Problem statement

predicting the house price in USA. To create a model to help him estimate of what the house would sell for.

To display top 10 rows

In [3]: 1 df.head(10)

Out[3]:

	Unnamed: 0	key	fare_amount	pickup_datetime	pickup_longitude	pickup_latitude	dropoff_longitude	dropoff_latitude	р
0	24238194	2015-05-07 19:52:06.0000003	7.5	2015-05-07 19:52:06 UTC	-73.999817	40.738354	-73.999512	40.723217	
1	27835199	2009-07-17 20:04:56.0000002	7.7	2009-07-17 20:04:56 UTC	-73.994355	40.728225	-73.994710	40.750325	
2	44984355	2009-08-24 21:45:00.00000061	12.9	2009-08-24 21:45:00 UTC	-74.005043	40.740770	-73.962565	40.772647	
3	25894730	2009-06-26 08:22:21.0000001	5.3	2009-06-26 08:22:21 UTC	-73.976124	40.790844	-73.965316	40.803349	
4	17610152	2014-08-28 17:47:00.000000188	16.0	2014-08-28 17:47:00 UTC	-73.925023	40.744085	-73.973082	40.761247	
5	44470845	2011-02-12 02:27:09.0000006	4.9	2011-02-12 02:27:09 UTC	-73.969019	40.755910	-73.969019	40.755910	
6	48725865	2014-10-12 07:04:00.0000002	24.5	2014-10-12 07:04:00 UTC	-73.961447	40.693965	-73.871195	40.774297	
7	44195482	2012-12-11 13:52:00.00000029	2.5	2012-12-11 13:52:00 UTC	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
8	15822268	2012-02-17 09:32:00.00000043	9.7	2012-02-17 09:32:00 UTC	-73.975187	40.745767	-74.002720	40.743537	
9	50611056	2012-03-29 19:06:00.000000273	12.5	2012-03-29 19:06:00 UTC	-74.001065	40.741787	-73.963040	40.775012	
4.6									N

Data Cleaning And Pre-Processing

1 df.info() In [4]:

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 200000 entries, 0 to 199999 Data columns (total 9 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype			
0	Unnamed: 0	200000 non-null	int64			
1	key	200000 non-null	object			
2	fare_amount	200000 non-null	float64			
3	pickup_datetime	200000 non-null	object			
4	<pre>pickup_longitude</pre>	200000 non-null	float64			
5	pickup_latitude	200000 non-null	float64			
6	dropoff_longitude	199999 non-null	float64			
7	dropoff_latitude	199999 non-null	float64			
8	passenger_count	200000 non-null	int64			
<pre>dtypes: float64(5), int64(2), object(2)</pre>						

memory usage: 13.7+ MB

1 # Display the statistical summary In [5]:

2 df.describe()

Out[5]:

	Unnamed: 0	fare_amount	pickup_longitude	pickup_latitude	dropoff_longitude	dropoff_latitude	passenger_count
count	2.000000e+05	200000.000000	200000.000000	200000.000000	199999.000000	199999.000000	200000.000000
mean	2.771250e+07	11.359955	-72.527638	39.935885	-72.525292	39.923890	1.684535
std	1.601382e+07	9.901776	11.437787	7.720539	13.117408	6.794829	1.385997
min	1.000000e+00	-52.000000	-1340.648410	-74.015515	-3356.666300	-881.985513	0.000000
25%	1.382535e+07	6.000000	-73.992065	40.734796	-73.991407	40.733823	1.000000
50%	2.774550e+07	8.500000	-73.981823	40.752592	-73.980093	40.753042	1.000000
75%	4.155530e+07	12.500000	-73.967154	40.767158	-73.963658	40.768001	2.000000
max	5.542357e+07	499.000000	57.418457	1644.421482	1153.572603	872.697628	208.000000

```
In [6]: 1 # To display the col headings
2 df.columns
```

In [7]: 1 cols=df.dropna()
2 cols

Out[7]:

	Unnamed: 0	key	fare_amount	pickup_datetime	pickup_longitude	pickup_latitude	dropoff_longitude	dropoff_latitu
0	24238194	2015-05-07 19:52:06.0000003	7.5	2015-05-07 19:52:06 UTC	-73.999817	40.738354	-73.999512	40.7232
1	27835199	2009-07-17 20:04:56.0000002	7.7	2009-07-17 20:04:56 UTC	-73.994355	40.728225	-73.994710	40.7503
2	44984355	2009-08-24 21:45:00.00000061	12.9	2009-08-24 21:45:00 UTC	-74.005043	40.740770	-73.962565	40.7726
3	25894730	2009-06-26 08:22:21.0000001	5.3	2009-06-26 08:22:21 UTC	-73.976124	40.790844	-73.965316	40.8033
4	17610152	2014-08-28 17:47:00.000000188	16.0	2014-08-28 17:47:00 UTC	-73.925023	40.744085	-73.973082	40.7612
199995	42598914	2012-10-28 10:49:00.00000053	3.0	2012-10-28 10:49:00 UTC	-73.987042	40.739367	-73.986525	40.7402
199996	16382965	2014-03-14 01:09:00.0000008	7.5	2014-03-14 01:09:00 UTC	-73.984722	40.736837	-74.006672	40.7396
199997	27804658	2009-06-29 00:42:00.00000078	30.9	2009-06-29 00:42:00 UTC	-73.986017	40.756487	-73.858957	40.6925
199998	20259894	2015-05-20 14:56:25.0000004	14.5	2015-05-20 14:56:25 UTC	-73.997124	40.725452	-73.983215	40.6954
199999	11951496	2010-05-15 04:08:00.00000076	14.1	2010-05-15 04:08:00 UTC	-73.984395	40.720077	-73.985508	40.7687

199999 rows × 9 columns

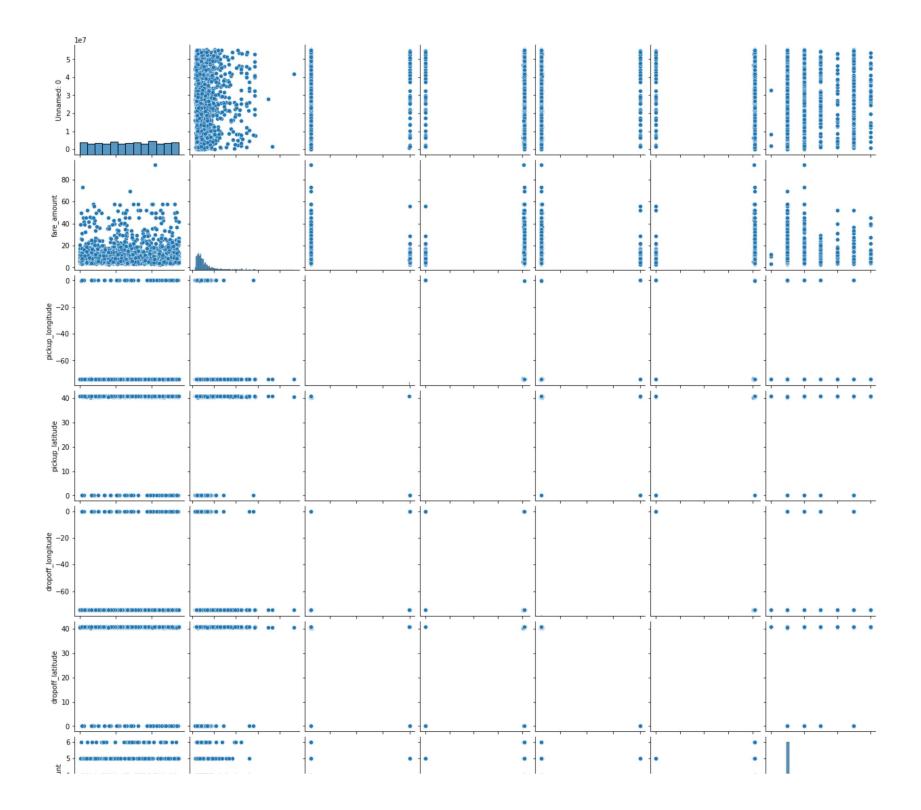
```
In [8]: 1 cols.columns
2 cols1=cols[['pickup_longitude', 'pickup_latitude', 'dropoff_longitude']]
```

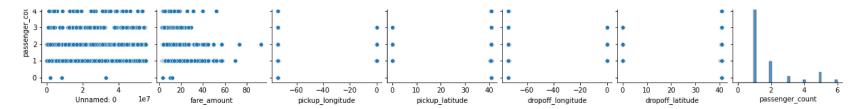
EDA and Visualization

```
In [9]: 1 d=df.head(2000)
```

```
In [10]: 1 sns.pairplot(d)
```

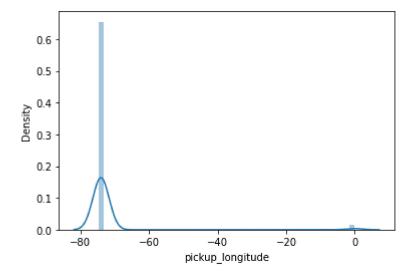
Out[10]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x2868187ba60>





C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a dep
recated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a
figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).
 warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[11]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='pickup_longitude', ylabel='Density'>



```
In [12]: 1 df1=df[[ 'pickup_longitude', 'pickup_latitude', 'passenger_count']]
2 df1
```

Out[12]:

	pickup_longitude	pickup_latitude	passenger_count
0	- 73.999817	40.738354	1
1	- 73.994355	40.728225	1
2	-74.005043	40.740770	1
3	- 73.976124	40.790844	3
4	-73.925023	40.744085	5
199995	- 73.987042	40.739367	1
199996	-73.984722	40.736837	1
199997	- 73.986017	40.756487	2
199998	- 73.997124	40.725452	1
199999	-73.984395	40.720077	1

200000 rows × 3 columns

```
In [13]: 1 sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:>

pickup_longitude -

pickup_latitude -

passenger count -

pass
```

To train the model - MODEL BUILD

pickup longitude pickup latitude passenger_count

Going to train linear regression model; We split our data into 2 variables x and y where x is independent var(input) and y is dependent on x(output), we could ignore address col as it is not required for our model

-0.75

To split the dataset into test data

```
In [15]: 1 # importing lib for splitting test data
2 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
In [16]: 1 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

```
1 from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
In [17]:
           3 lr=LinearRegression()
           4 lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[17]: LinearRegression()
In [18]:
           1 print(lr.intercept_)
         [1.27897692e-13]
In [19]:
          1 print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
         1.0
In [20]:
           1 coeff=pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_)
           2 coeff
Out[20]:
                     0
                                    2
          0 3.222642e-15 1.0 1.012805e-17
           1 pred = lr.predict(x test)
In [21]:
           plt.scatter(y test, pred)
Out[21]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x286aae48430>
           40
           20
            0
          -20
```

-40

-60

-60

-40

-20

0

20

40

```
1 from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
In [24]:
In [25]:
          1 rr=Ridge(alpha=10)
          2 rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[25]: Ridge(alpha=10)
         1 rr.score(x_test,y_test)
In [26]:
Out[26]: 0.99999999999957
In [27]:
          1 la=Lasso(alpha=10)
          2 la.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[27]: Lasso(alpha=10)
In [28]:
         1 la.score(x_test,y_test)
Out[28]: 0.9819783256208338
 In [ ]:
```