Rmarkdown - Understanding Driver Performance

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Importing the data

```
setwd("C:\\Users\\Ashlesh B Shetty\\OneDrive\\6120 IntroStatdataScientists\\Project Stats F1\\Mo
del_TeamIteration3_15Aug2017\\")
library(readx1)
```

```
## Warning: package 'readxl' was built under R version 3.4.1
```

```
df <- read_excel("Updated_DataFinal_15Aug2017.xlsx", col_names = TRUE)</pre>
```

Data understanding

```
#variable distribution analysis of the cleaned, collated, and missing value and outlier treated
 data
# h <- hist(df$Speed)
# h <- hist(df$Height)</pre>
# h <- hist(df$Dependents)</pre>
# h <- hist(df$Age)</pre>
# h <- hist(df$TeamPrevYrScore)</pre>
# h <- hist(df$TotalTurns)
summary( df$Speed,df$TotalTurns , df$Height , df$Age , df$Grid , df$TeamPrevYrScore)
```

```
##
      Min. 1st Qu. Median
                              Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
##
     100.6
             170.2
                     184.2
                             182.2
                                     198.8
                                              237.6
```

```
#write.csv( summary(df), file ="MyData.csv",row.names=FALSE)
library(dplyr)
```

```
## Warning: package 'dplyr' was built under R version 3.4.1
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
```

```
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
```

```
op <- df %>%
  group by(Race) %>%
  summarise(avg_speed = mean(Speed), count = n())%>%
  arrange(avg_speed)
#write.csv( op, file ="MyData.csv",row.names=FALSE)
op <- df %>%
  group_by(Dependents) %>%
  summarise(avg speed = mean(Speed), count = n())%>%
  arrange(avg speed)
#write.csv( op, file ="MyData.csv",row.names=FALSE)
op <- df %>%
  group_by(RaceContinent) %>%
  summarise(avg_speed = mean(Speed), count = n())%>%
  arrange(avg speed)
#write.csv( op, file ="MyData.csv",row.names=FALSE)
data.frame(cor(df[,c('Height','Age','Speed','TotalTurns','TeamPrevYrScore','Grid')]))
```

```
##
                       Height
                                      Age
                                                Speed
                                                      TotalTurns
## Height
                   1.00000000 -0.30645616 -0.07791845 0.021188002
## Age
                  -0.30645616 1.00000000 0.09783172 -0.059002038
## Speed
                  -0.07791845 0.09783172 1.00000000 -0.659882909
                   0.02118800 -0.05900204 -0.65988291 1.000000000
## TotalTurns
## TeamPrevYrScore -0.57516708 0.12496590 0.07155435 0.005543305
## Grid
                   0.05748949 -0.16907953 -0.15561718 0.063831939
##
                  TeamPrevYrScore
                                         Grid
## Height
                     -0.575167076 0.05748949
## Age
                      0.124965896 -0.16907953
## Speed
                      0.071554354 -0.15561718
## TotalTurns
                    0.005543305 0.06383194
## TeamPrevYrScore
                      1.000000000 -0.04220617
## Grid
                     -0.042206168 1.00000000
```

```
#write.csv( op, file ="MyData.csv",row.names=FALSE)
```

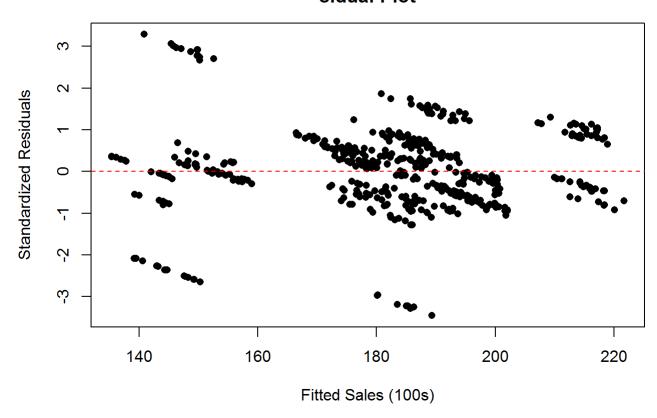
Modeling exercise

```
df$RaceContinent F<-factor(df$RaceContinent)</pre>
df$RaceContinent F <- relevel(df$RaceContinent F, ref ='SA')</pre>
fit1 <- lm(df$Speed ~ df$TotalTurns + df$Dependents + df$Height + df$Age + df$Grid +df$TeamPrevY
rScore +df$RaceContinent F)
fit1 <- lm(df$Speed ~ df$TotalTurns + df$Dependents + df$Age + df$Grid +df$TeamPrevYrScore
+df$RaceContinent F)
fit1 <- lm(df$Speed ~ df$TotalTurns + df$Age + df$Grid +df$TeamPrevYrScore +df$RaceContinent F)
fit1 <- lm(df$Speed ~ df$TotalTurns + df$Grid +df$TeamPrevYrScore +df$RaceContinent F)</pre>
summary(fit1)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = df$Speed ~ df$TotalTurns + df$Grid + df$TeamPrevYrScore +
##
      df$RaceContinent F)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
## -64.924 -10.742 -0.248 10.634 60.642
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                      230.658271 6.206607 37.163 < 2e-16 ***
## (Intercept)
## df$TotalTurns
                       -0.080289 0.003935 -20.404 < 2e-16 ***
## df$Grid
                       ## df$TeamPrevYrScore
                      0.067299 0.033213 2.026 0.04328 *
## df$RaceContinent FASI 33.271074 3.768709 8.828 < 2e-16 ***
## df$RaceContinent FAUS 25.976880 5.035344 5.159 3.62e-07 ***
## df$RaceContinent FEU
                      ## df$RaceContinent FNA
                     36.437673
                                4.378860 8.321 8.86e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 18.87 on 486 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.5363, Adjusted R-squared: 0.5296
## F-statistic: 80.29 on 7 and 486 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

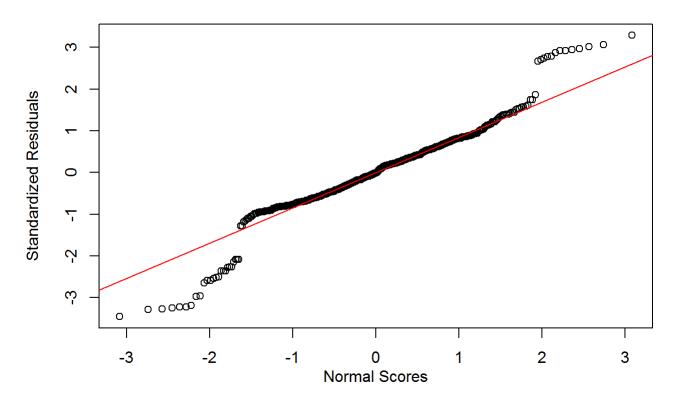
```
#assumptions test
fit residuals <- rstandard(fit1)</pre>
plot(fit1$fitted.values, fit_residuals, pch = 16, main = "Standardized Re
sidual Plot", xlab = "Fitted Sales (100s)", ylab = "Standardized Residuals")
abline(0,0, lty=2, col="red")
```

Standardized Re sidual Plot



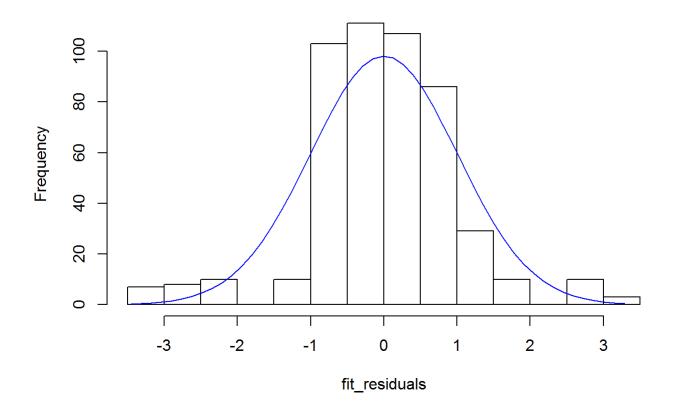
```
qqnorm(fit_residuals, main = "Normal Probability Plot", xlab = "Normal Scores
", ylab = "Standardized Residuals")
qqline(fit_residuals, col = "red")
```

Normal Probability Plot



```
h <- hist(fit_residuals)</pre>
x <- fit_residuals
xfit \leftarrow seq(min(x), max(x), length = 50)
yfit <- dnorm(xfit, mean = mean(x), sd = sd(x))
yfit <- yfit*diff(h$mids[1:2])*length(x)</pre>
lines(xfit, yfit, col="blue")
```

Histogram of fit_residuals



```
shapiro.test(fit_residuals)
```

```
##
##
   Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: fit_residuals
## W = 0.94451, p-value = 1.231e-12
```