20MCA241 DATA SCIENCE LAB

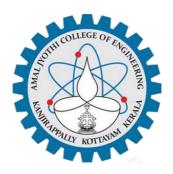
Lab Report SubmittedBy

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Reg. No.: AJC20MCA-2028

In Partial fulfillment for the Award of the Degree Of

MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (2 Year) (MCA) APJ ABDUL KALAM TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

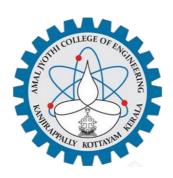


AMAL JYOTHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KANJIRAPPALLY

[Affiliated to APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University, Kerala. Approved by AICTE, Accredited by NAAC with 'A' grade. Koovappally, Kanjirappally, Kottayam, Kerala – 686518]

2021-2022

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS AMAL JYOTHI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING KANJIRAPPALLY



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Lab report, "20MCA241 DATA SCIENCE LAB" is the bonafide work of ASHISH WILSON(Reg.No:AJC20MCA-2028) in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the award of the Degree of Master of Computer Applications under APJ Abdul Kalam Technological University during the year 2021-22.

Ms. Shelly Shiju George

Lab In-Charge

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Date:24/11/2021

PROGRAM NO: 01

Aim: Perform all matrix operation using python.

Program Code:

```
import numpy
x = numpy.array([[2,4],[7,5]])
y=numpy.array([[5,6],[4,7]])
print("Matrix Addition")
print(numpy.add(x,y))
print("Matrix Subraction")
print(numpy.subtract(x,y))
print("Matrix multiplication")
print(numpy.multiply(x,y))
print("Matrix product")
print(numpy.dot(x,y))
print("Matrix square root")
print(numpy.sqrt(x))
print("Matrix divison")
print(numpy.divide(x,y))
print("Matrix sum of element")
print(numpy.sum(x))
print("Matrix sum of elements (x-axis)")
print(numpy.sum(x,axis=0))
print("Matrix Transpose of x")
print(x.T)
```

```
matrixoper ×

C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\DSMLlab\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\DSMLlab\matrixoper.py

Matrix Addition

[[7 10]

[11 12]]

Matrix Subraction

E[-3 -2]

Matrix multiplication

[[10 24]

[28 35]]

Matrix product

[[26 40]

[55 77]]

Matrix square root

[[1.4424356 2.]

[2.44575131 2.23606798]]

Matrix divison

[[0.4 0.60606067]

[1.75 0.71428571]]

Matrix sum of element

18

Matrix sum of element

18

Matrix sum of elements (x-axis)

[9 9]

Matrix Transpose of x

[[2 7]

[4 5]]
```

Date:01/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 02

Aim: Program to perform SVD using python.

Program Code:

```
from numpy import array

from scipy.linalg import svd

a=array([[1,2,3,4],[7,8,3,5],[4,6,9,10]])

print(a)

u,s,vt=svd(a)

print("Decomposed Matrix\n",u)

print("Inverse Matrix\n",s)

print("Transpose matrix\n",vt)
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scrip
[[ 1 2 3 4]
  [ 7 8 3 5]
  [ 4 6 9 10]]

Decomposed Matrix
  [[-0.27122739  0.25018762  0.92943093]
  [-0.575834  -0.81593689  0.05159647]
  [-0.77126579  0.52120355 -0.36537097]]

Inverse Matrix
  [19.40153082  5.77253959  0.5083193 ]

Transpose matrix
  [[-0.38074978 -0.50391495 -0.48875402 -0.60184619]
  [-0.5849343  -0.50236097  0.5185905  0.36952567]
  [-0.336162  0.15621646 -0.67921184  0.63345308]
  [-0.63235795  0.68505445  0.17565499 -0.31617898]]

Process finished with exit code 0
```

PROGRAM NO: 03 Date:1/12/2021

Aim: Program to implement k-NN Classification using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm using in build function

Program Code:

```
from sklearn.neighbors import KneighborsClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
idata=load_iris()
x=idata.data
y=idata.target
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,random_state=55)
knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=3)
knn.fit(x_train,y_train)
y_p=knn.predict(x_test)
print(knn.predict(x_test))
print("Accuracy score: ",accuracy score(y test,y p))
```

PROGRAM NO: 04 Date:01/12/2021

Aim: Program to implement k-NN classification using any random data set without using in built functions.

Program Code:

```
from math import sqrt
def e_dis(r1,r2):
       dist=0.0
       for i in range(len(r1)-1):
              dist + = (r1[i] - r2[i])**2
       return sqrt(dist)
def get_ne(train,test_row,num_neig):
       distances=list()
       for train_row in train:
              dist=e_dis(test_row,train_row)
               distances.append([test_row,train_row])
              distances.sort(key=lambda tup:tup[1])
              neighbors=list()
              for i in range(num_neig):
                      neighbors.append(distances[i][0])
       return neighbors
def predict_classif(train,test_row,num_neig):
       neighbors = get_ne(train,test_row,num_neig)
       out_val=[row[-1]
       for row in neighbors]
               prediction=max(set(out_val),key=out_val.count)
```

```
return prediction
dataset=[[2.734,2.55,0],
[1.45,3.36,0],
[2.334, 2.355, 0],
[1.45, 3.36, 0],
[2.334, 2.55, 0],
[1.45, 3.336, 0],
[3.334, 3.55, 1],
[1.45, 3.36, 1],
[3.734, 4.55, 1],
[3.45, 4.36, 1],
[4.734, 5.55, 1],
[3.45, 5.36, 1]]
prediction=predict_classif(dataset,dataset[0],3)
print('Excpected %d,Got %d'%(dataset[0][-1],prediction))
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonP
Excpected 0,Got 0
Process finished with exit code 0
```

Date:08/12/2021

PROGRAM NO: 05

Aim: Program to implement Naïve Bayes Algorithm using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm.

Program Code:

```
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,accuracy_score
dataset=pd.read_csv('Social_Network_Ads.csv')
x=dataset.iloc[:,[2,3]].values
y=dataset.iloc[:,-1].values
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.30)
sc=StandardScaler()
x_train=sc.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test=sc.transform(x_test)
classifier=GaussianNB()
classifier.fit(x_train,y_train)
y_pred=classifier.predict(x_test)
print(y_pred)
ac = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
print(ac)
```

PROGRAM NO: 06

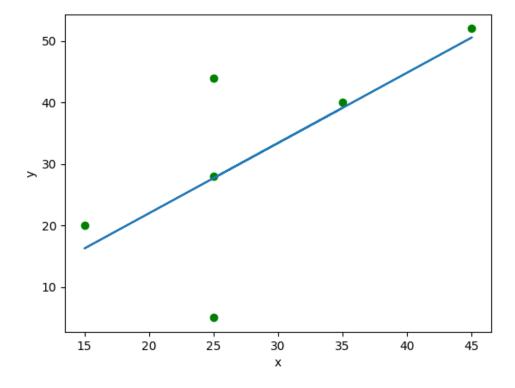
Date:08/01/2022

Aim: Program to implement linear regression techniques using any standard dataset available in the public domain and evaluate its performance.

Program(Code:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
x=np.array([5,15,25,35,45,55]).reshape((-1,1))
y=np.array([5,20,14,32,22,38])
print(x)
print(y)
model=LinearRegression()
model.fit(x,y)
r_sq=model.score(x,y)
print('coefficent of determination: ',r_sq)
print('intercept: ',model.intercept_)
print('slope : ',model.coef_)
y_pred=model.predict(x)
print('Predicted response: ',y_pred)
plt.scatter(x,y,color="g")
plt.plot(x,y_pred)
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.show()
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\pythonProject\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:/Users/ajcemca/Pycharm
[[ 5]
    [15]
    [25]
    [35]
    [45]
    [55]]
[ 5 20 14 32 22 38]
    coefficent of determination: 0.7158756137479542
intercept: 5.6333333333333329
slope: [ 0.54]
Predicted response: [ 8.33333333 13.73333333 19.13333333 24.53333333 29.93333333 35.3333333]
```



PROGRAM NO: 07 Date:15/01/2022

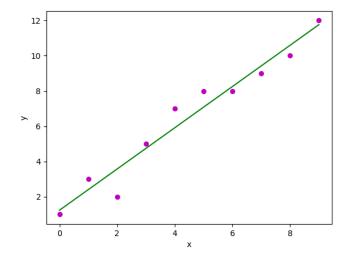
Aim: Program to implement linear regression techniques using any standard dataset available in the public domain and evaluate its performance.

Program Code:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
def estimate\_coef(x,y):
       n=np.size(x)
       m_x=np.mean(x)
       m_y=np.mean(y)
       SS_xy=np.sum(y*x) - n*m_y*m_x
       SS_x = np.sum(x*x) - n*m_x*m_x
       b_1=SS_xy/SS_xx
       b_0 = m_y - b_1 * m_x
       return (b_0,b_1)
def plot_regr_line(x,y,b):
       plt.scatter(x,y,color="m",marker="o",s=30)
       y_pred=b[0]+b[1]*x
       plt.plot(x,y_pred,color="g")
       plt.xlabel('x')
       plt.ylabel('y')
       plt.show()
def main():
       x = \text{np.array}([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
```

```
y = np.array([1, 3, 2, 5, 7, 8, 8, 9, 10, 12])
b = estimate\_coef(x, y)
print("Estimated coefficients: \nb\_0 = \{\} \ \nb\_1 = \{\}".format(b[0], b[1]))
plot\_regr\_line(x, y, b)
if \_\_name\_=="\_\_main\_\_":
main()
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\py
Estimated coefficients:
b_0 = 1.2363636363636363
b_1 = 1.1696969696969697
```



PROGRAM NO: 08 Date:15/01/2022

Aim: Program to implement multiple regression techniques using any standard dataset available in the public domain and evaluate its performance.

Program Code:

```
import pandas

df=pandas.read_csv("cars.csv")

x=df[['Weight','Volume']]

y=df['CO2']

from sklearn import linear_model

regr=linear_model.LinearRegression()

regr.fit(x,y)

predictedco2=regr.predict([[2300,1300]])

print(predictedco2)
```

Output:

(107.2087328] [0.00755095 0.00780526] PROGRAM NO: 09 Date:15/01/2022

Aim: Program to implement multiple regression techniques using any standard dataset available in the public domain and evaluate its performance and plotting graph.

Program Code:

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import datasets,linear_model,metrics
boston=datasets.load_boston()
x=boston.data
y=boston.target
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.4,random_state=1)
reg=linear_model.LinearRegression()
reg.fit(x_train,y_train)
pre=reg.predict(x_test)
print("Prediction: ",pre)
print('Coefficients: ',reg.coef_)
print('Variance Score:{}'.format(reg.score(x_test,y_test)))
```

OUTPUT

```
Prediction: [32.65503184 28.0934953 18.02901829 21.47671576 18.8254387 19.87997758 32.42014863 18.06597765 24.42277848 27.00977832 27.04081017 28.75196794 21.15677699 26.85200196 23.38835945 20.66241266 17.33082198 38.24813601 30.50550873 8.74436733 20.80203902 16.26328126 25.21805656 24.85175752 31.384365 10.71311063 13.80434635 16.65930389 36.52625779 14.66750528 21.12114902 13.95558618 43.16210242 17.97539649 21.80116017 20.58294808 17.59938821 27.2212319 9.46139365 19.82963781 24.30751863 21.18528812 29.57235682 16.3431752 19.31483171 14.56343172 39.20885479 18.10887551 25.91223267 20.33018802 25.16282007 24.42921237 25.07123258 26.6603279 4.56151258 24.0818735 10.88682673 26.88926056 16.85598381 35.88704363 19.55733885 27.51928921 16.58435013 18.77551029 11.15872875 32.36392007 36.72833773 21.95924582 24.57949647 25.14868695 23.42841301 6.90732017 16.56298149 20.41940517 20.89403418 21.54219598 33.85383403 27.94645899 25.17281456 34.65883942 18.62487738 23.9737555 34.6619296 13.34754896 20.71097982 30.8803549 17.13421071 24.30528434 19.25576671 16.98006722 27.90622638 41.85569974 44.11131512 23.25736073 14.66302072 21.86977175 23.02527624 29.8899182 37.11937872 26.552791022 17.36840034 17.71399314] Coefficients: [-1.12386867e-01 5.80587074e-02 1.83593559e-02 2.12997760e+00 -1.95811012e+01 3.09546166e+00 4.45265228e-03 -1.50047624e+00 3.0558909-01 1.111230879e-02 -9.89007562e-01 7.32130017e-03 -5.44644997e-01] Variance Score:0.763417443213847
```

PROGRAM NO: 10 Date:22/12/2021

Aim: Program to implement decision trees using any standard dataset available in the public domain and find the accuracy of the algorithm

```
Program Code:
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report,confusion_matrix
from sklearn.tree import plot_tree
df=sns.load_dataset('iris')
print(df.head())
print(df.info())
df.isnull().any()
print(df.shape)
sns.pairplot(data=df,hue='species')
plt.savefig("pne.png")
sns.heatmap(df.corr())
plt.savefig("one.png")
target=df['species']
df1=df.copy()
```

df1=df1.drop('species',axis=1)

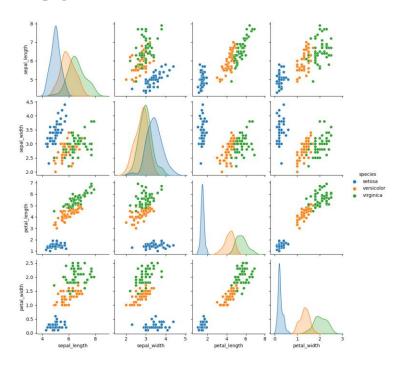
```
print(df1.shape)
print(df1.head())
x=df1
print(target)
le=LabelEncoder()
target=le.fit_transform(target)
print(target)
y=target
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.2,random_state=42)
print("Training split input",x_train.shape)
print("Testing split input",x_test.shape)
dtree=DecisionTreeClassifier()
dtree.fit(x_train,y_train)
print("Decision tree classifier created")
y_pred=dtree.predict(x_test)
print("classification report \n",classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
cm=confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
plt.figure(figsize=(5,5))
sns.heatmap(data=cm,linewidth=5,annot=True,square=True,cmap='Blues')
plt.ylabel('Actual label')
plt.xlabel('Predictd label')
all_sample_title='Accuracy Score:{0}'.format(dtree.score(x_test,y_test))
plt.savefig("two.png")
plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
dec_tree=plot_tree(decision_tree=dtree,feature_names=df1.columns,
```

class_names=["setosa","vercicikor","verginica"],filled=True,precision=4,rounded=True)
plt.savefig("three.png")

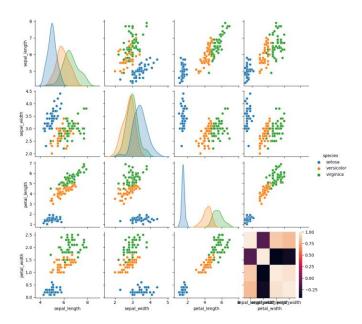
```
3 setosa
4 setosa
...

145 virginica
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141 virginica
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```

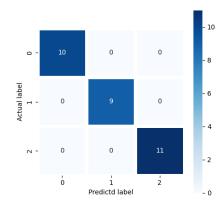
Pne.png



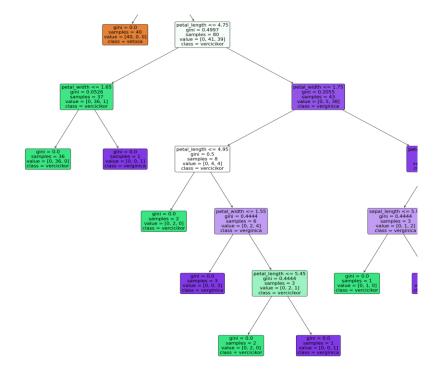
One.png



Two.png



Three.png



PROGRAM NO: 11 Date:05/1/2022

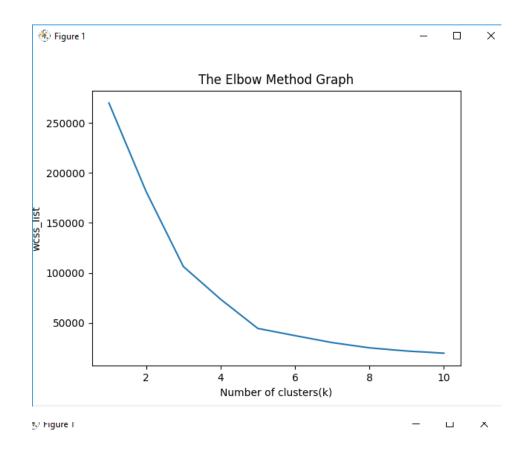
Aim: Program to implement k-means clustering technique using any standard dataset available in the public domain.

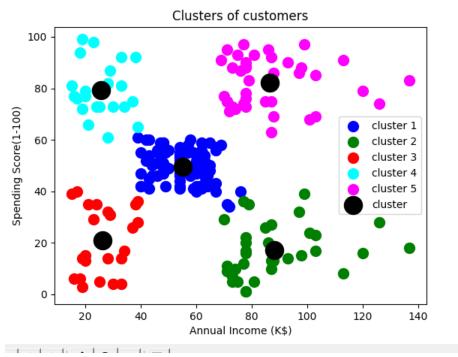
Program Code:

```
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read_csv('Mall_Customers.csv')
x=dataset.iloc[:,[3,4]].values
print(x)
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss_list=[]
for i in range(1,11):
       kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=i,init='k-means++',random_state=42)
       kmeans.fit(x)
       wcss_list.append(kmeans.inertia_)
mtp.plot(range(1,11),wcss_list)
mtp.title('The Elbow Method Graph')
mtp.xlabel('Number of clusters(k)')
mtp.ylabel('wcss_list')
mtp.show()
kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=5,init='k-means++',random_state=42)
y_predict=kmeans.fit_predict(x)
print(y_predict)
```

```
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict ==0,0],x[y_predict ==0,1],s=100,c='blue',label='cluster 1')
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict ==1,0],x[y_predict ==1,1],s=100,c='green',label='cluster 2')
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict ==2,0],x[y_predict ==2,1],s=100,c='red',label='cluster 3')
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict ==3,0],x[y_predict ==3,1],s=100,c='cyan',label='cluster 4')
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict ==4,0],x[y_predict ==4,1],s=100,c='magenta',label='cluster 5')
mtp.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,0],kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,1],s=300,c='black',label='cluster')
mtp.title('Clusters of customers')
mtp.xlabel('Annual Income (K$)')
mtp.ylabel('Spending Score(1-100)')
mtp.legend()
mtp.show()
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProje
[[ 15 39]
 [ 15 81]
 [ 16
      6]
 [ 16
      77]
 [ 17
       40]
 [ 17
      76]
 [ 18
        6]
 [ 18
       94]
 [ 19
        3]
 [ 19
      72]
 [ 19
      14]
 [ 19
       99]
 [ 20
      15]
 [ 20
      77]
 [ 20
       13]
```





PROGRAM NO: 12 Date:05/1/2022

Aim: Program to implement k-means clustering technique using any standard dataset available in the public domain.

Program Code:

```
import numpy as nm
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp
import pandas as pd
dataset = pd.read_csv('world_country_and_usa_states_latitude_and_longitude_values.csv')
x=dataset.iloc[:,[1,2]].values
print(x)
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss_list=[]
for i in range(1,11):
       kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=i,init='k-means++',random_state=42)
       kmeans.fit(x)
       wcss_list.append(kmeans.inertia_)
mtp.plot(range(1,11),wcss_list)
mtp.title('The Elbow Method Graph')
mtp.xlabel('Number of clusters(k)')
mtp.ylabel('wcss_list')
mtp.show()
kmeans=KMeans(n_clusters=3,init='k-means++',random_state=42)
y_predict=kmeans.fit_predict(x)
print(y_predict)
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict ==0,0],x[y_predict ==0,1],s=100,c='blue',label='cluster 1')
```

```
mtp.scatter(x[y_predict ==1,0],x[y_predict ==1,1],s=100,c='green',label='cluster 2')

mtp.scatter(x[y_predict ==2,0],x[y_predict ==2,1],s=100,c='red',label='cluster 3')

mtp.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,0],kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,1],s=300,c='black',label='cluster')

mtp.title('Clusters of customers')

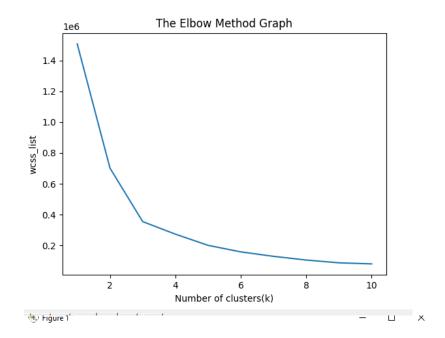
mtp.xlabel('Annual Income (K$)')

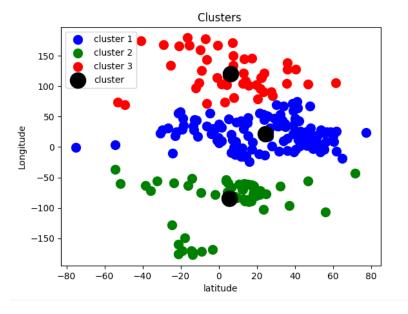
mtp.ylabel('Spending Score(1-100)')

mtp.legend()

mtp.show()
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\Rmca_DLMLLab_28.
[[ 4.25462450e+01 1.60155400e+00]
[ 2.34240760e+01 5.38478180e+01]
[ 3.39391100e+01 6.77099530e+01]
[ 1.70608160e+01 -6.17964280e+01]
[ 1.82205540e+01 -6.30686150e+01]
 [ 4.11533320e+01 2.01683310e+01]
[ 4.00690990e+01 4.50381890e+01]
 [ 1.22260790e+01 -6.90600870e+01]
[-1.12026920e+01 1.78738870e+01]
 [-7.52509730e+01 -7.13890000e-02]
[-3.84160970e+01 -6.36166720e+01]
[-1.42709720e+01 -1.70132217e+02]
 [ 4.75162310e+01 1.45500720e+01]
 [-2.52743980e+01 1.33775136e+02]
 [ 1.25211100e+01 -6.99683380e+01]
 [ 4.01431050e+01 4.75769270e+01]
 [ 4.39158860e+01 1.76790760e+01]
 [ 1.31938870e+01 -5.95431980e+01]
  2.36849940e+01 9.03563310e+01]
```





PROGRAM NO: 13

Date:02/02/2022

Aim: Programs on convolutional neural network to classify images from any standard dataset in the public domain

```
Program Code;
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
np.random.seed(42)
fashion_mnist=keras.datasets.fashion_mnist
(x_train,y_train),(x_test,y_test)=fashion_mnist.load_data()
print(x_train.shape,x_test.shape)
x_train=x_train/255.0
x_test=x_test/255.0
plt.imshow(x_train[1],cmap='binary')
plt.show()
np.unique(y_test)
class_names=['T-shirt/Top','Trouser','Pullover','Dress','Coat','Sandal','Shirt','Sneaker','Bag','Ankle
Boot'l
n rows=5
n_{cols}=10
plt.figure(figsize=(n_cols * 1.4,n_rows * 1.6))
for row in range(n_rows):
       for col in range(n_cols):
```

index=n_cols * row +col

```
plt.subplot(n_rows,n_cols,index+1)
              plt.imshow(x_train[index],cmap='binary',interpolation='nearest')
              plt.axis('off')
              plt.title(class_names[y_train[index]])
plt.show()
model_CNN=keras.models.Sequential()
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32,kernel_size=7,padding='same',activation='relu',
input\_shape=[28,28,1])
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64,kernel_size=3,padding='same',activation='relu'
))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32,kernel_size=3,padding='same',activation='relu'
))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=2))
model_CNN.summary()
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Flatten())
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=128,activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=64,activation='relu'))
model_CNN.add(keras.layers.Dense(units=10,activation='softmax'))
model_CNN.summary()
model_CNN.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',optimizer='adam',metrics=['accurac
y'])
x_train=x_train[...,np.newaxis]
x_test=x_test[...,np.newaxis]
```

```
history_CNN=model_CNN.fit(x_train,y_train,epochs=2,validation_split=0.1)

pd.DataFrame(history_CNN.history).plot()

plt.grid(True)

plt.xlabel('epochs')

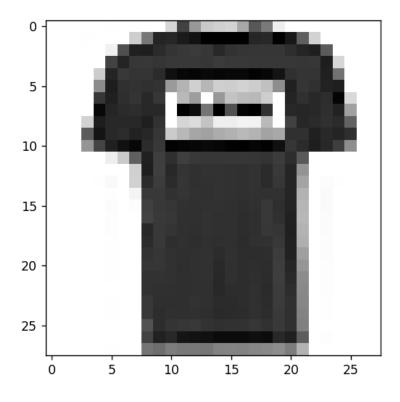
plt.ylabel('loss/accuracy')

plt.title('Training and validation plot')

plt.show()

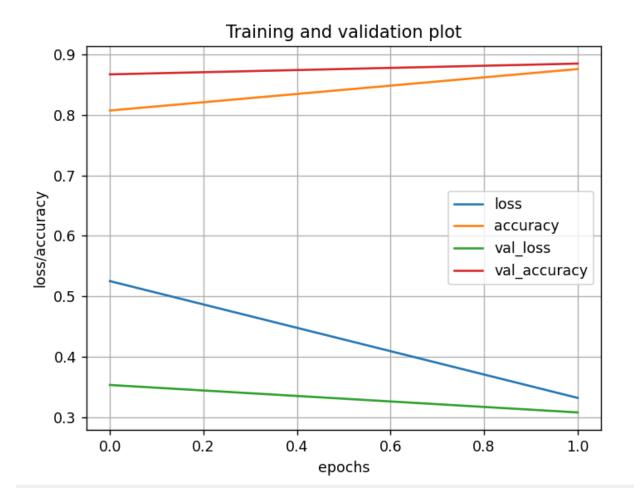
test_loss,test_accuracy=model_CNN.evaluate(x_test,y_test)

print('Test Loss:{}','Test Accuracy:{}'.format(test_loss,test_accuracy))
```





Trainable params: 38,560								
Non-trainable params: 0								
 Model: "sequential"								
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #						
conv2d (Conv2D)		1600						
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D)</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 32)	0						
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 14, 14, 64)	18496						
<pre>max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 7, 7, 64)	0						
conv2d_2 (Conv2D)	(None, 7, 7, 32)	18464						
<pre>max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling 2D)</pre>	(None, 3, 3, 32)	0						
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 288)	0						
dense (Dense)	(None, 128)	36992						
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 64)	8256						
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 10)	650						



Date:16/02/2022

PROGRAM NO: 14

Aim: Program to implement a simple web crawler using python.

```
Program Code;
import requests
import lxml
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
url = "https://www.rottentomatoes.com/top/bestofrt/"
headers = {
'User-Agent': 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 6.1; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like
Gecko) Chrome/63.0.3239.132 Safari/537.36 OPR/50.0.2762.58 (Edition Yx 01)'
}
f = requests.get(url, headers = headers)
movies_lst = []
soup = BeautifulSoup(f.content, 'html.parser')
movies = soup.find('table', {
'class':'table'
}) .find_all('a')
print(movies)
num = 0
for anchor in movies:
       urls = 'https://www.rottentomatoes.com' +anchor['href']
       movies_lst.append(urls)
print(movies_lst)
num += 1
```

movie_url = urls

```
movie_f = requests.get(movie_url, headers=headers)
movie_soup = BeautifulSoup(movie_f.content, 'lxml')
movie_content = movie_soup.find('div', {
   'class':'movie_synopsis clamp clamp-6 js-clamp'
})
print(num, urls, '/n', 'Movie:'+anchor.string.strip())
print('Movie info:' + movie_content.string.strip())
```

```
Paddington 2 (2018)</a>, <a class="unstyled articleLink" href="/m/beatles_a_hard_days_night">
A Hard Day's Night (1964)</a>, <a class="unstyled articleLink" href="/m/widows_2018">
Widows (2018)</a>, <a class="unstyled articleLink" href="/m/mover_rarely_sometimes_always">
Never Rarely Sometimes Always (2020)</a>, <a class="unstyled articleLink" href="/m/spider_man_homecoming">
Baby Driver (2017)</a>, <a class="unstyled articleLink" href="/m/spider_man_homecoming">
Spider-Man: Homecoming (2017)</a>, <a class="unstyled articleLink" href="/m/spider_man_homecoming">
The Godfather_part_ii">
The Godfather, Part II (1974)</a>, <a class="unstyled articleLink" href="/m/the_battle_of_algiers">
The Battle of Algiers (La Battaglia di Algeri) (1967)</a>/<a>
['https://www.rottentomatoes.com/m/it_happened_one_night', 'https://www.rottentomatoes.com/m/citizen_kane', 'https://www.rottentomatoes.com/m/the_battle_of_algiers / https://www.rottentomatoes.com/m/the_battle_of_algiers / https://www.rottentomatoes.com/m/the_battle_of_algiers / n Movie:The Battle of Algiers (La Battaglia di Algeri) (1967)
Movie info:Paratrooper commander Colonel Mathieu (Jean Martin), a former French Resistance fighter during World War II, is sent to 1950s Algeria to reinforce
```

PROGRAM NO: 15 Date:16/02/2022

AIM: Program to implement a simple web crawler using python

Program Code:

```
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import requests
pages_crawled = []
def crawler(url):
 page = requests.get(url)
 soup = BeautifulSoup(page.text,'html.parser')
 links = soup.find_all('a')
for link in links:
 if 'href' in link.attrs:
    if link['href'].startswith('/wiki') and ':' not in link['href']:
      if link['href'] not in pages_crawled:
        new_link = f"https://en.wikipedia.org{link['href']}"
        pages_crawled.append(link['href'])
       try:
         with open('data.csv','a') as file:
           file.write(f'{soup.title.text}; {soup.h1.text}; {link["href"]}\n')
       crawler(new_link)
   except:
   continue
crawler('https://en.wikipedia.org')
crawler()
```

```
webcrawlers.py & & webcrawlersincsv.py & data.csv
                                                                       Reload in 'windows-1252' Set project encoding to 'windows-1252' Reload in another encoding
The file was loaded in a wrong encoding: 'UTF-8'
       Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Main Page; /wiki/Wikipedia; Wikipedia - Wikipedia; Wikipedia; /wiki/Main_Page; Wikipedia, the free ency
       Wikipedia - Wikipedia; Wikipedia; /wiki/Main_Page
       Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia; Main Page; /wiki/Free_content
       Free content - Wikipedia: Free content: /wiki/Definition of Free Cultural Works
       Definition of Free Cultural Works - Wikipedia; Definition of Free Cultural Works; /wiki/Free_content_movement
       Free-culture movement - Wikipedia; Free-culture movement; /wiki/Free_culture_(disambiguation)
       Free Culture - Wikipedia: Free Culture: /wiki/Free_Culture_(book)
       Free Culture (book) - Wikipedia; Free Culture (book); /wiki/Lawrence_Lessig
       Lawrence Lessig - Wikipedia; Lawrence Lessig; /wiki/Lawrence_Lessing
       Lawrence Lessing - Wikipedia; Lawrence Lessing; /wiki/Science_writer
       Science journalism - Wikipedia; Science journalism; /wiki/Scientific_journalism
       Scientific journalism - Wikipedia; Scientific journalism; /wiki/Science_journalism
       Science journalism - Wikipedia; Science journalism; /wiki/Scientific_writing
       Scientific writing - Wikipedia; Scientific writing; /wiki/Science_writing
       Science journalism - Wikipedia; Science journalism; /wiki/Science_communication
       Science communication - Wikipedia; Science communication; /wiki/Science_publishing
       Scientific literature - Wikipedia; Scientific literature; /wiki/Medical_literature
310
       Medical literature - Wikipedia; Medical literature; /wiki/Edwin_Smith_Papyrus
       Edwin Smith Papyrus - Wikipedia; Edwin Smith Papyrus; /wiki/New_York_Academy_of_Medicine
       New York Academy of Medicine - Wikipedia; New York Academy of Medicine; /wiki/Eclecticism_im_architecture
       Eclecticism in architecture - Wikipedia; Eclecticism in architecture; /wiki/Basilica
       Basilica - Wikipedia; Basilica; /wiki/Basilicas_in_the_Catholic_Church
       Basilicas in the Catholic Church - Wikipedia; Basilicas in the Catholic Church; /wiki/List_of_Catholic_basilicas
       List of Catholic basilicas - Wikipedia; List of Catholic basilicas; /wiki/Catholic_Church
       Catholic Church - Wikipedia; Catholic Church; /wiki/Catholic_Church_(disambiguation)
       Catholic Church (disambiguation) - Wikipedia; Catholic Church (disambiguation); /wiki/Catholic_(disambiguation)
       Anatomical terms of motion - Wikipedia; Anatomical terms of motion; /wiki/Extortion
       Extortion - Wikipedia; Extortion; /wiki/Exaction
       Exaction - Wikipedia: Exaction: /wiki/Exact (disambiguation)
       Exact - Wikipedia; Exact; /wiki/Exact_(company)
       Exact (company) - Wikipedia; Exact (company); /wiki/Besloten_vennootschap
       Besloten vennootschap - Wikipedia; Besloten vennootschap; /wiki/Corporate_law
       Corporate law - Wikipedia; Corporate law; /wiki/List_of_legal_entity_types_by_country
       List of legal entity types by country - Wikipedia; List of legal entity types by country; /wiki/Company_(disambiguation)
       Company (disambiguation) - Wikipedia; Company (disambiguation); /wiki/Company
       Company - Wikipedia; Company; /wiki/Firm_(disambiguation)
       Firm (disambiguation) - Wikipedia; Firm (disambiguation); /wiki/Firm
       Company - Wikipedia; Company; /wiki/Capitalism
       Capitalism - Wikipedia; Capitalism; /wiki/Capitalism_(disambiguation)
       Capitalism (disambiguation) - Wikipedia; Capitalism (disambiguation); /wiki/Economic_liberalism
       Economic liberalism - Wikipedia; Economic liberalism; /wiki/Business
       Business - Wikipedia; Business; /wiki/Business_(disambiguation)
       Business (disambiguation) - Wikipedia; Business (disambiguation); /wiki/Goods_and_services
       Goods and services - Wikipedia; Goods and services; /wiki/Business_cycle
       Business cycle - Wikipedia; Business cycle; /wiki/Macroeconomics
```

Date:16/02/2022

PROGRAM NO: 16

Aim: Program to implement scrap of any website.

```
Program Code;

import csv

import requests

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

url="http://www.values.com/inspirational-quotes"

r=requests.get(url)

print("Content:")

print(r.content)

print("Prettify:")

soup=BeautifulSoup(r.content,'lxml')

print(soup.prettify())

quotes=[]
```

for row in table.find_all('div',attrs={'class':'col-6 col-lg-3 text-center margin-30px-bottom sm-

margin-30px-top'}):

quote={}

quote['theme']=row.h5.text

table=soup.find('div',attrs={'id':'all_quotes'})

quote['url']=row.a['href']
quote['img']=row.img['src']

quote['lines']=row.img['alt'].split("#")[0]

quote['author']=row.img['alt'].split("#")[1]

quotes.append(quote)

filename='insipration_quotation.csv'

```
with open(filename,'w',newline=")as f:
    w=csv.DictWriter(f,['theme','url','img','lines','author'])
    w.writeheader()
    for quote in quotes:
        w.writerow(quote)
```

```
theme, url, img, lines, author

LOVE, /inspirational-quotes/7444-where-there-is-love-there-is-life, https://assets.passiton.com/quotes/quote_artwork/7

LOVE, /inspirational-quotes/7439-at-the-touch-of-love-everyone-becomes-a-poet, https://assets.passiton.com/quotes/quote
FRIENDSHIP, /inspirational-quotes/8304-a-friend-may-be-waiting-behind-a-stranger-s-face, https://assets.passiton.com/quotes/
FRIENDSHIP, /inspirational-quotes/3331-wherever-we-are-it-is-our-friends-that-make, https://assets.passiton.com/quotes/
FRIENDSHIP, /inspirational-quotes/8303-find-a-group-of-people-who-challenge-and, https://assets.passiton.com/quotes/
FRIENDSHIP, /inspirational-quotes/8302-there-s-not-a-word-yet-for-old-friends-who-ve, https://assets.passiton.com/quote
FRIENDSHIP, /inspirational-quotes/6377-at-211-degrees-water-is-hot-at-212-degrees, https://assets.passiton.com/quotes/
PERSISTENCE, /inspirational-quotes/6377-at-211-degrees-water-is-hot-at-212-degrees, https://assets.passiton.com/quotes/
```

PROGRAM NO: 17 Date:16/02/2022

Aim: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs n-grams.

```
Program Code;
```

```
"C:\Users\ajcemca\Desktop\my pgms\venv\Scripts\python.exe" "C:\Users/ajcemca/Desktop/my pgms/venv/ngrams.py" [['this', 'is', 'a'], ['is', 'a', 'good'], ['a', 'good', 'book'], ['good', 'book', 'to'], ['book', 'to', 'study']]

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Date:16/02/2022

PROGRAM NO: 18

Aim: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs n-grams (Using in built

functions)

Program Code;

import nltk

from nltk.util import ngrams

samplText="this is very good book to study"

Ngrams=ngrams(sequence=nltk.wordpunct_tokenize(samplText),n=2)

for grams in Ngrams:

print(grams)

```
"C:\Users\ajcemca\Desktop\my pgms\ve
('this', 'is')
('is', 'very')
('very', 'good')
('good', 'book')
('book', 'to')
('to', 'study')

Process finished with exit code 0
```

PROGRAM NO: 19 Date:16/02/2022

Aim: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs speech tagging.

```
Program Code:
```

```
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize,sent_tokenize
stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
txt = "hello how are you."
     "This is my frind." \
     "This is my notebook."\
     "Russians celebrate the october revaluation in the month of november."\
     "frienship is scared bond between people."\
    "but never found the right one."
tokenized = sent_tokenize(txt)
for i in tokenized:
  wordsList = nltk.word_tokenize(i)
   wordsList = [w for w in wordsList if not w in stop_words]
  tagged = nltk.pos_tag(wordsList)
  print(tagged)
```

Date:23/02/2022

PROGRAM NO: 20

Aim: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs Chunking.

Program Code:

```
import nltk

new="the big cat ate the little mouse who was after the fresh cheese"

new_tokens=nltk.word_tokenize(new)

print(new_tokens)

new_tag=nltk.pos_tag(new_tokens)

print(new_tag)

grammer=r"NP:{<DT>?<JJ>*<NN>}"

chunkParser=nltk.RegexpParser(grammer)

chunked=chunkParser.parse(new_tag)

print(chunked)

chunked.draw()
```

```
C:\Users\ajcemca\PycharmProjects\mypython\venv\Scripts\python.exe C:\Users\ajcemca/PycharmProjects/mypython/venv/chunking.py

['the', 'big', 'cat', 'ate', 'the', 'little', 'mouse', 'who', 'was', 'after', 'the', 'fresh', 'cheese']

[('the', 'DT'), ('big', 'JJ'), ('cat', 'NN'), ('ate', 'VBD'), ('the', 'DT'), ('little', 'JJ'), ('mouse', 'NN'), ('who', 'WP'), ('was', 'VBD'), ('after', 'IN'),

(S

(NP the/DT big/JJ cat/NN)

ate/VBD

(NP the/DT little/JJ mouse/NN)

who/WP

was/VBD

after/IN

(NP the/DT fresh/JJ cheese/NN))
```



PROGRAM NO: 21 Date:23/02/2022

Aim: Program for Natural Language Processing which performs Chunking.

Program Code:

print(chunked)

chunked.draw()

```
import nltk

sample_text="""Rama killed Ravana to save sita from Lanka. The legend of Ramayan is thr most

popular Indian epic. A lot of movies and serials have already been shot in several languages here

in Indaia based on ramayana. """

tokenized=nltk.sent_tokenize(sample_text)

for i in tokenized:

words=nltk.word_tokenize(i)

tagged_words=nltk.pos_tag(words)

chunkgram=r"""VB:{<DT>*<NN>?<JJ>}"""

chunkParser=nltk.RegexpParser(chunkgram)

chunked=chunkParser.parse(tagged_words)
```

```
c:\users\ajcemca\PycnarmProjects\mypytnon\ve
 Rama/NNP
 killed/VBD
 Ravana/NNP
 to/TO
 save/VB
 sita/NN
 from/IN
 Lanka.The/NNP
 legend/NN
 of/IN
 Ramayan/NNP
 is/VBZ
 (VB thr/JJ)
 most/RBS
 (VB popular/JJ)
 (VB Indian/JJ)
 epic.A/NN
 lot/NN
 of/IN
 movies/NNS
 and/CC
 serials/NNS
 have/VBP
 already/RB
```