

Operating System Design

Design equivalent c program to execute corresponding commands to carry out related task.

Interpreter

```
#include<stdio.h> #include<string.h>
main( )
{ char x[20]; int a[200];
  do{scanf("%s",x);
    if((x[1]=='=')&&(x[3]=='+')) a[x[0]]=a[x[2]]+a[x[4]];
    if((x[1]=='=')&&(x[2]<60)) a[x[0]]=x[2]-48;
    if(x[1]=='r') { printf("%d\n",a[x[6]]);sleep(1); }
  } while(1);
}
```

1. Command: k=7 m=2 u=k+m print(u)

Outputs : 9

(A) Implement copy

Command: k=7 u=k print(u)

Output: 7

2. Implement simple conditional

Command: c=3 u=5 k=7 g=8 if(u>k)g=c print(g)

Output : 8

when u=9 in previous command, o/p: 3

3. Implement indirect (source)

Command: c=9 e=6 f=9 k=[5] print(k)

Output : 6

4. Implement indirect (destination)

Command: c=5 d=6 [4]=8 print(d)

Output : 8

and print(c) outputs 5

5. Modify above

Command: g=4 d=7 e=9 k=[g] print(k)

Output : 7

Command: g=4 d=7 e=9 [g]=8 print(d)

Output : 8

6. Conditional of one statement

Command: if(u>k)a=b+c. In place of a=b, there can be any assignment statement like a=5, a=b+c or a=5+c

Two processes (id z=1 and 2)

```
char x[20]; int a[200],b[200];a[122]=1;b[122]=2;
do{scanf("%s",x);
    if((x[1]=='=')&&(x[3]=='+')) { a[x[0]]=a[x[2]]+a[x[4]]; b[x[0]]=b[x[2]]+b[x[4]]; }
    if((x[1]=='=')&&(x[2]<60)) { a[x[0]]=x[2]-48; b[x[0]]=x[2]-48; }
    if(x[1]=='r') { printf("%d %d\n",a[x[6]],b[x[6]]);sleep(1); }
} while(1);
```

1. Command: k=7 m=k+z print(m)

Output : 8 9

Command: k=z+z k=z+k k=k+k print(k)

Output : 6 12

Multi processor (process id's z=1..n)

```
char x[20]; int a[50][200],i,n; printf("Give number of processes");scanf("%d",&n);
for(i=1;i<=n;i++){ a[i][122]=i; a[i][118]=0;}
do{scanf("%s",x);
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        { if((x[1]=='=')&&(x[3]=='+')) a[i][x[0]]=a[i][x[2]]+a[i][x[4]];
          if((x[1]=='=')&&(x[2]<60)) a[i][x[0]]=x[2]-48;
          if(x[1]=='r') { printf("%d\n",a[i][x[6]]);sleep(1); }
        }
} while(1);
```

1. Command: k=7 g=z+z g=g+g m=k+g print(m) (4 processes)

Output : 11 15 19 23

2. process creation using fork

```
if(x[1]=='o'){
    m=n;
    for(i=1;i<=m;i++){
        n++;
        for(j=0;j<199;j++)
            a[n][j]=a[i][j];
        a[n][122]=n;
    }
}
```

Command: k=2 print(k) fork k=k+z print(k) fork print(k) k=k+z print(k) (n=1)

Output : 2 34 3434 4668

3. Implement fork with return value. In parent the id of child is returned. In child 0 is returned.

Command: g=fork u=z+z u=u+u u=u+g print(u) (n=1 o/p68) (n=2 o/p 7 12 12 16)

Output : (for n=1) 6 8, (for n=2) 7 12 12 16

4. Let 'v' store father's id.

Command: a=fork print(a) print(v) b=fork print(b) print(v)

Output : 20 01 3400 0112

//This for 2nd case fork and parent child connection

```
if(x[3]=='o'){  
    ...  
    a[i][x[0]]=n;  
    a[n][x[0]]=0;  
    a[n][118]=i;  
}
```