Enterprise Multi-Tenant CRM System

Complete Implementation Guide

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E System Architecture Overview

Technology Stack

Backend:

- Django 4.2+ (Python 3.11+)
- Django REST Framework 3.14+
- PostgreSQL 14+ with Row-Level Security
- Redis 7+ for caching and sessions
- Celery for background tasks

Frontend:

- React 18+ with TypeScript
- Tailwind CSS for styling
- Axios for API calls

- React Router v6 for routing
- Recharts for data visualization

Key Features

- ✓ Multi-tenant architecture with company isolation
- ✓ Unlimited territory management with hierarchies
- Complete Quote-to-Cash workflow
- Vendor management and procurement
- Custom document templates
- Sales forecasting and DSO tracking
- Role-based access control
- Mobile-responsive design

Prerequisites & Tools

Required Software

1. **Python 3.11+**

python --version # Should be 3.11 or higher

2. PostgreSQL 14+

bash

psql --version # Should be 14 or higher

3. Node.js 18+

bash

node --version # Should be 18 or higher

4. Redis 7+

bash

redis-server --version # Should be 7 or higher

bash

git --version

6. Code Editor: VS Code (recommended)

Optional but Recommended

- Docker & Docker Compose
- Postman or Insomnia (API testing)
- pgAdmin or DBeaver (database management)



Phase 1: Backend Setup

Step 1.1: Create Project Structure

Create main project directory
mkdir enterprise-crm
cd enterprise-crm
Create backend directory
mkdir backend
cd backend
Create Python virtual environment
python -m venv venv

Activate virtual environment
On Windows:
venv\Scripts\activate
On macOS/Linux:
source venv/bin/activate

Step 1.2: Install Python Dependencies

bash

```
# Install Django and related packages
pip install django==4.2.8
pip install djangorestframework==3.14.0
pip install psycopg2-binary==2.9.9
pip install django-cors-headers==4.3.1
pip install djangorestframework-simplejwt==5.3.1
pip install django-filter==23.5
pip install celery==5.3.4
pip install redis==5.0.1
pip install python-decouple==3.8
pip install pillow==10.1.0
pip install reportlab==4.0.7
pip install weasyprint==60.1
pip install openpyxl==3.1.2
# Save dependencies
pip freeze > requirements.txt
```

Step 1.3: Create Django Project

```
# Create Django project
django-admin startproject config .

# Create apps

python manage.py startapp core # Core models (User, Company)

python manage.py startapp crm # CRM models (Account, Contact, Lead, Deal)

python manage.py startapp sales # Sales models (Quote, Order, Invoice)

python manage.py startapp procurement # Procurement models (Vendor, PO)

python manage.py startapp territories # Territory management

python manage.py startapp reporting # Reports and analytics
```

Step 1.4: Configure Settings

Create (config/settings/base.py):

python

```
import os
from pathlib import Path
from decouple import config
BASE DIR = Path( file ).resolve().parent.parent.parent
SECRET_KEY = config('SECRET_KEY', default='your-secret-key-here-change-in-production')
DEBUG = config('DEBUG', default=False, cast=bool)
ALLOWED_HOSTS = config('ALLOWED_HOSTS', default='localhost,127.0.0.1').split(',')
INSTALLED_APPS = [
  'django.contrib.admin',
  'django.contrib.auth',
  'django.contrib.contenttypes',
  'django.contrib.sessions',
  'django.contrib.messages',
  'django.contrib.staticfiles',
  # Third-party apps
  'rest_framework',
  'rest framework simplejwt',
  'corsheaders',
  'django filters',
  # Local apps
  'core',
  'crm',
  'sales',
  'procurement',
  'territories',
  'reporting',
]
MIDDLEWARE = [
  'django.middleware.security.SecurityMiddleware',
  'corsheaders.middleware.CorsMiddleware',
  'django.contrib.sessions.middleware.SessionMiddleware',
  'django.middleware.common.CommonMiddleware',
  'django.middleware.csrf.CsrfViewMiddleware',
  'django.contrib.auth.middleware.AuthenticationMiddleware',
  'core.middleware.MultiTenantMiddleware', # Custom multi-tenant middleware
```

```
'django.contrib.messages.middleware.MessageMiddleware',
  'django.middleware.clickjacking.XFrameOptionsMiddleware',
1
ROOT URLCONF = 'config.urls'
TEMPLATES = [
    'BACKEND': 'django.template.backends.django.DjangoTemplates',
    'DIRS': [BASE_DIR / 'templates'],
    'APP_DIRS': True,
    'OPTIONS': {
       'context processors': [
         'django.template.context processors.debug',
         'django.template.context_processors.request',
         'django.contrib.auth.context_processors.auth',
         'django.contrib.messages.context_processors.messages',
      ],
    },
  },
]
WSGI APPLICATION = 'config.wsgi.application'
# Database
DATABASES = {
  'default': {
    'ENGINE': 'django.db.backends.postgresql',
    'NAME': config('DB_NAME', default='enterprise_crm'),
    'USER': config('DB USER', default='postgres'),
    'PASSWORD': config('DB PASSWORD', default='postgres'),
    'HOST': config('DB HOST', default='localhost'),
    'PORT': config('DB PORT', default='5432'),
    'OPTIONS': {
       'options': '-c search path=public'
    }
# Custom User Model
AUTH USER MODEL = 'core.User'
# REST Framework
REST FRAMEWORK = {
```

```
'DEFAULT AUTHENTICATION CLASSES': [
    'rest framework simplejwt.authentication.JWTAuthentication',
  ],
  'DEFAULT PERMISSION CLASSES': [
    'rest framework.permissions.IsAuthenticated',
  ],
  'DEFAULT PAGINATION CLASS': 'rest framework.pagination.PageNumberPagination',
  'PAGE_SIZE': 25,
  'DEFAULT_FILTER_BACKENDS': [
    'django_filters.rest_framework.DjangoFilterBackend',
    'rest framework.filters.SearchFilter',
    'rest_framework.filters.OrderingFilter',
  ],
# JWT Settings
from datetime import timedelta
SIMPLE JWT = {
  'ACCESS_TOKEN_LIFETIME': timedelta(hours=1),
  'REFRESH_TOKEN_LIFETIME': timedelta(days=7),
  'ROTATE REFRESH TOKENS': True,
# CORS Settings
CORS ALLOWED ORIGINS = config(
  'CORS ALLOWED ORIGINS',
  default='http://localhost:3000,http://127.0.0.1:3000'
).split(',')
CORS ALLOW CREDENTIALS = True
# Redis/Celery
REDIS HOST = config('REDIS HOST', default='localhost')
REDIS PORT = config('REDIS PORT', default='6379')
REDIS URL = f'redis://{REDIS HOST}:{REDIS PORT}/0'
CACHES = {
  'default': {
    'BACKEND': 'django.core.cache.backends.redis.RedisCache',
    'LOCATION': REDIS URL,
  }
```

```
CELERY_BROKER_URL = REDIS_URL
CELERY_RESULT_BACKEND = REDIS_URL
# Static files
STATIC URL = '/static/'
STATIC ROOT = BASE DIR / 'staticfiles'
# Media files
MEDIA_URL = '/media/'
MEDIA_ROOT = BASE_DIR / 'media'
# Email configuration (for production)
EMAIL BACKEND = 'django.core.mail.backends.smtp.EmailBackend'
EMAIL HOST = config('EMAIL HOST', default='')
EMAIL PORT = config('EMAIL PORT', default=587, cast=int)
EMAIL_HOST_USER = config('EMAIL_HOST_USER', default=")
EMAIL_HOST_PASSWORD = config('EMAIL_HOST_PASSWORD', default=")
EMAIL_USE_TLS = True
DEFAULT_AUTO_FIELD = 'django.db.models.BigAutoField'
```

Create (.env) file:

```
DEBUG=True

SECRET_KEY=your-secret-key-here-generate-random

DB_NAME=enterprise_crm

DB_USER=postgres

DB_PASSWORD=your-postgres-password

DB_HOST=localhost

DB_PORT=5432

REDIS_HOST=localhost

REDIS_PORT=6379

CORS_ALLOWED_ORIGINS=http://localhost:3000
```

Phase 2: Database Implementation

Step 2.1: Create Database

```
-- Connect to PostgreSQL
psql -U postgres

-- Create database
CREATE DATABASE enterprise_crm;

-- Connect to the database
\text{\centerprise_crm}

-- Enable required extensions
CREATE EXTENSION IF NOT EXISTS "uuid-ossp";
CREATE EXTENSION IF NOT EXISTS "pgcrypto";
```

Step 2.2: Run Database Schema

Use the complete SQL schema provided in the artifacts:

- Database Schema Part 1 (Core tables)
- Database Schema Part 2 (Activities & Quote-to-Cash)
- Database Schema Part 3 (Sales Orders & Vendors)

```
# Run the schema files

psql -U postgres -d enterprise_crm -f schema_part1.sql

psql -U postgres -d enterprise_crm -f schema_part2.sql

psql -U postgres -d enterprise_crm -f schema_part3.sql
```

Step 2.3: Create Django Models

Copy the Django models from the artifacts into your Django apps:

- (core/models.py) User, Company, UserCompanyAccess
- (territories/models.py) Territory, TerritoryRule
- (crm/models.py) Account, Contact, Lead, Deal
- (sales/models.py) Quote, SalesOrder, Invoice
- procurement/models.py Vendor, PurchaseOrder

Step 2.4: Create and Run Migrations

```
# Create migrations

python manage.py makemigrations

# Apply migrations

python manage.py migrate

# Create superuser

python manage.py createsuperuser
```

† Phase 3: API Development

Step 3.1: Create Serializers

For each model, create serializers in (<app>/serializers.py):

```
python

# Example: crm/serializers.py

from rest_framework import serializers

from .models import Account, Contact, Lead, Deal

class AccountSerializer(serializers.ModelSerializer):

owner_name = serializers.CharField(source='owner.full_name', read_only=True)

class Meta:

model = Account

fields = '__all__'

read_only_fields = ['id', 'created_at', 'updated_at']
```

Step 3.2: Create ViewSets

Create ViewSets in <app>/views.py):

python

```
# Example: crm/views.py

from rest_framework import viewsets

from rest_framework.permissions import IsAuthenticated

from .models import Account

from .serializers import AccountSerializer

class AccountViewSet(viewsets.ModelViewSet):
    serializer_class = AccountSerializer

permission_classes = [IsAuthenticated]

def get_queryset(self):
    company_id = self.request.session.get('active_company_id')
    return Account.objects.filter(company_id=company_id)
```

Step 3.3: Configure URLs

```
python

# config/urls.py
from django.contrib import admin
from django.urls import path, include
from rest_framework.routers import DefaultRouter

router = DefaultRouter()

# Register all viewsets here

urlpatterns = [
    path('admin/', admin.site.urls),
    path('api/v1/', include(router.urls)),
    path('api/v1/auth/', include('core.urls.auth')),

]
```

Step 3.4: Test API Endpoints

```
# Run development server

python manage.py runserver

# Test in another terminal or Postman

curl http://localhost:8000/api/v1/accounts/
```

Step 4.1: Create React App

```
# Go back to project root

cd ..

# Create React app with TypeScript

npx create-react-app frontend --template typescript

cd frontend

# Install dependencies

npm install axios react-router-dom@6

npm install tailwindcss@latest postcss@latest autoprefixer@latest

npm install recharts date-fins react-hook-form

npm install lucide-react react-hot-toast

npm install @tanstack/react-query
```

Step 4.2: Configure Tailwind CSS

```
bash
npx tailwindess init -p
```

Edit (tailwind.config.js):

```
javascript

module.exports = {
    content: [
        "./src/**/*.{js,jsx,ts,tsx}",
        ],
        theme: {
        extend: {},
      },
      plugins: [],
}
```

Step 4.3: Create Project Structure

Follow the structure provided in the "React Frontend Structure" artifact.

bash

mkdir -p src/{api,components,pages,context,hooks,utils,routes,styles} mkdir -p src/components/{common,layout,forms,cards,charts,widgets} mkdir -p src/pages/{Auth,Dashboard,Accounts,Contacts,Leads,Deals}

Step 4.4: Set Up API Client

Create (src/api/client.ts) as shown in the artifacts.

Step 4.5: Create Context Providers

Create AuthContext and CompanyContext as shown in artifacts.



Phase 5: Integration

Step 5.1: Connect Frontend to Backend

Update (.env) in frontend:

env

REACT_APP_API_BASE_URL=http://localhost:8000/api/v1

Step 5.2: Implement Authentication Flow

- 1. Create Login page
- 2. Implement JWT token handling
- 3. Add protected routes
- 4. Implement company switching

Step 5.3: Build Core Features

Implement in this order:

- 1. Dashboard with summary widgets
- 2. Accounts module (list, create, detail)
- 3. Contacts module
- 4. Leads module
- 5. Deals & Pipeline

- 6. Quotes & RFQ
- 7. Sales Orders
- 8. Vendors & Procurement
- 9. Territories
- 10. Reports



Phase 6: Testing

Backend Tests

```
python
# tests/test_accounts.py
from django.test import TestCase
from crm.models import Account
class AccountTestCase(TestCase):
  def setUp(self):
    # Create test data
    pass
  def test create account(self):
    # Test account creation
    pass
```

Run tests:

bash python manage.py test

Frontend Tests

bash

npm test

Phase 7: Deployment

Production Checklist

Set DEBUG=False
Use environment variables for secrets
Configure ALLOWED_HOSTS
Set up HTTPS/SSL
Configure static file serving
Set up database backups
Configure logging
Set up monitoring (Sentry)
Optimize database queries
Add caching
■ Set up CDN for static files

Deployment Options

Option 1: Traditional Server (DigitalOcean, AWS EC2)

- Deploy Django with Gunicorn + Nginx
- Serve React build files
- PostgreSQL on same server or managed service
- Redis on same server

Option 2: Platform as a Service

- Railway.app or Render for backend
- Vercel or Netlify for frontend
- Managed PostgreSQL (Railway, Supabase)
- Redis from Railway or Upstash

Option 3: Docker Containers

- Create Dockerfiles for backend and frontend
- Use Docker Compose for local development
- Deploy to AWS ECS, Google Cloud Run, or DigitalOcean App Platform

Next Steps After MVP

1. Phase 2 Features:

- AI-based lead scoring
- Predictive sales forecasting
- Advanced workflow automation
- Email integration (Gmail, Outlook)
- Calendar integration
- Mobile apps (React Native)

2. Optimization:

- Performance monitoring
- Database query optimization
- Implement caching strategies
- Add full-text search (Elasticsearch)

3. Integrations:

- Payment gateways
- Accounting software (QuickBooks)
- Marketing automation
- E-signature (DocuSign)
- Telephony integration

4. Scaling:

- Load balancing
- Database replication
- Microservices architecture
- API rate limiting

Resources

- Django Documentation: https://docs.djangoproject.com/
- Django REST Framework: https://www.django-rest-framework.org/
- React Documentation: https://react.dev/
- PostgreSQL RLS: https://www.postgresql.org/docs/current/ddl-rowsecurity.html

• Tailwind CSS: https://tailwindcss.com/docs

Getting Help

If you encounter issues:

- 1. Check error logs
- 2. Review database migrations
- 3. Verify environment variables
- 4. Test API endpoints with Postman
- 5. Check browser console for frontend errors

Ready to start building? Let's go phase by phase! 🚀