

1.	What is the starting point of c program execution?
	(a) #include
	(b) void main()
	(c) Opening curly braces '{'
	(d) None of these
	Answer: Option (b)
2.	C is a language
	(a) High level
	(b) Middle level
	(c) Machine level
	(d) Low level
	Answer: Option (b)
3.	What symbol ends a statement in C program?
<i>J</i> .	What symbol chus a statement in C program.
	(a); (Semicolon)
	(b) . (full stop)
	(c):(Colon)
	(d) } (curly braces)
	Answer:
	Option (a)
4.	Header file is compulsory to include in a C program printing "Hello World"
	(a) True
	(b) False
	Answer:
	Option (a)
5.	How Many Keywords are there in C?
	(a) 31
	(b) 32
	(c) 64
	(d) 63

Option (b)

6. Which of the following is true for variable name in C?



- (a) Variable names cannot start with a digit
- (b) Variable can be of any length
- (c) They can contain alphanumeric characters as well as special characters
- (d) Reserved word can be used as a variable name

Option (a)

7. printf() belongs to which library of c

- (a) stdlib.h
- (b) stdio.h
- (c) stdout.h
- (d) stdoutput.h

Answer:

Option (b)

8. Which of the following is a correct statement?

- (a) Variable name must start with underscore
- (b) Variable name must have digit
- (c) variable name must have white space character
- (d) Keyboard cannot be a variable name

Answer

Option (d)

9. Any C program

- (a) must contain at least on function
- (b) need not contain any function
- (c) needs input data
- (d) none of above

Answer:

Option (a)

10. What should be written in the program to get newline on the screen?

- (a) printf(" \n ");
- (b) echo"\n"
- (c) printf('\n');
- (d) $printf("\n");$

Answer:

Option (a)

11. What is the putput?

void main()



{ float a=654.1239; printf("%0.3f",a); } (a) Compiler error (b) 654.123900 (c) 654.123 (d) 654.124 Answer: Option (d) Choose a C formatted Input-Output function below. (a) printf(), scanf() (b) sprintf(), sscanf() (c) fprintf(), fscanf() (d) All of above Answer: Option (d) Which operator if used to compare two values? (a) Logical operator (b) Relational operator (c) Assignment operator (d) Non of these Answer: Option (b) The Operator '&' is used as (a) Logical AND (b) Bitwise AND (c) Logical OR (d) Bitwise OR Answer: Option (b) Which of the following is a valid relational operator? (a) =(b) =>

12.

13.

14.

15.

(c) ==



(d)	>>
(~)	

Option (c)

16. What will be the value of variable a?

float a = 3.5 + 4.5;

- (a) a = 8.0
- (b) a = 8
- (c) a = 7
- (d) a = 0.0

Answer:

Option (a)

- 17. If we want to increment the value of sum by 1. Which of following should be used?
 - (a) sum++;
 - (b) sum = sum + 1;
 - (c) sum += 1;
 - (d) all of above

Answer:

Option (d)

18. What will be the value of variable a?



int a = 3.5 + 4.5;

- (a) a = 0
- (b) a = 7
- (c) a = 8
- (d) a = 8.0

Answer:

Option (c)

- 19. Which of the following is a valid assignment operator?
 - (a) +=
 - (b) -=
 - (c) *=
 - (d) all of above

Answer:

Option (d)

20. What will be the value of variable b?

int a;



int b;
a=1;
b = ++a;
(a) 1
(b) 2
(c) 3
(d) unknown/undefined
Answer: Option (b)
Choose the correct statement about left shift Operator <<
(a) Left shift operator shits individual bits on the left side
(b) When shifting left side, Overflow bits are ignored
(c) Zeros are filled on the right side
(d) all of above
Answer: Option (d)
Choose the correct statement about Right Shift Operator >>
(a) Right shift operator shifts individual bits on to the right side(b) When shifting bits right side, overflow bits on the right are ignored or truncated(c) Zeroes are filled on the left side(d) all of above
Answer:
Option (d)
Which is bit toggling operator below?
(a) & Bitwise AND
(b) Bitwise OR
(c) ^ Bitwise exclusive OR
(d) ~ Bitwise complement
Answer: Option (d)
Left Shift operation is equivalent to
(a) Division by 2
(b) Multiplying by 2
(c) Adding 2
(d) Subtrating 2

21.

22.

23.

24.



Option (b)

25.	Which of	the following	r ic a cymhal	for logica	LAND	maratar?
<i>4</i> 3.	WHICH OF	me ionowing	z is a symbol	l tor togica	II AND (pperator:

- (a) ||
- (b) &
- (c) &&
- (d) ##

Answer:

Option (c)

26. Right Shift operation >> is equivalent to _____

- (a) Multiplying by 2
- (b) Division by 2
- (c) Adding 2
- (d) Subtracting 2

Answer:

Option (b)

27. What will be the value of variable c?

int $c = 2 ^ 3;$

- (a) 1
- (b) 8
- (c) 9
- (d) 0

Answer:

Option (a)

28. Which of the following is ternary operator?

- (a) ??
- (b) :?
- (c) ?:
- (d) ::

Answer:

Option (c)

29. What will be the output of following program

#include<stdio.h>

void main()

{



int $x,y=10$;
x = y * NULL;
printf("%d",x);
}
(a) error(b) 0(c) 10(d) garbage value
Answer: Option (a) Which of following is not a valid assignment expression?
(a) y = 22; (b) s = x; (c) y%=6; (d) z = 5 = 3;
Answer: Option (d) An arithmetic expression without paranthesis will be evaluated from left to right
(a) True(b) False
Answer: Option (a) In C Programming, the statement a = a+1 and a+=1 will produe same result
(a) True(b) False
Answer: Option (a) Within a expression, precedence operators will be evaluated first
(a) Similar(b) Higher(c) Lower(d) None of these Answer:
Option (b)

30.

31.

32.

33.

34. What will the value of variable a?

int
$$a = 10 + 2 * 12 / (3*2) + 5$$
;

- (a) 31
- (b) 19
- (c) 11
- (d) 29

Answer:

Option (b)

35. Which of the following correctly shows the hierarchy of arithmetic operation in C?

- (a) /+*-
- (b) *-/+
- (c) /*+-
- (d) + -/*

Answer:

Option (c)

36. Which is a correct 'C' expression?





(c)
$$z = \{x+y\}$$

(d)
$$z = \{(x+y)\};$$



Option (a)

37. Which header file is essential for using scanf function?

- (a) ctype.h
- (b) string.h
- (c) conio.h
- (d) stdio.h

Answer:

Option (d)

38. Macro is used to ______.

- (a) Save Memory
- (b) fast execution
- (c) Both a & b
- (d) non of above

Answer:

Option (b)





39.	Which of the following is ternary operator?				
	(a) ??				
	(b) :?				
	(c) ?:				
	(d) ::				
	Answer: Option (c)				
40.	Which header file is essential for using scanf() function?				
	(a) ctype.h				
	(b) string.h				
	(c) conio.h				
	(d) stdio.h				
	Answer:				
11	Option (d)				
41.	A declaration float sum, value; occupies of memory? (a) 2 byte				
	(b) 4 byte				
	(c) 6 byte				
	(d) 8 byte				
	Answer:				
	Option (d)				
42.	MACRO is used to				
	(a) Save memory				
	(b) fast execution				
	(c) Both a & b				
	(d) none of above				
	Answer: Option (b)				
43.	Which of the following is a symbol for logical AND operator?				
	(a) II				
	(b) &				
	(c) &&				
	(d) \$\$				
	Answer:				
4.4	Option (c)				
44.	What will be the output of following program #include				
	main()				
	·				

39.



```
{
           int x,y = 10;
           x = y * NULL;
           printf(\''\%d\'',x);
      }
       (a) error
       (b) 0
       (c) 10
       (d) garbage value
      Answer:
      Option (a)
45.
      printf() belongs to which library of c
       (a) stdlib.h
       (b) stdio.h
       (c) stdout.h
       (d) stdoutput.h
      Answer:
      Option (b)
      What will be printed if we type the statement printf("^{\circ}d\n",'d');
46.
       (a) 0
       (b) 100
       (c) error
       (d) d
      Answer:
      Option (b)
47.
      C is a ___
               _____ language
       (a) High level
       (b) Middle level
       (c) Machine level
       (d) Low level
      Answer:
      Option (b)
48.
      Which of the following function is more appropriate for reading in a multiword string?
       (a) printf();
       (b) scanf();
       (c) gets();
       (d) puts();
      Answer:
```



Option (c)

49. What are the different types of real data types in C?

- (a) float, double
- (b) short int, double, long int
- (c) double, long int, float
- (d) float, double, long double

Answer

Option (d)

50. Which of the following is a correct statement?

- (a) Variable name must start with underscore
- (b) Variable name must have digit
- (c) Variable name must have white space character
- (d) Keyword cannot be a variable name

Answer:

Option (d)

51. What will be the output of following code.

```
int x = 10, y=15;
x = x++;
y = ++y;
printf("%d, %d \n", x, y);
```



}

- (a) 10, 15
- (b) 10, 16
- (c) 11, 16
- (d) 11, 15

Answer:

Option (b)

52. Any C program

- (a) Must contain at least one function
- (b) Need not contain any function
- (c) Needs input data
- (d) None of the above

Answer:

Option (a)

53. Which is a correct 'C' expression?

(a)
$$z = (x+y)$$
;



- (b) z = [x+y];
- (c) $z = \{x+y\};$
- (d) $z = \{(x+y)\};$

Option (a)

- 54. If we want to increment the value of sum by 1. Which of following should be used?
 - (a) sum++;
 - (b) sum = sum + 1;
 - (c) sum += 1;
 - (d) all of above

Answer:

Option (d)

- 55. Which of following is not a valid assignment expression?
 - (a) y = 22;
 - (b) s = x;
 - (c) y % = 6;
 - (d) z = 5 = 3;

Answer:

Option (d)

- 56. What should be written in the program to get newline on the screen?
 - (a) printf("n");
 - (b) echo "\n";
 - (c) printf('\n');
 - (d) printf("\n ");

Answer:

Option (a)

- 57. ASCII value of 'a' is
 - (a) 97
 - (b) 65
 - (c) 47
 - (d) None of the above

Answer:

Option (a)

- 58. A float requires _____bytes in memory
 - (a) 2 bytes
 - (b) 1 byte
 - (c) 8 bytes
 - (d) 4 bytes

Answer:

Option (d)

59. Which of the following operator is used to select a member of a structure variable



(a) .(dot)		
(b) ,(comma)		
(c) : (colon)		
(d) ;(semicolon)		
Answer:		
Option (a)		
What is the starting point of C prog	ram execution?	
(a) #include		
(b) void main()		
(c) Opening curly braces '{'		
(d) None of these		
Answer:		
Option (b)	· •	
Which symbol ends a statement in C (a) . (full stop)	program?	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
(b) ; (semicolon)(c) : (colon)		
(d) } (curly braces)		
Answer: Option (b)		
Which symbol is used to comment si	ingle statement?	
(a) //		
(b) \		
(c) /*		
(d) *		
Answer:		
Option (a)		
Why preprocessor directive needed	in the beginning of	f a C program?
(a) To start execution of a program		
(b) To include keywords in a program	n	
(c) To include files in a program		
(d) None of these		
Answer: Option (c)		
Header file is compulsory to include	e in a C program p	rinting "Hello World"
(a) True		
(b) False		
Answer:		
Option (a)		
Which of the following is not a basic	data type in C lar	nguage?

60.

61.

62.

63.

64.

65.

(a) float



- (b) int
- (c) real
- (d) char

Option (c)

66. How many keywords are there in C?

- (a) 31
- (b) 32
- (c) 64
- (d) 63

Answer:

Option (b)

67. Which of the following is true for variable names in C?

- (a) Variable names cannot start with a digit
- (b) Variable can be of any length
- (c) They can contain alphanumeric characters as well as special characters
- (d) Reserved word can be used as a variable name

Answer:

Option (a)

68. Character literal in C syntax is?

- (a) Z
- (b) 'Z'
- (c) "Z"
- (d) None of these

Answer:

Option (b)

69. Choose the correct statement about C escape sequences

- (a) \n produces a new line
- (b) \t produces one tab space (white spaces)
- (c) \b produces one backspace
- (d) All of these

Answer:

Option (d)

70. Choose a valid C format specifier

- (a) %d prints integer constants
- (b) %f prints float constants
- (c) %c prints character constants
- (d) All of these

Answer:

Option (d)

71. What is the output?





```
void main()
{
    float a=654.1239;
    printf("%0.3f",a);
}
```

- (a) Compiler error
- (b) 654.123900
- (c) 654.123
- (d) 654.124

Option (d)

72. Choose a C formatted Input-Output function below.

- (a) printf(), scanf()
- (b) sprintf(), sscanf()
- (c) fprintf(), fscanf()
- (d) All of these

Answer:

Option (d)

73. Multiple variable declarations are separated with

- (a) Semicolon (;)
- (b) Colon (;)
- (c) Comma(,)
- (d) None of these

Answer:

Option (c)

74. What is the other name of backslash character constants?

- (a) Slash characters
- (b) Space characters
- (c) Escape sequences
- (d) None of these

Answer:

Option (c)

75. Which operator is used to compare two values?

- (a) Logical operator
- (b) Relational operator
- (c) Assignment operator
- (d) None of these

Answer:

Option (b)

76. The operator '&' is used as

- (a) Logical AND
- (b) Bitwise AND





- (c) Logical OR
- (d) Bitwise OR

Option (b)

- 77. Which of the following is a valid relational operator?
 - (a) =
 - (b) =>
 - (c) ==
 - (d) >>

Answer:

Option (c)

78. What will be the value of variable a?

float a = 3.5 + 4.5;

- (a) a = 8.0
- (b) a = 8
- (c) a = 7
- (d) a = 0.0

Answer:

Option (a)

79. What will be the value of variable a? int a = 3.5 + 4.5;



- (b) a = 7
- (c) a = 8
- (d) a = 8.0

Answer:

Option (c)

80. Choose a right statement

int a = 5/2;

int b = 5.0/2;

int c = 5 / 2.0;

int d = 5.0/2.0;

(a)
$$a = 2$$
, $b = 2$, $c = 2$, $d = 2$

(b)
$$a = 2$$
, $b = 2.0$, $c = 2$, $d = 2.0$

(c)
$$a = 2$$
, $b = 2.5$, $c = 2.5$, $d = 2.5$

(d)
$$a = 2.5$$
, $b = 2.5$, $c = 2.5$, $d = 2.5$

Answer:

Option (a)

81. Choose a right statement.

float a = 5/2;

float b = 5/2.0;

float c = 5.0/2;

float d = 5.0/2.0;



- (a) a=2.5, b=2.5, c=2.5, d=2.5
- (b) a=2, b=2.5, c=2.5, d=2.5
- (c) a=2.0, b=2.5, c=2.5, d=2.5
- (d) a=2.0, b=2.0, c=2.0, d=2.0

Option (c)

- 82. What will the value of variable a? int a = 25%10;
 - (a) 2.5
 - (b) 2
 - (c) 5
 - (d) Compiler error

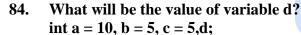
Answer:

Option (c)

- 83. Which of the following is a valid assignment operator?
 - (a) +=
 - (b) =
 - (c) *=
 - (d) All of these

Answer:

Option (d)



$$d = b + c == a;$$

- (a) Syntax error
- (b) 1
- (c) 5
- (d) 10

Answer:

Option (b)

85. What is the output?

```
void main()
{
    int a = 10, b = 5, c = 3;
    b != !a;
    c = !!a;
    printf("%d\t%d", b, c);
}
```

- (a) 5 1
- (b) 0 3
- (c) 5 3
- (d) 1 1

Answer:



Option (a)

86. What will be the value of variable b?

int a;

int b;

a=1;

b=a++;

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) unknown/undefined

Answer:

Option (a)

87. What will be the value of variable b?

int a;

int b;

a=1;

b=++a;

- (a) 1
- (b) 2
- (c) 3
- (d) unknown/undefined

Answer:

Option (b)

88. What will be the value of variable z? int x=3, y=4;

$$z = ++x * y++;$$

- (a) 9
- (b) 12
- (c) 16
- (d) 20

Answer:

Option (c)

89. What will be the output?

```
void main()
{
    int a=9, b=9;
    a=b++;
    printf("%d %d",a,b);
}
```

- (a) 9,9
- (b) 10,10
- (c) 9,10
- (d) 10,9

Answer:

Option (c)



90. Choose the correct statement about Left Shift Operator <<

- (a) Left shift operator shifts individual bits on the left side
- (b) When shifting left side, overflow bits are ignored
- (c) Zeroes are filled on the right side
- (d) All of these

Answer:

Option (d)

91. Choose the correct statement about Right Shift Operator >>

- (a) Right shift operator shifts individual bits on to the right side
- (b) When shifting bits right side, overflow bits on the right are ignored or truncated
- (c) Zeroes are filled on the left side
- (d) All of these

Answer:

Option (d)

92. Which is bit toggling operator below?

- (a) & Bitwise AND
- (b) | Bitwise OR
- (c) ^ Bitwise exclusive OR
- (d) ~ Bitwise complement

Answer:

Option (d)

93. Left Shift operation is equivalent to

- (a) Division by 2
- (b) Multiplying by 2
- (c) Adding 2
- (d) Subtracting 2

Answer:

Option (b)

94. Right Shift operation >> is equivalent to____

- (a) Multiplying by 2
- (b) Division by 2
- (c) Adding 2
- (d) Subtracting 2

Answer:

Option (b)

95. What will be the value of variable c?

int $c = 2 ^3$;

- (a) 1
- (b) 8
- (c) 9
- (d) 0



Option (a)

96. What will be the value of variable a?

int a = 6;

- a = -a;
- (a) -6
- (b) 9
- (c) -7
- (d) 6

Answer:

Option (c)

- 97. An arithmetic expression without parenthesis will be evaluated from left to right
 - (a) True
 - (b) False

Answer:

Option (a)

- 98. In C programming, the statement a=a+1 and a+=1 will produce same result
 - (a) True
 - (b) False

Answer:

Option (a)

- 99. Within an expression, ______ precedence operators will be evaluated first
 - (a) Similar
 - (b) Higher
 - (c) Lower
 - (d) None of these

Answer:

Option (b)

100. What will the value of variable a?

int a = 4 + 4/2*5 + 20;

- (a) 40
- (b) 4
- (c) 34
- (d) 54

Answer:

Option (c)

101. What will the value of variable a?

int a = 10 + 5 * 2 * 8 / 2 + 4;

- (a) 124
- (b) 54
- (c) 23
- (d) 404



Option (b)

102. What will the value of variable a?

int a = 4 + 5/2*10 + 5;

- (a) 29
- (b) 5
- (c) 4
- (d) 34

Answer:

Option (a)

103. What will the value of variable a?

int a = 10 + 2 * 12/(3*2) + 5;

- (a) 31
- (b) 19
- (c) 11
- (d) 29

Answer:

Option (b)

104. Which of the following correctly shows the hierarchy of arithmetic operations in C?



- (b) * -/+
- (c) /*+-
- (d) + / *



Option (c)

105. In the following expression guess the correct order of execution of operator z = x - y / z * 1 % 2 + 1

(a)
$$/ * \% - + =$$

(b) *
$$/\% - + =$$

$$(c) = / * - \% +$$

$$(d) = / * \% - +$$

Answer:

Option (a)

106. What is the output?

void main()
{
 int i=0, j=1, k=2, m;
 m = i++ || j++ || k++;
 printf("%d %d %d %d", m, i, j, k);
}

- (a) 1 1 2 3
- (b) 1 1 2 2
- (c) 0 1 2 2



(d) 0 1 2 3

Answer:

Option (b)

107. What is the output?

```
void main()
{
    int x = 1, y = 2;
    printf("%d", x, y);
}
```

- (a) 12
- (b) 1
- (c) 2
- (d) Error

Answer:

Option (b)

