```
***********************
 1
 2
     Concatenating Tables
 3
   4
     Syntax and Example
 5
6
  *
       DATA output-table;
7
          SET input-table1(rename=(current-colname=new-colname))*;
8
              input-table2 ...;
9
       RUN;
10
   **********************
11
12
   *Example with all matching columns;
13
  data class current;
14
      set sashelp.class pg2.class new;
15
   run;
16
17
   *Example with columns having different names;
18
   data class current;
19
      set sashelp.class pg2.class new2(rename=(Student=Name));
20
   run;
21
22
   23
     Demo
24
     1) Modify the SET statement to concatenate
25
        PG2.STORM SUMMARY and PG2.STORM 2017. Highlight the
26
        DATA and PROC SORT steps and run the selected code.
27
     2) Notice that for the 2017 storms Year is populated
28
        with 2017, Location has values, and Season is
29
        missing. Rows from the storm summary table
30
        (starting with row 55) have Season populated and
31
        Year and Location are missing.
32
     3) After PG2.STORM 2017, use the RENAME= data set
33
34
        option to rename Year as Season. Use the DROP= data
35
        set option to drop Location. Highlight the demo
36
        program and run the selected code.
37
   **********************
38
39
  data storm complete;
40
      *Complete the SET statement;
41
      set pg2.storm summary pg2.storm 2017(rename=(Year=Season) drop=Location);
42
      Basin=upcase(Basin);
43
   run;
44
45
   proc sort data=storm complete;
46
      by descending StartDate;
47
   run;
```