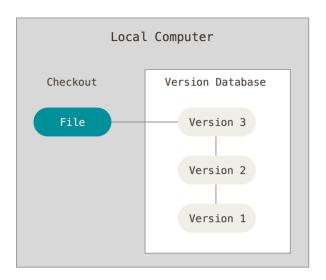


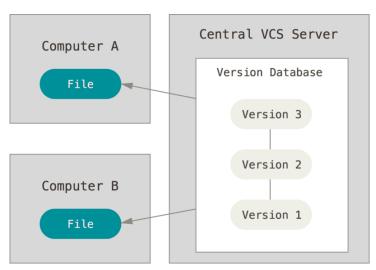
THIS IS GIT. IT TRACKS COLLABORATIVE WORK ON PROJECTS THROUGH A BEAUTIFUL DISTRIBUTED GRAPH THEORY TREE MODEL. COOL. HOU DO WEUSE IT? NO IDEA. JUST MEMORIZE THESE SHELL COMMANDS AND TYPE THEM TO SYNC UP. IF YOU GET ERRORS, SAVE YOUR WORK ELSEWHERE, DELETE THE PROJECT, AND DOUNLOAD A FRESH COPY.

## CS 200 SOFTWARE TOOLS & TECHNOLOGIES LAB II

# Session 1 The GIT Object Model

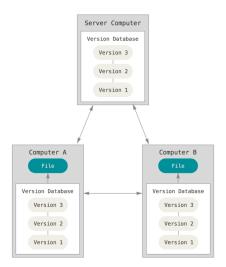
Instructor Dr. Dhiman Saha





CVS, Subversion, and Perforce

VCS Distributed



Git, Mercurial, Bazaar or Darcs

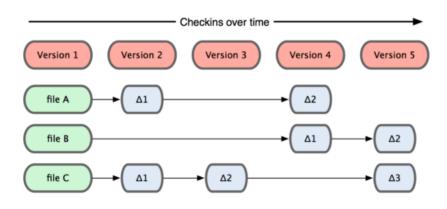
## GIT Design Philosophy

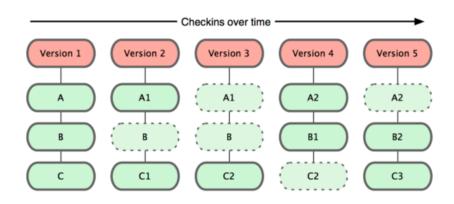
### Origin of GIT

#### The BitKeeper Controversy

Some of the goals of the new system were as follows:

- Speed
- Simple design
- Strong support for non-linear development (thousands of parallel branches)
- ► Fully distributed
- ► Able to handle large projects like the Linux kernel efficiently (speed and data size)

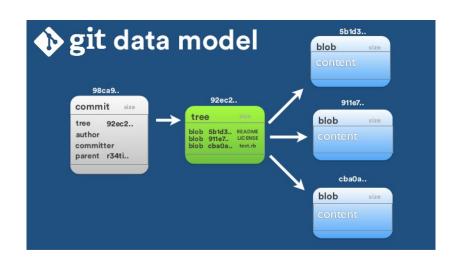




- Nearly Every Operation Is Local
- ► Git Has Integrity
- Git Generally Only Adds Data
- ► The Three States: modified, staged and committed:¹

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Will learn in details in upcoming lectures.

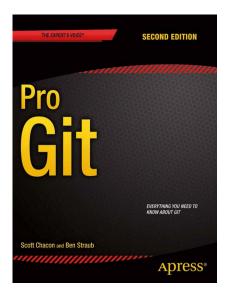
## Git Object/Data Model



- ▶ What is a hash function?
- ► What is a cryptographic hash function?
- ► How does GIT use it?

#### Pro-Git Book

Git is fundamentally a content-addressable filesystem with a VCS user interface written on top of it.



A "blob" is used to store file data - it is generally a file.

#### 5b1d3..



A "tree" is basically like a directory - it references a bunch of other trees and/or blobs (i.e. files and sub-directories)

#### c36d4..

tree		size
blob	5b1d3	README
tree	03e78	lib
tree	cdc8b	test
blob	cba0a	test.rb
blob	911e7	xdiff

A "commit" points to a single tree, marking it as what the project looked like at a certain point in time.

▶ It contains meta-information about that point in time, such as a timestamp, the author of the changes since the last commit, a pointer to the previous commit(s), etc.

ae668..



## **Local Operations**

