

1、 r, g, b 是 RGB 彩色空间沿 R, G, B 轴的单位向量, 定义向量 $\mathbf{u} = \frac{\partial R}{\partial x} \mathbf{r} + \frac{\partial G}{\partial x} \mathbf{g} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial x} \mathbf{b}$ 和 $\mathbf{v} = \frac{\partial R}{\partial y} \mathbf{r} + \frac{\partial G}{\partial y} \mathbf{g} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial y} \mathbf{b}$, g_{xx}, g_{yy}, g_{xy} 定义为这些向量的点乘:

$$\begin{aligned} g_{xx} &= \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{u} = \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{u} = \left| \frac{\partial R}{\partial x} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial G}{\partial x} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial B}{\partial x} \right|^2 \\ g_{yy} &= \mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{v}^T \mathbf{v} = \left| \frac{\partial R}{\partial y} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial G}{\partial y} \right|^2 + \left| \frac{\partial B}{\partial y} \right|^2 \\ g_{xy} &= \mathbf{u} \cdot \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{v} = \frac{\partial R}{\partial x} \frac{\partial R}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial G}{\partial x} \frac{\partial G}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial B}{\partial x} \frac{\partial B}{\partial y} \end{aligned}$$

推导出最大变换率方向 θ 和 (x, y) 在 θ 方向上的变化率的值 $F(\theta)$.

解:

即求当 θ 为何值时, $|\vec{u} \cos \theta + \vec{v} \sin \theta|^2$ 取得最大值, 先化简此式:

$$\begin{aligned} |\vec{u} \cos \theta + \vec{v} \sin \theta|^2 &= g_{xx} \cos^2 \theta + g_{yy} \sin^2 \theta + 2 g_{xy} \sin \theta \cos \theta \\ &= g_{xx} \frac{\cos 2\theta + 1}{2} + g_{yy} \frac{1 - \cos 2\theta}{2} + g_{xy} \sin 2\theta \\ &= \frac{1}{2} [(g_{xy} + g_{yy}) + (g_{xx} - g_{yy}) \cos 2\theta + 2 g_{xy} \sin 2\theta] \end{aligned}$$

令:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} |\vec{u} \cos \theta + \vec{v} \sin \theta|^2 = \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \frac{1}{2} [(g_{xy} + g_{yy}) + (g_{xx} - g_{yy}) \cos 2\theta + 2 g_{xy} \sin 2\theta] = 0$$

得:

$$\theta = \frac{1}{2} \arctan \frac{2 g_{xy}}{g_{xx} - g_{yy}}$$

(x, y) 在 θ 方向上的变化率的值 $F(\theta)$:

$$\begin{aligned} F(\theta) &= |\vec{u} \cos \theta(x, y) + \vec{v} \sin \theta(x, y)| \\ &= \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} [(g_{xy} + g_{yy}) + (g_{xx} - g_{yy}) \cos 2\theta(x, y) + 2 g_{xy} \sin 2\theta(x, y)]} \end{aligned}$$