

Mid Term Submission

SUBJECT: CLOUD PERFORMANCE TUNING

SUBJECT CODE: CSEG3015

SUBMITTED TO:

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SUBMITTED BY:

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BATCH:B6

Difference Between AWS and Microsoft Azure

Both Amazon Web Services (AWS) and Microsoft Azure are leading cloud service providers, and they offer various services and tools for cloud performance tuning. While the specific differences between them can change over time as they introduce new features and updates, here are some key points to consider when comparing AWS and Azure in terms of cloud performance tuning:

- 1. **Cost**: The choice between AWS and Microsoft Azure in terms of cost depends on your specific needs. Both cloud providers have competitive pricing, but the most cost-effective option for you will depend on the services you use, where you use them, and how you use them. It's like comparing prices at different stores it depends on what you're buying and where you're buying it. To find the best fit, you'll need to analyze your usage, consider any long-term commitments, and keep an eye on data transfer costs according to me Azure is costly as here if use AMI's the using cost is high here and give less memory for using in free tier as compare to AWS.
- 2. **Storage:** AWS and Microsoft Azure both offer robust storage solutions. AWS provides Amazon S3, EBS, and Glacier, while Azure offers Blob Storage and Azure Files. The choice depends on your specific storage needs and preferences. Consider factors like performance, scalability, and pricing to determine the best fit for your use case. Largest instance AWS offer 256 GB Ram + 16v CPU while Azure offers 224 GB + 16 vCPU's.
- 3. **Availability Zone:** Availability Zone: Aws was the first on of its kind which means Aws is hosting in hosting in multiple locations worldwide and of course it's true for Azure as well but differences occur's in the numbers of regions and availability zones talking of numbers Aws has 55 availability zones worldwide with eight more on its weight whereas Azure is having 44 availability zones with a whopping numbers.
- 4. Services: Aws and Azure both covers 100 plus services like compute, Database, Storage, Security, Networking and many more Some of the services that Aws covers(Ec2, AWS RDS S3, IAM,VPC, cloudwatch and cloud9 Similarly in Azure covers Vm, SQL, blob Storage, virtual network and Azure monitor and visual studio and many more.
- 5. Open Source Integeration: Aws has quite better relations with open source communities leading to more open integration with Aws which includes open source tools like Jenkins Docker, ansible, Github and its very friendly when it comes to linux servers while in Azure it offers native Integrations for windows development tools such as VBS,SQL and more as you all know Microsoft hasn't always embraced this model but recently they have been catching with it and organization can run on RedHat and Hadoop clusters in azure

Difference between x64 and AMD.

x64: This term generally refers to a type of computer architecture based on the x86 instruction set. It's an extension of the x86 architecture that adds support for 64-bit computing. It's used by both Intel and AMD processors and supports 64-bit software, allowing the processor to handle larger amounts of memory and perform more complex tasks compared to older 32-bit architectures.

AMD: This refers to Advanced Micro Devices, Inc., a company that designs and produces computer processors (CPUs), GPUs, and related technology. AMD manufactures processors that use the x86 and x64 architecture, similar to Intel. AMD processors have been known for providing competitive performance, particularly in terms of multi-core processing and value for the price compared to Intel processors.

When choosing between x64 architectures (usually found in both AMD and Intel processors), there are a few factors to consider for tuning performance:

Usage: Consider the specific tasks or software you'll be using. Some applications or tasks might perform better on AMD processors due to their architecture, while others might be optimized for Intel. For example, some software might be optimized for Intel's specific instruction sets like AVX (Advanced Vector Extensions) or AMD's equivalent.

Budget: AMD processors have been known to offer competitive performance at a lower price point compared to their Intel counterparts. Depending on your budget, you might find an AMD processor that provides better performance for the price you're willing to pay.

Multitasking and Multithreading: AMD processors typically offer more cores and threads at various price points compared to Intel, which can be beneficial for tasks that can leverage parallel processing. If you're dealing with heavily multi-threaded applications or multitasking, an AMD processor might offer better performance.

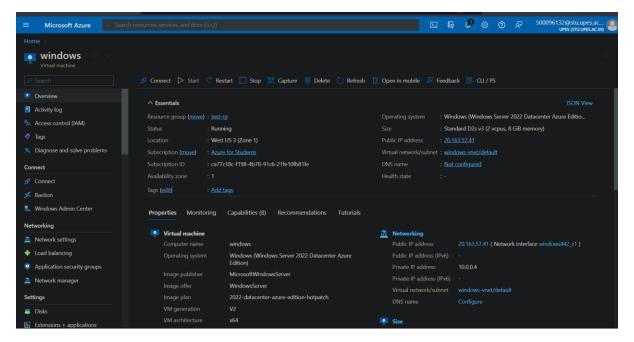
Project Name:- Language Translator

Language translation, or simply translation, is the process of converting text or spoken language from one language (the source language) into another language (the target language). This practice plays a significant role in our increasingly globalized world, where communication between people who speak different languages is a common occurrence..

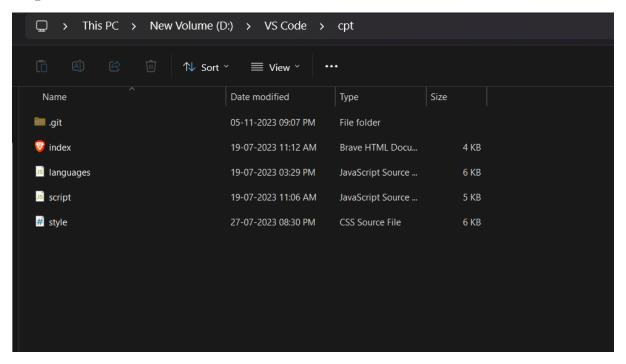
Deploying a Language Translator website on Azure, on windows and ubuntu Virtual machine and analyzing performance metrics, CPU, and memory utilization on Windows and Ubuntu Virtual Machines in OS-specific tools like Task Manager (Windows) or top/htop (Ubuntu).

Deploying on Windows VM:-

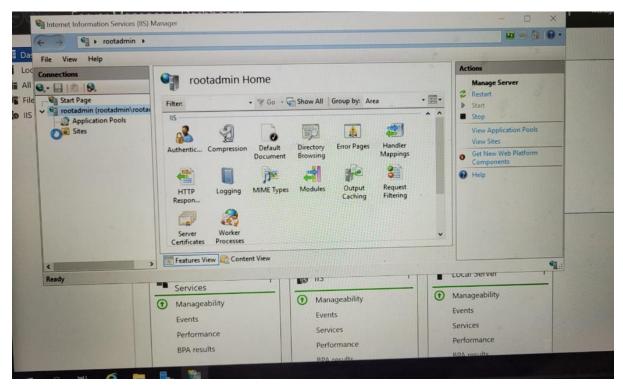
Creating windows virtual machine

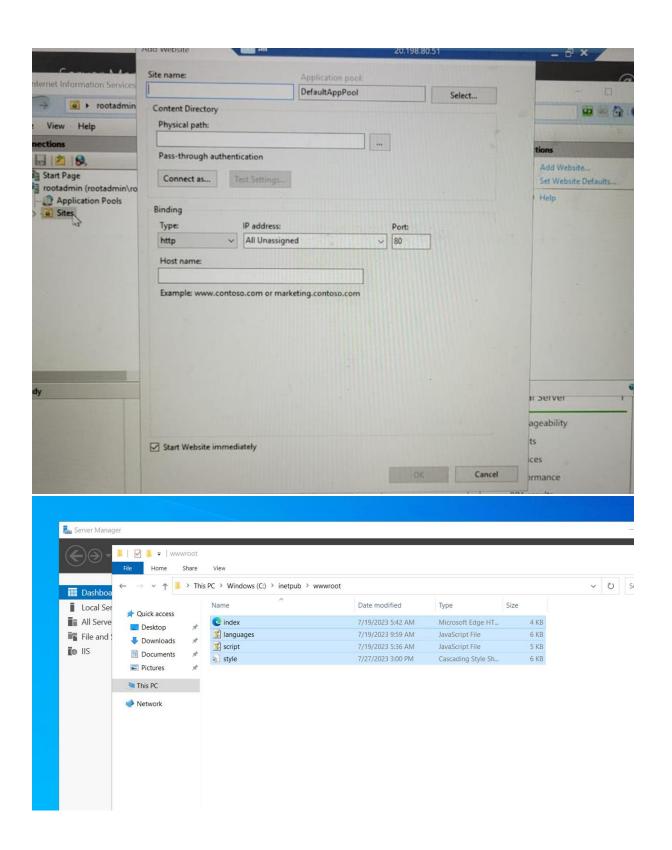


Copied files from host OS to Windows VM in C Drive



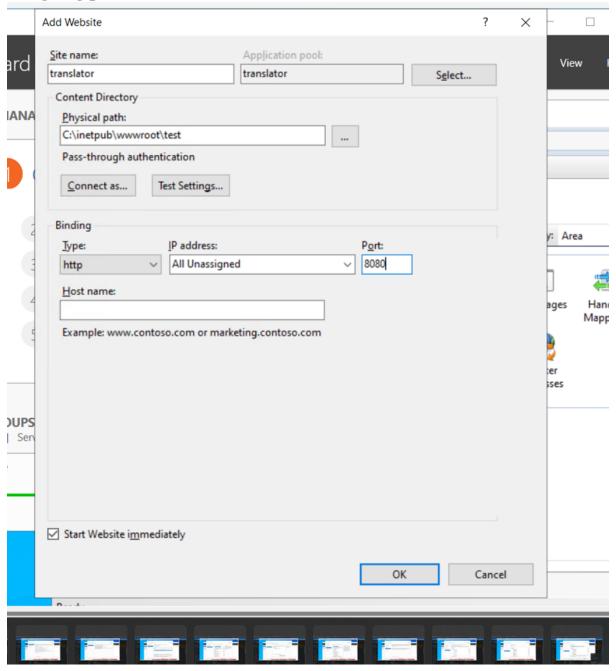
In IIS manager we are adding the website



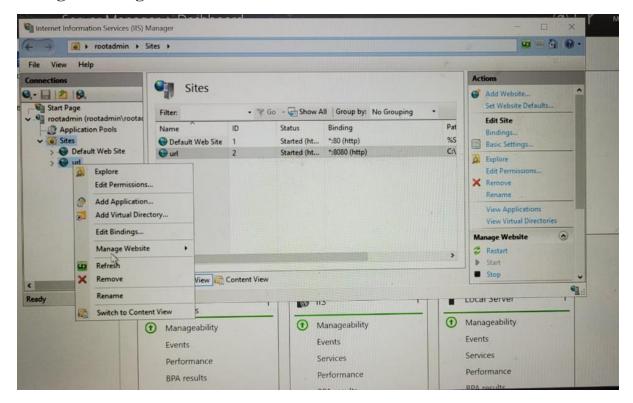


Giving name and adding website

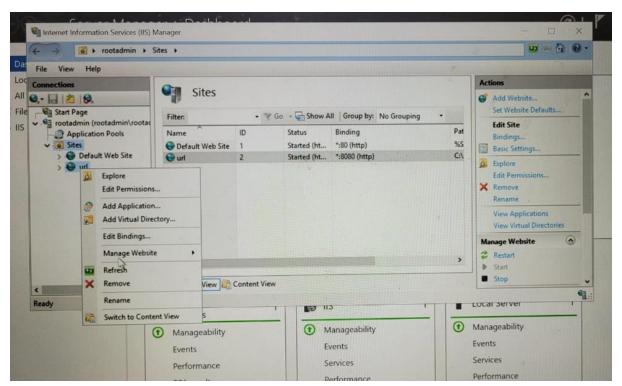
Assigning port number

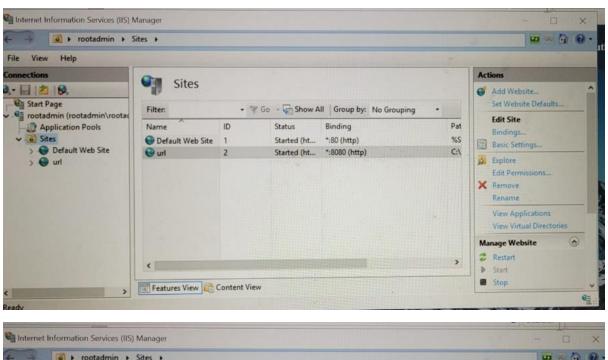


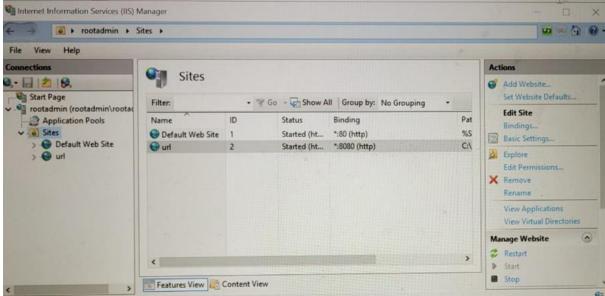
Going to manage website



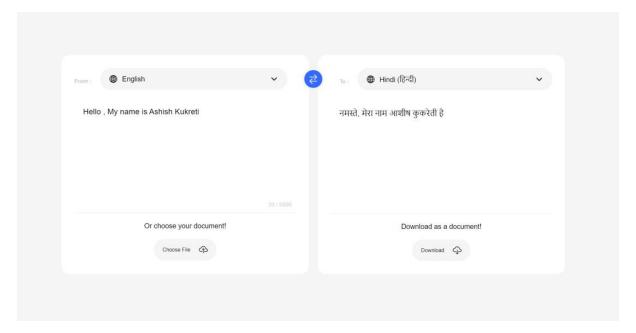
Selecting browse to open the website



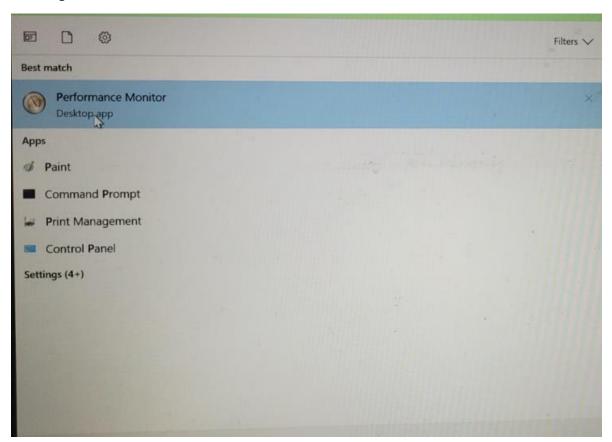




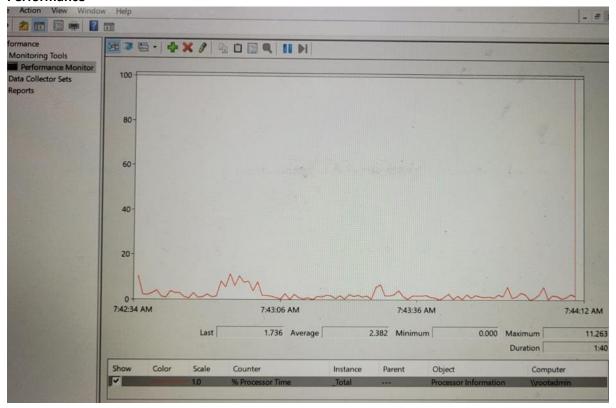
Website opened



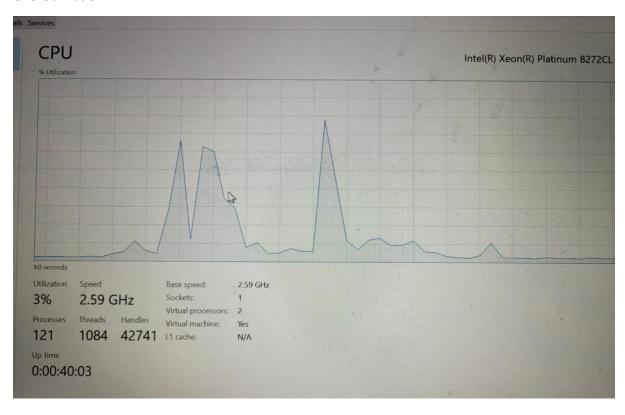
Checking Performance



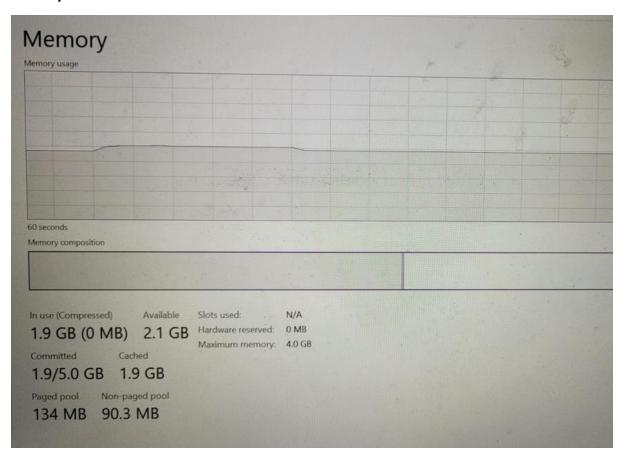
Performance



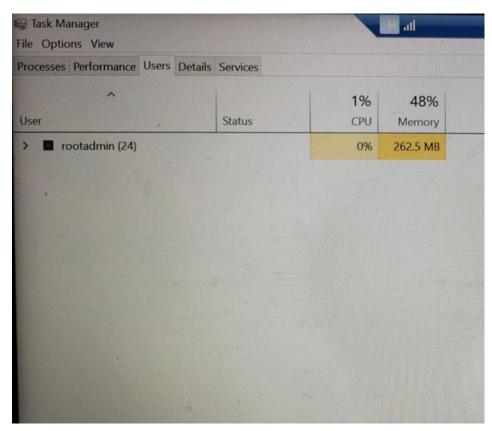
CPU Utilization

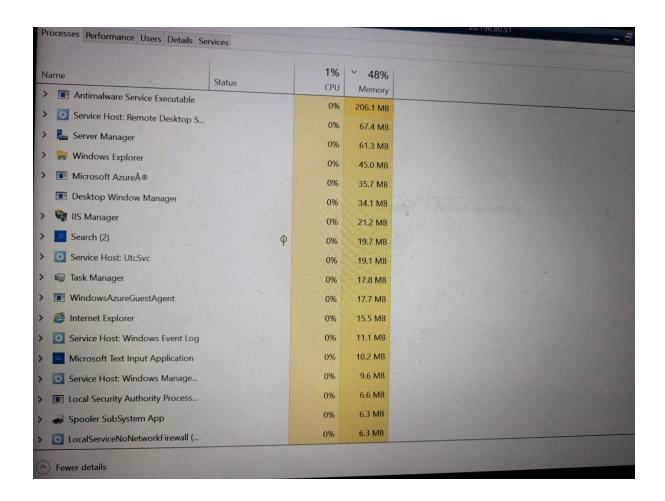


Memory Utilization



Other metrics:

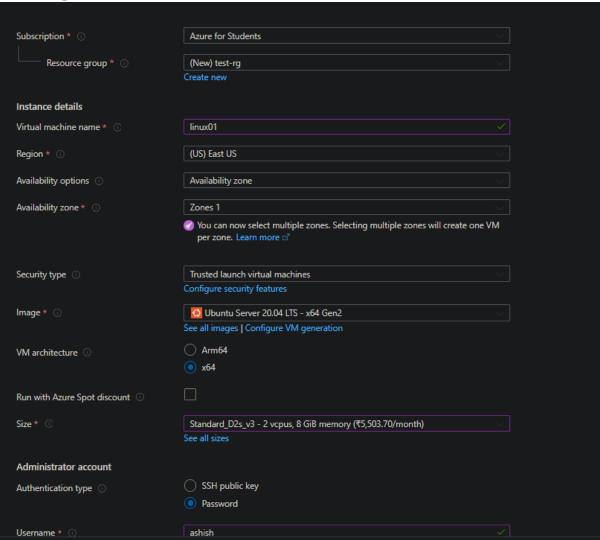


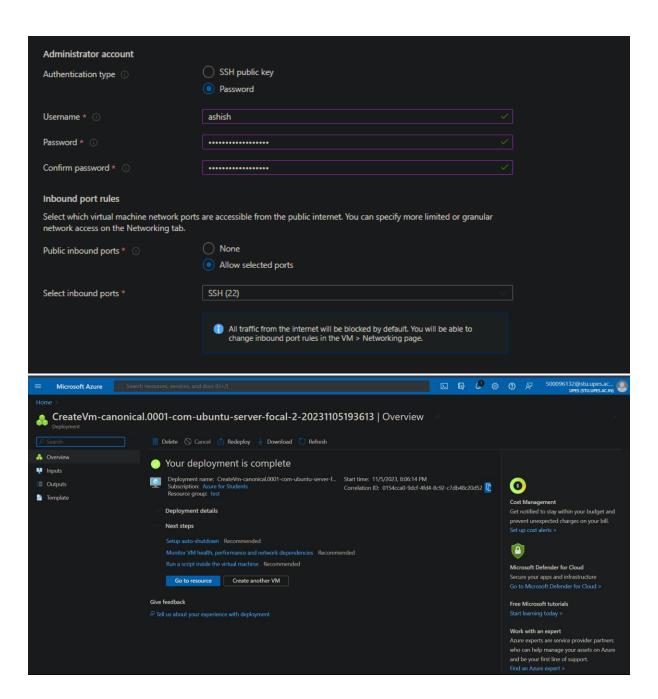


Response Time: 13 minutes and 30 seconds.

Deploying on ubuntu VM

Creating Ubuntu virtual machine





Opened SSH terminal and running commands.

```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
   Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows
 PS C:\Users\Ashish> ssh ashish@74.235.95.4
The authenticity of host '74.235.95.4 (74.235.95.4)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:Sxi0x+Q58qJOAw8ncOElJOFTvefEH5zODqlalmM+hVg.
 This key is not known by any other names

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '74.235.95.4' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
ashish@74.235.95.4's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS (GNU/Linux 5.15.0-1050-azure x86_64)
      * Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com

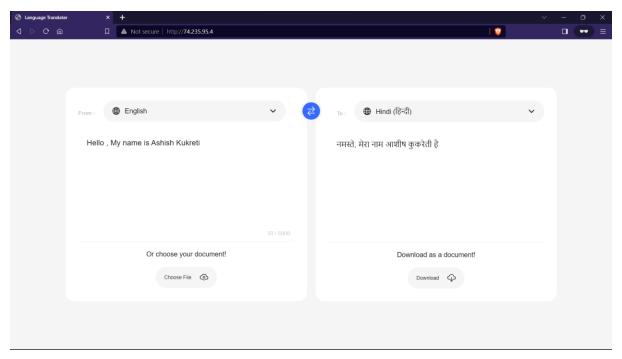
* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com

* Support: https://ubuntu.com/advantage
         System information as of Sun Nov 5 15:27:48 UTC 2023
        System load: 0.42 Processes:
Usage of /: 5.2% of 28.89GB Users logged in: 0
IPv4 address for eth0: 10.1.0.4
        Memory usage: 4%
Swap usage: 0%
   Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.
   O updates can be applied immediately.
 Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates. See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status
  The list of available updates is more than a week old. To check for new updates run: sudo apt update
   The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
  the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.
   Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
   applicable law.
   To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".
See "man sudo_root" for details.
ashish@linux01:~$ sudo apt update
Hit:1 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal InRelease
Get:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-updates InRelease [114 kB]
Get:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-backports InRelease [108 kB]
Get:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal-backports InRelease [114 kB]
Get:5 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/universe amd64 Packages [8628 kB]
Get:6 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/universe amd64 Packages [8628 kB]
Get:8 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [265 kB]
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                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           [116 B]
```

```
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/apache-htcacheclean.service
Processing triggers for ufw (0.36-6ubuntul.1) ...
Processing triggers for systemd (245.4-4ubuntu3.22) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.9.1-1) ...
Processing triggers for libc-bin (2.31-0ubuntu9.12) ...
ashish@linux01:~$ sudo apt install -y apache2
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
apache2 is already the newest version (2.4.41-4ubuntu3.14).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 8 not upgraded.
ashish@linux01:~$

NOV 05 15:29:10 Linux01 systemq[1]: started the Apache HITP Server.
ashish@linux01:~$ git clone https://github.com/AshishKukreti2003/Cloud_Performance_Tuning
Cloning into 'Cloud_Performance_Tuning' ...
remote: Enumerating objects: 100% (6/6), done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (6/6), done.
remote: Total 6 (delta 0), reused 6 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Umpacking objects: 100% (6/6), 5.04 kiB | 5.04 hiB/s, done.
ashish@linux01:~$ come were fine of directory
ashish@linux01:~$ come counting objects: 100% (6/6), sone.
remote: Countrip objects: 100% (6/6), sone.
remote: Total 6 (delta 0), reused 6 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Umpacking objects: 100% (6/6), 5.04 kiB | 5.04 hiB/s, done.
ashish@linux01:~$ come counting sone counting so
```

Website opened



Using NMON and HTOP commands to check performance, CPU utilization, memory utilization.

```
ashish@linux01:~/Cloud_Performance_Tuning$ sudo apt-get install nmon

Reading package lists... Done

Building dependency tree

Reading state information... Done

The following NEW packages will be installed:
    nmon

0 upgraded, 1 newly installed, 0 to remove and 8 not upgraded.

Need to get 68.8 kB of archives.

After this operation, 187 kB of additional disk space will be used.

Get:1 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu focal/universe amd64 nmon amd64 16m+debian-1 [68.8 kB]

Fetched 68.8 kB in 0s (2261 kB/s)

Selecting previously unselected package nmon.

(Reading database ... 59632 files and directories currently installed.)

Preparing to unpack .../nmon_16m+debian-1_amd64.deb ...

Unpacking nmon (16m+debian-1) ...

Setting up nmon (16m+debian-1) ...

Processing triggers for man-db (2.9.1-1) ...
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Memory utilization

```
    ashish@linux01: ~/Cloud_Pe × + ∨

nmon–16k—
            -[H for help]---Hostname=linux01------Refresh= 2secs ---16:21.07-
                                        For help type H or ...
                                        nmon -? - hint
nmon -h - full details
                                        To stop nmon type q to Quit
  Use these keys to toggle statistics on/off:
               l = CPU Long-term — = Faster screen updates
    C = " WideView U = Utilisation
                                          + = Slower screen updates
    m = Memory V = Virtual memory
                                          j = File Systems
    d = Disks
                    n = Network
                                           . = only busy disks/procs
    r = Resource
                    N = NFS
                                          h = more options
    k = Kernel
                    t = Top-processes
                                          q = Quit
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```
ashish@linux01: ~/Cloud_Pe ×
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        Tasks: 39, 88 thr; 1 running
Load average: 0.00 0.00 0.00
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F1Help F2Setup F3SearchF4FilterF5Tree
    ashish@linux01: ~/Cloud_Pt × + ~
       Tasks: 39, 88 thr; 1 running
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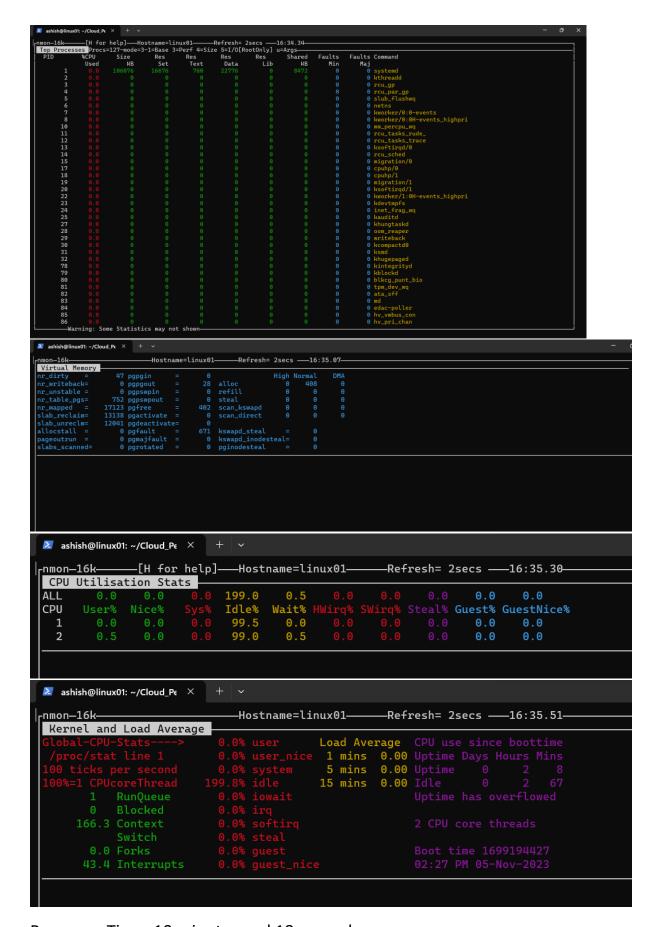
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```

CPU Utilization

```
Z ashish@linux01: ~/Cloud_P€ × +
 nmon-16k-
                                       -Hostname=linux01-----Refresh= 2secs ---16:23.05-
 Memory and Swap
                      RAM-Memory
7889.3
6819.7
                                                                                   Low-Memory
                                                0.0
  Total (MB)
Free (MB)
Free Percent
                                                                                  - not in use
  Free Percent 86.4%
Linux Kernel Internal Memory (MB)
Cached=
    ) COUT.: ### #I#
                                                            #7# #0# #7#
                                                                                            #7#<mark>#10#</mark>#11##
CPU Utilisation
                           Wait% Idle 0 0.0 100.0 >
                                                                                                                    75
CPU User%
                                                                      25
                                                                                            50
                                                                                                                                      100
                  0.0
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   2
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                  0.0
                               0.0 100.0|>
Avg
          0.0 0.0
                                0.0 100.0 >
   Nodename: tInux01
/*tct/*ease[1]: DISTRIB_ID=Ubuntu
/*tct/*ease[2]: DISTRIB_RELEASE=20.64
/*tct/*ease[3]: DISTRIB_CODENAME=focal
/*tc/*ease[4]: DISTRIB_DESCRIPTION="Ubuntu 20.04.6 LTS"
       -Warning: Some Statistics may not shown-
```



Response Time: 10 minutes and 18 seconds.

Conclusion:-

Response Time:

Both Linux and Windows can provide good response times. but Linux, due to its efficiency and minimal resource usage, we have seen in this case linux have less response time compared to windows.

Response Time: 10 minutes and 18 seconds.

Response Time: 13 minutes and 30 seconds.

Fast OS Performance:

Linux ubuntu are often known for their fast performance due to their lightweight nature and efficient resource handling. They generally have lower overhead and tend to be very responsive, making them favorable in terms of quick performance.

CPU Utilization:

As we have seen in both the cases, the CPU utilization is less in ubuntu in comparison to windows.

Windows might tend to use more CPU resources for its background services and GUI, potentially leading to slightly higher CPU utilization in some cases.

Memory Utilization:

Ubuntu generally has a reputation for efficient memory management. It tends to use less memory for the operating system itself, leaving more available for applications and services.