

# 2018-04-24 NLogN Sorts

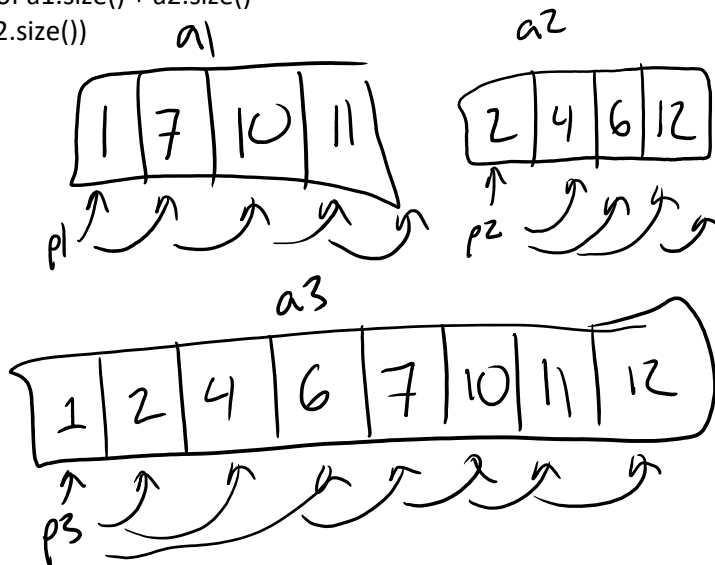
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## MergeSort

- Based on two observations:
  - An array of size 1 is sorted
  - Sorted arrays can be merged in linear time
- Objective of merge sort: break down an array into sub arrays of size, progressively merge back to full array

## Merging Sorted Arrays in Linear Time

- Given sorted arrays  $a1$  and  $a2$
- Let  $p1 = 0, p2 = 0, p3 = 0$  ( $p1$  = pointer to  $a1$ ,  $p2$  = pointer to  $a2$ ,  $p3$  = pointer to  $a3$ )
- Let  $a3$  = new array having size of  $a1.size() + a2.size()$
- While( $p1 < a1.size() \ \&\& \ p2 < a2.size()$ )
  - IF  $a1[p1] < a2[p2]$ 
    - $A3[p3] = a1[p1]$
    - $P1++$
  - ELSE
    - $A3[p3] = a2[p2]$
    - $P2++$
  - $P3++$
- While  $p1 < a1.size()$ 
  - $A3[p3] = a1[p1]$
  - $P3++$
  - $P1++$
- While  $p2 < a2.size()$ 
  - $A3[p3] = a2[p2]$
  - $P3++$
  - $P2++$



## Conceptual Merge Sort

