

Rise. With Confidence.

(AMFI-registered Mutual Fund Distributor)



INDIA POWERED BY INNOVATION

HDFC INNOVATION FUND

Investing in the future today

NFO Period: June 27 - July 11, 2025



Innovation can be of Different Types



What is Innovation?

Process of introducing new ideas, services, or products – or improve existing ones – to create value, solve problems, and maintain a competitive edge

Product Innovation

Radical*

Disruptive**

Incremental^{\$}

Process Innovation

Notable change from "business as usual", enabling the company to use unique capabilities, function efficiently, adapt quickly, creating cost / quality advantages

Business Model Innovation

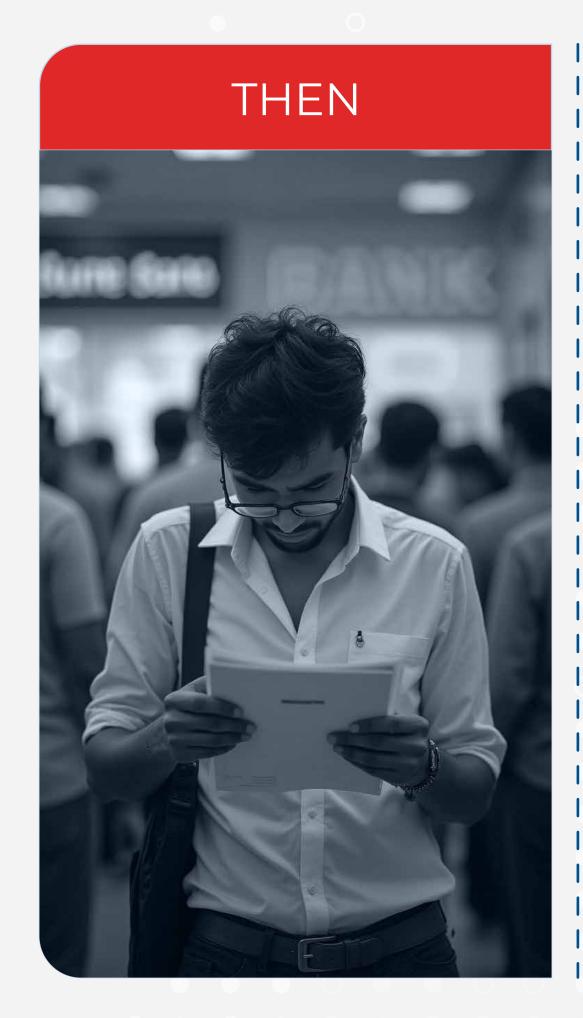
Challenges
conventional wisdom
about revenue streams,
cost structures, and
customer engagement
strategies

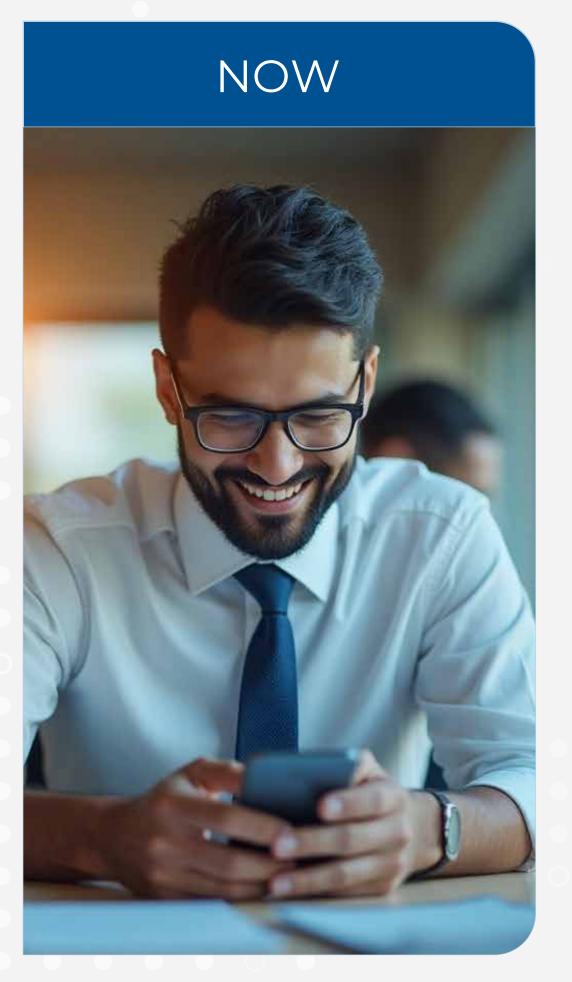
*Radical Innovation occurs when companies understand changing consumer values or behaviour, and accordingly develop new products or services, thus paving way for new markets and creating unique solutions for customers. Such new products or services could be created by bypassing intermediaries or harnessing technology; **Disruptive Innovation occurs when companies introduce products / services that are very unique and superior. Such products / services could use technologies that could potentially challenge the traditional existing approaches companies; \$Incremental Innovation: For existing lines of product / services, companies make improvements. Such improvements are done using existing technology, and are directed at the existing market. When investing in companies that are innovating incrementally, the Fund Manager will endeavour to identify companies whose incremental innovation is higher than the indexed average



Financial Services – Innovation increasing Access





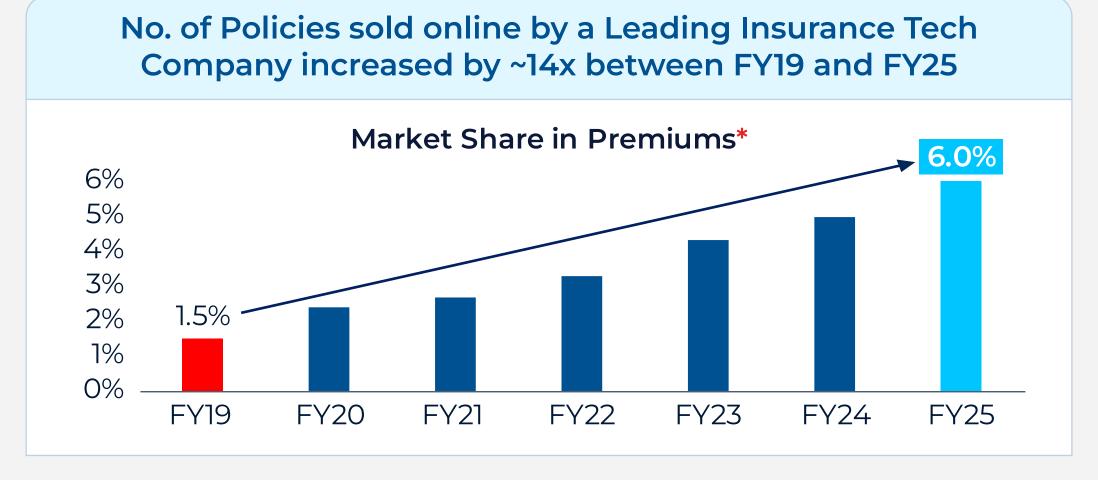


Combined Share of Active Clients of top 2 Fintech Broking Platforms increased by ~2x between Dec-20 and Apr-25

Market Share of Top 2 Fintech Broking Platforms

45%
40%
35%
30%
25%
20.9%
Dec-20

Apr-25

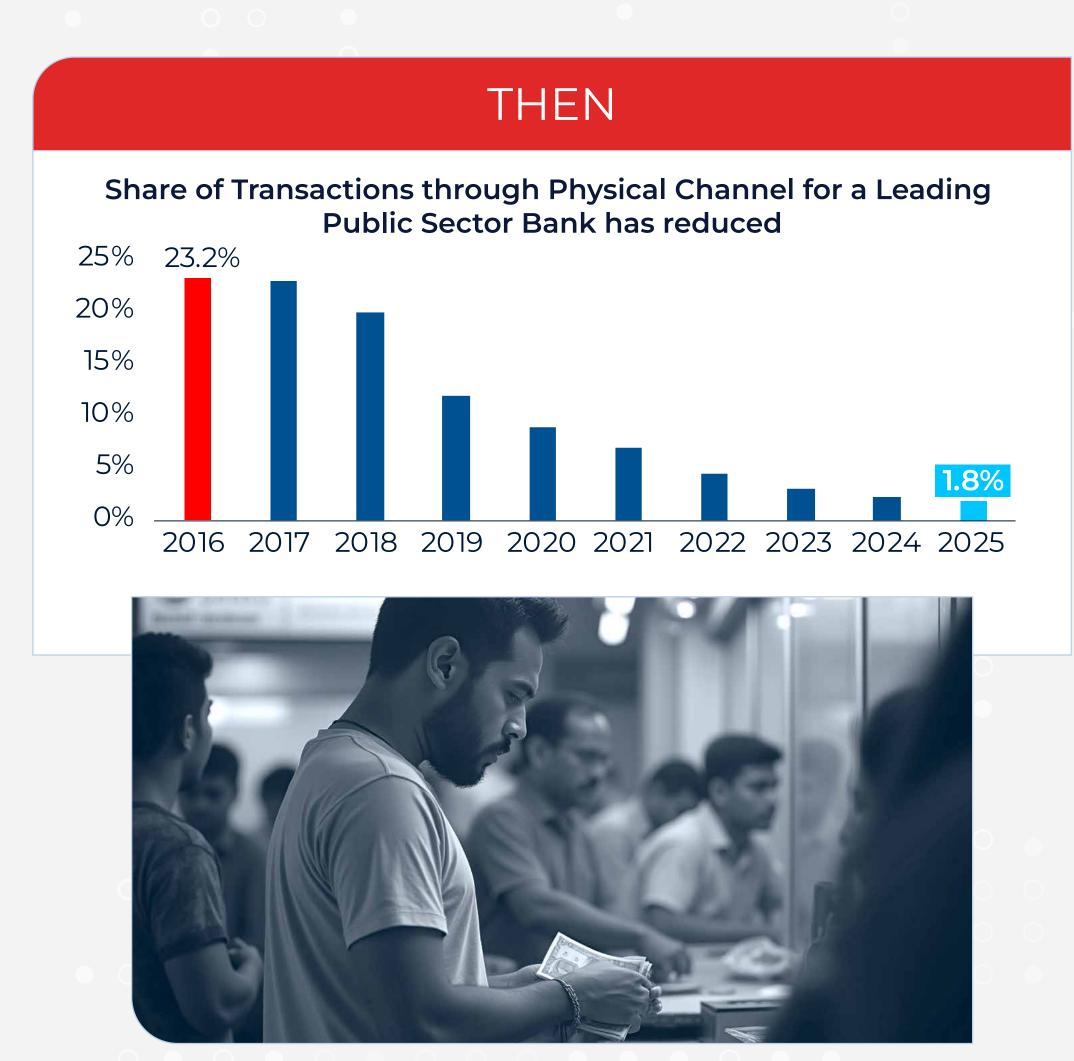


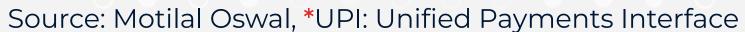
*Life and General Insurance

Source: Motilal Oswal, Company Data, Industry Sources

Financial Services – UPI has been Transformational







NOW Increasing Adoption of UPI* transforming the way wetransact 10% 90% 85% 80% 75% 70% 65% 50% 8.2% 8% 6.7% 6% 4.8% 4% 2.9% 2% 0% FY21 FY22 FY23 FY24 FY25 UPI Value as % of Total Digital Value (LHS) — UPI Volume as % of Total Digital Volume (RHS)

Quick Commerce – Business Model Innovation in Retail



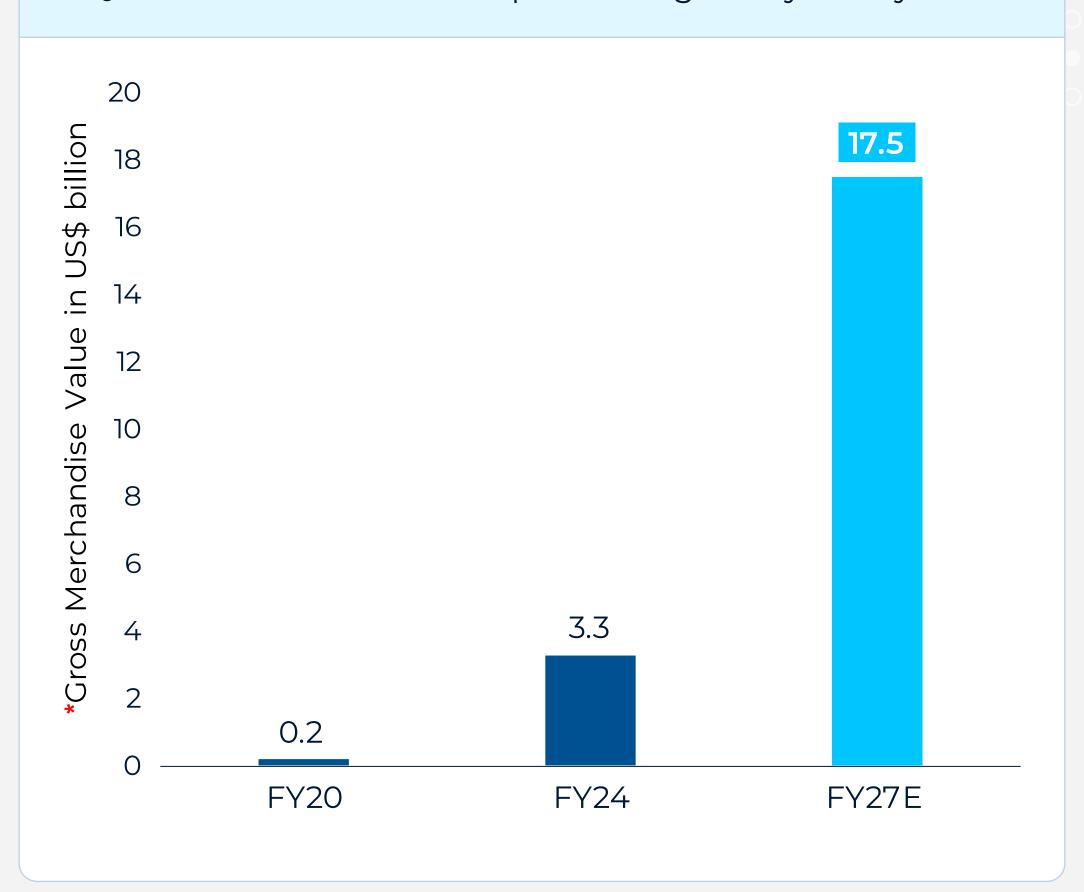
THEN



NOW



Quick Commerce GMV* expected to grow by ~6x by FY27

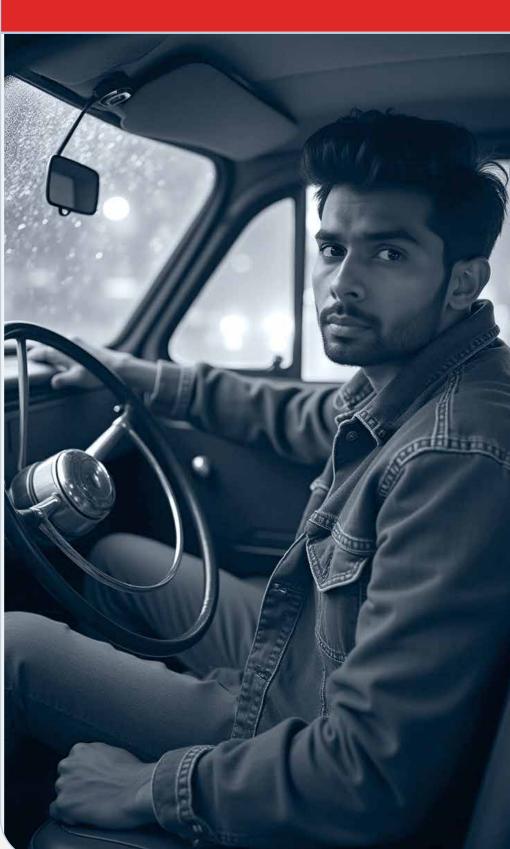


Source: Morgan Stanley

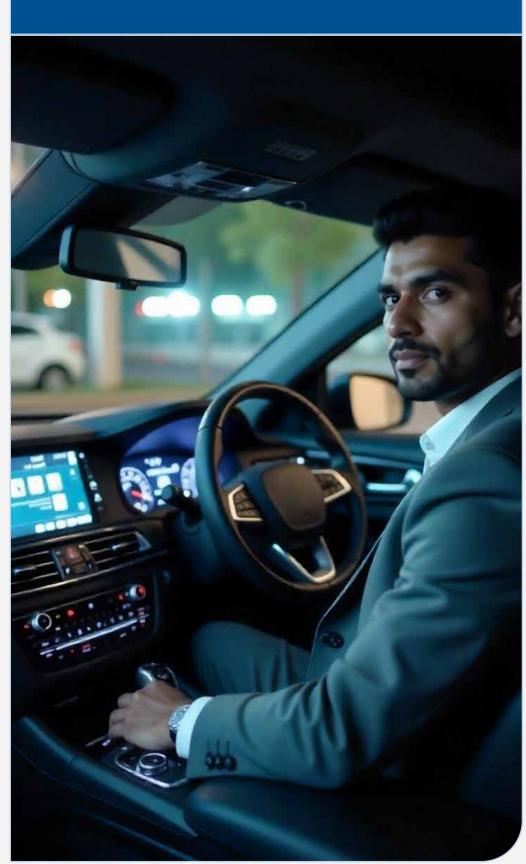
Autos – Design Innovation leading to Market Share Gains



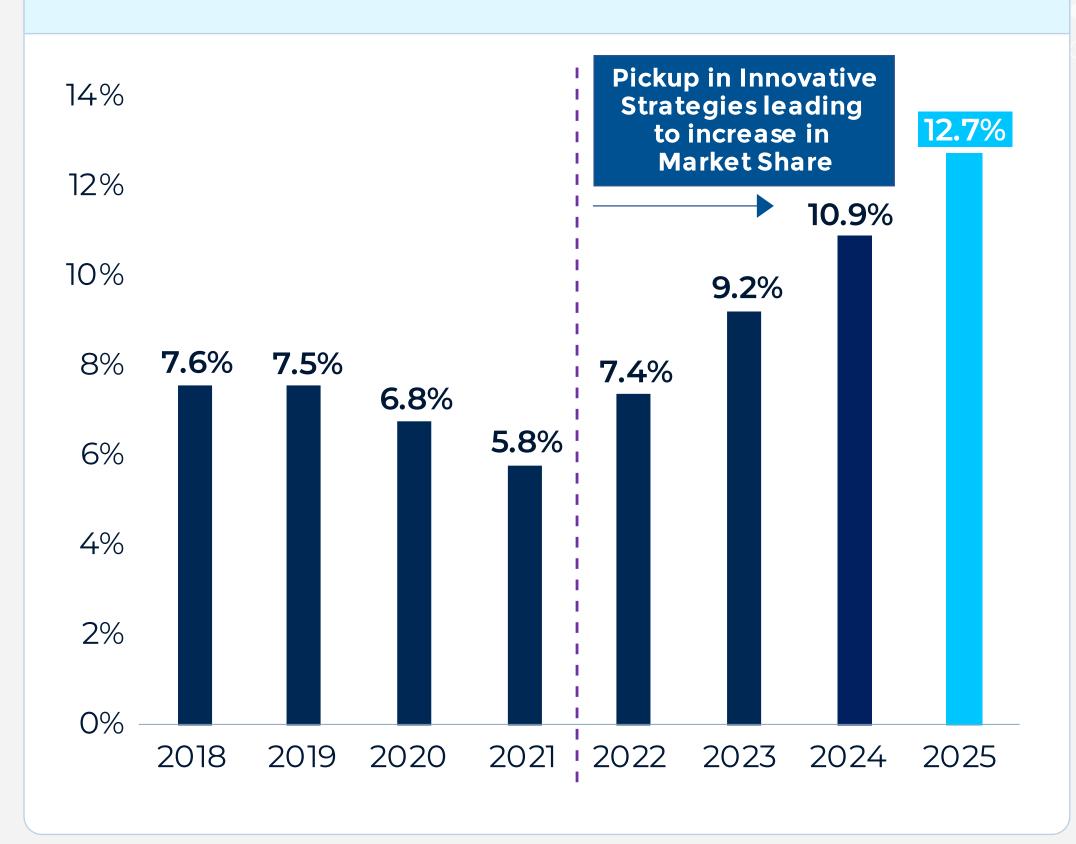
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NOW



Design Innovation of Leading Indian Auto Manufacturer leading to Gains in PV* Market Share



Source: Kotak Institutional Equities; *PV: Passenger Vehicles

Defence – A Sector evolving through Cost Innovation



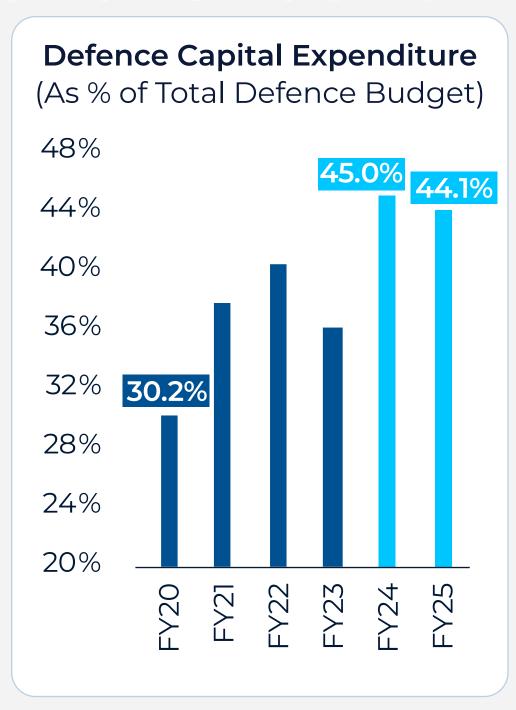


Key Parameters of US's Apache			
Service Ceiling (metre)	6,100		
Range (kilometres)	476		
Motor Rotor Diameter (metre)	14.6		
Length (metre)	17.7		
Height (metre)	3.9		
Max Speed (km per hour)	293		
Max Take-Off Weight (kilograms)	10,433		
Price (in US\$ million)	40-54		



Price (in US\$ million)	20-24
Max Take-Off Weight (kilograms)	5,800
Max Speed (km per hour)	268
Height (metre)	4.7
Length (metre)	15.8
Motor Rotor Diameter (metre)	13.2
Range (kilometres)	550
Service Ceiling (metre)	6,500

India's Defence Capital Expenditure as a % of Total Defence Budget has risen



Source: Ministry of Defence, Standing Committee on Defence report, Company data, CLSA, Budget Documents



Historically, Innovation has had a Positive Impact on Economic Growth



Countries that adopted innovative strategies in different sectors / segments have witnessed a multiplier effect on Real GDP growth in different periods

Countries	High Growth Phases	Real GDP Growth (%)	Sectors / Segments contributing to High Growth	Innovations in those Sectors / Segments																										
United	1007 2000	7 770/	Information Technology	Rise of personal computing, development of internet and e-commerce																										
States	1983–2000	3.73%	Healthcare	Advances in biotechnology, development of blockbuster drugs																										
China	2010–2024	6.70%	Technology, Telecommunications Artificial Intelligence & Smartphones	Leader in 5G technology, leading Al startups, and smartphone manufacturing																										
Crima	2010-2024	2010-2024	2010-2024	2010-2024	0.70%	0.7070	Electric Vehicle Manufacturing	Largest market for electric vehicles with companies like BYD and CATL dominating the EV car and battery market respectively																						
Japan	1955–1970	9.65%	Consumer Discretionary	Rapid increase in demand for cars (average annual growth rate of 32% between 1965 and 1970), and rise of consumer electronics																										
																													Materials	Innovations in high-quality steel production
			Semiconductor Industry	Rise in memory chips from 0% of world's market share in 1984 to 10.2% by 1993																										
South Korea	1986-1996 9 4	1986–1996 9.429	86–1996 9.42%	Industrials	Expansion in shipbuilding by completing 28.8% of global market orders – 3x rise in share of completed orders from 1982																									
			Consumer Discretionary	Growth of the automotive sector with production rising by 7x – from 378,000 to 2.8 million between 1985 and 1996																										

Source: International Monetary Fund, Statista, The World Factbook by CIA, US Bureau of Economic Analysis, Federal Reserve of St. Louis, Our World in Data by Oxford, Toyota, Research Publication by University of Sussex, University Publications, Publication by Kia Economic Research Institute

Decreasing Length of Cycles of Innovation making Adaptation important

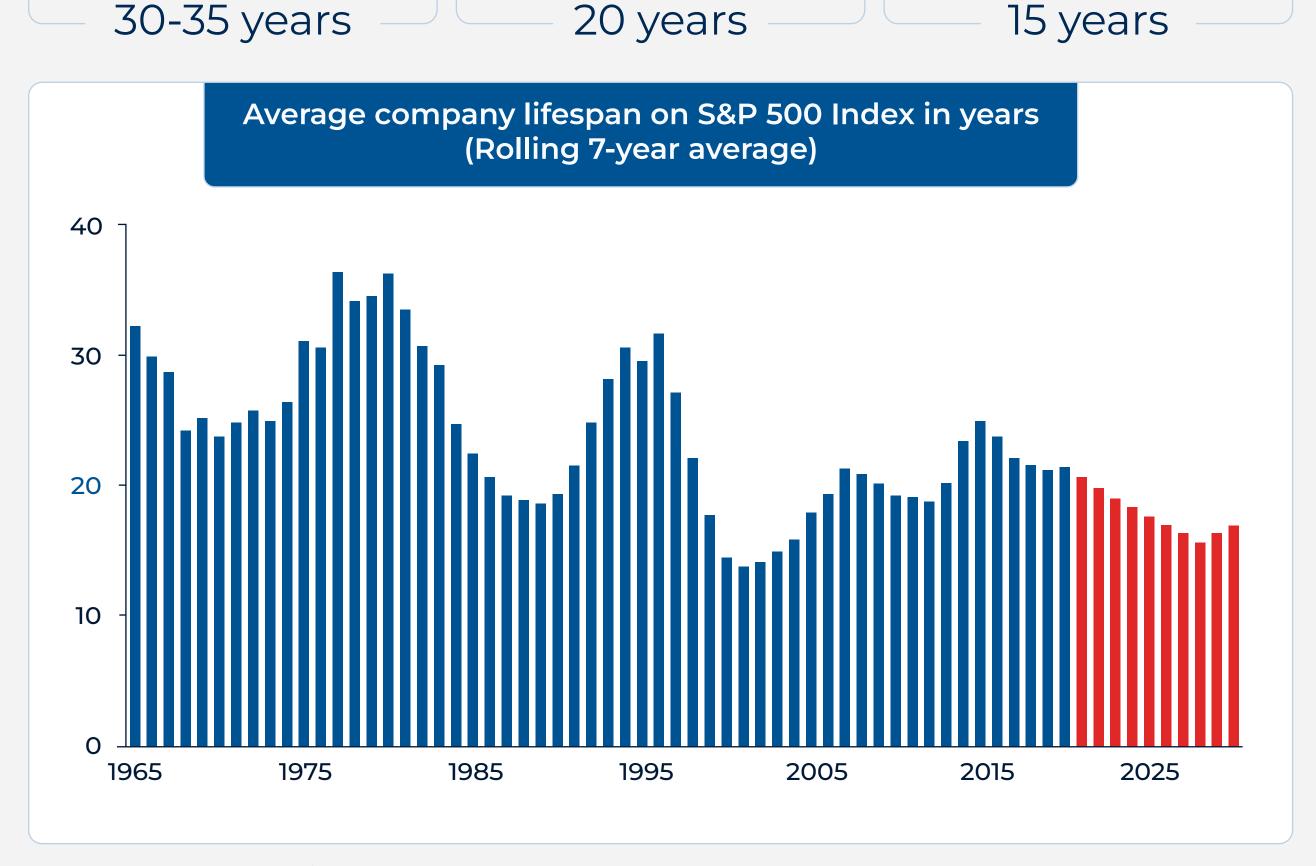


Average lifespan of a US S&P 500 company in late 1970s

Average lifespan of a US S&P 500 company between 2000 and 2020

Average lifespan of a US S&P 500 company by 2028

Innovative strategies that drove a company / sector yesterday may not drive that company / sector today

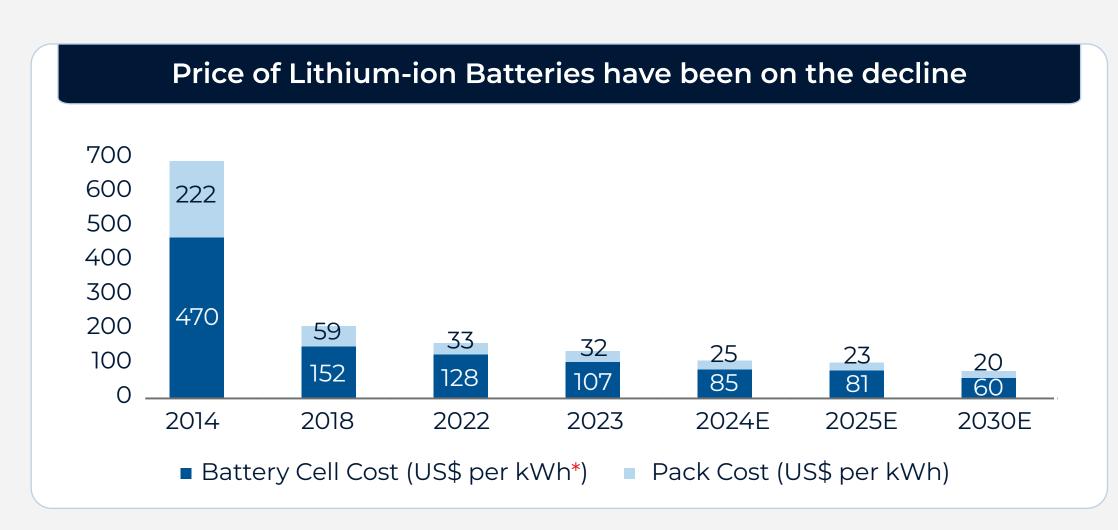


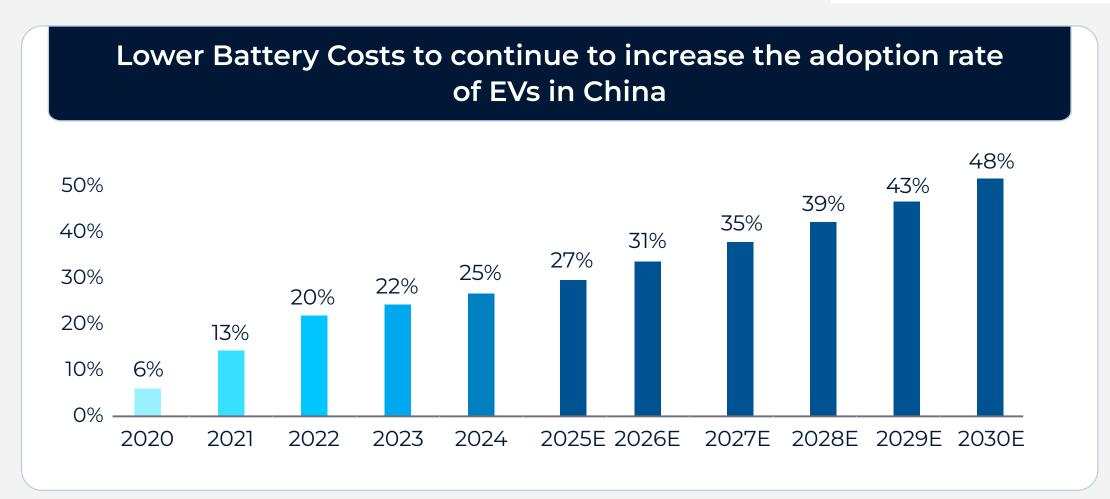
Top 10 Companies of S&P 500 Index				
1990	2000	2010	2024	
International Business Machine	General Electric	Exxon Mobil	Apple	
Exxon Mobil	Exxon Mobil	Apple	NVIDIA	
General Electric	Pfizer	Microsoft	Microsoft	
Altria Group	Cisco Systems	General Electric	Amazon.com	
Royal Dutch Petroleum	Citigroup	Chevron	Meta Platforms	
Bristol-Myers Squibb	Walmart	International Business Machine	Tesla	
Merck & Co	Microsoft	Procter & Gamble	Alphabet	
Walmart	American International Group	AT&T	Broadcom	
AT&T	Merck & Co	Johnson & Johnson	Alphabet	
Coca-Cola	Intel	JPMorgan Chase	Berkshire Hathaway	

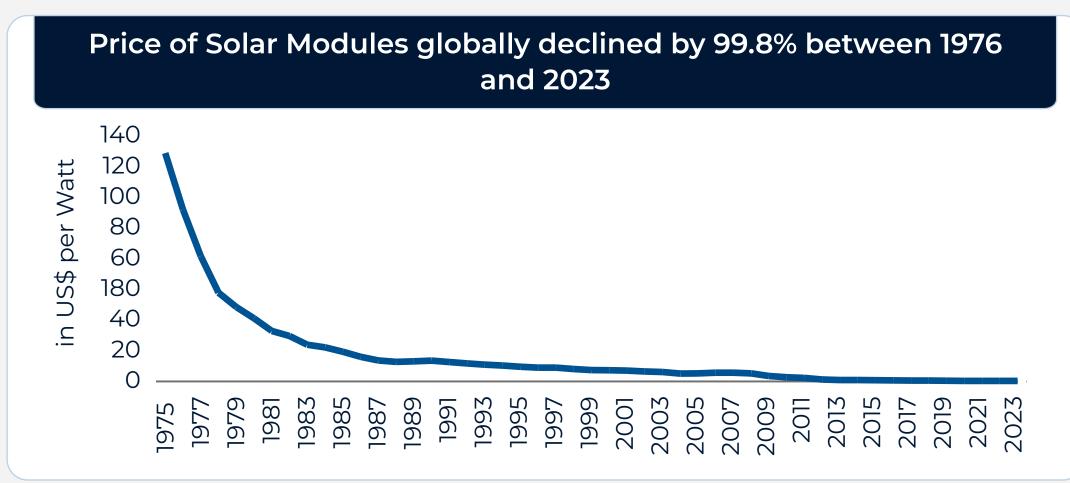
Data: Standard & Poor's, Innosight analysis based on public S&P 500 data sources, Bloomberg; Sector weightages of S&P 500 Index are as of Calendar Year-end. Stocks / Indices referred above do not constitute a research report or an investment advice / recommendation by HDFC Mutual Fund / AMC.

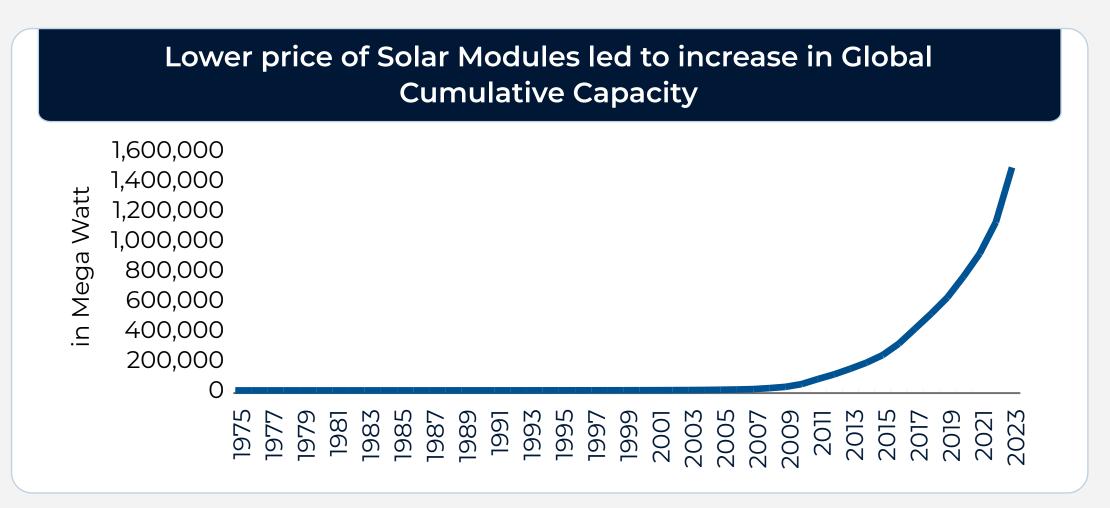
Lower Cost driving Higher Adoption of New Technologies









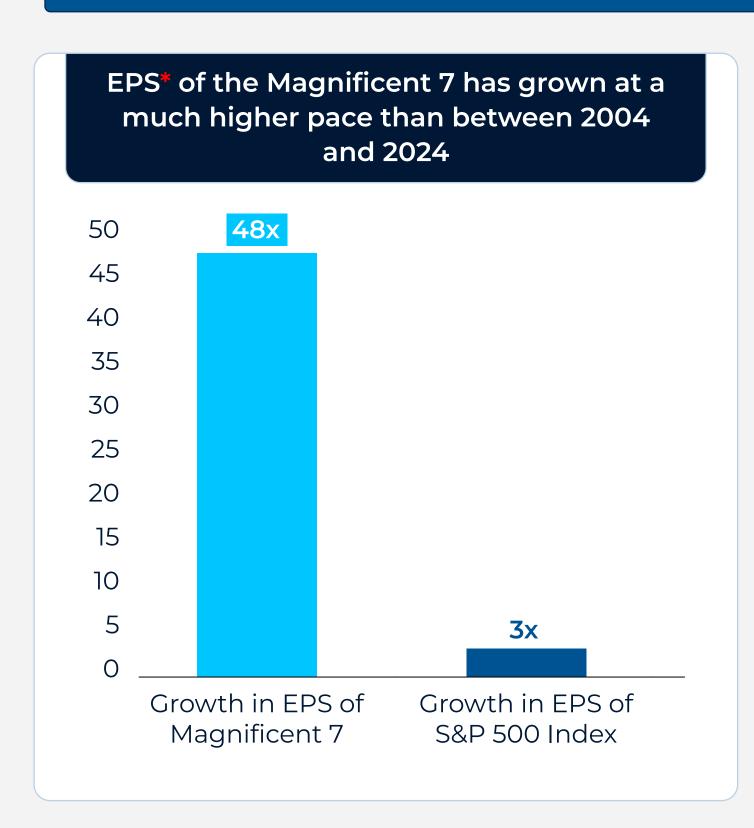


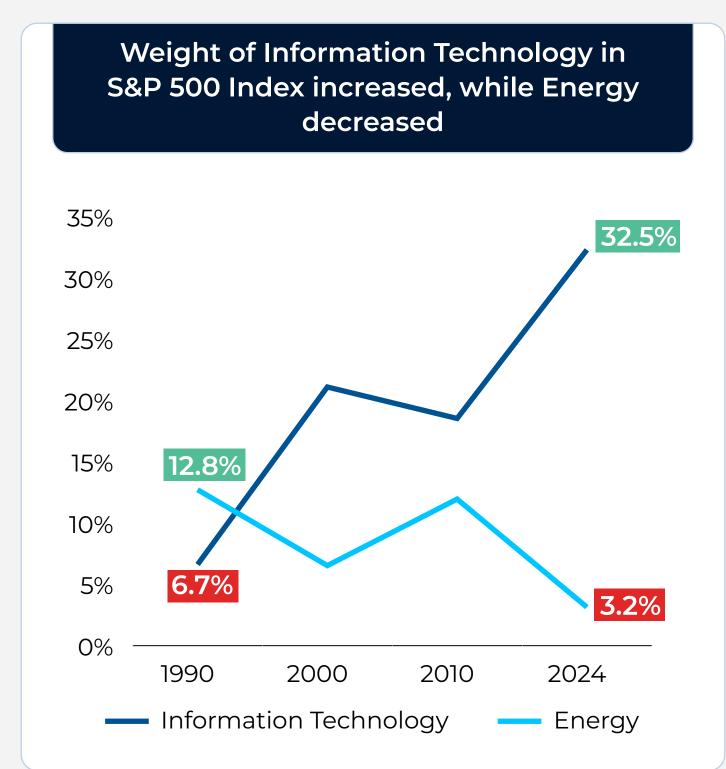
Source: Bloomberg, Kotak Institutional Equities Estimates, IRENA (2024); Nemet (2009); Farmer and Lafond (2016), Our World in Data (Oxford); All years are Calendar-end *kWh: kiloWatt-hour

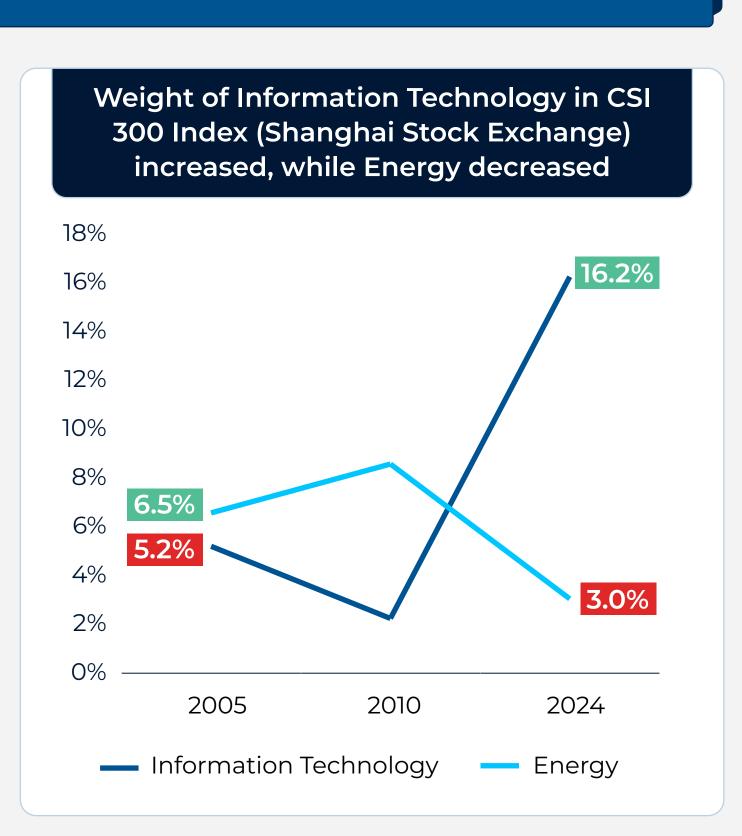
Higher Contribution to Profit Pool led Innovators to be "Wealth Generators" across countries



Sectors that have contributed to the overall profit pool of the broad equity market index curve have witnessed an increase in weightage over time compared to the laggards



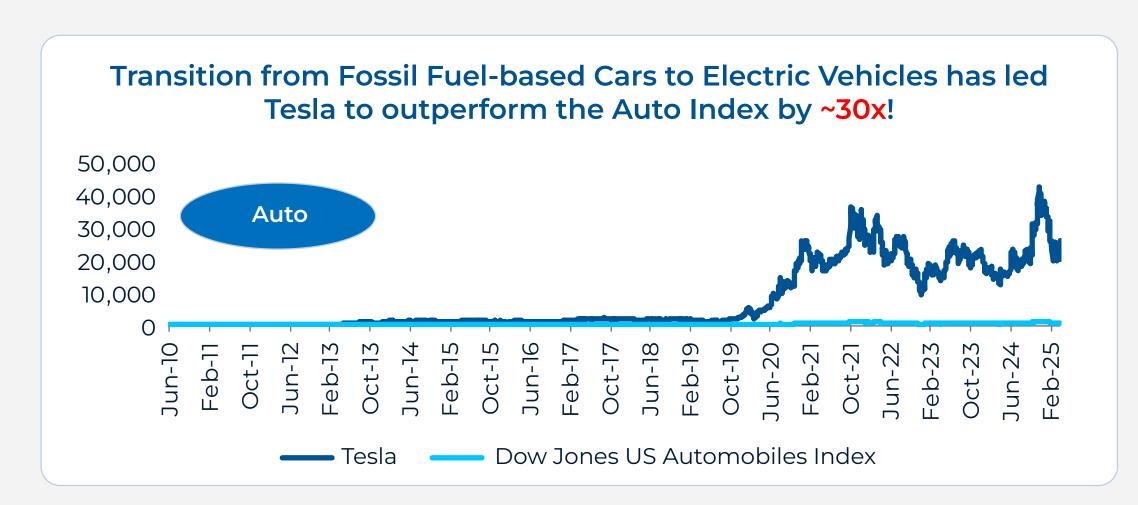


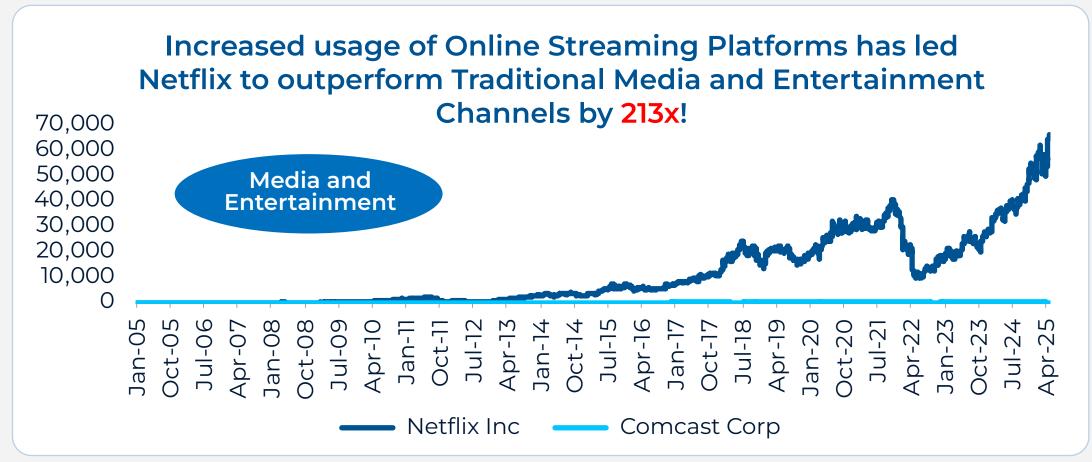


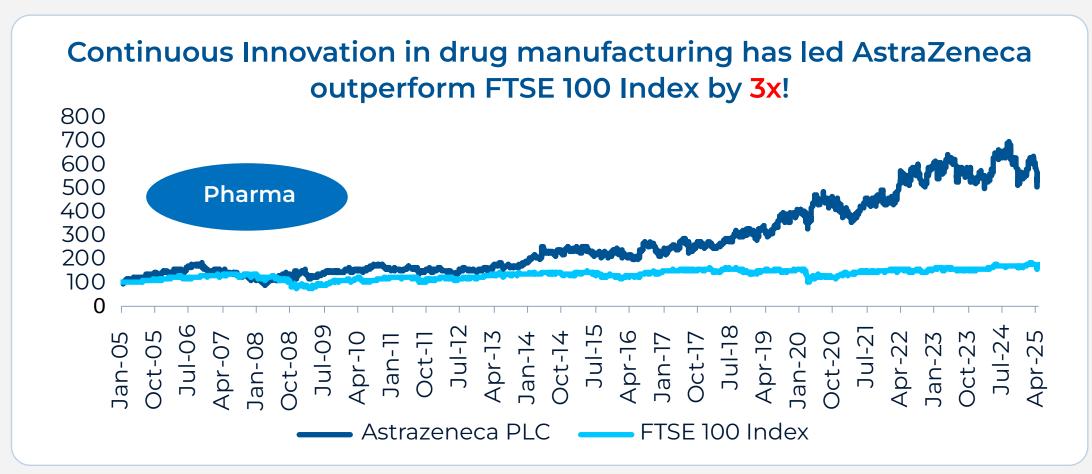
Source: Bloomberg, NYU Stern, Morgan Stanley; *EPS: Earnings per Share; Data for EPS as of December 2024; Years indicate Calendar Year-end years. Sectors referred above do not constitute a research report or an investment advice / recommendation by HDFC Mutual Fund / AMC.

Innovation can happen not just in Technology!









Innovation is democratic with examples of companies across different sectors, that have adopted innovative strategies, providing the potential for wealth creation

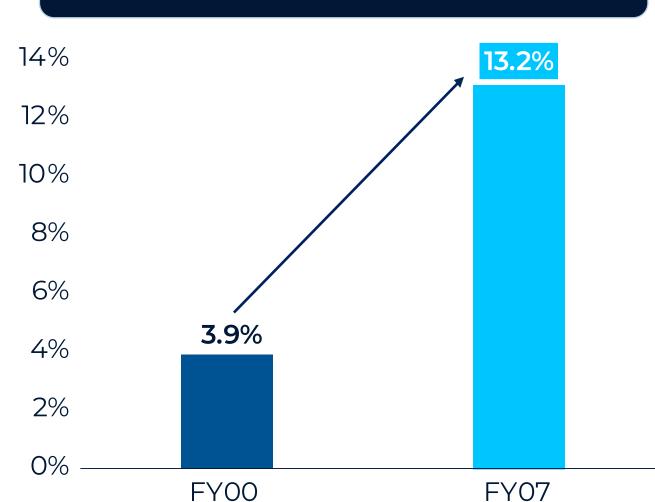


Source: Bloomberg. Data as on April 30, 2025; Prices of Tesla and Dow Jones US Automobiles Index have been rebased to 100 as on June 28, 2010. Prices of Netflix Inc and Comcast Corp have been rebased to 100 as on January 03, 2005. Prices of AstraZeneca and FTSE 100 Index have been rebased to 100 as on January 04, 2005. Stocks / Indices referred above do not constitute a research report or an investment advice / recommendation by HDFC Mutual Fund / AMC.

Even in India, Sunrise Sectors have grown disproportionately

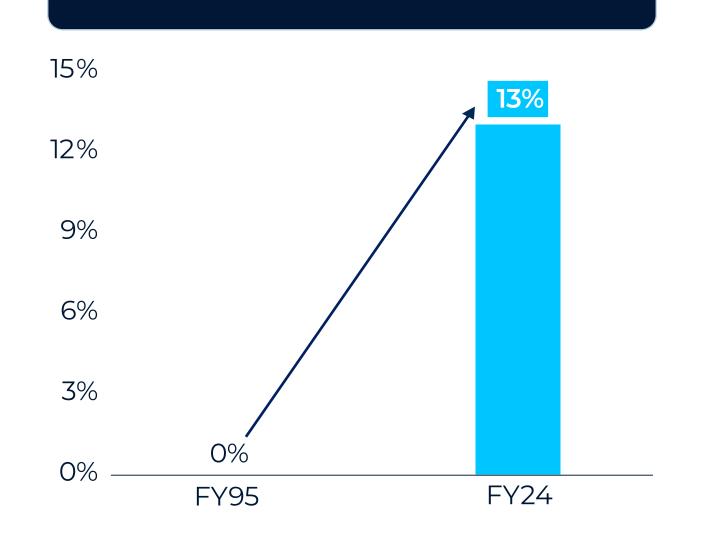






Disruptive growth due to introduction of private sector companies and new technologies like 2G, which subsequently led to a surge in mobile phone subscribers and decrease in cost of data

Rise in Weight of Information Technology in NIFTY 50 Index between FY95 and FY24



Growth of IT sector weight was based on high growth in the sector driven by offshoring, application outsourcing, ERP** Implementation and new IPOs





Multiple New Age companies have made way to the listed universe in the last 6 years with their weightage in the Index rising with time

Source: www.niftyindices.com (Capturing the Pulse – July 2024), NAASCOM, Industry Reports; **ERP: Enterprise Resource Planning



Key Pillars supporting the Rise of Innovation in India







Strong Entrepreneurial Culture improving India's Global Innovation Rankings





High Talent Availability and Lower Salary Gaps





Improved Funding Environment





Strong Digital Public Infrastructure key for Growth of Startups





Supportive Government Initiatives





Increasing Adoption of Innovative Strategies by Different Sectors

India climbing up the Global Innovation Rankings



Despite India being well-placed against other countries in the Global Innovation Index, its GDP per capita is lower than countries like Brazil and Indonesia → Signals that there is significant headroom to add value

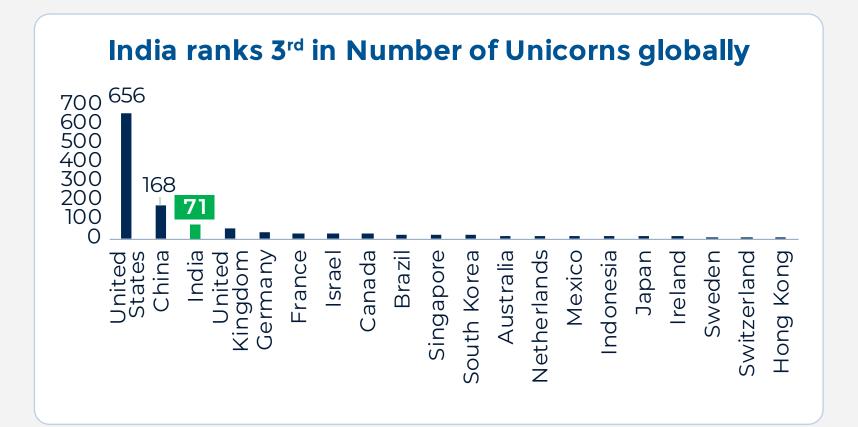
India's patent applications surged by 44.6% in 2023

Surge in electromobility within India

India's ranking on parameters like Knowledge and Technology and Market Sophistication (Funding Environment) in *GII at 22 and 23 respectively



Countries	GII Score	GDP per capita (in US\$, Current Prices)
Switzerland	67.5	104,523
US	62.4	85,812
Korea	60.9	36,129
China	56.3	13,313
Japan	54.1	32,498
India	38.3	2,711
Brazil	32.7	10,214
Indonesia	30.6	4,958



Higher focus on evolving drivers of growth in different fields like Generative Artificial Intelligence

Country	Total Generative Al Funding (in US\$ billion)	Number of Generative Al Patents	Number of Generative Al Startups
USA	28+	5300+	1000+
UK	0.8+	550+	150+
Japan	0.2+	2000+	45+
Israel]+	200+	45+
EU	2.7+	1700+	280+
India	0.7+	750+	230+

Source: Global Innovation Index Database, WIPO (2024), NAASCOM, International Monetary Fund (World Economic Outlook – April 2025), World Population Review (2024)

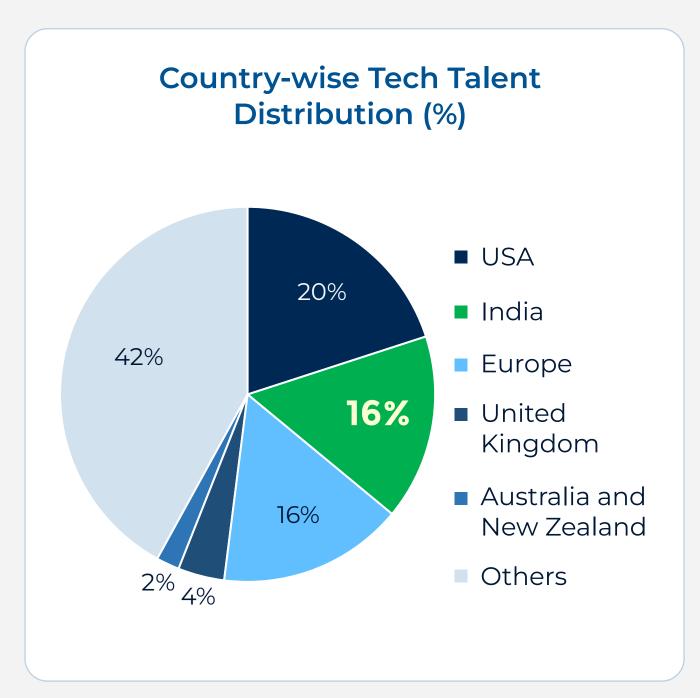
Large Talent Pool, Lower Salary Gaps and Improving Innovation Ecosystem - India's Case for Talent Retention



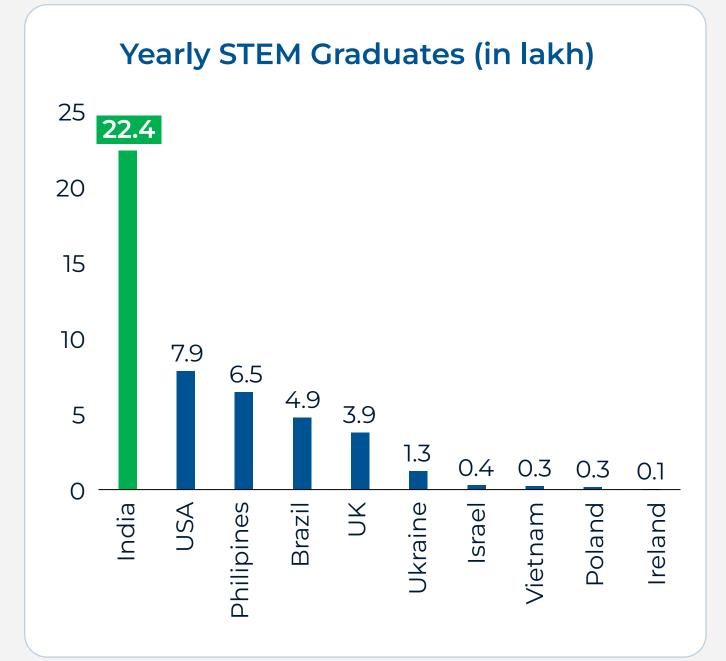
Indian Workforce highly skilled

One of the top in terms of Al skills penetration

2nd largest in terms of AI/ML** BDA[®] talent pool, globally 3rd globally, in terms of installed supply of Cloud professionals



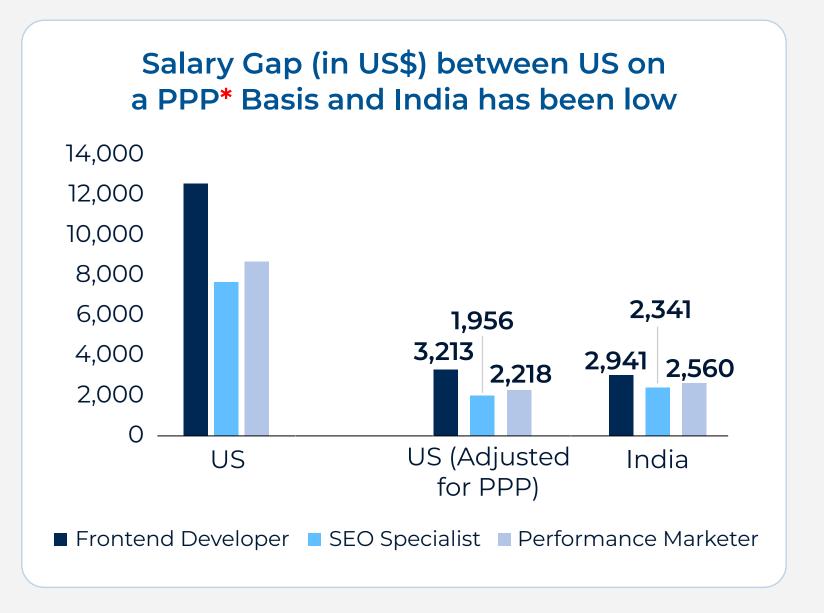
Note: Data excludes China



Note: STEM is an abbreviation for Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics

India's Case for Higher Retention of Talent

- 1 Geopolitical challenges creating uncertainty
- 2 India's rising global economic standing leading to better career opportunities
- Lower salary gap between US (on a Purchasing Parity Basis) and India

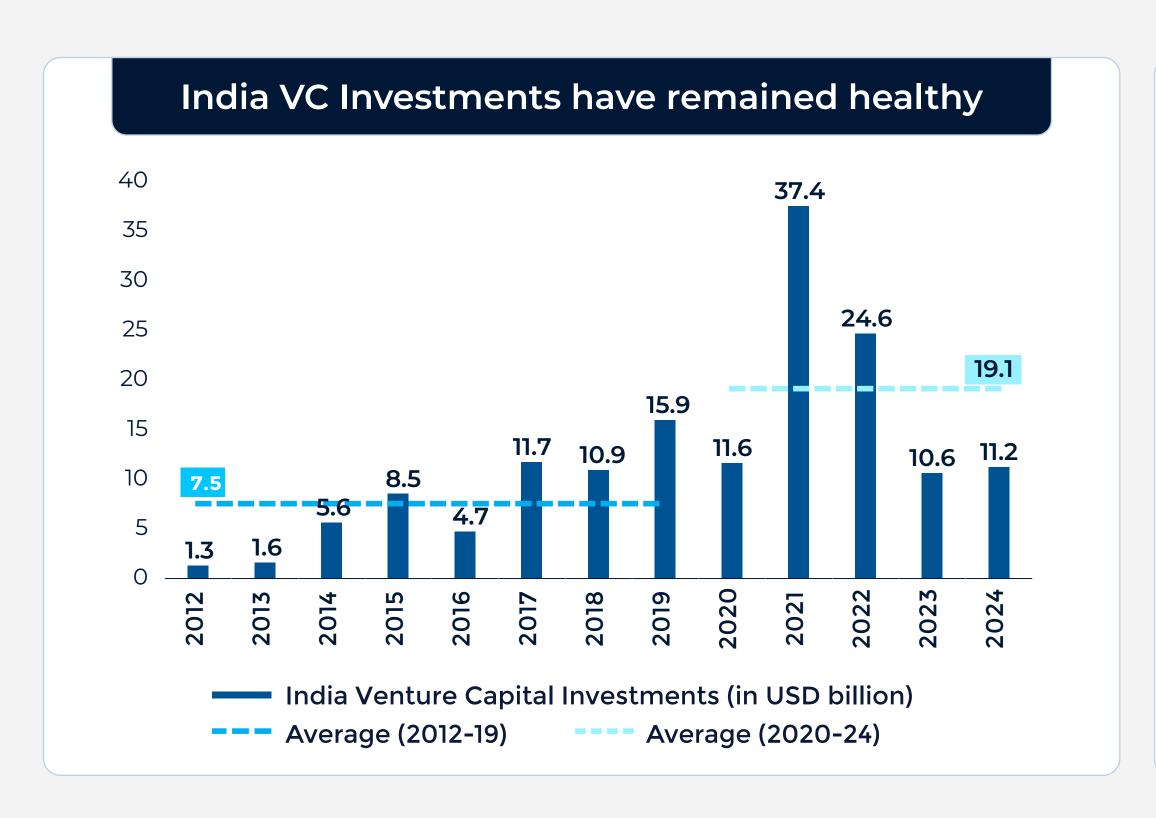


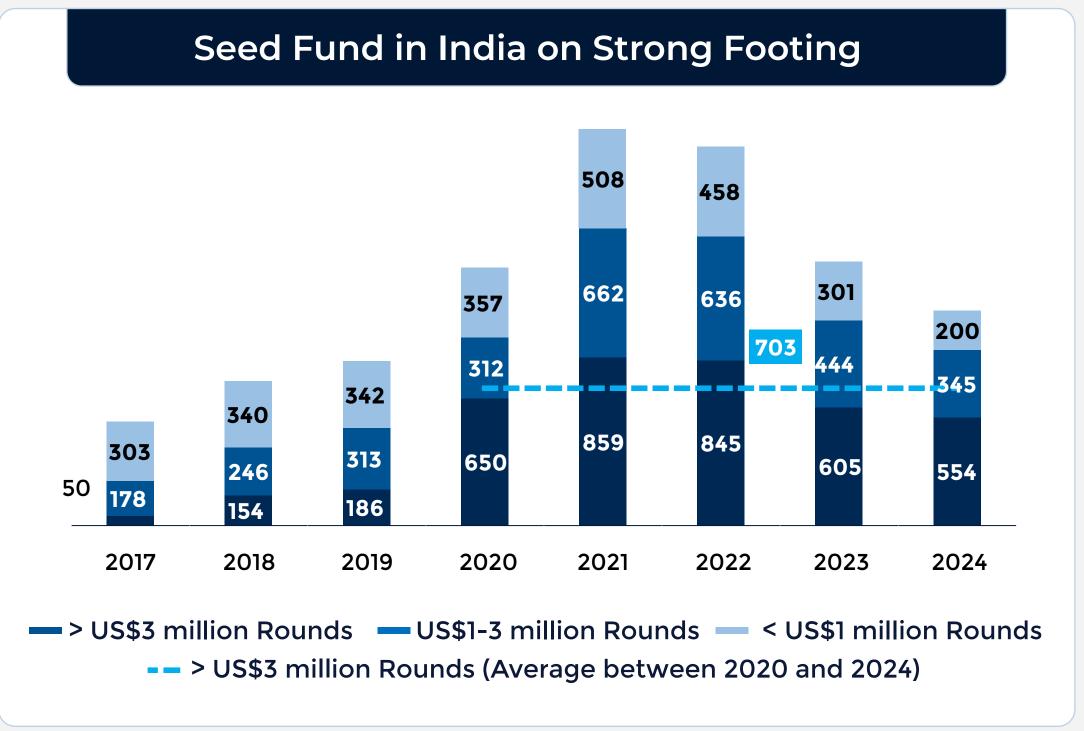
Source: EY, Publicly Available Information; India Salary Guide (2024) by Uplers; **AI/ML: Artificial Intelligence/Machine Learning; @BDA: Business Development Associate; All data as of 2023; *PPP: Purchasing Power Parity; PPP Factor between India and US: 3.8:1

Improved Funding Environment indicating Confidence in Upcoming Innovation



India's Venture Capital (VC) Investments and Seed Funding has improved with greater than US\$3 million rounds seed funding accounting for 50.4% of the funding in 2024, compared to 9.4% in 2017 → Indication of a shift from traditional industries to a knowledge-based economy



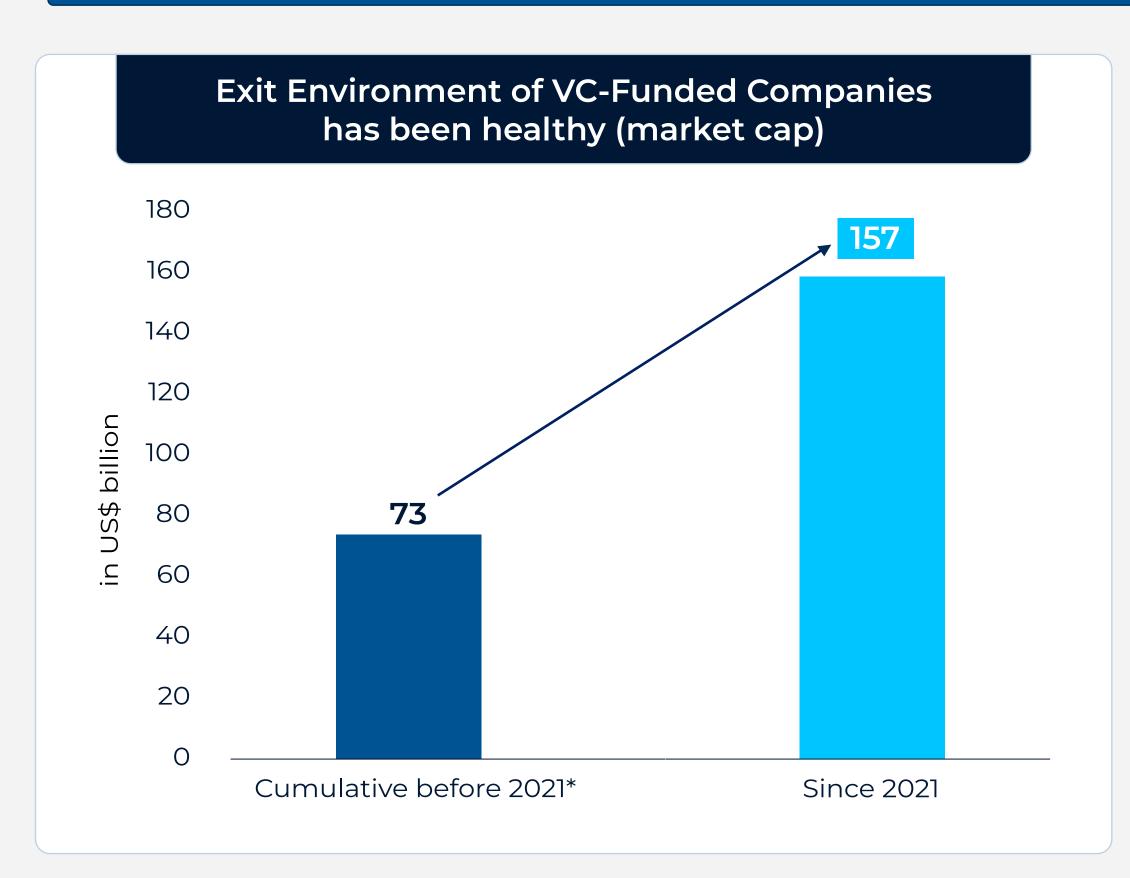


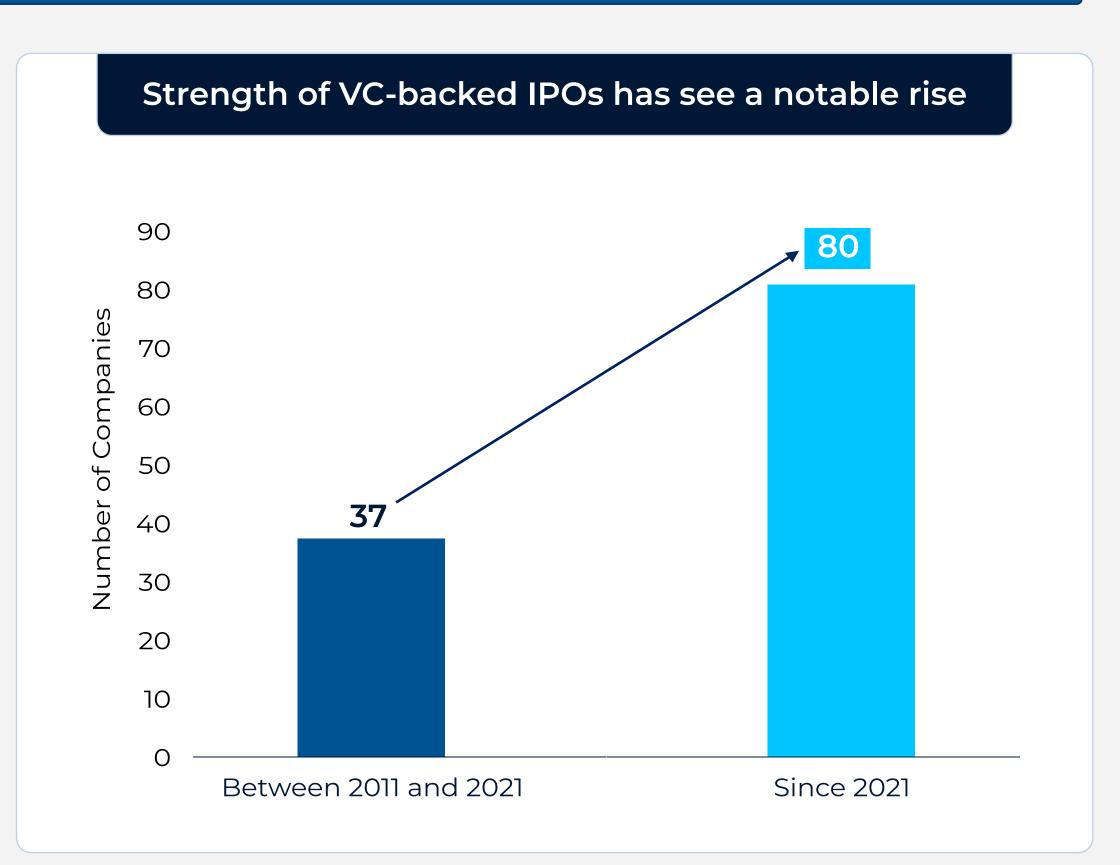
Source: Tracxn, Indus Valley - Funding Trends (2024)

Healthy Exit Environment – Increasing Investable Opportunities



VC-Funded IPOs have been healthy with a ~2x rise in number and market cap of IPOs since 2021

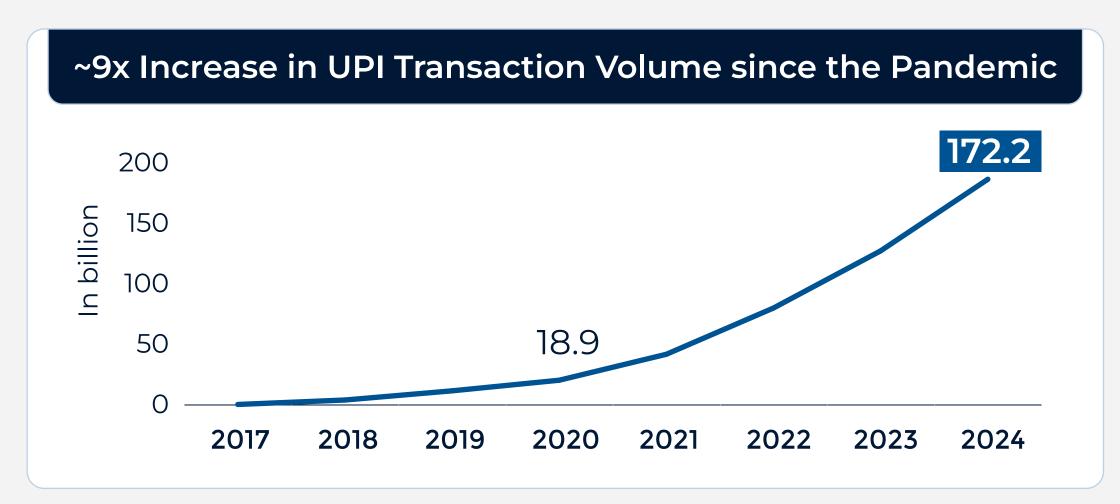


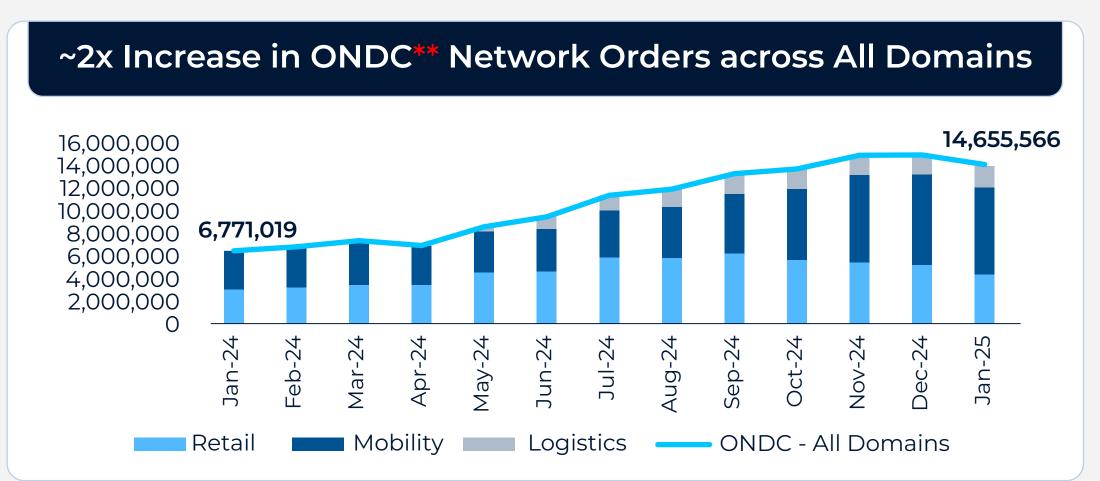


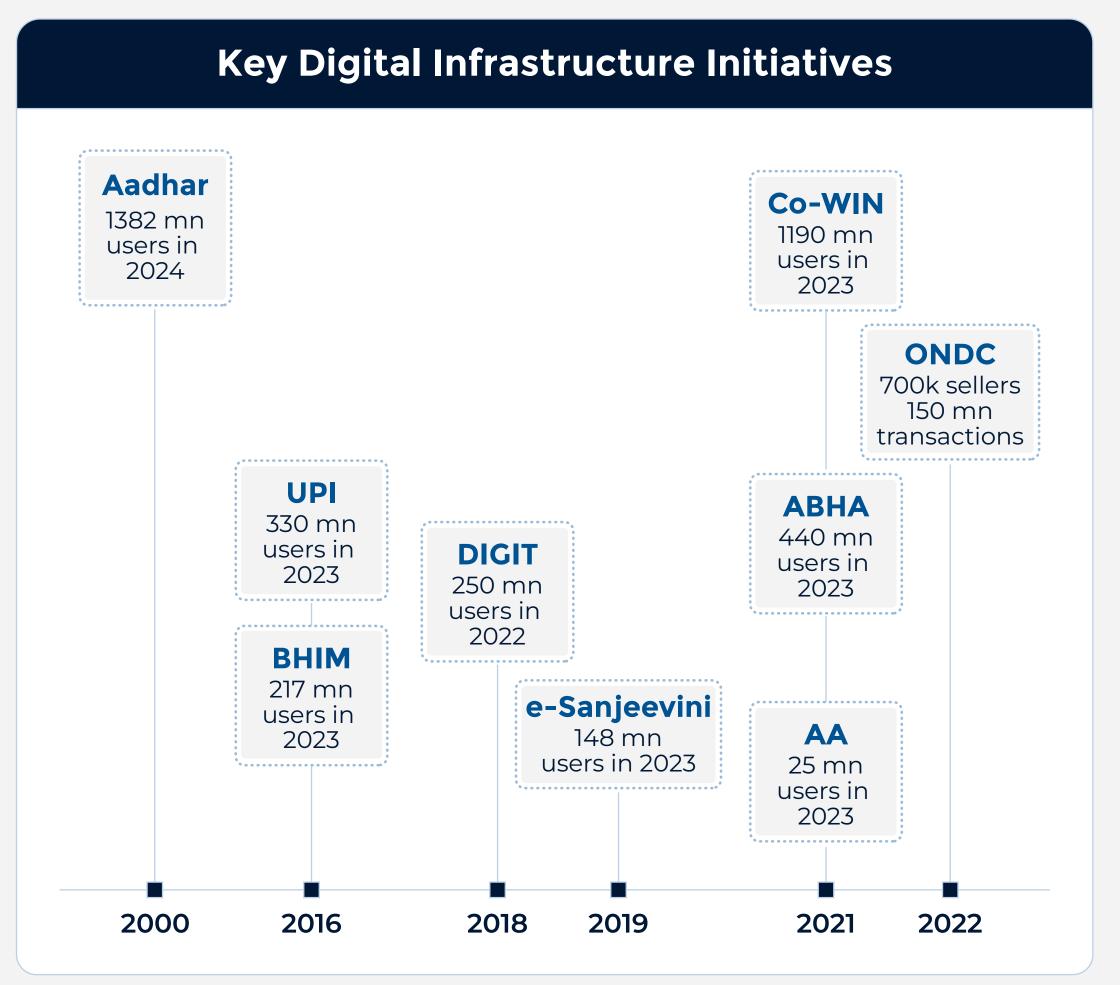
Source: Tracxn, Indus Valley - Funding Trends (2024); Data as on January 17, 2025; *Number of VC-Funded Companies that have gone for an IPO before 2011 was 50 and between 2011 and 2021 was 37

Digital Public Infrastructure – Key for Startups Growth









Source: National Payments Corporation of India, **Open Network for Digital Commerce (ONDC) Website, Motilal Oswal, Indus Valley - Funding Trends (2024)

Government Initiatives supporting Innovation Ecosystem



Major Initiatives by the Government for supporting Innovation

ASPIRE (A Scheme for Promotion of Innovation, Rural Industries and Entrepreneurship)

Credit Guarantee Scheme for Startups (CGSS)

Atal Innovation Mission (AIM)

Fund of Funds For Startups (FFS) Scheme Startup Accelerator of MeitY for Product Innovation,
Development, and Growth (SAMRIDH)

Prime Minister's
Employment
Generation Programme
(PMEGP) through the
Ministry of MSME

Production Linked Incentive (PLI) Scheme 10,000 Atal Tinkering Labs (1.1 crore+ Students actively engaged)

3,500+ Startups supported (1,000+

Women-led Startups)

14 Atal Community Innovation Centres

40+ Domestic & International Partnerships

72 Atal Incubation Centres (32,000+ Jobs created)

15 Applied Research and Innovation for Small Enterprises Challenges

24 Atal New India Challenges

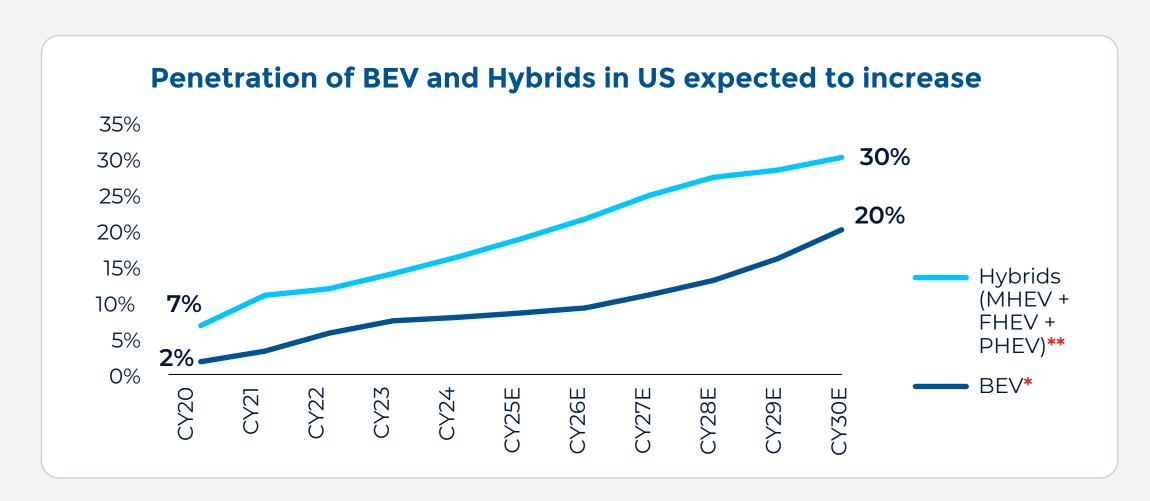
Source: Indian Brand Equity Foundation, PwC Reports, Atal Innovation Mission

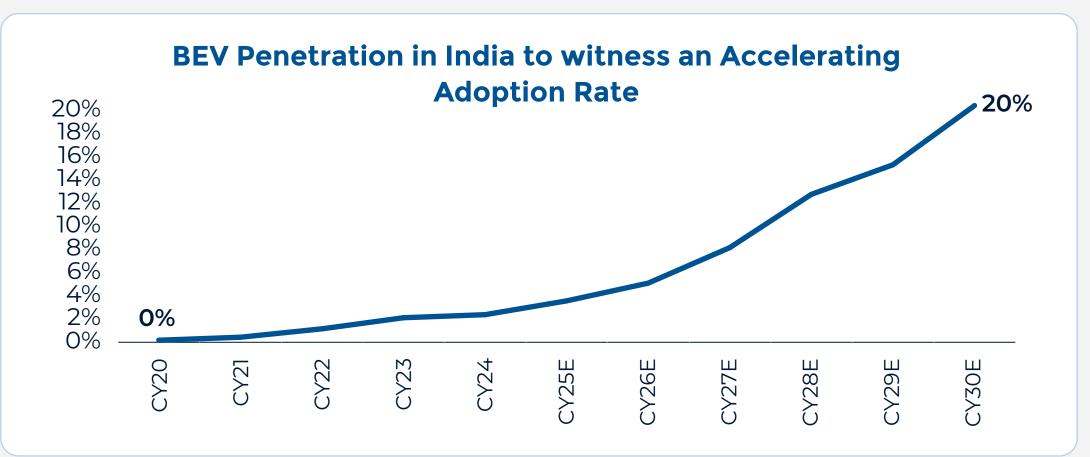
Objectives of a Few Schemes mentioned above: (1) CGSS is aimed at providing credit guarantee up to a specified limit against loans extended by Member Institutions to finance eligible borrowers viz. Startups as defined in the Gazette Notification issued by the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade and amended from time to time. (2) ASPIRE scheme aims to support the establishment of Livelihoods Business Incubation (LBI) centers. These centers are intended to foster entrepreneurship and promote startups in the agro-industry. (3) PMEGP aims to generate employment opportunities by establishing micro-enterprises in both rural and urban areas.

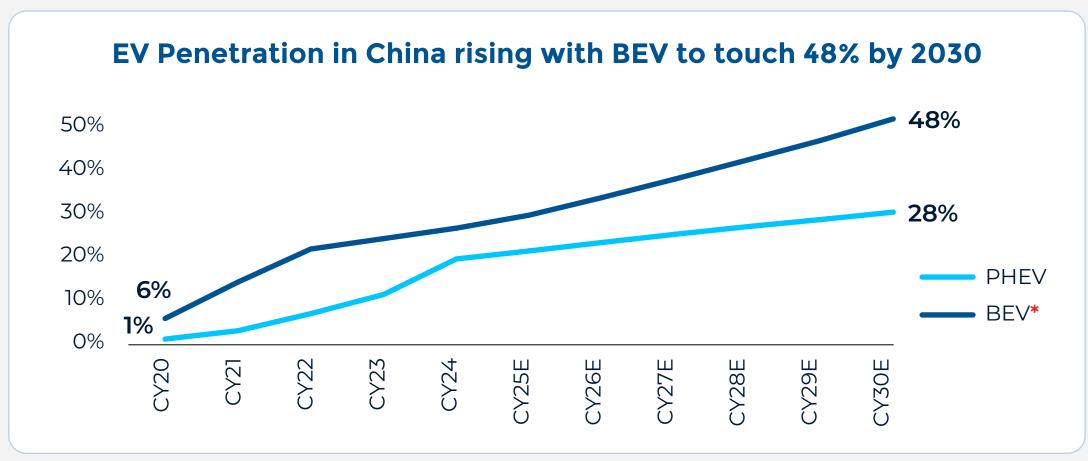


Autos – Rising Adoption of Electric Vehicles

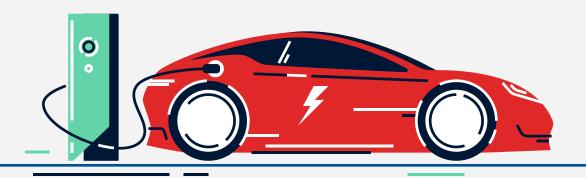








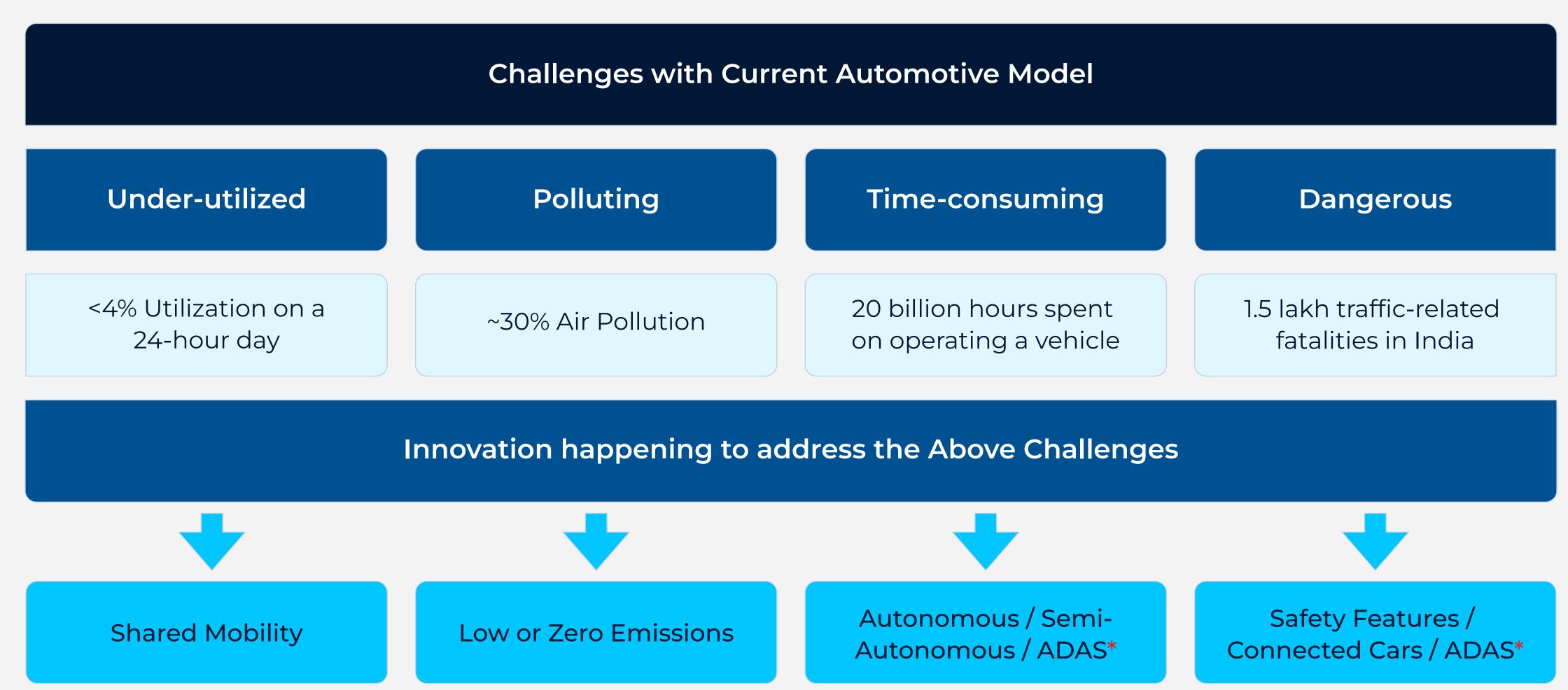
- Adoption of BEVs is expected to rise in the next5 to 7 years in India
- ▶ Share of India's 2-wheeler has increased to 5.8% of the total units in FY25 from just 0.1% in FY19



Source: Morgan Stanley estimates, Vaahan data; *BEV: Battery Electric Vehicle, **MHEV: Mild Hybrid Electric Vehicle, FHEV: Full Hybrid Electric Vehicle, PHEV: Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle

Autos – Innovations to address Current Challenges





Sources: Morgan Stanley Research, *ADAS: Advanced Driver Assist System

Autos – Developing EV Battery Ecosystem in India



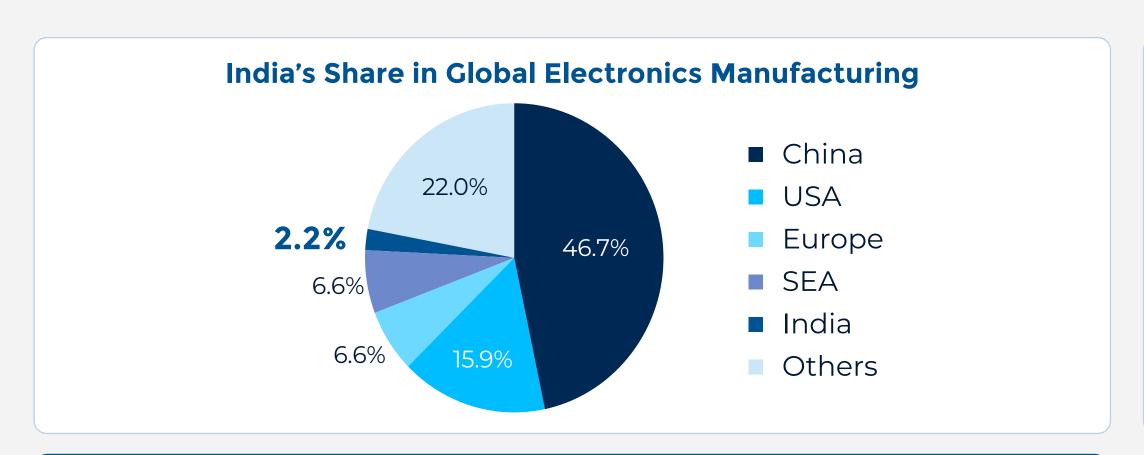
Company	Cumulative Capacity and Ramp-up	Commercial Production	Investment (in ₹ billion®)	Customer Tie-ups	Technology Support Tie-ups
Leading Indian Auto Manufacturer (Group)	20 GWh** in 2 years	2026	130	Largely internal	Tie-ups with Key Universities and support from the Indian Auto Group
Leading Indian Auto 2-wheeler EV Company	20 GWh over the medium to long-term	2025	51	Largely internal	Investment in Israeli cell technology company
One of the Leading Indian Battery Companies	12 GWh over the medium to long-term	2025	60	Leading South Korean Auto Companies: MoU* for supply of batteries	 Chinese Lithium-ion Manufacturer: Technical collaboration for cell manufacturing Nexchange: Joint Venture with Swiss-based Leclanché SA for battery pack manufacturing
One of the Leading Indian Battery Companies	16 GWh over the medium to long-term	FY26	95	Leading Auto 2-wheeler EV Company and Piaggio	 Gotion: Tie-up for manufacturing Lithium Iron Phosphate prismatic and cylindrical cells Jiangsu Highstar: Tie-up for Nickel Manganese Cobalt battery cells Log9: Domestic battery tech start up ISRO: Lithium-ion cell technology transfer agreement InoBat: European R&D and EV battery manufacturing company

Source: Morgan Stanley, Company Data; *Memorandum of Understanding, **GWh: Gigawatt hour, [®]₹1 billion = ₹100 crore.

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Electronics Manufacturing Services – A Key Priority for Indian Government

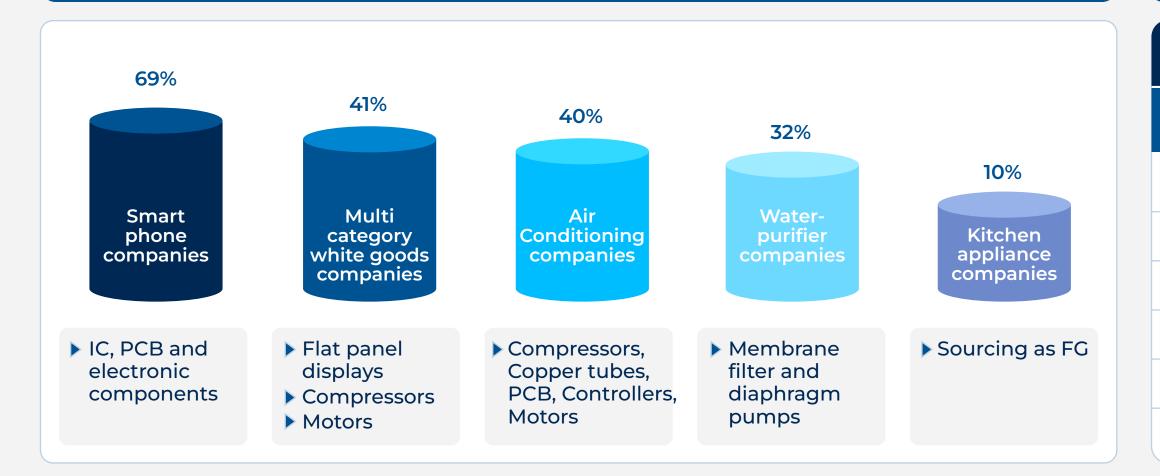




India EMS has potential to grow 10x in next 7-10 years 500 600 350 300 400 107_{64.2</sup>14.74} 150 200 -49.46 -200 -150 -180 -400 CY23 (USD Bn) CY26F (USD Bn) CY30F (USD Bn) ■ Electronics Industry ■ Components Demand ■ Production ■ Gap

India – Large Dependence on Imports as % of Cost of Goods Sold for Key Consumer Durables

India's EMS - Value-add remains low in Components
Manufacturing and Design

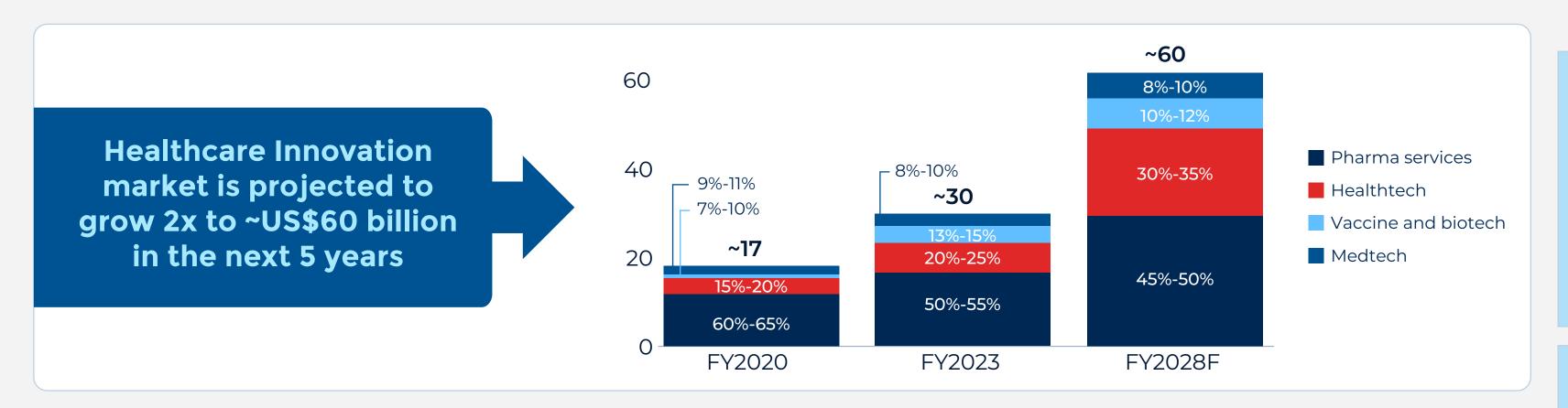


India's Current Value-Add across Key Segments					
Segment	Assembly	Components	Design		
Mobiles	High	Medium	Low		
Consumer Electronics	High	Low	Low		
IT Hardware	Low	Low	Low		
Telecom	Medium	Low	Low		
Automotive	Medium	Low	Low		
Wearables / Hearables	Medium	Low	Low		

Source: E&Y, Niti Aayog, Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology (MeitY), JM Financial

Healthcare – Trailblazer in Innovation





Innovation in Indian Pharma Companies – New Chemical Entities / Patented Drugs at Different Stages of Development / Commercialization

Company	Product	Therapy	Own Developed / Licensed	Comments
Company A	Product A	Anti Infective	Own	Phase III trials over in India / globally; To be filed in India shortly and in US in Q3FY26
Company B	Multiple Products	Derma / Ophthalmology	In-licensed	Commercialised globally
Company C	Multiple Products	Anti-allergy / Derma / Oncology	Own	Different phases of commercialization / clinical trials
Company D	Multiple Products	Anti-diabetes / Nephrology / Central Nervous System	In-licensed	Different phases of commercialization / clinical trials

Pharma companies having a portfolio of New Chemical Entity under different stages of development

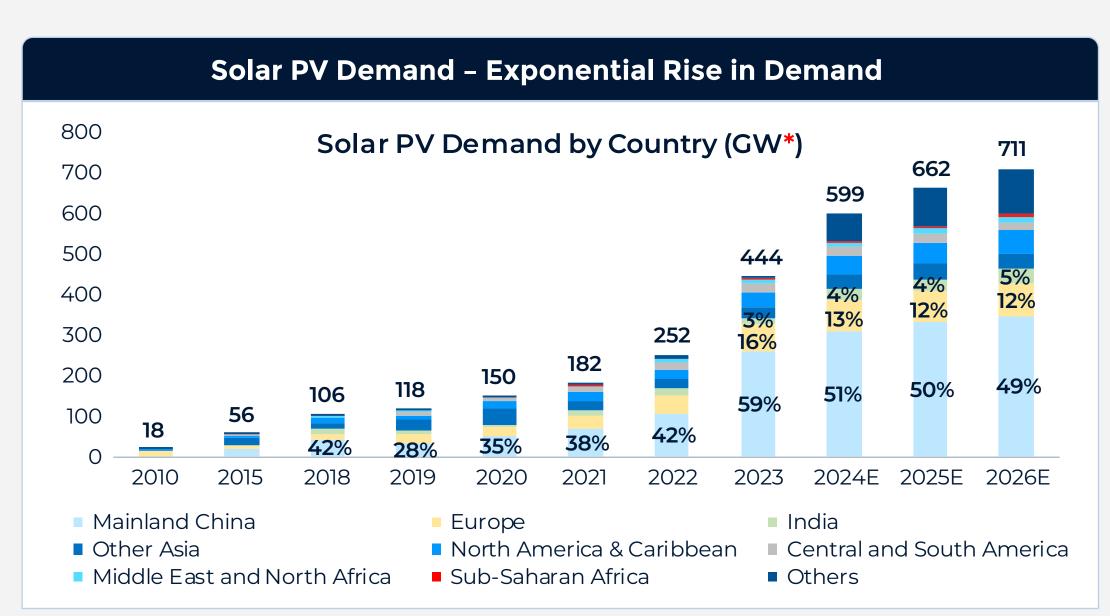
Companies in manufacturing of building blocks and other intermediates of Contract Research, Development, and Manufacturing Organization used in the GLP-1 manufacturing process for innovators

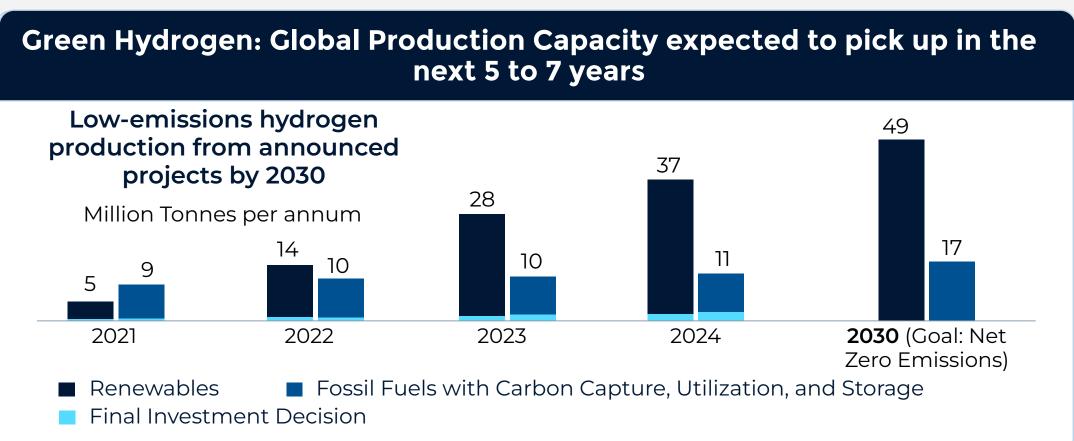
Covaxin – One of the major vaccines used in India's fight against COVID-19 indigenously developed by Bharat Biotech

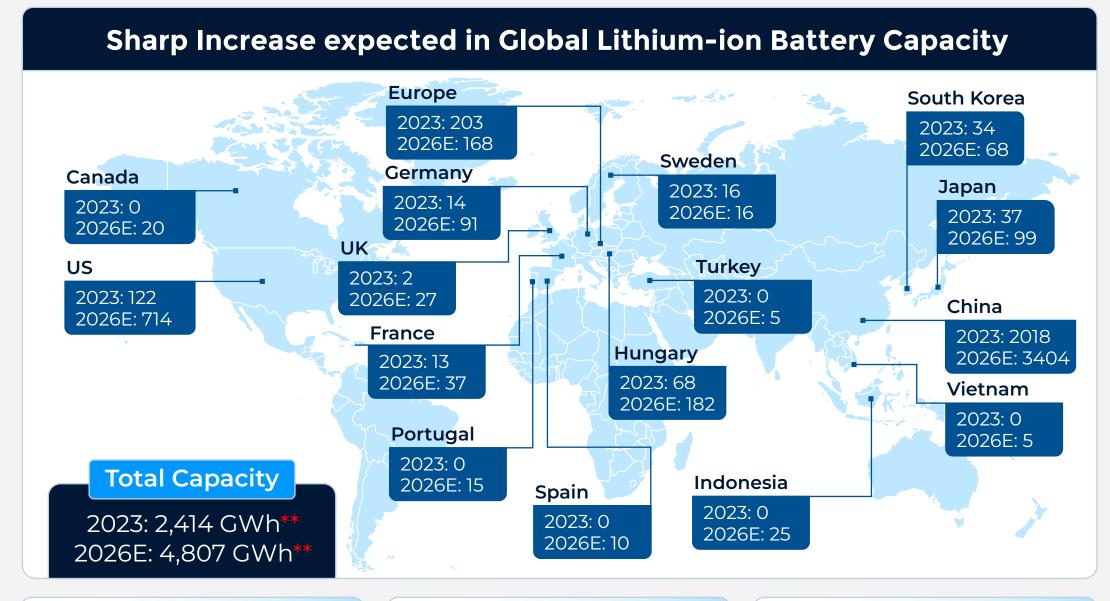
Source: Bain & Company, Inc, DAM Capital, MCA filings, Jefferies, LoEstro, Arizton Grand View Research, Redseer, IRDAI, Allied, Netscribes, Infinium, Tata Capital Healthcare Fund, Insights10, Birac, IBEF

Energy Transition and Storage – Changing Paradigm









Demand of global Solar PV has grown 5x in the last 5 years to ~600 GW in 2024 India aiming to achieve 500 GW from renewable sources by 2030 from 200GW in 2024 and Green Hydrogen Production capacity of > 5 million metric tonnes per annum

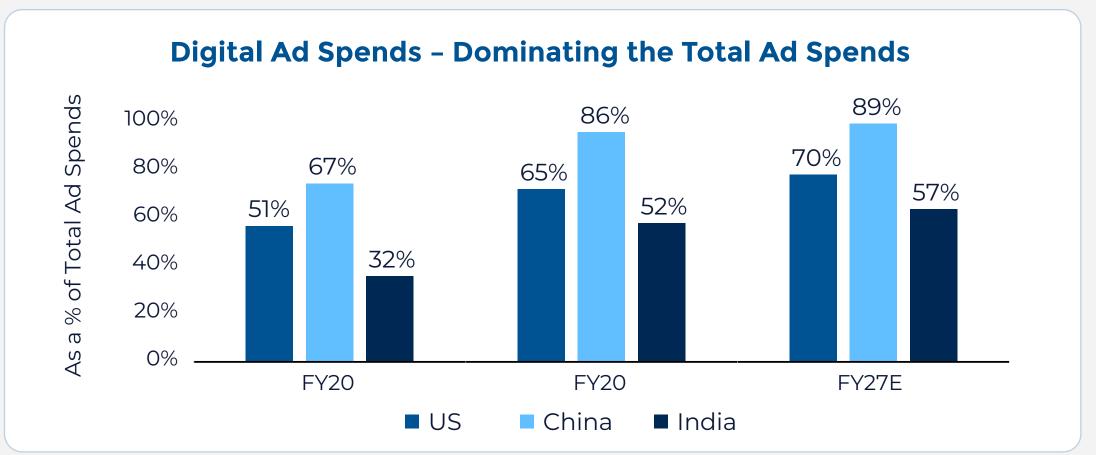
- India has competitive advantage in manufacturing green hydrogen with companies already having established tie-ups to get manufacturing scale
- Higher potential for localized manufacturing of batteries in vehicles and storage

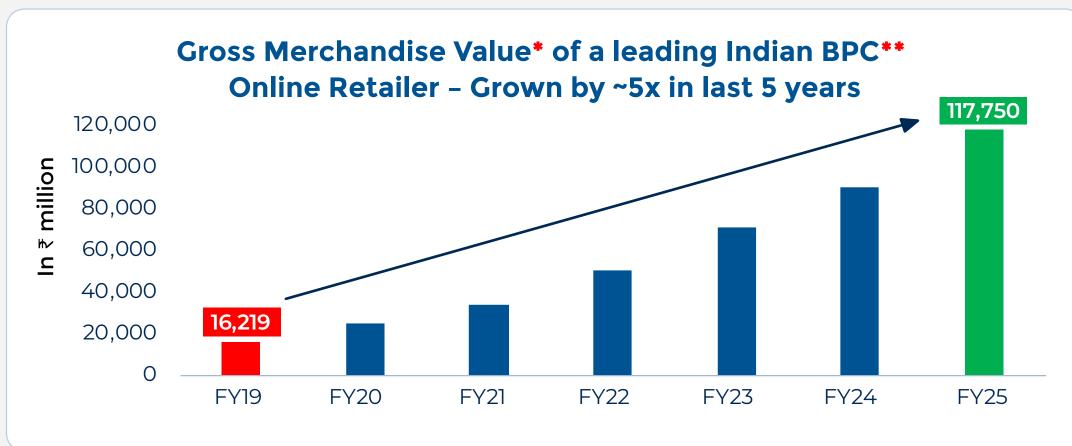
Source: Bernstein, Citi Research, www.iea.org, *GW: Gigawatt, **GWh: Gigawatt hours For disclaimer refer slide 44

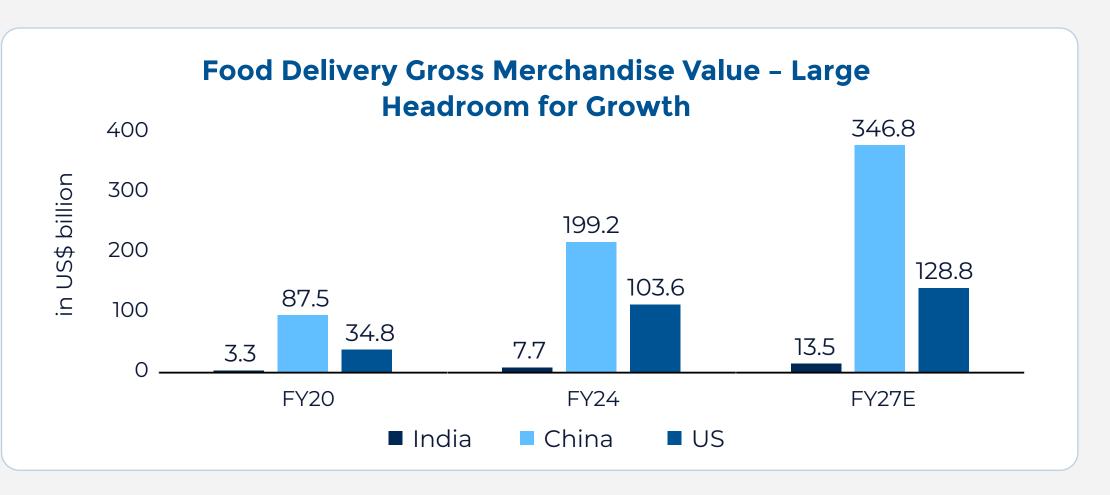
IT and Digital Platforms – A Long Runway for Growth











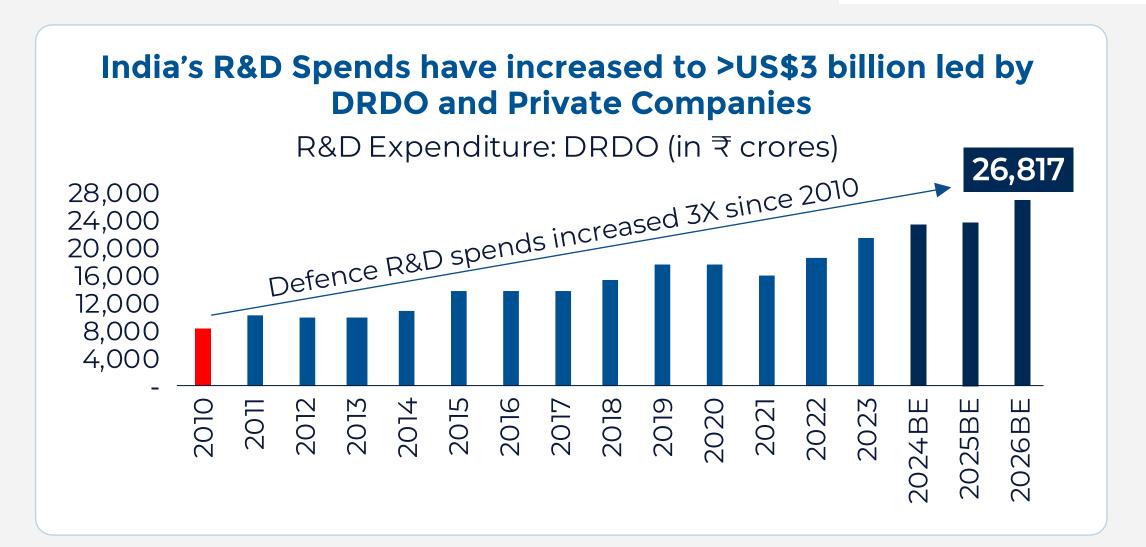
Source: Gartner, Euromonitor, Morgan Stanley Research estimates; Note: Years aligned for China and US - CY19 taken as FY20; *Annual Reports of an Indian Retail Company selling beauty, wellness and fashion products; **BPC: Beauty and Personal Care; @SaaS: Software as a Service

Defence – Indigenization Success largely led by Heightened R&D Focus



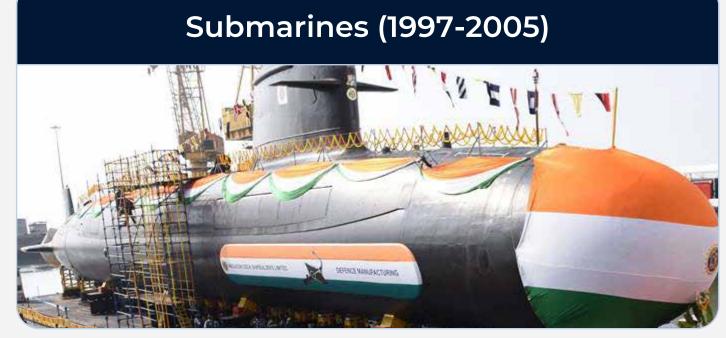
R&D Successes core to Indigenization besides Transfer of Technology

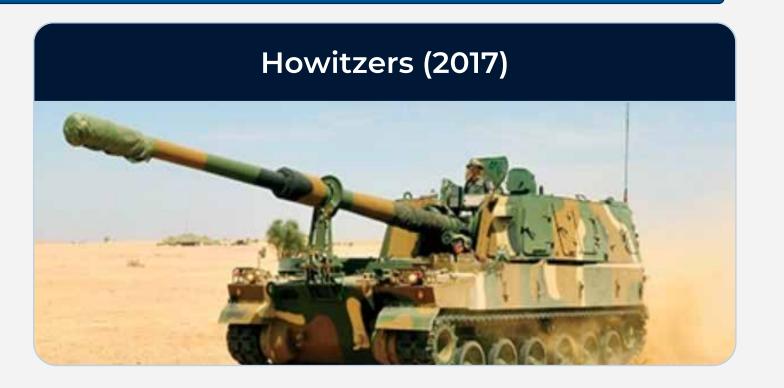
- Early successes in indigenization led by R&D and transfer of technologies
- Large Defence imports in past due to slow pick up in Defence
 Platform** Manufacturing
- India's Defence R&D led by DRDO* whose 40+ years of R&D has culminated into large technological advancements
- After indigenizing missiles (1983-2008), aircraft carriers (1999-2009), submarines (1997-2005) and howitzers (2017), India to focus on combat aircraft and helicopters



Early Successes in Indigenization led by R&D and Transfer of Technologies







- *DRDO: Defence Research & Development Organisation, Source: PIB, CLSA, Budget documents
- **A Defence platform is the base on which capabilities or weapon systems can be built or attached





Core Portfolio

- Aims to invest at least 80% of its net assets in equity and equity related instruments, which focuses on companies that are adopting innovative themes and strategies
- Fund Manager will endeavour broadly identify innovating companies based on:
- Product / Service Innovation
- Process Innovation
- Business Model Innovation

Portfolio Construction

- Bottom-up approach to stock selection
- Diversified across different sectors and market capitalizations
- Companies who are innovators or early adopters of new technologies / strategies with focus on growth and longer-term profitability
- Companies who are part of value chain of emerging themes / trends globally

Focus on Quality Companies

- Companies who are targeting to grow higher than the industry with market share gains
- Focusing on emerging market leaders and profit pool leaders
- Consider stage and trajectory of industry cycle and take a risk-adjusted view
- Strong Management with an ability to capitalize on opportunities while managing risks
- Good corporate governance, ESG sensitivity and transparency

Valuation Discipline and Strategic Approach

- Valuation looking from a medium to long-term perspective with focus on unit economics
- Holistic approach to valuations without relying solely on traditional parameters like P/E or P/B
- Considering the long term nature of investments in the Scheme, stock selection will be strategic and long term in nature, instead of tactical

Eligible Universe for HDFC Innovation Fund



Universe 2,596 companies

Scores assigned to Each Company from 1 to 5 based on a Comprehensive Internal Assessment Scores 4 and 5 → Highest scores (Pure Play of Innovation)

Score 3 → Minimum Cut-off for a Company to be part of the "Eligible Universe"

Scores 1 and 2 → Low scores

Eligible Universe (Score 3 and higher) 235 companies Number of Companies with a Scores 4 and 5
104
companies

Macroeconomic Sectors*	Sectoral Split of the Eligible Universe (% of Number of Companies)
Consumer Discretionary (Auto & Auto Ancillaries and E-Commerce)	22.1%
Industrials (including Defence)	20.9%
Pharma and Healthcare	16.6%
Information Technology	14.5%
Commodities (including Chemicals)	8.1%
Fast Moving Consumer Goods	6.4%
Utilities	5.1%
Financial Services	3.8%
Services	2.1%
Energy	0.4%
Number of Companies	235

Macroeconomic Sectors*	Sectoral Split of the Companies with Scores 4 and 5 (% of Number of Companies)
Pharma and Healthcare	27.2%
Consumer Discretionary (Auto & Auto Ancillaries and E-Commerce)	23.3%
Industrials (including Defence)	17.5%
Information Technology	11.7%
Commodities (including Chemicals)	9.7%
Utilities	4.9%
Financial Services	4.9%
Fast Moving Consumer Goods	1.0%
Services	0.0%
Number of Companies	104

Market Cap Category	•	
Large Cap	19.1%	24.0%
Mid Cap	23.8%	25.0%
Small Cap	57.0%	51.0%
Number of Companies	235	104

Source: Industry Classification by AMFI (April 29, 2025), SEBI Categorization of Large Cap, Mid Cap and Small Cap Stocks as of December 2024; *Macroeconomic Sectors as defined by AMFI. As per SEBI Circular dated October 6, 2017 and December 4, 2017. Large Cap companies means 1st - 100th company in terms of full market capitalization, mid cap companies mean 101st - 250th company in terms of full market capitalization and Small Cap companies mean 251st company onwards in terms of full market capitalization or such other companies as may be specified by SEBI from time to time.

High Growth commands a Valuation Premium



Growth run rate for Innovative Companies significantly ahead of the Traditional Peers → Commanding a Valuation Premium

Company	Ratio of Market Cap to Net Sales (March 2025)	3-year CAGR Growth in Net Sales (%), as of March 2025
One of the Leading Insurance Companies	1.7	9%
Leading Online Insurance Tech Company	14.7	52%
One of the Leading Indian Supermarkets	4.5	24%
Leading Indian Quick Commerce Platform	9.6	69%
Leading Fashion and Beauty Retailer	1.3	22%
Leading Indian Beauty and Personal Care Online Retailer	6.4	28%

Source: Motilal Oswal

Innovation Theme – Diversified across Sectors and Market Caps



Investing in this Fund can provide an investor an exposure to industries across different market caps that are adopting innovative strategies

Industries that can form part of the Universe*



Auto and Auto Ancillaries



Pharma & Healthcare



Energy (Power & Utilities)



Information
Technology and
Software



Defence, Industrials



Chemicals, Agrochemicals and Fertilizers



Consumer Goods

^{*}Note: The industries mentioned above are indicative and can include more industries.

Key Takeaways



Innovation → Process of introducing new ideas, services, or products – or improve existing ones – to create value, solve problems, and maintain a competitive edge

3 Key Types of Innovation

Product

Process

Business Model

Multiple examples of innovation in Indian context which has transformed businesses in sectors like Financial services, Retail, Autos, Defence etc.

Innovation important for Economic Prosperity and Market Leadership

Countries and companies that adopted innovative strategies have witnessed a multiplier effect on growth

Lower Cost driving higher adoption of new technologies

Innovation is not just in technology, but across sectors

Key Pillars supporting the Rise of Innovation in India

Strong entrepreneurial culture improving India's Global Innovation rankings

High talent availability and lower salary gaps

Improved funding environment indicating confidence in upcoming innovation

Government initiatives supporting innovation ecosystem with strong digital public infrastructure in place

Strong Potential for Innovation in some of the Key Sectors

Autos - EV Ecosystem

Electronics Manufacturing

Pharma and Healthcare

Energy Transition and Storage

IT and Digital Platforms

Why invest in HDFC Innovation Fund?





Exposure to companies that are adopting innovative strategies through the development of new products, processes or business models



Opportunity to participate India's next leg of economic growth led by companies who are innovators or early adopters of new technologies / strategies



Exposure to good quality companies with medium to long-term growth drivers across multiple market caps and sectors



Well-defined Methodology for selecting companies to form a part of the portfolio



25 years of track record of HDFC Mutual Fund with an experienced Investment / Equity Research Team

Risks and Mitigants



Risks	Mitigants
Slowdown in domestic economy and consumption → A large part of innovation ecosystem caters to the domestic economy which could get impacted in the event of an economic slowdown	Drivers of Macroeconomic growth continue to be on a strong footing
Slowdown in Funding Environment	There has been a step up in Venture Capital / Private Equity funding, which is helping the development of the innovation ecosystem in the last few years. With healthy exit environment, this should continue
Adverse Government policies for the innovation ecosystem	Government has undertaken multiple initiatives to support the innovation ecosystem
Lower talent retention in the country	A strong funding environment, India's rising global standing and lower salary gap (in PPP terms) should help in talent retention in the country

Fund Facts



Particulars	HDFC Innovation Fund		
Type of Scheme	An open-ended equity-oriented scheme following the innovation theme		
Investment Objective	To generate long-term capital appreciation / income by investing in companies that are adopting innovative themes and strategies. There is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.		
Benchmark Index	NIFTY 500 (Total Returns Index)		
Fund Manager(s) \$	Mr. Amit Sinha		
Investment Plans	• Direct Plan • Regular Plan		
Investment Option	Under Each Plan: Growth, Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal – Payout and Reinvestment of IDCW		
Minimum Application Amount	During NFO Period Purchase / Switches: ₹100/- and any amount thereafter During continuous offer period (after scheme re-opens for repurchase and sale): Purchase / Additional Purchase / Switch: ₹100/- and any amount thereafter		
Load Structure	 Exit Load: In respect of each purchase/switch-in of units, an Exit load of 1% is payable if units are redeemed/switched-out within 1 month from the date of allotment. No Exit Load is payable if units are redeemed / switched-out after 1 month from the date of allotment. 		
	In respect of Systematic Transactions such as SIP, Flex SIP, STP, Flex STP, Swing STP, Exit Load, if any, prevailing on the date of registration / enrolment shall be levied.		

\$Fund Manager Overseas investment – Mr. Dhruv Muchhal

For further details, refer SID and KIM available on www.hdfcfund.com and at Investor Service Centres of HDFC Mutual Fund

Asset Allocation



Under normal circumstances, the asset allocation (% of Net Assets) of the Scheme's portfolio will be as follows:

Types of Instruments	Minimum Allocation (% of Net Assets)	Maximum Allocation (% of Net Assets)
Equity and Equity related instruments following the innovation theme	80	100
Equity and Equity related instruments of companies other than those mentioned above	O	20
Units of REITs and InvITs	O	10
Debt securities and Money Market instruments	O	20
Units of Mutual Fund	O	20

For complete details, please refer to the Scheme Information Document on www.hdfcfund.com

Product Labelling and Riskometer

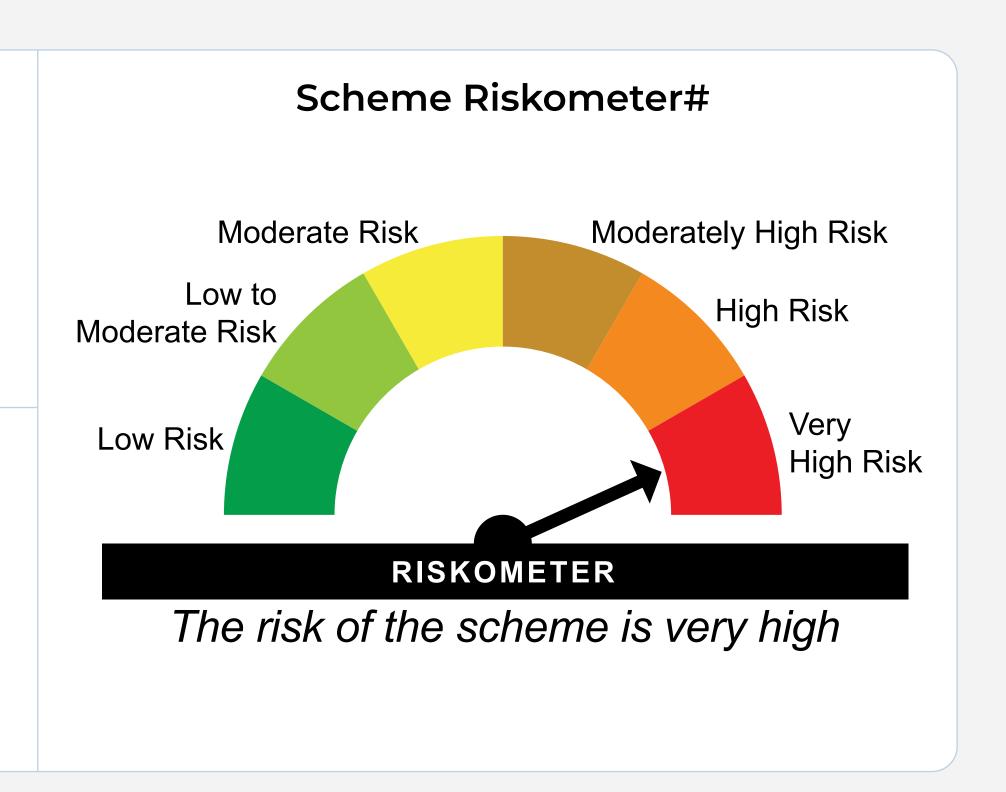


HDFC Innovation Fund (An open-ended equity-oriented scheme following the innovation theme) is suitable for investors who are seeking*:

- Capital appreciation over long term
- · to invest in equity and equity related instruments of companies that are adopting innovative themes and strategies

*Investors should consult their financial advisers, if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

#The product labeling assigned during the NFO is based on internal assessment of the scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when the actual investments are made. For latest riskometer, investors may refer to the Monthly Portfolios disclosed on the website of the Fund viz. www.hdfcfund.com



The Scheme being thematic in nature carries higher risks versus diversified equity mutual funds on account of concentration and theme specific risks.

Disclaimer



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MUTUAL FUND INVESTMENTS ARE SUBJECT TO MARKET RISKS, READ ALL SCHEME RELATED DOCUMENTS CAREFULLY.

Mission: To be the wealth creator for every Indian

Vision: To be the most respected asset manager in the world

Thank You