.push_back(ele1);
    if (cnt2 > minLimit) res.push_back(ele2);
    return res;
}

int trapWater(vector<int> h){
    int len = h.size();
    vector<int> leftMax(len, 0);
    vector<int> rightMax(len, 0);
    for(int i=1; i<len-1; i++){
        leftMax[i] = max(h[i-1], leftMax[i-1]);
    }
    for(int i=len-2; i>=0; i--){
        rightMax[i] = max(h[i+1], rightMax[i+1]);
    }
    int waterCount = 0;
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    for(int i=0; i<len; i++){
        int minHeight = min(leftMax[i],rightMax[i]);
        if(minHeight>h[i]){
            waterCount += minHeight-h[i];
        }
    }
    return waterCount;
}

bool threeSum(vector<int> arr, int x){
    sort(arr.begin(), arr.end());
    for(int i=0; i<arr.size()-2; i++){
        int finalX = x-arr[i];
        int start=i+1, end=arr.size()-1;
        while (start < end) {
            int sum = arr[start] + arr[end];
            if (sum == finalX) {
                return true;
            }
            else if (sum > finalX) {
                end--;
            }
            else {
                start++;
            }
        }
    }
    return false;
}

int main(){
    //divide array in 2 subarray of equal sum
    vector<int> v = {3,4,-2,5,8,20,-10,8};
    int ans = divideIntoTwo(v);
    cout<<"Divide Array into Subarray: "<<ans<<endl;

    //largest sum subarray
    //mtd-1
    vector<int> vec = {3,4,-5,8,-12,7,6,-2};
    int res = LargestSum(vec);
    cout<<"Largest Sum Subarray: "<<res<<endl;

    //mtd-2 - kadane's algo
    vector<int> vec1 = {3,4,9,-5,8,-12,7,6,-2};
    int res1 = LargestSumUsingKadanes(vec1);
    cout<<"Largest Sum Subarray Using Kadane's: "<<res1<<endl;

    vector<int> arr = {2,2,1,2,2,1,2,1,1,1};
    //Element Appearing greater than n/3 times in the given array - Mtd-1
    vector<int> ans1 = greaterThanThree(arr); //Given : There might be multiple element
    for(auto ele : ans1){
        cout<<ele<<" ";
    }
}

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    }cout<<endl;

    //Element Appearing greater than n/3 times in the given array - Mtd-2
    vector<int> ans2 = greaterThanThree1(arr); //More Opitimized , Given : ans should
always return 2 ele
    for(auto ele : ans2){
        cout<<ele<<" ";
    }cout<<endl;

    //Trapping Rain Water
    vector<int> height = {4,2,0,5,2,6,2,3};
    cout<<trapWater(height)<<endl;

    //threeSum
    vector<int> arr1 = {1,4,45,6,10,8};
    int target = 13;
    cout<<threeSum(arr1,target)<<endl;

    return 0;
}

```

```

//Add 2 Number
int main(){
    string str1 = "999583";
    string str2 = "798";

    int carry = 0;
    int first = str1.size()-1, second = str2.size()-1;
    string ans = "";
    while(second>=0){
        int sum = str1[first--]-'0' + str2[second--]-'0' + carry;
        carry = sum/10;
        ans += (sum%10 + '0');
    }

    while(first>=0){
        int sum = str1[first--]-'0' + carry;
        carry = sum/10;
        ans += (sum%10 + '0');
    }
    if(carry){
        ans+="1";
    }
    reverse(ans.begin(),ans.end());
    cout<<ans;
    return 0;
}

```

```

//Longest Substring without repeatring char
int main(){
    string str = "abcdecbeadf";

```

```
int length = INT_MIN, first = 0, second = 0;
vector<bool> v(256,0); //to handle all ASCII characters
while(second<str.size()){
    while(v[str[second]]){
        v[str[first++]] = 0;
    }
    v[str[second]] = 1;
    length = max(length, second-first+1);
    second++;
}
cout<<"Longest SubString: "<<length<<endl;
return 0;
}
```

//Smallest Distinct Window

```
int main(){
    string str = "aabcbcdbca";
    int first = 0, second = 0, length = INT_MAX, diff = 0;
    vector<int> v(256,0);
    while(first<str.size()){
        if(v[str[first]]==0){
            diff++;
        }
        v[str[first]]++;
        first++;
    }
    first = 0;

    for(int i=0; i<256; i++){
        v[i] = 0;
    }

    while(second<str.size()){
        while(diff and second<str.size()){
            if(v[str[second]]==0){
                diff--;
            }
            v[str[second]]++;
            second++;
        }

        length = min(length, second-first);

        while(diff!=1){
            length = min(length, second-first);
            v[str[first]]--;
            if(v[str[first]]==0) diff++;
            first++;
        }
    }

    cout<<"Length: "<<length<<endl;
    return 0;
}
```

```
}
```

```

// check whether string is anagram or not
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
#include<algorithm>
using namespace std;
bool Anagram(string str1, string str2){
    if(str1.length()!=str2.length()){
        return false;
    }
    vector<int> v(26,0);
    for(int i=0; i<str1.length(); i++){
        v[str1[i]]++;
        v[str2[i]]--;
    }
    for(int i=0; i<26; i++){
        if(v[i]!=0){
            return false;
        }
    }
    return true;
}
int main(){
    string str1 = "anagram", str2 = "naagram";
    if(Anagram(str1,str2)){
        cout<<"yes";
        return 0;
    }
    cout<<"no";
    return 0;
}

```

```

//longest palindrome you can make out of the given string
int main(){
    string str = "aaababbcc"; //aabcacbaa
    vector<int> v(26,0);
    for(int i=0; i<str.size(); i++){
        v[str[i]-'a']++;
    }
    int longestPlaindromeLength = 0;
    int odd = 0;
    for(int i=0; i<26;i++){
        if(v[i]%2 == 0){ //present even no. of times
            longestPlaindromeLength += v[i];
        }
        else{
            longestPlaindromeLength += v[i]-1;
            odd = 1;
        }
    }
    cout<<"Longest Palindrome Length is: "<<(longestPlaindromeLength+odd);
}

```

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    return 0;
}

```

//return the length of binary substring containing maximum number of 1's you can replace atmost k 0's

//01001011001 => max length of substring containig 1's is 5

```

int main(){
    string str = "01001011001";
    int maxLen = 0;
    int zeroCount = 0;
    int k = 2;
    int start = 0, end = 0;
    for (int end = 0; end < str.size(); end++) {
        if (str[end] == '0') {
            zeroCount++;
        }

        while (zeroCount > k) {
            if (str[start] == '0') {
                zeroCount--;
            }
            start++;
        }

        maxLen = max(maxLen, end - start + 1);
        cout<<maxLen<<endl;
    }

    cout << "Maximum length of substring with at most " << k << " zero flips is: " <<
maxLen << endl;
    return 0;
}

```

//Add Strings num1="2603126" , num2="569" , ans="2603695"

```

int main(){
    string num1 = "2603126", num2 = "569";
    string ans = "";
    int carry = 0, index1 = num1.size()-1, index2 = num2.size()-1;
    while(index2>=0){
        int num = carry + num2[index2]-'0' + num1[index1]-'0';
        carry = num/10;
        ans += (num%10)+'0';
        index1--;
        index2--;
    }
    while(index1>=0){
        int num = carry + num1[index1]-'0';
        carry = num/10;
        ans += (num%10)+'0';
        index1--;
    }
}

```



```
    }  
    if(carry){  
        ans += '1';  
    }  
    reverse(ans.begin(), ans.end());  
    cout<<ans<<endl;  
    return 0;  
}
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include<vector>
#include<algorithm>
using namespace std;
//find target in rotated array
int findTarget(int arr[], int target)
{
    int start = 0, end = 8;
    while (end >= start)
    {
        int mid = (start + end) / 2;
        if (arr[mid] == target)
        {
            return mid;
            break;
        }
        // Check if the left part is sorted
        if (arr[mid] >= arr[start])
        {
            if (arr[start] <= target && target < arr[mid])
            {
                end = mid - 1; // Target is in the left part
            }
            else
            {
                start = mid + 1; // Discard the left part
            }
        }
        // Otherwise, the right part must be sorted
        else
        {
            if (arr[mid] < target && target <= arr[end])
            {
                start = mid + 1; // Target is in the right part
            }
            else
            {
                end = mid - 1; // Discard the right part
            }
        }
    }
    return -1;
}

int main()
{
    int arr[] = {7, 8, 9, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6};
    int target = 5;
    int ans = findTarget(arr, target);
    cout << ans;
    return 0;
}
```

```

//Book Allocation
int main(){
    int arr[] = {10,20,30,40};
    // int arr[] = {12,34,67,90};
    int student = 2;
    int size = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]);
    int start = 0,end = 0, ans = -1;
    for(int i=0; i<size; i++){
        start = max(start,arr[i]);
        end += arr[i];
    }
    while(start<=end){
        int mid = (start+end)/2;
        int pages = 0, count=1;
        for(int i=0; i<size; i++){
            pages += arr[i];
            //if pages size exceed the max no. of pages that start assigning to next
student
            if(pages>mid){
                count++;
                pages = arr[i];
            }
        }
        //if we can assign mid no. of pages to the students , and we want to minimize
the max no. of pages assigned to a student
        //then we can try for a better solution in the left half of the array
        if(count<=student){
            ans = mid;
            end = mid-1;
        }
        //if we cannot assign mid no. of pages to the students, then we have to try for
a better solution in the right half of the array
        //eg if we have to assign max 20 pages to a student and require more than 2
students, then we have to increase the max no. of pages assigned to a student because if
we cannot able to assign max 20 pages than obviously we cannot assign less than 20 pages
also to a student
        else{
            start = mid+1;
        }
    }
    cout<<"ANS: "<<ans;
    return 0;
}

```

```

//aggressive cows
bool isPossible(vector<int> &arr, int mid, int cows){
    int count = 1;
    int lastPos = arr[0];
    for(int i=1; i<arr.size(); i++){
        if(arr[i]-lastPos>=mid){
            count++;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        lastPos = arr[i];
    }
    if(count >= cows){
        return true;
    }
}
return false;
}

int main(){
    vector<int> arr = {4,2,1,3,6};
    int cows = 2;
    int size = arr.size();
    int start = 0, end = 0, ans = -1;
    for(int i=0; i<size; i++){
        end = max(end, arr[i]);
    }
    sort(arr.begin(), arr.end());
    while(start <= end){
        int mid = (start+end)/2;
        if(isPossible(arr, mid, cows)){
            ans = mid;
            start = mid+1;
        }
        else{
            end = mid-1;
        }
    }
    cout<<"ANS: "<<ans;
    return 0;
}

```

//search element in row and column wise sorted matrix  
//T.C =  $O(n+m)$  and S.C =  $O(1)$

```

int main(){
    int arr[4][4] = {{10,20,30,40},
                     {15,25,35,45},
                     {27,29,37,48},
                     {32,33,39,50}};

    int target = 29;
    int row = 4;
    int col = 4;
    int i=0, j=col-1;
    while(i<row && j>=0){
        if(arr[i][j] == target){
            cout<<"Element found at: "<<i<<" "<<j;
            return 0;
        }
        else if(arr[i][j]>target){
            j--;
        }
        else{

```

```
        i++;  
    }  
}  
cout<<"Element not found";  
return 0;  
}
```

```

#include<iostream>
#include<vector>
#include<unordered_map>
#include<algorithm>
using namespace std;

//check whether pair exist in an array whose sum = k
int main(){
    vector<int> v = {1,2,4,6,7,9};
    int k = 8;
    bool present = false;
    unordered_map<int,int> umap;
    for(auto ele : v){
        umap[ele]++;
    }
    for(auto ele:umap){
        int key = ele.first;
        int value = ele.second;
        int pair = k-key;
        if(umap.find(pair)!=umap.end()){
            if(pair==key){
                if(value>1){
                    present = true;
                    break;
                }
            }
            else{
                if(umap.find(pair)!=umap.end()){
                    present = true;
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    if(present){
        cout<<"yes";
    }
    else{
        cout<<"no";
    }
    return 0;
}

//sort the array ele in pairs of +ve and -ve
// {11,-4,4,-3,-9,4,-4,-2,1,2,-4,2} => {-2,2,-4,4,-4,4}
int main(){
    vector<int> v = {11,-4,4,-3,-9,4,-4,-2,1,2,-4,2};
    unordered_map<int,int> umap;
    vector<int> negativeEle;
    vector<int> ans;
    for(auto ele:v){

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        if(ele>0){
            umap[ele]++;
        }
        else{
            negativeEle.push_back(ele);
        }
    }
    sort(negativeEle.begin(),negativeEle.end());
    for(int i=negativeEle.size()-1; i>=0; i--){
        int absValue = abs(negativeEle[i]);
        if(umap.find(absValue)!=umap.end()){
            if(umap[absValue]>0){
                umap[absValue]--;
                ans.push_back(negativeEle[i]);
                ans.push_back(absValue);
            }
        }
    }
    for(auto ele: ans){
        cout<<ele<<" ";
    }
    return 0;
}

//isomorphic string
bool isOneToOneMapping(string s1, string s2){
    unordered_map<char,char> umap;
    for(int i=0; i<s1.size(); i++){
        if(umap.find(s1[i])!=umap.end()){
            if(umap[s1[i]]!=s2[i]){
                return false;
            }
        }
        else{
            umap[s1[i]]=s2[i];
        }
    }
    return true;
}

bool isIsomorphic(string s1, string s2){
    if(s1.size()!=s2.size()){
        return false;
    }
    bool res1 = isOneToOneMapping(s1,s2);
    bool res2 = isOneToOneMapping(s2,s1);
    return res1 && res2;
}

int main(){
    string str1="abcdeag",str2="hijklmn";
    isIsomorphic(str1,str2) ? cout<<"yes" : cout<<"no";
}

```

```
    return 0;  
}
```



```
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

//Number of subarray whose sum of elements equals to k
int sumK(vector<int> v, int k){
    unordered_map<int,int> mp;
    mp[0] = 1;
    int prefixSum = 0, total = 0;
    for(auto e : v){
        prefixSum += e;
        int ele = prefixSum - k; //eg arr = [3,5,2] we are at 2nd ele than (3+5)-8(k) = 0,0(inserted already) is present {0,1} so we can add 1 to total indicating that we have found a subarray with sum k which is [3,5] in this case
        if(mp.count(ele)){
            total += mp[ele];
            mp[prefixSum]++;
        }
        else{ //always put the element in the map if seen for the first time
            mp[prefixSum] = 1;
        }
    }
    return total;
}
```

```
//Subarray sum divisible by k
int sumKDivisible(vector<int> v, int k){
    unordered_map<int,int> mp;
    mp[0] = 1;
    int prefixSum = 0, total = 0, rem = 0;
    for(auto e : v){
        prefixSum += e;
        rem = prefixSum % k;
        if(rem < 0) rem += k; //to handle negative prefix sums
        if(mp.count(rem)){
            total += mp[rem];
            mp[rem]++;
        }
        else{ //always put the element in the map if seen for the first time
            mp[rem] = 1;
        }
    }
    return total;
}
```

```
//subarray product less than k
int sumKProductLessThanK(vector<int> v, int k){
    int n = v.size();
    int left = 0, right = 0, product = 1, total = 0;
    while(right < n){
        product *= v[right];
        while(left <= right && product >= k){

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        product /= v[left];
        left++;
    }
    total += (right - left + 1);
    right++;
}
return total;
}

```

//Count of Subarray in which max Element appears at least k times : element present at least k times

```

int maxEleKTimes(vector<int> v,int k){
    int maxEle = INT_MIN;
    for(auto e:v){
        maxEle = max(maxEle,e);
    }
    int start = 0, end = 0, total = 0 , n = v.size(), count = 0;
    while(end<n){
        if(v[end]==maxEle) count++;
        while(count==k){
            total += (n-end);
            if(v[start]==maxEle) count--;
            start++;
        }
        end++;
    }
    return total;
}

```

//Max Length of Subarray where particular ele is present atmost k times

```

int lenAtmostKTimes(vector<int> v, int k){
    int start = 0, end = 0, len = INT_MIN, n = v.size();
    unordered_map<int,int> mp;
    while(end<n){
        mp[v[end]]++;
        while(mp[v[end]] > k){
            mp[v[start]]--;
            start++;
        }
        len = max(len, end - start + 1);
        end++;
    }
    return len;
}

```

```

int main(){
    vector<int> v = {3,4,5,3,-6,4,-2,12};
    int target = 8;
    cout<<sumK(v,target);

    vector<int> v2 = {4,5,0,-2,-3,1};
}

```

```
    int k = 5;
    cout<<sumKDivisible(v2,k)<<endl;

    vector<int> v3 = {1,2,3};
    int k1=0;
    cout<<sumKProductLessThanK(v3,k1)<<endl;

    vector<int> v4 = {1,2,3,2,3,1,2,3,3,2};
    int k2 = 2;
    cout<<maxEleKTimes(v4,k2)<<endl;

    vector<int> v5 = {1,2,3,1,2,3,1,2};
    int k3 = 2;
    cout<<lenAtmostKTimes(v5,k3);
    return 0;
}
```

```

//In priority queue it takes  $O(\log n)$  time for deleting/inserting elements.
//to make priority queue from an array it takes  $O(n)$  -> if built using step down mtd or  $O(n \log n)$  -> if built using stl
#include<bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Node{
public:
int data;
Node* next;
Node(int val){
    data = val;
    next = NULL;
}
};

void merge(int arr[], int s, int mid, int e){
    int a1 = mid-s+1;
    int b1 = e-mid;
    int a[a1], b[b1];
    for(int i=0; i<a1; i++){
        a[i] = arr[i+s];
    }
    for(int i=0; i<b1; i++){
        b[i] = arr[mid+1+i];
    }
    int i=0, j=0, k=s;
    while(i<a1 && j<b1){
        if(a[i]<=b[j]){
            arr[k++] = a[i++];
        }else{
            arr[k++] = b[j++];
        }
    }
    while(i<a1){
        arr[k++] = a[i++];
    }
    while(j<b1){
        arr[k++] = b[j++];
    }
    return;
}

void mergeSort(int arr[], int s, int e){
    if(s>=e){
        return;
    }
    int mid = (s+e)/2;
    mergeSort(arr, s, mid);
    mergeSort(arr, mid+1, e);
    merge(arr, s, mid, e);
}

```

```

Node* mergeLL(Node* head1, Node* head2){
    if(head1==NULL and head2==NULL){
        return NULL;
    }
    Node *dummy = new Node(0);
    Node *tail = dummy;
    while(head1 and head2){
        if(head1->data > head2->data){
            tail->next = head2;
            head2 = head2->next;
        }
        else{
            tail->next = head1;
            head1 = head1->next;
        }
        tail = tail->next;
    }
    if(head1){
        tail->next = head1;
    }
    if(head2){
        tail->next = head2;
    }
    Node* head = dummy->next;
    delete dummy;
    return head;
}

Node* mergeKLL(Node* arr[],int k){
    Node* temp = arr[0];
    for(int i=1; i<k; i++){
        temp = mergeLL(temp,arr[i]);
    }
    return temp;
}

Node* mergeKLL1(Node* arr[], int k){
    priority_queue<int, vector<int> , greater<int>> pq;
    for(int i=0; i<k; i++){
        Node* temp = arr[i];
        while(temp){
            pq.push(temp->data);
            temp = temp->next;
        }
    }
    Node* dummy = new Node(0);
    Node* temp = dummy;
    while(!pq.empty()){
        temp->next = new Node(pq.top());
        pq.pop();
        temp = temp->next;
    }
}

```

```

    Node* head = dummy->next;
    delete dummy;
    return head;
}

int main(){
    // //find sum of elements between k1^th and k2^th smallest element
    int arr[] = {7,10,4,3,20,15,8,5};
    int k1 = 3, k2 = 6, n = 8;
    priority_queue<int> pq1; //Max-Heap
    priority_queue<int> pq2; //Max-Heap
    for(int i=0; i<k1; i++){
        pq1.push(arr[i]);
    }
    for(int i=0; i<k2; i++){
        pq2.push(arr[i]);
    }

    for(int i=k1; i<n; i++){
        if(pq1.top()>arr[i]){
            pq1.pop();
            pq1.push(arr[i]);
        }
    }

    for(int i=k2; i<n; i++){
        if(pq2.top()>arr[i]){
            pq2.pop();
            pq2.push(arr[i]);
        }
    }
    int sum1 = 0, sum2 = 0;
    while(!pq1.empty()){
        sum1 += pq1.top();
        pq1.pop();
    }
    pq2.pop(); //to remove 1st ele from the second pq
    while(!pq2.empty()){
        sum2 += pq2.top();
        pq2.pop();
    }
    cout<<"Sum is: "<<sum2-sum1<<endl;

    //kth smallest element in a stream
    int arr[] = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7};
    int k = 4, size = 7;
    vector<int> ans;
    priority_queue<int,vector<int>,greater<int>> pq; //Min-Heap
    for(int i=0; i<k-1; i++){
        ans.push_back(-1);
        pq.push(arr[i]);
    }
    for(int i=k-1; i<size; i++){

```

```

    pq.push(arr[i]);
    ans.push_back(pq.top());
    pq.pop();
}
for(auto ele: ans){
    cout<<ele<<" ";
}

```

```

//merge sort
int arr[] = {1,5,2,7,100,56,4,7};
int n = sizeof(arr) / sizeof(arr[0]);
mergeSort(arr,0,n-1);
for(int i=0; i<n; i++){
    cout<<arr[i]<<" ";
}

```

```

//merge 2 sorted linkedlist
Node* head1 = new Node(1);
head1->next = new Node(10);
head1->next->next = new Node(11);
head1->next->next->next = new Node(15);
head1->next->next->next->next = new Node(20);

```

```

Node* head2 = new Node(2);
head2->next = new Node(3);
head2->next->next = new Node(4);
head2->next->next->next = new Node(5);
head2->next->next->next->next = new Node(6);

```

```

Node* temp = mergeLL(head1,head2);
while(temp){
    cout<<temp->data<<"->";
    temp = temp->next;
}
cout<<"NULL"<<endl;

```

```

//merge k sorted linked list
//Method-1
Node* ans = mergeKLL(Node* arr[], int size);

//Method-2 : Using Heap(Priority Queue) O(nklognk)
Node* ans = mergeKLL1(Node* arr[], int start, int end);

//Method-3 : using merge Sort
Node* ans = mergeKLL2(Node* arr[], int size)

//Method-4 : Using Heap(Priority Queue) O(nklogk)
Node* ans = mergeKLL3(Node* arr[], int start, int end);

return 0;
}

```