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In [1]: import numpy as np
           1.Create an array with zeros and ones and print the output
 In [2]:
          a=np.zeros(3)
          print(a)
          a=np.ones(4)
          print(a)
          [0. 0. 0.]
          [1. 1. 1. 1.]
          2. Create an array and print the output
 In [4]: | a=np.array([10,20,30])
          print(a)
          [10 20 30]
          3. Create an array whose initial content is random and print the output
In [11]:
          b=np.array([2,4,6,8,10])
          print(np.empty(4))
           [1. 1. 1. 1.]
          4. Create an array with the range of values with even intervals
In [13]: c=np.arange(2,10,2)
          print(c)
          [2 4 6 8]
          5. Create an array with values that are spaced linearly in a specified interval
In [14]: | c=np.linspace(1,10,num=5)
          print(c)
                    3.25 5.5
          [ 1.
                                 7.75 10.
                                             1
          6.Access and manipulate elements in the array
In [23]: |a=np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
          print(a[a>3])
          [4 5]
          7. Create a 2 dimensional array and check the shape of the array
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In [31]: | a=np.array([[1,2,3,4],[2,4,5,6]])
          print(np.shape(a))
          (2, 4)
          8.Using arange() and linspace() func to evenly space values in a specified interval
In [34]:
          a=np.arange(1,10,4)
          b=(np.linspace(1,9,num=3,dtype=np.int64))
          print(a)
          print(b)
           [1 5 9]
          [1 5 9]
          9.CReate an array of random values between 0 and 1 in a gn shape
In [10]: | a=np.empty(2)
          print(a)
           [6.62368173e-312 0.00000000e+000]
           10.Repeat each element of an array by a specified num of times using repeat() and tile() fun
In [35]: print(np.repeat(a,3))
          print(np.tile(a,3))
           [1 1 1 5 5 5 9 9 9]
          [1 5 9 1 5 9 1 5 9]
           11. How do you know the shape and size of an array?
          with the help of np.shape() and np.size(), we can able to know the shape and size of an array.
           12. Create an array that indicates the total num of elements in an array
In [36]: | a=np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
          print(np.size(a))
          5
          13. To find the num of dimensions of array
In [39]: | a=np.array([[1,2,3],[2,4,6]])
          print(np.ndim(a))
          2
           14. Create an array and reshape into a new array
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In [43]:
          a=np.array([1,2,3,4])
          print(a.reshape(2,2))
          [[1 2]
           [3 4]]
          16.Create any array with values ranging from 10 to 49 whic is divisible by 7 and print num
In [47]: | a=np.arange(10,49)
          print(a[a%7==0])
          [14 21 28 35 42]
          17. Create an array and check any two condn and print output
In [45]: | a=np.array([2,50,60,10,25])
          print(a[a>45])
          print(a[a<25])</pre>
          [50 60]
          [ 2 10]
          18. Use arithmetic operator and print the ouput using array
 In [6]: import numpy as np
 In [8]: | a1=np.array([2,3,4,5])
          b1=np.array([5,6,7,8])
          print(a1+b1)
          print(a1-b1)
          print(a1*b1)
          [ 7 9 11 13]
          [-3 -3 -3 -3]
          [10 18 28 40]
          19.Use relational operator
In [12]: | a=b1[0]>a1[0]
          print(a)
          True
```

Python is a general purpose programming language which has list of commands that excecutes line by line. Beside python, lpython is an interactive command line terminal, that executes the code instantly if we write one line command

In []: 20.Diff btwn python and ipython