Introduction to Jupyter

2020-01-30

github.com/nyuvis/visual_an alytics_course

Jupyter Notebook

"The Jupyter Notebook is an open-source web application that allows you to create and share documents that contain *live code*, *equations*, *visualizations and narrative text*."

Sample Notebooks

- A gallery of interesting Jupyter Notebooks · jupyter/jupyter Wiki
- Iris Species
- Heart Disease UCI

JupyterLab

Documentation: Overview — JupyterLab 1.2.6 documentation

"JupyterLab is a next-generation web-based user interface for Project Jupyter."

Installation (JupyterLab)

Instruction for installation: https://jupyterlab.readthedocs.io/en/stable/getting_started/installation.html

What are pip/conda/pipenv?

- In general, they are package managers. Once you have them, you can install packages you want.
 - pip (recommended): https://pip.pypa.io/en/stable/installing/
 - pipenv: https://pipenv-fork.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
 - conda: https://docs.conda.io/en/latest/

Installation (Jupyter Notebook)

Check Project Jupyter | Installing the Jupyter Software

Follow the instructions under "Getting started with the classic Jupyter Notebook"

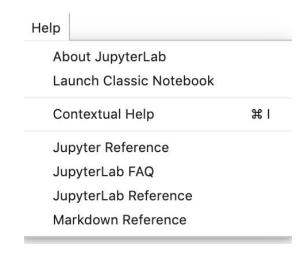
Start a Notebook

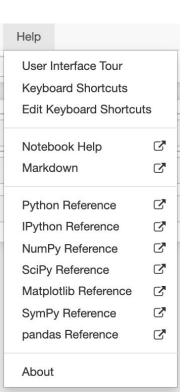
Start Jupyter notebook by running the command: jupyter notebook

Start JupyterLab by running: jupyter lab

Edit/Command Mode and Shortcuts

- Edit mode
- Command mode
- Shortcuts
- Documentation





Basic Operations

- Create and rename a notebook
 - A notebook document is in the format of *.ipynb
- Run a cell
- Add a cell
- Delete a cell
- Run all cells

- Run a line in console

Run a command line

Use ! in front of the command line, and then run the cell

For example: !pip list

* what if you want to run command lines in a for loop or with some conditions? Check the post here: Running for loop terminal commands in Jupyter

Preparation: downloading the dataset

- Download the dataset for the novel coronavirus: Novel Coronavirus 2019 Dataset

You can check the excellent dashboard from JHU here:

https://gisanddata.maps.arcgis.com/apps/opsdashboard/index.html#/bda7594740fd40299423467b48e9ecf6

https://www.kaggle.com/sudalairajkumar/novel-corona-virus-2 019-dataset#2019_nCoV_data.csv

Practice 1: Install libraries

Try to pip install numpy, pandas, and seaborn using Jupyter

For example, you can run !pip install numpy

numpy and pandas are libraries for data preprocessing seaborn contains some standard visualization methods

We will introduce more about them in the later labs.

Practice 2: exploring the dataset

- Read the .csv file using pandas.read csv(filename)
- Check the file information by using .info()
- Check a specific column
- Check the first a few rows in the dataframe by using . head ()
- Check the statistics of each numeric column by using .describe()

Practice 3: simple visualization

- processing the data for plotting
 - Get unique dates: list(df['Last Update'].unique())
 - Get the data for confirmed, recovered, and death for each date
 - Create a new dataframe for plotting,
- Plot a line chart

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Markdown cell and Code cell

In default, a created cell is a code cell.

Change it into a markdown cell:

Hit key Esc into Command Mode, then hit key m

(hit key y to change to the code mode)

Or

Jupyter Notebook: for selected code cell, click Cell, then Cell Type, then Markdown on the toolbar

Jupyter Lab: for selected code cell, click Code then Markdown on the toolbar

Markdown Cells

"Markdown is an easy-to-read, easy-to-write syntax for formatting plain text."

Find the grammar here: Markdown Cells — Jupyter Notebook 6.0.3 documentation

Your can also check JupyterLab -> Help -> Markdown Reference,

Or Jupyter Notebook -> Help -> Markdown

*built-in magic

Documentation: Built-in magic commands

Check all the magic by running: %lsmagic

For example, try to run:

%pwd

```
%%HTML

<iframe width="560" height="315"
src="https://www.youtube.com/embed/HW29067qVWk"
frameborder="0" allow="accelerometer; autoplay;
encrypted-media; gyroscope; picture-in-picture"
allowfullscreen></iframe>
```