2、 $W_{\varphi}(j_0,k) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{M}} \sum_x f(x) \varphi_{i_0,k}(x)$ 和 $W_{\psi}(j_0,k) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{M}} \sum_x f(x) \psi_{i_0,k}(x)$ 中的DWT是 j_0 的函数。

- (a) 令 $j_0 = 1$ (而不是0)重新计算例7.8中函数 f(n) = [1, 4, -3, 0] 在区间 $0 \le n \le 3$ 内的一维DWT。
- (b) 使用 (a) 的结果根据变换值计算 f(1).

解:

(a)因为本题为单尺度变换,开始尺度 $j_0 = 1$,所以j只能是1,相应的k=0或1,

$$\varphi(n) = \{1, 1, 1, 1\}$$

$$\varphi_{1,0}(n) = \sqrt{2}\varphi(2n - 0) = \sqrt{2}\{1, 1, 0, 0\}$$

$$\varphi_{1,1}(n) = \sqrt{2}\varphi(2n - 1) = \sqrt{2}\{0, 0, 1, 1\}$$

$$\psi_{1,0}(n) = \sqrt{2}\psi(2n - 0) = \sqrt{2}\{1, -1, 0, 0\}$$

$$\psi_{1,1}(n) = \sqrt{2}\psi(2n - 1) = \sqrt{2}\{0, 0, 1, -1\}$$

根据公式计算M=4的一维DWT系数:

$$W_{\varphi}(1,0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{M}} \sum_{n=0}^{3} f(n)\varphi_{1,0}(n) = \frac{1}{2} \times (1 \times \sqrt{2} + 4 \times \sqrt{2} - 3 \times 0 + 0 \times 0) = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$W_{\varphi}(1,1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{M}} \sum_{n=0}^{3} f(n)\varphi_{1,1}(n) = \frac{1}{2} \times (1 \times 0 + 4 \times 0 - 3 \times \sqrt{2} + 0 \times \sqrt{2}) = -\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$W_{\psi}(1,0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{M}} \sum_{n=0}^{3} f(n)\psi_{1,0}(n) = \frac{1}{2} \times (1 \times \sqrt{2} + 4 \times -\sqrt{2} - 3 \times 0 + 0 \times 0) = -\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$W_{\psi}(1,1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{M}} \sum_{n=0}^{3} f(n)\psi_{1,1}(n) = \frac{1}{2} \times (1 \times 0 + 4 \times 0 - 3 \times \sqrt{2} + 0 \times -\sqrt{2}) = -\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

f(n) = |1, 4, -3, 0| 在区间 $0 \le n \le 3$ 内的一维DWT展开形式为

$$f(n) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \left[5\varphi_{1,0}(n) - 3\varphi_{1,1}(n) - 3\psi_{1,0}(n) - 3\psi_{1,1}(n) \right]$$

(b)根据上式:

$$f(1) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} [5 \times \sqrt{2} - 3 \times 0 - 3 \times (-\sqrt{2}) - 3 \times 0] = 4$$