

```

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

covid= pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Ashish\OneDrive\Pyhton Project file ALL\
covid_19_data.csv")

covid.head()

```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
0	4/29/2020	NaN	Afghanistan	1939	60	252
1	4/29/2020	NaN	Albania	766	30	455
2	4/29/2020	NaN	Algeria	3848	444	1702
3	4/29/2020	NaN	Andorra	743	42	423
4	4/29/2020	NaN	Angola	27	2	7

```

# It's return the number of no null values for each coloumn, NULL
value menas missing Values

covid.count()

```

Date	321
State	140
Region	321
Confirmed	321
Deaths	321
Recovered	321
dtype:	int64

```

covid.isnull().sum()

```

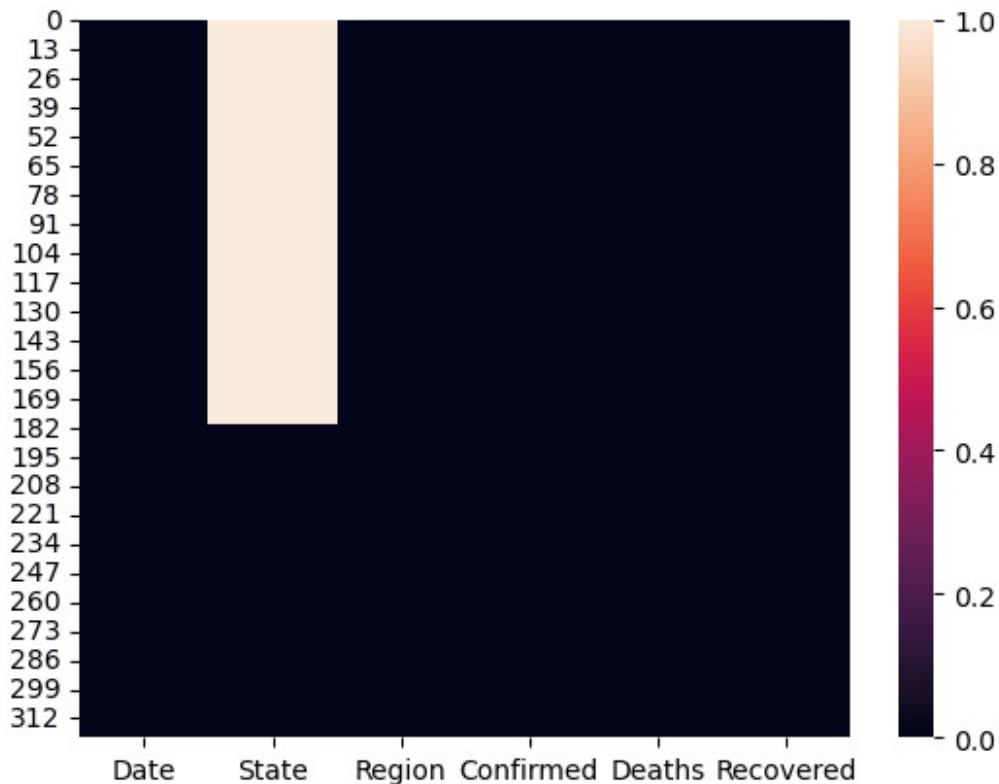
Date	0
State	181
Region	0
Confirmed	0
Deaths	0
Recovered	0
dtype:	int64

```

# The white line show that their are null value present in that
particular coloumn

sns.heatmap(covid.isnull())
plt.show()

```



Show the number of "confirmed", "Death" and "Recovered" cases in each region?

```
covid.head()
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
0	4/29/2020	NaN	Afghanistan	1939	60	252
1	4/29/2020	NaN	Albania	766	30	455
2	4/29/2020	NaN	Algeria	3848	444	1702
3	4/29/2020	NaN	Andorra	743	42	423
4	4/29/2020	NaN	Angola	27	2	7

```
covid.groupby("Region").sum().head(7) # To find the data for whole dataframe!
```

	Date	State	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
Region					
Afghanistan	4/29/2020	0	1939	60	252
Albania	4/29/2020	0	766	30	455
Algeria	4/29/2020	0	3848	444	1702
Andorra	4/29/2020	0	743	42	423
Angola	4/29/2020	0	27	2	7
Antigua and Barbuda	4/29/2020	0	24	3	11
Argentina	4/29/2020	0	4285	214	1192

```
covid.groupby("Region")["Confirmed"].sum().sort_values(ascending = False).head(7) # To find the data for particular coloumn!
```

```
Region
US      1039909
Spain   236899
Italy    203591
France   166543
UK        166441
Germany  161539
Turkey   117589
Name: Confirmed, dtype: int64
```

```
# To find the data for multiple coloumn!
# You need double square bracket to make it a list or it will give
# tuple subset error
# You also need to specify the "By" parameter to tell which coloumn
# you want sorting
```

```
covid.groupby("Region")
[["Confirmed","Recovered"]].sum().sort_values(by = "Confirmed" ,
ascending = False).head(7)
```

	Confirmed	Recovered
Region		
US	1039909	120720
Spain	236899	132929
Italy	203591	71252
France	166543	49118
UK	166441	857
Germany	161539	120400
Turkey	117589	44040

Remove all record where confirmed cases is less then 10?

```
covid.head()
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
0	4/29/2020	NaN	Afghanistan	1939	60	252
1	4/29/2020	NaN	Albania	766	30	455
2	4/29/2020	NaN	Algeria	3848	444	1702
3	4/29/2020	NaN	Andorra	743	42	423
4	4/29/2020	NaN	Angola	27	2	7

```
# To find all the value in confirmed coloumn which is less then 10!
```

```
covid[covid.Confirmed < 10].head(2)
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
18	4/29/2020	NaN	Bhutan	7	0	5
98	4/29/2020	NaN	MS Zaandam	9	2	0

To remove the value which is less than 10, we use "~" sign

```
covid = covid[~(covid.Confirmed < 10)]
```

```
covid.head(50).sort_values(by = "Confirmed" , ascending = True).head(2)
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
27	4/29/2020	NaN	Burundi	11	1	4
45	4/29/2020	NaN	Dominica	16	0	13

In which region, maximum number of confirmed cases were recored?

```
covid.head(2)
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
0	4/29/2020	NaN	Afghanistan	1939	60	252
1	4/29/2020	NaN	Albania	766	30	455

To find the max confirmed cases with index for covid with region!

```
covid.groupby("Region")["Confirmed"].sum().idxmax()
```

```
'US'
```

```
covid.groupby("Region")["Confirmed"].sum().sort_values(ascending = False).head(20)
```

Region	Confirmed
US	1039909
Spain	236899
Italy	203591
France	166536
UK	166432
Germany	161539
Turkey	117589
Russia	99399
Iran	93657
Mainland China	82861
Brazil	79685
Canada	52860
Belgium	47859
Netherlands	38993
Peru	33931

```

India          33062
Switzerland    29407
Ecuador        24675
Portugal       24505
Saudi Arabia   21402
Name: Confirmed, dtype: int64

```

In which region, minimum number of death cases were recored?

```
covid.head(2)
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
0	4/29/2020	NaN	Afghanistan	1939	60	252
1	4/29/2020	NaN	Albania	766	30	455

```
covid.groupby("Region")["Deaths"].sum().sort_values(ascending = True).head(20)
```

```

Region
Cambodia          0
Seychelles        0
Saint Lucia       0
Central African Republic  0
Saint Kitts and Nevis  0
South Sudan       0
Rwanda            0
Grenada           0
Macau             0
Madagascar       0
Nepal             0
Namibia           0
Saint Vincent and the Grenadines  0
Mozambique        0
Holy See          0
Timor-Leste       0
Mongolia          0
Uganda            0
Laos              0
Eritrea           0
Name: Deaths, dtype: int64

```

How many confirmed, death & recovered cases were reported from india till 29th april 2022?

These record are for date - 29th April 2022 that why we didnt use date filtering!

```
covid.head(2)
```

```
covid[covid.Region == "India"]
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
74	4/29/2020	NaN	India	33062	1079	8437

```
covid[covid.Region == "Yemen"]
```

```
Empty DataFrame
```

```
Columns: [Date, State, Region, Confirmed, Deaths, Recovered]
```

```
Index: []
```

```
covid[covid.Region == "US"].head(2)
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
181	4/29/2020	Alabama	US	6912	256	0
182	4/29/2020	Alaska	US	355	9	0

Sort the entire data with number of confirmed cases in ascending order?

```
covid.head(2)
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
0	4/29/2020	NaN	Afghanistan	1939	60	252
1	4/29/2020	NaN	Albania	766	30	455

```
covid.sort_values(by = ["Confirmed"], ascending = True).head(2)
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
156	4/29/2020	NaN	Suriname	10	1	8
70	4/29/2020	NaN	Holy See	10	0	2

Sort the entire data with number of Recovered cases in ascending order?

```
covid.sort_values(by = ["Recovered"], ascending = True).head(2)
```

	Date	State	Region	Confirmed	Deaths	Recovered
199	4/29/2020	Colorado	US	14758	766	0
276	4/29/2020	Ontario	Canada	16978	1153	0