Ex. no: 9

Name: Ashish P Shaji

Roll NO: 230701041

DEADLOCK AVOIDANCE

Aim:

To find out a safe sequence using Banker's algorithm for deadlock avoidance.

Algorithm:

- 1. Initialize work=available and finish[i]=false for all values of i
- 2. Find an i such that both:

finish[i]=false and Needi<= work

- 3. If no such i exists go to step 6
- 4. Compute work=work+allocationi
- 5. Assign finish[i] to true and go to step 2
- 6. If finish[i]==true for all i, then print safe sequence
- 7. Else print there is no safe sequence

Program Code:

```
include <stdio.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#define P 5 // Number of processes
#define R 3 // Number of resource types
bool isSafe(int processes[], int available[], int max[][R], int allocation[][R]) {
      for (int i = 0; i < P; i++) {
           for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
    need[i][j] = max[i][j] - allocation[i][j];</pre>
      int safeSequence[P];
      int work[R];
           bool found = false;
           for (int p = 0; p < P; p++) {
    if (!finish[p]) {
                       for (int j = 0; j < R; j++) {
    if (need[p][j] > work[j]) {
        canProceed = false;
}
                             for (int k = 0; k < R; k++) {
    work[k] += allocation[p][k];</pre>
                             safeSequence[count++] = p;
                             found = true;
           if (!found) {
   printf("No safe sequence found.\n");
   return false;
```

OUTPUT:

The SAFE Sequence is: P1 -> P3 -> P4 -> P0 -> P2