# Advanced DevOps Lab Experiment:3

**Aim:** To understand the Kubernetes Cluster Architecture, install and Spin Up a Kubernetes Cluster on Linux Machines/Cloud Platforms.

Reference: https://www.voutube.com/watch?v=Cz7hSJNg2GU

## Theory:

Container-based microservices architectures have profoundly changed the way development and operations teams test and deploy modern software. Containers help companies modernize by making it easier to scale and deploy applications, but containers have also introduced new challenges and more complexity by creating an entirely new infrastructure ecosystem.

Large and small software companies alike are now deploying thousands of container instances daily, and that's a complexity of scale they have to manage. So how do they do it?

Enter the age of Kubernetes.

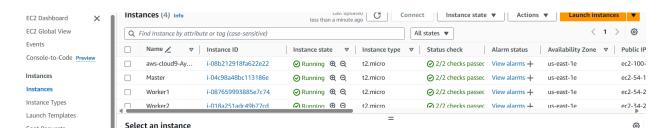
Originally developed by Google, Kubernetes is an open-source container orchestration platform designed to automate the deployment, scaling, and management of containerized applications. In fact, Kubernetes has established itself as the defacto standard for container orchestration and is the flagship project of the Cloud Native Computing Foundation (CNCF), backed by key players like Google, AWS, Microsoft, IBM, Intel, Cisco, and Red Hat.

Kubernetes makes it easy to deploy and operate applications in a microservice architecture. It does so by creating an abstraction layer on top of a group of hosts so that development teams can deploy their applications and let Kubernetes manage the following activities:

- Controlling resource consumption by application or team
- Evenly spreading application load across a hosting infrastructure
- Automatically load balancing requests across the different instances of an application
- Monitoring resource consumption and resource limits to automatically stop applications from consuming too many resources and restarting the applications again
- Moving an application instance from one host to another if there is a shortage of resources in a host, or if the host dies
- Automatically leveraging additional resources made available when a new host is added to the cluster
- Easily performing canary deployments and rollbacks

### Steps:

1. Create 3 EC2 Ubuntu Instances on AWS. (Name 1 as Master, the other 2 as w 1 and w 2)



3. SSH into all 3 machines

ssh -i <keyname>.pem ubuntu@<public\_ip\_address> (While writing use same public ip as given)

```
Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.

See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

The list of available updates is more than a week old.

To check for new updates run: sudo apt update

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

To run a command as administrator (user "root"), use "sudo <command>".

See "man sudo_root" for details.

ubuntu@ip-172-31-52-126:-$ ssh -i adv_devops_exp3.pem ubuntu@54.157.150.221

Warning: Identity file adv_devops_exp3.pem not accessible: No such file or directory.

The authenticity of host '54.157.150.221 (54.157.150.221)' can't be established.

ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:zq55boKb3rhcMg0SHg/38phlWr8UQnHCktN2cbmNsrU.

This key is not known by any other names.

Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '54.157.150.221' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.

Connection closed by 54.157.150.221 port 22
ubuntu@ip-172-31-52-126:-$ [
```

4. From now on, until mentioned, perform these steps on all 3 machines.

Install Docker

- → curl -fsSL https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add -
- → sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu \$(lsb\_release -cs) stable"
- → sudo apt-get update
- → sudo apt-get install -y docker-ce

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-52-126i~$ curl -fssi https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/gpg | sudo apt-key add -
Warning: apt-key is deprecated. Manage keyring files in trusted.gpg.d instead (see apt-key(8)).

i-095c8528e3d57c5ca (master)

PublicIPs: 54.157.150.221 PrivateIPs: 172.31.52.126
```

```
ountu8ip-172-31-52-126:-$ sudo add-apt-repository "deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubu
pository: 'deb [arch=amd64] https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble stable'
scription:
           spository: deb [arch-amous] https://download.docks
secription:
chive for codename: noble components: stable
pre info: https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu
      ress [ENTER] to continue or Ctrl-c to cancel.

dding deb entry to /etc/apt/sources.list.d/archive_uri-https_download_docker_com_linux_ubuntu-noble.list

dding disabled_deb-src_entry to /etc/apt/sources.list.d/archive_uri-https_download_docker_com_linux_ubuntu-noble.list

it:1 http://us-east-l.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble_tnkelease

it:2 http://us-east-l.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble_backports_InRelease

it:3 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports_InRelease

it:4 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports_InRelease

it:5 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble_InRelease [48.8 kB]

et:6 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable_amd64 Packages [12.4 kB]

etched 61.2 kB in 1s (76.4 kB/s)

etched 61.2 kB in 1s (76.4 kB/s)

etched 61.2 kB. in 1s (76.4 kB/s)

etched 61.2 kB. in 1s (76.4 kB/s)

etched 61.2 kB in 1s (76.4 kB/s)

etched 6
           dding repository.
ress [ENTER] to continue or Ctrl-c to cancel.
     in dpt-key(s) for details.

abuntu@ip-172-31-52-126:~$ sudo apt-get update

dit:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease

dit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease

dit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease

dit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease

dit:4 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble InRelease

dit:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease

dit:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease

deading package lists... Done

d: https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu/dists/noble/InRelease: Key is stored in legacy trusted.gpg keyring (/etc/apt/trusted.gpg), see the DEPRECATION section of the package lists...
  n in apt-key(8) for details.
                                                                                                            2-126:~$ sudo apt-get install -v docker-ce
      Buntu@ip-1/Z-31-52-126:-$ sudo apt-get install -y docker-ce
leading package lists... Done
luilding dependency tree... Done
leading state information... Done
leading state information... Done
leading state information... Done
leading state information of the state o
The following additional packages will be installed.
containerd.io docker-buildx-plugin docker-ce-cli docker-ce-rootless-extras docker-compose-plugin libltd17 libslirp0 pigz slirp4netns
Suggested packages:
    aufs-tools cgroupfs-mount | cgroup-lite
The following NEW packages will be installed:
    containerd.io docker-buildx-plugin docker-ce docker-ce-cli docker-ce-rootless-extras docker-compose-plugin libltd17 libslirp0 pigz slirp4netns
O upgraded, 10 newly installed, 0 to remove and 83 not upgraded.
Need to get 122 MB of archives.
After this operation, 437 MB of additional disk space will be used.
Set:1 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 pigz amd64 2.8-1 [65.6 kB]
Set:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 libslirp0 amd64 2.7-7build1 [40.3 kB]
Set:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 libslirp0 amd64 4.7-7build2 [34.9 kB]
Set:4 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/main amd64 libslirp0 amd64 4.7.20-1 [30.5 MB]
Set:5 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 docker-buildx-plugin amd64 0.16.2-1-ubuntu.24.04-noble [29.9 MB]
Set:6 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 docker-ce-cli amd64 5:27.1.2-1-ubuntu.24.04-noble [14.6 MB]
Set:9 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 docker-ce-cli amd64 5:27.1.2-1-ubuntu.24.04-noble [12.5 MB]
Set:10 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 docker-ce-models-sextras amd64 5:27.1.2-1-ubuntu.24.04-noble [12.5 MB]
Set:10 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 docker-ce-models-sextras amd64 5:27.1.2-1-ubuntu.24.04-noble [12.5 MB]
Set:10 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 docker-ce-models-sextras amd64 5:27.1.2-1-ubuntu.24.04-noble [12.5 MB]
Set:10 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 docker-ce-models-sextras amd64 5:27.1.2-1-ubuntu.24.04-noble [12.5 MB]
Set:10 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble/stable amd64 docker-ce-cli 
                                                                   docker-ce-rootless-extras (5:27.1.2-1~ubuntu.24.04~noble) ...
    setting up docker-ce-rootiess-extras (5:2/1.1.2-1~ubuntu.
Setting up slirpAnetns (1.2.1-lbuild2) ...
Setting up docker-ce (5:27.1.2-1~ubuntu.24.04~noble) ...
    Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/docker.service -> /usr/lib/systemd/system/docker.service.
Created symlink /etc/systemd/system/sockets.target.wants/docker.socket -> /usr/lib/systemd/system/docker.socket.
        rocessing triggers for man-db (2.12.0-4build2) ... rocessing triggers for libc-bin (2.39-0ubuntu8.2) ...
         canning processes...
  Running kernel seems to be up-to-date.
  To services need to be restarted.
  To containers need to be restarted.
  Wo user sessions are running outdated binaries.
  No VM guests are running outdated hypervisor (qemu) binaries on this host.
         buntu@ip-172-31-52-126:~$ docker --v
ocker version 27.1.2, build d01f264
buntu@ip-172-31-52-126:~$ ∏
```

Then, configure cgroup in a daemon.json file.

→cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/docker/daemon.json

→cd /etc/docker

```
"exec-opts": ["native.cgroupdriver=systemd"],
"log-driver": "json-file",
"log-opts": {
"max-size": "100m"
"storage-driver": "overlay2"
EOF
→ sudo systemctl enable docker
→ sudo systemctl daemon-reload
→ sudo systemctl restart docker
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-18:~$ cd /etc/docker
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-18:/etc/docker$ cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/docker/daemon.json
   "exec-opts": ["native.cgroupdriver=systemd"],
  "log-driver": "json-file",
  "log-opts": {
     "max-size": "100m"
   "storage-driver": "overlay2"
   "exec-opts": ["native.cgroupdriver=systemd"],
  "log-driver": "json-file",
  "log-opts": {
     "max-size": "100m"
  },
"storage-driver": "overlay2"
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-18:/etc/docker$
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:/etc/docker$ sudo systemctl enable docker
Synchronizing state of docker.service with SysV service script with /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install.
Executing: /usr/lib/systemd/systemd-sysv-install enable docker
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:/etc/docker$ sudo systemctl daemon-reload
sudo systemctl restart docker
docker -v
 Docker version 27.2.1, build 9e34c9b
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:/etc/docker$
```

#### Install Kubernetes on all 3 machines

- $\rightarrow$  curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.30/deb/Release.key | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /etc/apt/keyrings/k8s.gpg
- → echo 'deb [signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/k8s.gpg] https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.30/deb/ /' | sudo tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/k8s.list
- → sudo apt-get update
- → sudo apt-get install kubelet kubeadm kubectl -y

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:~$ curl -fsSL https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.30/deb/Release.key | sudo gpg --dearmor -o /etc/apt/keyrings/k8s.gpg' exists. Overwrite? (y/N) Y ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:~$ echo 'deb [signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/k8s.gpg] https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.30/deb/ /' | sudo tee /etc/apt/soilist deb [signed-by=/etc/apt/keyrings/k8s.gpg] https://pkgs.k8s.io/core:/stable:/v1.30/deb/ / ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:~$ sudo apt update sudo apt install kubelet kubeadm kubectl -y Hitti http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease Hit:2 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease Hit:3 http://us-east-1.ec2.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease Hit:4 https://download.docker.com/linux/ubuntu noble InRelease Hit:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease Hit:5 http://security.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease Ingn:7 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-ubuntu-24.04 InRelease Get:6 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-ubuntu-24.04 InRelease [1186 B] Err:8 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-ubuntu-24.04 Release 404 Not Found [IP: 172.253.62.102 443] Get:9 https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-ubuntu-24.04 Release 404 Not Found [IP: 172.253.62.102 443] Reading package lists... Done Err Repository 'https://packages.cloud.google.com/apt kubernetes-ubuntu-24.04 Release 'does not have a Release file. No Updating from such a repository can't be done securely, and is therefore disabled by default. No Updating from such a repository creation and user configuration details.
```

#### (shows installed kubelet kubeadm kubectl)

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:-$ apt-cache search kubelet

apt-cache search kubeadm
apt-cache search kubecdm
apt-cache search kubectl
kubelet - Node agent for Kubernetes clusters
kubeadm - Command-line utility for administering a Kubernetes cluster
golang-k8s-system-validators-dev - System-oriented validators for kubeadm preflight checks (library)
golang-k8s-utils-dev - Non-Kubernetes-specific utility libraries (library)
kubectl - Command-line utility for interacting with a Kubernetes cluster
golang-k8s-utils-dev - Non-Kubernetes-specific utility libraries (library)
apt-cach
kubecolor - colorizes kubectl output
kubectx - Fast way to switch between clusters and namespaces in kubectl
kubecti - Aggregate logs from multiple Kubernetes pods into one stream
golang-k
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:-$
```

After installing Kubernetes, we need to configure internet options to allow bridging.

sudo swapoff -a echo "net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1" | sudo tee -a /etc/sysctl.conf sudo sysctl -p

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:~$ sudo swapoff -a
echo "net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1" | sudo tee -a /etc/sysctl.conf
sudo sysctl -p
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables=1
net.bridge.bridge-nf-call-iptables = 1
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:~$
```

#### 5. Perform this ONLY on the Master machine

Initialize the Kubecluster

sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16 --ignore-preflight-errors=all (before this perform necessary changes ,and check whether kubeadm or containerd are running)

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:-$ sudo kubeadm init --pod-network-cidr=10.244.0.0/16 --ignore-preflight-errors all content of the cont
```

#### Copy the mkdir and chown commands from the top and execute them

```
--discovery-token-ca-cert-hash shaza6:88de33193530cda08c39za0a3b0136da1eccc5841819e8z650z806a48ab3cb11
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:~$ mkdir -p $HOME/.kube
sudo cp -i /etc/kubernetes/admin.conf $HOME/.kube/config
sudo chown $(id -u):$(id -g) $HOME/.kube/config
```

kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:-$ sudo nano /etc/kubernetes/manifests/kube-apiserver.yaml sudo crictl ps^c
ubuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:-$ kubectl apply -f https://raw.githubusercontent.com/coreos/flannel/master/Documentation/kube-flannel.yml
namespace/kube-flannel.oreated
clusterrole.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/flannel created
clusterrolebinding.rbac.authorization.k8s.io/flannel created
serviceaccount/flannel created
configmap/kube-flannel-dg created
daemonset.apps/kube-flannel-ds created
daemonset.apps/kube-flannel-ds created
```

Check the created pod using this command

Now, keep a watch on all nodes using the following command watch kubectl get nodes

#### **Error**:

```
ibuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:~$ sudo kubeadm join 172.31.85.76:6443 --token bugy&v.pkyb3qmm4nuwo8gt --discovery-token-ca-cert-hash sha256:88de33f93550cda08c392a0a3b013
6da1eccc5841819e826502806a48ab3cbf1
[preflight] Running pre-flight checks
error execution phase preflight: couldn't validate the identity of the API Server: failed to request the cluster-info ConfigMap: client rate limiter Wait returne
i an error: rate: Wait(n=1) would exceed context deadline
To see the stack trace of this error execute with --v=5 or higher
ibuntu@ip-172-31-85-76:~$
```

## **Conclusion:**

In this Advanced DevOps Lab experiment, we began by setting up three EC2 Ubuntu instances on AWS, designating one as the Master node and the others as Worker nodes. We then installed Docker and Kubernetes on all instances, ensuring Docker was properly configured. The Kubernetes cluster was initialized on the Master node, and the Flannel networking plugin was applied to facilitate communication between nodes. Finally, we joined the Worker nodes to the cluster using the provided token and hash, resulting in a fully operational Kubernetes cluster ready for managing and scaling containerized applications.