R R R R R I S	Requirement already satisfied: click<8.0,>=5.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from Flask>=0.8->flask-ngrok) (7.1.2) Requirement already satisfied: MarkupSafe>=0.23 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from Jinja2<3.0,>=2.10.1->Flask>=0.8->flask-ngrok) (2.0.1) Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->flask-ngrok) (2.10) Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->flask-ngrok) (2021.10.8) Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->flask-ngrok) (3.0.4) Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->flask-ngrok) (1.24.3) Installing collected packages: flask-ngrok Successfully installed flask-ngrok-0.0.25 #importing libraries
: : : :	<pre>import pandas as pd import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore') import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split</pre>
: 1 1 1	<pre>import tensorflow as tf from tensorflow.keras import layers from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, Model, load_model from tensorflow.keras.layers import Activation, Dropout, Flatten, Dense, InputLayer, Embedding, Conv1D, MaxPooling1D, Input, LSTM, BatchNormalization, Bidirection from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences</pre>
1 1 1	<pre>from tensorflow.keras import regularizers from tensorflow.keras.regularizers import 12 from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping,Callback from flask_ngrok import run_with_ngrok</pre>
:	<pre>from flask import Flask, render_template, jsonify, request !pip install transformers Collecting transformers</pre>
R R	Downloading transformers-4.19.2-py3-none-any.whl (4.2 MB)
C R	6.6 MB 13.1 MB/s Requirement already satisfied: importlib-metadata in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from transformers) (4.11.3) Collecting pyyaml>=5.1 Downloading PyYAML-6.0-cp37-cp37m-manylinux_2_5_x86_64.manylinux1_x86_64.manylinux_2_12_x86_64.manylinux2010_x86_64.whl (596 kB)
Ri Ci Ri Ri	Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from transformers) (1.21.6) Collecting huggingface-hub<1.0,>=0.1.0 Downloading huggingface_hub-0.6.0-py3-none-any.whl (84 kB)
Ri Ri Ri Ri Ri	Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=3.7.4.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from huggingface-hub<1.0,>=0.1.0->transformers) (4.2 Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing!=3.0.5,>=2.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from packaging>=20.0->transformers) (3.0.9) Requirement already satisfied: zipp>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from importlib-metadata->transformers) (3.8.0) Requirement already satisfied: chardet<4,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->transformers) (3.0.4) Requirement already satisfied: urllib3!=1.25.0,!=1.25.1,<1.26,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->transformers) (2021.10.8)
I	Requirement already satisfied: idna<3,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages (from requests->transformers) (2.10) Installing collected packages: pyyaml, tokenizers, huggingface-hub, transformers Attempting uninstall: pyyaml Found existing installation: PyYAML 3.13 Uninstalling PyYAML-3.13: Successfully uninstalled PyYAML-3.13 Successfully installed huggingface-hub-0.6.0 pyyaml-6.0 tokenizers-0.12.1 transformers-4.19.2
1	<pre>#Mounting Drive from google.colab import drive drive.mount('/content/drive')</pre>
: 	# from transformers import BertTokenizer, TFBertForQuestionAnswering import tensorflow as tf from transformers import RobertaConfig, TFRobertaForQuestionAnswering from transformers import RobertaTokenizer
1	<pre>from transformers import RobertaTokenizer tokenizer = RobertaTokenizer.from_pretrained("ydshieh/roberta-base-squad2") Robert_model = TFRobertaForQuestionAnswering.from_pretrained("ydshieh/roberta-base-squad2")</pre>
A	All model checkpoint layers were used when initializing TFRobertaForQuestionAnswering. All the layers of TFRobertaForQuestionAnswering were initialized from the model checkpoint at ydshieh/roberta-base-squad2.
]: ₇	If your task is similar to the task the model of the checkpoint was trained on, you can already use TFRobertaForQuestionAnswering for predictions without her training. #Load and read train csv data train_data=pd.read_csv('/content/train_preprocess.csv')
	<pre>X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test=train_test_split(train_data, train_data.sentiment, test_size=0.15, stratify=train_data.sentiment)</pre> <pre>X_train_droppa(inplace=True)</pre>
))) ;	<pre>X_train.dropna(inplace=True) X_test.dropna(inplace=True) y_train.dropna(inplace=True) y_test.dropna(inplace=True) # remove own index with default index X_train.reset_index(inplace = True, drop = True)</pre>
3	<pre>X_test.reset_index(inplace = True, drop = True) y_train.reset_index(inplace = True, drop = True) y_test.reset_index(inplace = True, drop = True)</pre>
1	<pre>MAX_LEN=102 def data_input(df): count = df.shape[0] input_ids = np.zeros((count, MAX_LEN), dtype='int32') attention_masks = np.zeros((count, MAX_LEN), dtype='int32') token_type_ids = np.zeros((count, MAX_LEN), dtype='int32') for i in range(count):</pre>
	<pre>for i in range(count): encoded = tokenizer.encode_plus(df.sentiment[i], df.text[i], add_special_tokens=True, max_length=MAX_LEN,</pre>
	<pre>pad_to_max_length=True, return_token_type_ids=True, return_attention_mask=True, truncation=True, return_tensors='tf') input_ids[i] =encoded['input_ids'] attention_masks[i] =encoded['attention_mask']</pre>
B: 7	Be aware, overflowing tokens are not returned for the setting you have chosen, i.e. sequence pairs with the 'longest_first' truncation strategy. So the red list will always be empty even if some tokens have been removed. #The last thing that we have to do before we begin training the model is to convert the selected text column as a combination of the START and END tokens.
7	<pre>#The last thing that we have to do before we begin training the model is to convert the selected text column as a combination of the START and END token. #https://www.kaggle.com/code/parulpandey/eda-and-preprocessing-for-bert/comments def Get_Start_End_tokes(df): count = df.shape[0] start_tokens = np.zeros((count, MAX_LEN), dtype='int32') end_tokens = np.zeros((count, MAX_LEN), dtype='int32')</pre>
	<pre>end_tokens = np.zeros((count, MAX_LEN), dtype='int32') for k in range(0, count): text_t = " "+" ".join(df.loc[k, 'text'].split()) text_s = " ".join(df.loc[k, 'selected_text'].split()) #print(text_t) #print(text_s)</pre>
	<pre>#print(text_s) idx = text_t.find(text_s) #print(idx) chars = np.zeros((len(text_t))) chars[idx:idx+len(text_s)]=1 if text_t[idx-1]==' ':</pre>
	<pre>chars[idx-1] = 1 #print(chars) #print("length of chars:",len(chars)) offsets = []; idx=0 enc = tokenizer.encode(text_t)</pre>
	<pre>for t in enc: w = tokenizer.decode([t]) #print(w, t) if t==0 or t==2: offsets.append((idx,idx+0)) idx +=0</pre>
	<pre>else: offsets.append((idx,idx+len(w))) idx += len(w) #print(offsets) toks = []</pre>
	<pre>s= np.argmax(chars) e= len(chars)-1-np.argmax(chars[::-1]) #print("common:", s, e) for i,(a,b) in enumerate(offsets): sm = np.sum(chars[a:b]) if sm>0:</pre>
	<pre>toks.append(i) if len(toks)>0: start_tokens[k,toks[0]] = 1 end_tokens[k,toks[-1]+1] = 1</pre>
 :	return start_tokens, end_tokens train_start_tokens, train_end_tokens=Get_Start_End_tokes(X_train)#train
1:	<pre>train_start_tokens, train_end_tokens=Get_Start_End_tokes(X_train)#train test_start_tokens, test_end_tokens=Get_Start_End_tokes(X_test)#test input_data=[train_input_ids , train_attention_masks] output_data = [train_start_tokens, train_end_tokens]</pre>
1	<pre>output_data = [train_start_tokens, train_end_tokens] test_input =[test_input_ids, test_attention_masks] test_output =[test_start_tokens, test_end_tokens] #Finds the selected text for the given tweet</pre>
7	<pre>def find_selected_text(data,tokenizer,start,end): '''Finds the selected text for the given tweet''' selected_text_list=[] for i in range(data.shape[0]):</pre>
	<pre>#Finding the start and end index start_idx=np.argmax(start[i]) end_idx=np.argmax(end[i]) #If start is greater than end index, predicted_text=text</pre>
	<pre>#If start is greater than end index, predicted_text=text if (start_idx>end_idx): predicted_text=data.loc[i,'text'] selected_text_list.append(predicted_text) else: text1 = " "+" ".join(data.loc[i,'text'].split())</pre>
	<pre>text1 = " "+" ".join(data.loc[i, 'text'].split()) enc=tokenizer.encode(text1) #predicted_text=tokenizer.decode(tokens.ids[start_idx-1:end_idx]) predicted_text= tokenizer.decode(enc[start_idx:end_idx+1]) #print(tokenizer.decode(enc[toks[0]:toks[-1]+1])) selected_text_list.append(predicted_text) return selected_text_list</pre>
1	<pre>#Model Archietecture MAX_LEN=102 ids=Input((MAX_LEN), name='ids', dtype='int32') att_mask=Input((MAX_LEN), name='att_mask', dtype='int32')</pre>
l	<pre>bert_output=Robert_model([ids,att_mask]) dropout1=Dropout(0.2,name='dropout1')(bert_output[0]) out_1 = tf.keras.layers.Activation('softmax',name='activation1')(dropout1)</pre>
(<pre>dropout2=Dropout(0.2, name='dropout2')(bert_output[1]) out_2 = tf.keras.layers.Activation('softmax', name='activation2')(dropout2) history_res = Model(inputs=[ids, att_mask], outputs=[out_1,out_2]) optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=3e-5)</pre>
ŀ	<pre>optimizer = tr.keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=3e-5) # model.compile(loss='binary_crossentropy', optimizer=optimizer) history_res.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=optimizer) history_res.load_weights('/content/drive/My Drive/Tweet_BertResult_model/weights_Updated_new.best.hdf5') #Load the save weigted</pre>
]: [<pre>start_pred, end_pred = history_res.predict((input_data))</pre>
	<pre>val= {'text':["i hate this dish"], 'sentiment':["negative"]} df = pd.DataFrame(val) print(df) selected_text_1=find_selected_text(df, tokenizer, start_pred, end_pred) print(selected_text_1)</pre>
0	print(selected_text_1) text sentiment 0 i hate this dish negative [' i hate']
3	<pre>import random app = Flask(name, template_folder='/content/drive/MyDrive/templates') run_with_ngrok(app)</pre>
((<pre>@app.route("/") def Index(): return render_template('index.html') @app.route('/predict', methods=['GET', 'POST']) def predict():</pre>
	<pre>def predict(): vals = [each for each in request.form.values()] values = {'text':[vals[0]], 'sentiment':[vals[1]]} df = pd.DataFrame(values) output =find_selected_text(df, tokenizer, start_pred, end_pred) return render_template('index.html', text=vals[0], prediction=output, sentiment=vals[1])</pre>
	<pre>ifname == "main": port = 5000 + random.randint(0, 999) #url = "http://127.0.0.1:{0}".format(port) app.run()</pre>
	<pre># app.run(use_reloader=False, port=port) * Serving Flask app "main" (lazy loading) * Environment: production WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment.</pre>
	Use a production WSGI server instead. * Debug mode: off * Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000/ (Press CTRL+C to quit) * Running on http://2c13-35-236-132-249.ngrok.io * Traffic stats available on http://127.0.0.1:4040