## **Importing Libraries**

```
In [1]:

1 import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

# **Importing Datasets**

#### Out[2]:

	date	BEN	СО	EBE	NMHC	NO	NO_2	O_3	PM10	PM25	SO_2	TCH	TOL	station
0	2014-06-01 01:00:00	1.0	0.2	1.0	1.00	3.0	10.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.0	1.00	1.0	28079004
1	2014-06-01 01:00:00	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.11	3.0	17.0	68.0	10.0	5.0	5.0	1.36	1.3	28079008
2	2014-06-01 01:00:00	0.3	1.0	0.1	1.00	2.0	6.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.1	28079011
3	2014-06-01 01:00:00	1.0	0.2	1.0	1.00	1.0	6.0	79.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	28079016
4	2014-06-01 01:00:00	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	6.0	75.0	1.0	1.0	4.0	1.00	1.0	28079017
210019	2014-09-01 00:00:00	1.0	0.5	1.0	1.00	20.0	84.0	29.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	28079056
210020	2014-09-01 00:00:00	1.0	0.3	1.0	1.00	1.0	22.0	1.0	15.0	1.0	6.0	1.00	1.0	28079057
210021	2014-09-01 00:00:00	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	13.0	70.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	28079058
210022	2014-09-01 00:00:00	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	3.0	38.0	42.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	28079059
210023	2014-09-01 00:00:00	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	26.0	65.0	11.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	1.0	28079060

210024 rows × 14 columns

# **Data Cleaning and Data Preprocessing**

```
In [3]:
         1 df.columns
Out[3]: Index(['date', 'BEN', 'CO', 'EBE', 'NMHC', 'NO', 'NO_2', 'O_3', 'PM10', 'PM25',
               'SO 2', 'TCH', 'TOL', 'station'],
              dtype='object')
In [4]:
         1 df.info()
        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
        RangeIndex: 210024 entries, 0 to 210023
        Data columns (total 14 columns):
             Column
                     Non-Null Count Dtype
                      _____
         0
             date
                      210024 non-null object
         1
             BEN
                      210024 non-null float64
         2
             CO
                      210024 non-null float64
             EBE
                      210024 non-null float64
         4
             NMHC
                      210024 non-null float64
         5
             NO
                      210024 non-null float64
         6
             NO 2
                      210024 non-null float64
         7
             0 3
                      210024 non-null float64
         8
             PM10
                      210024 non-null float64
                     210024 non-null float64
         9
             PM25
         10 SO 2
                      210024 non-null float64
                     210024 non-null float64
         11 TCH
         12 TOL
                      210024 non-null float64
```

13 station 210024 non-null int64 dtypes: float64(12), int64(1), object(1)

memory usage: 22.4+ MB

#### Out[5]:

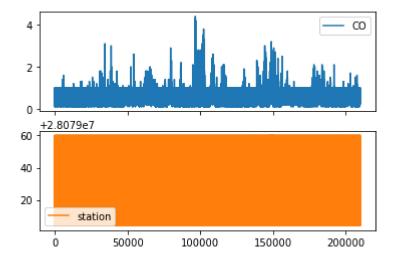
	СО	station
0	0.2	28079004
1	0.2	28079008
2	1.0	28079011
3	0.2	28079016
4	1.0	28079017
210019	0.5	28079056
210020	0.3	28079057
210021	1.0	28079058
210022	1.0	28079059
210023	1.0	28079060

210024 rows × 2 columns

## Line chart

```
In [6]: 1 data.plot.line(subplots=True)
```

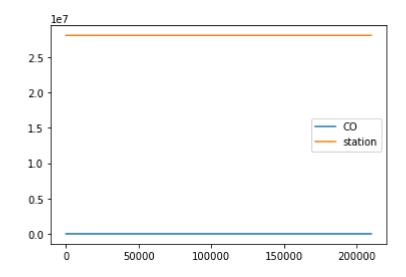
Out[6]: array([<AxesSubplot:>, <AxesSubplot:>], dtype=object)



## Line chart

In [7]: 1 data.plot.line()

Out[7]: <AxesSubplot:>



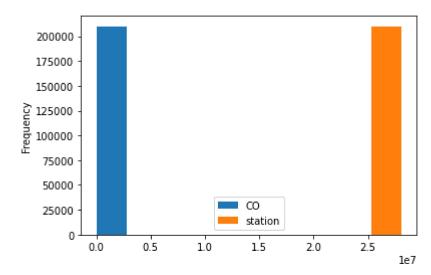
# **Bar chart**

# Histogram

CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

```
In [10]: 1 data.plot.hist()
```

Out[10]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Frequency'>



**Area chart** 

200000

# **Box chart**

CO station

50000

100000

150000

1.0

0.5 -

0.0

```
In [12]: 1 data.plot.box()

Out[12]: <AxesSubplot:>

1e7

2.5

2.0

1.5

1.0

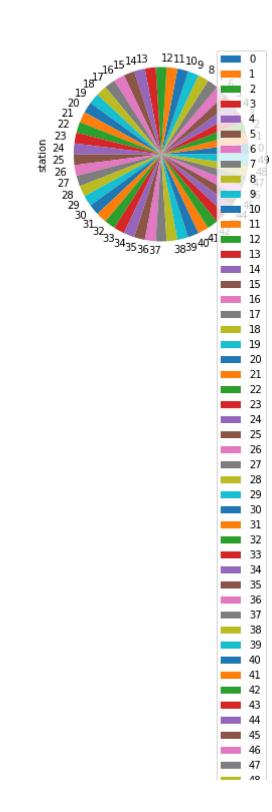
0.5

0.0

station
```

# Pie chart

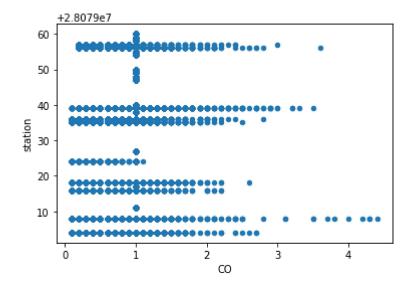
```
In [13]:    1 b.plot.pie(y='station' )
Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='station'>
```



## **Scatter chart**

```
In [14]: 1 data.plot.scatter(x='CO' ,y='station')
```

Out[14]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='CO', ylabel='station'>



```
In [15]:
          1 df.info()
         <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 210024 entries, 0 to 210023
         Data columns (total 14 columns):
              Column
                      Non-Null Count
                                       Dtype
                      210024 non-null object
              date
                      210024 non-null float64
          1
              BEN
                      210024 non-null float64
          2
              CO
              EBE
                      210024 non-null float64
              NMHC
                      210024 non-null float64
          5
                      210024 non-null float64
              NO
             NO_2
                      210024 non-null float64
              0 3
                      210024 non-null float64
              PM10
                      210024 non-null float64
              PM25
                      210024 non-null float64
          9
             SO 2
                      210024 non-null float64
          10
          11
             TCH
                      210024 non-null float64
          12 TOL
                      210024 non-null float64
              station 210024 non-null int64
                    ± C4/40\ 2 ± C4/4\
                                       1 df.describe()
In [16]:
```

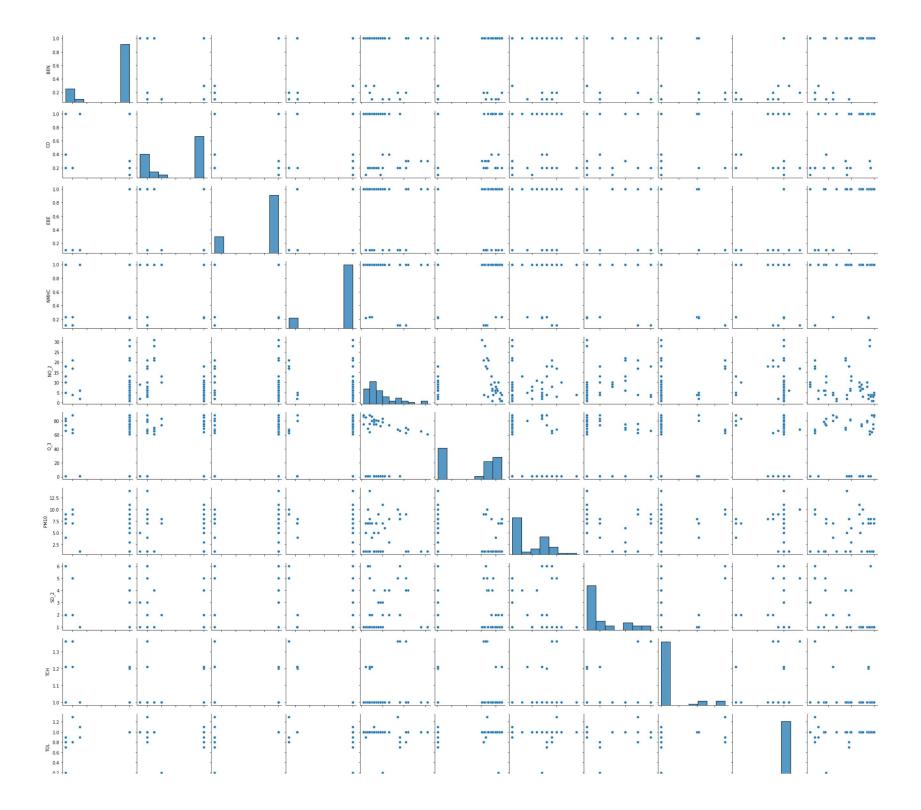
#### Out[16]:

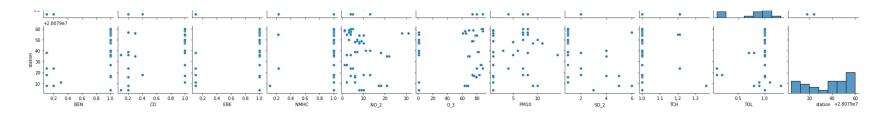
	BEN	СО	EBE	NMHC	NO	NO_2	0_3	PM10	
count	210024.000000	210024.000000	210024.000000	210024.000000	210024.000000	210024.000000	210024.000000	210024.000000	21002
mean	0.929350	0.738237	0.882264	0.913692	19.894774	34.912305	30.340047	10.083376	
std	0.448200	0.348712	0.441303	0.240590	44.766042	28.420739	35.374036	14.022661	
min	0.100000	0.100000	0.100000	0.040000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
25%	1.000000	0.300000	1.000000	1.000000	2.000000	14.000000	1.000000	1.000000	
50%	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	5.000000	27.000000	11.000000	1.000000	
75%	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	17.000000	49.000000	57.000000	15.000000	
max	17.799999	4.400000	16.200001	1.590000	925.000000	416.000000	220.000000	200.000000	17

## **EDA AND VISUALIZATION**

```
In [18]: 1 sns.pairplot(df1[0:50])
```

Out[18]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1f6d4048160>

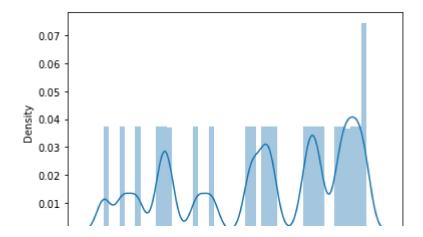




In [19]: 1 sns.distplot(df1['station'])

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a de
precated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot`
(a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
 warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[19]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='station', ylabel='Density'>



```
1 sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
In [20]:
Out[20]: <AxesSubplot:>
                                                                    - 1.0
               BEN -
                                                                     - 0.8
                CO
               EBE
                                                                     - 0.6
              NMHC
                                                                     - 0.4
              NO 2
                                                                     - 0.2
               О 3
                                                                      0.0
              PM10
              50_2
                                                                      -0.2
                TCH
                                                                      -0.4
                TOL
                                                                      -0.6
             station
                                                50_2
TCH
                                                        덛
                            EBE
                                            PM10
                        8
                                 NMHC
```

## TO TRAIN THE MODEL AND MODEL BULDING

## **Linear Regression**

```
In [23]:    1    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    2    lr=LinearRegression()
    3    lr.fit(x_train,y_train)

Out[23]: LinearRegression()

In [24]:    1    lr.intercept_
Out[24]:    28079002.290398657

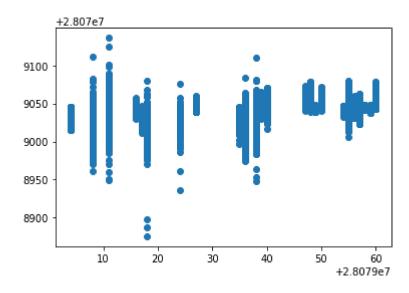
In [25]:    1    coeff=pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co-efficient'])
    2    coeff
```

#### Out[25]:

	Co-efficient
BEN	-1.165043
со	16.148953
EBE	13.098257
NMHC	7.615914
NO_2	-0.052439
O_3	0.013252
PM10	0.258949
SO_2	-1.099325
тсн	12.392951
TOL	-3.687351

```
In [26]: 1 prediction =lr.predict(x_test)
2 plt.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[26]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1f6e23357f0>



## **ACCURACY**

In [27]: 1 lr.score(x\_test,y\_test)

Out[27]: 0.3596258819547221

In [28]: 1 lr.score(x\_train,y\_train)

Out[28]: 0.36177552696481163

## Ridge and Lasso

In [29]: 1 from sklearn.linear\_model import Ridge,Lasso

## Accuracy(Ridge)

## **Accuracy(Lasso)**

## **Evaluation Metrics**

```
In [41]: 1  from sklearn import metrics
2  print(metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test,prediction))
3  print(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,prediction))
4  print(np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test,prediction)))

13.108874793230651
243.2640730978318
15.596925116760413
```

## **Logistic Regression**

```
In [44]:
           1 feature_matrix.shape
Out[44]: (210024, 10)
In [45]:
           1 target_vector.shape
Out[45]: (210024,)
           1 from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
In [46]:
In [47]:
           1 | fs=StandardScaler().fit transform(feature matrix)
In [48]:
           1 logr=LogisticRegression(max_iter=10000)
           2 logr.fit(fs,target vector)
Out[48]: LogisticRegression(max iter=10000)
In [49]:
           1 | observation=[[1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10]]
In [50]:
           1 prediction=logr.predict(observation)
           2 print(prediction)
         [28079018]
In [51]:
           1 logr.classes
Out[51]: array([28079004, 28079008, 28079011, 28079016, 28079017, 28079018,
                28079024, 28079027, 28079035, 28079036, 28079038, 28079039,
                28079040, 28079047, 28079048, 28079049, 28079050, 28079054,
                28079055, 28079056, 28079057, 28079058, 28079059, 28079060],
               dtype=int64)
           1 logr.score(fs,target_vector)
In [52]:
Out[52]: 0.6760370243400754
           1 logr.predict proba(observation)[0][0]
In [53]:
Out[53]: 1.813134240601751e-204
```

#### **Random Forest**

```
1 from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
In [55]:
           1 rfc=RandomForestClassifier()
In [56]:
           2 rfc.fit(x train,y train)
Out[56]: RandomForestClassifier()
In [57]:
             parameters={'max depth':[1,2,3,4,5],
                          'min samples leaf':[5,10,15,20,25],
           2
           3
                          'n estimators':[10,20,30,40,50]
           4
           1 from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
In [58]:
           2 grid search =GridSearchCV(estimator=rfc,param grid=parameters,cv=2,scoring="accuracy")
           3 grid search.fit(x train,y train)
Out[58]: GridSearchCV(cv=2, estimator=RandomForestClassifier(),
                      param grid={'max depth': [1, 2, 3, 4, 5],
                                   'min samples leaf': [5, 10, 15, 20, 25],
                                   'n estimators': [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]},
                      scoring='accuracy')
In [59]:
           1 grid_search.best_score_
Out[59]: 0.6849730641562823
```

```
1 rfc best=grid search.best estimator
In [60]:
In [61]:
        1 from sklearn.tree import plot tree
        3 plt.figure(figsize=(80,40))
        4 | plot tree(rfc best.estimators [5], feature names=x.columns, class names=['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'h', 'i
Out[61]: [Text(2148.3, 1993.2, 'SO 2 <= 1.5\ngini = 0.958\nsamples = 92861\nvalue = [6224, 5992, 6134, 5975, 6141, 6</pre>
      036, 6145, 6147, 6205\n6147, 6000, 6109, 6091, 6151, 6191, 6148, 6177, 6061\n6266, 6176, 6165, 6058, 6220,
      6057\nclass = s'),
       Text(1023.000000000001, 1630.8000000000002, 'NMHC <= 0.995\ngini = 0.932\nsamples = 55927\nvalue = [25, 7
       3, 6134, 5975, 60, 88, 545, 6147, 20, 1801\n10, 6109, 59, 6151, 6191, 6148, 6177, 6061, 6266\n6176, 13, 605
      8, 6220, 6057]\nclass = s'),
       Text(558.0, 1268.4, 'EBE <= 0.95 \cdot 136, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 136, 0,
      0, 0, 0, 0 \setminus 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 6076, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0] \setminus 100
       0, 0, 0 \setminus n0, 0, 0, 0, 2850, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 \setminus nclass = s'),
       Text(148.8, 543.599999999999, 'TOL \leftarrow 0.85\ngini = 0.078\nsamples = 268\nvalue = [0, 18, 0, 0, 0, 0, 425,
      Text(74.4, 181.199999999999, 'gini = 0.005\nsamples = 243\nvalue = [0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 400, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
      0, 0, 0 \setminus n0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0 \setminus nclass = g'),
       Text(223.20000000000000, 181.1999999999982, 'gini = 0.482\nsamples = 25\nvalue = [0, 17, 0, 0, 0, 0, 25, 0]
```

## Conclusion

## Accuracy

Linear Regression:0.36177552696481163

Ridge Regression:0.3617750872178387

Lasso Regression:0.08092617252882062

ElasticNet Regression:0.21968666281164606

Logistic Regression:0.6760370243400754

Random Forest: 0.6849730641562823

## Random Forest is suitable for this dataset