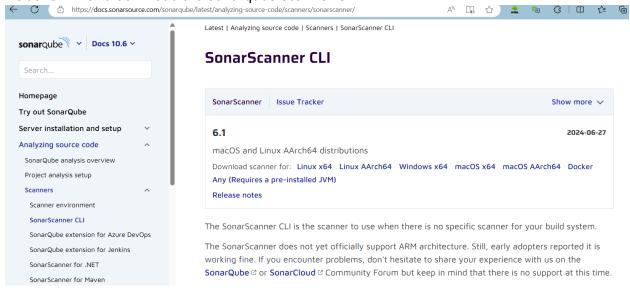
08 Advanced DevOps Lab

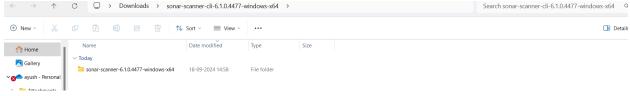
Aim: Create a Jenkins CICD Pipeline with SonarQube / GitLab Integration to perform a static analysis of the code to detect bugs, code smells, and security vulnerabilities on a sample Web / Java / Python application.

Step 1: Download sonar scanner

https://docs.sonarsource.com/sonarqube/latest/analyzing-source-code/scanners/sonarscanner/ Visit this link and download the sonarqube scanner CLI.



Extract the downloaded zip file in a folder.



1. Install sonarqube image

Command: docker pull sonarqube

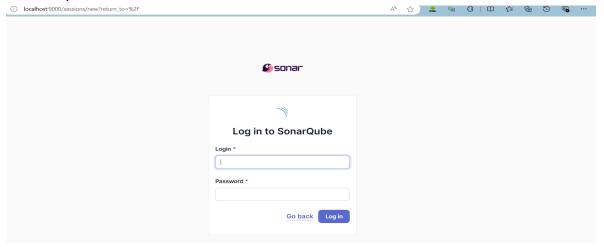
```
C:\Users\Ayush Maurya>docker pull sonarqube
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/sonarqube
7478e0ac0f23: Pull complete
90a925ab920a: Pull complete
7d9a343808537: Pull complete
80338217a4ab: Pull complete
80338217a4ab: Pull complete
80338217a4ab: Pull complete
8036f3c7e184: Pull complete
7b67d6fa783d: Pull complete
bd619c9b5ead: Pull complete
Uf4Fb700ef54: Pull complete

What's next:

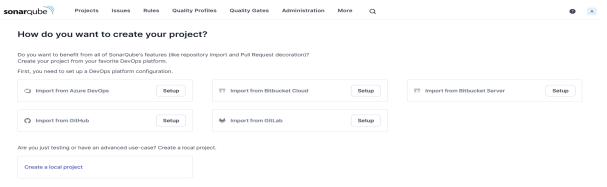
View a summary of image vulnerabilities and recommendations > docker scout quickview sonarqube

C:\Users\Ayush Maurya>docker run -d --name sonarqube -e SONAR_ES_BOOTSTRAP_CHECKS_DISABLE=true -p 9000:9000 sonarqube:latest
```

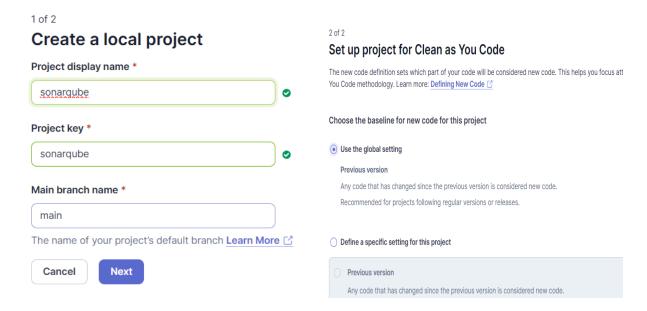
2. Once the container is up and running, you can check the status of SonarQube at localhost port 9000.



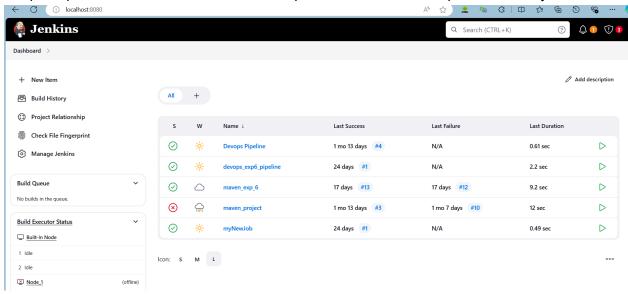
3. Login to SonarQube using username admin and password admin.



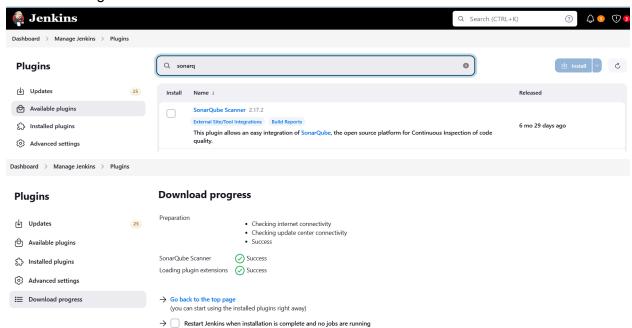
4. Create a manual project in SonarQube with the name sonarqube



5. Open up Jenkins Dashboard on localhost, port 8080 or whichever port it is at for you.



6. Go to Manage Jenkins and search for SonarQube Scanner for Jenkins and install it.



7. Under Jenkins 'Manage Jenkins' then go to 'system', scroll and look for **SonarQube Servers** and enter the details.

Enter the Server Authentication token if needed.

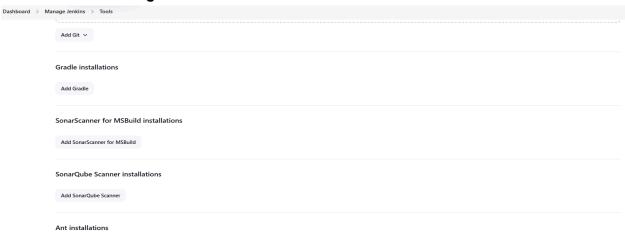
In SonarQube installations: Under **Name** add <project name of sonarqube> for me adv_devops_7_sonarqube

In Server URL Default is http://localhost:9000



8. Search for SonarQube Scanner under Global Tool Configuration. Choose the latest configuration and choose Install automatically.

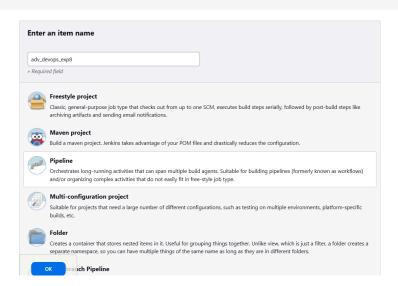
Dashboard > Manage Jenkins > Tools



Check the "Install automatically" option. \to Under name any name as identifier \to Check the "Install automatically" option.



9. After configuration, create a New Item → choose a pipeline project.

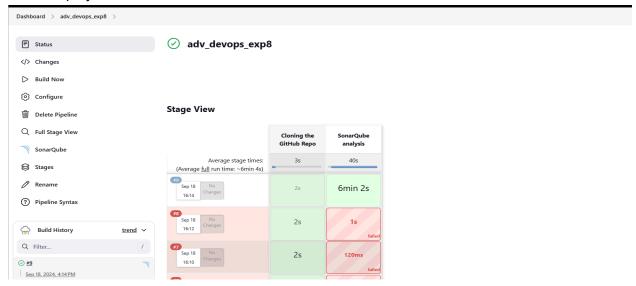


10. Under Pipeline script, enter the following:

It is a java sample project which has a lot of repetitions and issues that will be detected by SonarQube.

Pipeline

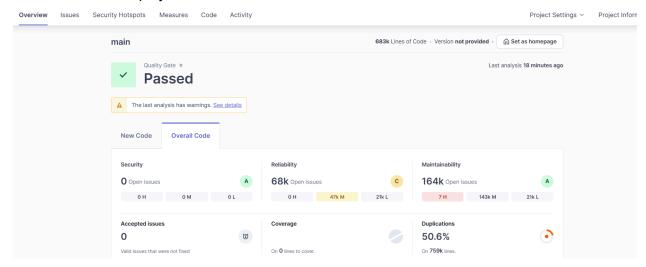
11. Build project



12. Check console



13. Now, check the project in SonarQube

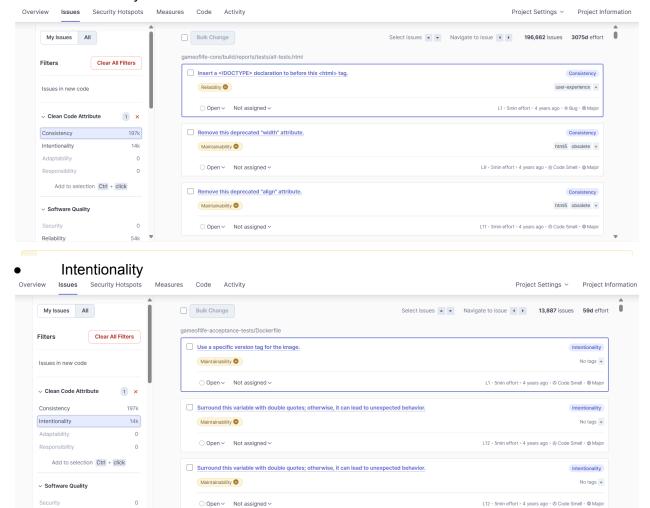


14. Code Problems

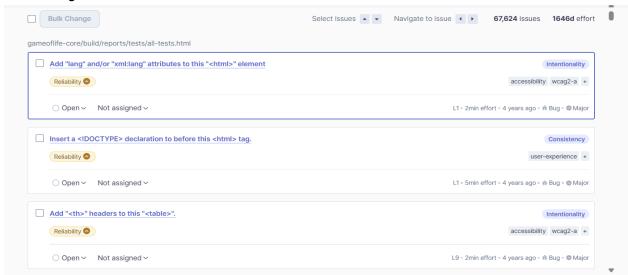
Consistency

14k

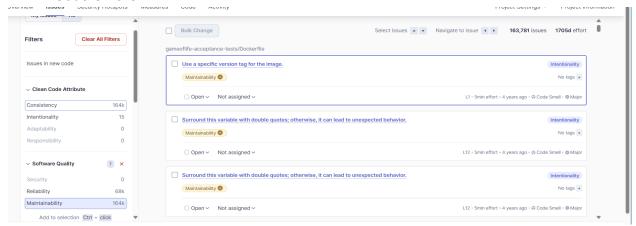
Reliability



Bugs



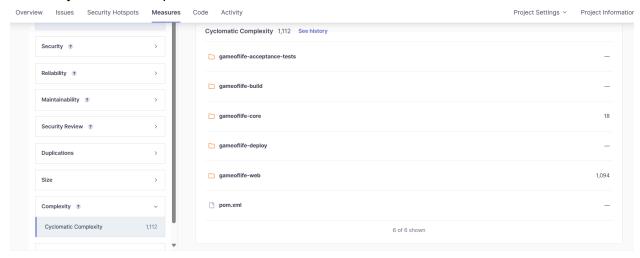
• Code Smells



Duplications



Cyclomatic Complexities



In this way, we have integrated Jenkins with SonarQube for SAST.

Conclusion:

This experiment established a seamless integration of Jenkins with SonarQube to automate code quality assessments within the CI/CD pipeline. SonarQube was deployed using Docker, and after setting up a project, it was configured to analyze the codebase for potential quality issues. Jenkins was configured with the necessary SonarQube plugins, allowing automated code checks through a pipeline that cloned a GitHub repository and performed a SonarQube scan. This integration ensures continuous monitoring throughout the development cycle, effectively identifying and addressing bugs, code smells, and security vulnerabilities, thereby enhancing code quality and security.